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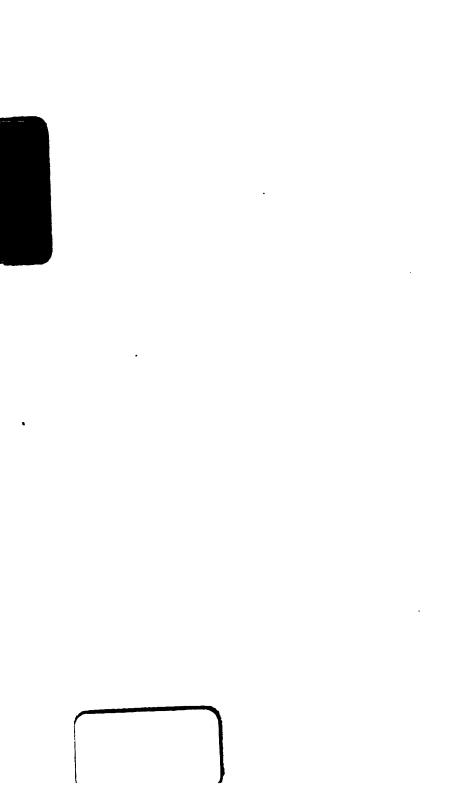
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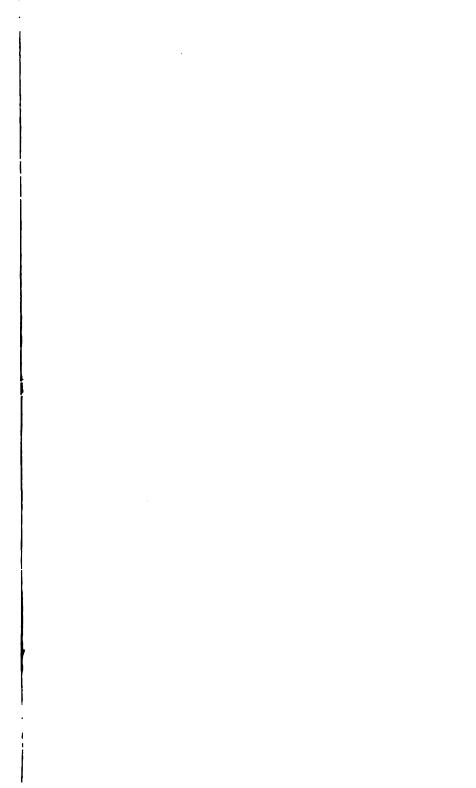




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#### THE

## Statutes at Large,

FROM THE

Twelfth Year of Queen ANNE,

TOTHE

Fifth Year of King George I.

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DANBY PICKERING, of GRAY'S INN, Efq;

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#### THE

# Statutes at Large,

#### FROM THE

## Twelfth Year of Queen Anne,

TOTHE

### Fifth Year of King George I.

To which is prefixed,

A TABLE containing the TITLES of all the STATUTES during that Period.

#### VOL. XIII.

By DANBY PICKERING, of Gray's-Inn, Esq;
Reader of the Law Lecture to that Honourable Society.

### CAMBRIDGE,

Printed by JOSEPH BENTHAM, Printer to the UNIVERSITY; for CHARLES BATHURST, at the Cross-Keys, opposite St. Dunstan's Church in Fleet-Street, London. 1764.

CUM PRIFILEGIO.

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L LITE STY

Containing the Titles of all fuch Acts as are extant in print, from the Twelfth Year of Queen ANNE, to the Fifth Year of King GEORGE I.

12 Annæ. Stat. 1. Cap. 1. POR granting an aid to her Majesty, to be raised

by a land tax in Great Britain, for the service of the year 1713.

Cap. 2. For granting to her Majesty, duties upon malt, mum, cyder and perry, for the service of the year 1713, and for making forth duplicates of lottery tickets loft, burnt or destroyed; and for enlarging the time for adjusting claims in several lottery-acts; and to punish the counterfeiting or forging of lottery-orders; and for explaining a late act in relation to stamp-duties on customary estates, which pass by deed and copy.

Cap. 3. To revive and continue the act for taking, examining and stating the publick accounts of the kingdom; and also to continue the act for appointing commissioners to take, examine and determine the debts due to the army, transportfervice, and fick and wounded.

Cap. 4. For making inclosures of some part of the common-grounds, in the *West-riding* of the county of York, for the endowing poor vicarages, and chapelries, for the better support of their ministers.

Cap. 5. To explain a clause in an act of the last session of parliament, intituled, An act for the more effectual preventing fraudulent conveyances, in arder to multiply votes for electing knights of sbires to serve in parliament, 25 far as the fame relates to the af-Vol. XIII.

certaining the value of freeholds of

40s. per annum.

Cap. 6. For the better regulating the elections of members to ferve in parliament for that part of Great Britain called Scotland.

Cap. 7. For the more effectual preventing and punishing robberies that shall be committed in houses.

Cap. 8. For raising the militia for the year 1713, although the month's pay formerly advanced be not re-

paid.

Cap. 9. For continuing an act made in the third and fourth years of the reign of her present Majesty, intituled, An act for encouraging the importation of naval stores from her Majesty's plantations in America; and for encouraging the importation of naval stores from that part of Great Britain called Scotland, to that part of Great Britain called England.

Cap. 10. For continuing the acts therein mentioned, for preventing theft and rapine upon the northern bor-

ders of *England*.

Cap. 11. To raise 1,200,000 l. for publick uses, by circulating a further fum in Exchequer-bills; and for enabling her Majesty to raise 500, 000 l. on the revenues appointed for the uses of her civil government, to be applied for or towards payment of such debts and arrears owing to her fervants, tradefmen and others, as are therein mentioned.

Cap. 12. For the better regulating the forces to be continued in her Majesty's

Majesty's service; and for the payment of the faid forces, and of their quarters.

Cap. 13. To enable fuch officers and soldiers as have been in her Majesty's service during the late war, to exercise trades, and for officers to account with their foldiers.

Cap. 14. For explaining the acts for licenfing hackney-chairs.

Cap. 15. For making perpetual an act made in the seventh year of the reign of the late King William, intituled, An act to prevent false and double returns of members to serve in parliament.

Cap. 16. For the better encouragement of the making fail-cloth in

Great Britain.

Cap. 17. To vest in the commissioners for building fifty new churches in and about London and Westminster, and suburbs thereof, as much of the street near the Maypole in the Strand in the county of Middlesex, as shall be sufficient to build one of the faid churches upon; and for restoring to the principal and scholars of King's-Hall, and college of Brazen-Nose, in the university of Oxen, their right of presentation to the churches and chapels in Step-

ney parish. Cap. 18. For making perpetual the act made in the thirteenth and fourteenth years of the reign of the late King Charles II. intituled, An act for the better relief of the poor of this kingdom: and that persons bound apprentices to, or being hired fervants with persons coming with certificates, shall not gain settlements by fuch services or apprenticeships: and for making perpetual the act made in the fixth year of her prefent Majesty's reign, intituled, An att for the importation of cochineal from any ports in Spain, during the present war, and fix months langer: and for reviving a clause in an act made in the ninth and tenth years

of the reign of the late King William, intituled, An att for Settling the trade to Africa, for allowing foreign copper bars imported, to be exported.

#### Private Alts.

Anno 12 Annæ, Stat. 1.

- r. An act for repairing the highway or road from the Stones-End in the parish of St. Leonard Shoreditch in the county of Middlesex, to the furthermost part of the northern road in the parish of Endfield in the same county, next to the parish of Chefount in the county of Hertford.
- 2. An act for confirming several grants in fee-farm made by Henry earl of Thomand, by virtue or fince the palfing a former act of parliament; and for giving some ease and relief to the purchasers under or since the faid former act.
- 3. An act for confirming articles, and vesting the manor of Kirby-Underwood in the county of Lincoln, and other manors, lands and bereditaments thereby agreed to be fold, in trustees, for discharging the debts of Sir John Brownlow, bart. deceased, and his daughters portions, and other purpoles in the faid articles mentioned.
- 4. An act for divesting the crown of the remainder in fee-simple of and in the manor and advowfon of Stourton in the county of Wilts, and several lands, tenements and hereditaments, to the fame manor belonging, expectant on certain estates-tail, and for vesting the same in certain other persons therein named, to the intent the fame may be barred by proper methods in law, for the purpoles therein mentioned.
- 5. An act to enable truftees to fell some out-parts of the estate of Sir Bourchier Wrey, Bart. in the county of Devon, for the purposes therein mentioned.

6. An

6. An act to enable William Harvey, the elder efq; and William Harvey, efq; his fon, to fettle a jointure, and grant a leafe, and for vesting the inheritance, after a term of five hundred years, of lands in Suffolk, in trustees to be fold for raising portions for his daughters.

7. An act for the exchange of the parsonage-house at Charlton in Kent, and close thereto adjoining, in lieu of another house and lands there.

 An act for making the chapelry of Stackton in the county of Durbam, a diffinct parifix.

9. An act for naturalizing Lewis Vanden Enden.

10. An act for better enabling James earl of Salisbury, and his trustees, to make sale of certain manors, lands and hereditaments in the counties of Northampton and Dorfit, and a see-farm rent, for the purposes in the said act mentioned.

- and inheritance of the manor of Morley in the county of York, together with the term of 500 years therein, decreed to be fold for payment of debts, and also for exchanging a fee-farm rent of the coheirs of William late Marquels of Halifax, issuing out of part of Leissield forest in Rutlandsbire, for a fee-farm rent of Daniel earl of Nottingham, issuing out of Hartingfordbury in Hertfordsbire, and for settling the same to such uses as the said fee-farm rent in Rutlandsbire was settled.
- 12. An act for raising 5000 l. portion out of several lands in Middlesex and Warwickshire, charged therewith (being the estate of the Right honourable Gilbert earl of Coventry) and for paying the same to the lady Anne Coventry, his daughter, at her marriage, though the same should be before her age of eighteen years.

13. An act for vesting divers lands

and hereditaments in the counties of Warwick and Bedford, (late the estate of Sir Roger Burgone, Bart, deceased) in trustees, for divers purposes therein mentioned.

14. An act for discharging the manors and lordships of Bexwell and Tin-worth in the county of Norfolk from the several uses, trusts and estates thereof limited, in and by the marriage-settlement of Sir John Holland, Bart. with the lady Robecca his wife; and for settling divers other manors, messuages, lands, tenements and hereditaments of a greater value, and which lie more convenient in the same county, in lieu thereof.

 An act for enabling Henry Lee the younger, alias Lee Warner, to make a jointure upon his marriage.

16. An act for uniting and confolidating the rectories, advowling and parishes of Melton St. Mary's and Melton All Saints, in the diocese of Norwich in the county of Norfolk.

- 17. An act to amend several desects in an act of parliament, made inthe tenth year of the reign of his late majesty King William III. intituled, An act to enable Thomas Byde, Esq; an infant with the confent of his guardians and next relations, to make a contract for the buying in his mother's jointure; and to sell a small estate in Great Amwell in the county of Hertford; and likewise for the securing and raising a portion for Barbara Byde, spinster, sister of the faid Thomas Byde, and for other purposes in the said all mentioned, and to enable the said Thomas Byde to raile monies, and to make leases for the purpoles in this prelent act mentioned.
- 18. An act to enable William Booth, gent, to fell certain lands and hereditaments in the county of Chefter, for payment of the debts of his brother, with whom and for which he stands bound; and for applying the surplus (if any) of the 22

money raised for such purpose, towards payment of his own proper debts.

19. An act to enable the right honourable Charles lord Weston and earl of Arran in the kingdom of Ireland, to take the oath of office, as master of her Majesty's ordnance in the kingdom of Ireland, before the barons of her Majesty's court of Exchequer at Westminster, and to qualify himself for the legal enjoyment of the faid office.

20. An act for enabling Sir Charles Gresham, bart. to rise the sum of five thousand pounds, and interest, and maintenance, for Elizabeth the daughter of his brother Sir Edward Gresbam, bart. deceased; and to make provision for his younger

children.

21. An act to enable Sir Edward Leighton, bart. to charge his estate with 4000 l. (preferable to 6000 l. already charged thereupon by his marriage-settlement) for the pur-

poles therein mentioned.

22. An act for sale of several lands and tenements of John Constable, gent, in the parish of Ockley in the county of Surrey, for payment of lands in the same county, of a better value, to the same uses, in lieu thereof.

23. An act to enable John Harrington, esq; and Dorothy his wife, and Charles Harrington, gent. son and heir apparent of the said John Harrington, to fell the reversion of several melfuages and tenements in Liverpoole, in the county of Lancaster, being the inheritance of the faid Dorothy, for payment of their debts, and fettling an equivalent upon the faid Derothy.

24. An act to enable Symes Parry to change his name of Parry to Symes, according to the will of John Symes,

esq; deceased.

25. An act to naturalize Simon De-

scury, Peter Ribot, Peter Laffite, and others,

Anno 12 Annæ, Stat. 2.

**DOR** granting an aid to her Majesty, to be raised by a land-tax in Great Britain, for the service of the year 1714.

Cap. 2. For allowing a drawback upon the exportation of falt to be made use of for the curing of fish taken at North-feas, or at Ifteland.

Cap. 3. For charging and continuing the duties upon malt, mum, cyder and perry, for the service of the year 1714, and for the encouragement of the distilling brandy from malted corn and cyder; and for making forth duplicates of Exchequer-bills, and lottery-tickets, lost, burnt, or destroyed; and to enable the governor and company of the bank of England, and others. to lend money upon South-Sea ftock.

Cap. 4. For the better regulating the forces to be continued in her Majesty's service, and for the payment of the faid forces, and of their quar-

his debts, and for settling other . Cap. 5. For taking away the new additional duty of 30 l. per cent. ad valorem, imposed upon all books and prints imported into Great Britain, by an act made in the tenth year of the reign of her present majesty Queen Anne.

> Cap. 6. For taking away mortuaries within the dioceses of Bangor, Landaff. St. David's and St. Alaph. and giving a recompence therefore to the bishops of the said respective dioceses; and for confirming several letters patents granted by her Majesty for perpetually annexing a prebend of Gloucester to the masterthip of Pembroke college in Oxford; and a prebend of Rochester to the provostship of Oriel college in Oxford; and a prebend of Norwich to

the mastership of Gatharine-Hall in Cambridge.

Cap. 7. To prevent the growth of ichism, and for the further security of the churches of *England* and *Ireland*, as by law established.

Cap. 8. For encouraging the tobacco-

trade.

Cap. q. For laying additional duties on toap and paper, and upon certain linens, filks, callicoes and fluffs, and upon starch and exported coals, and upon stamp'd vellum, parchment and paper, and for raising 1,400,000 /. by way of a lottery for her Majesty's supply; and for allowances on exporting made wares of leather, sheep-skins, and lamb-skins; and for diffribution of 4000 l. due to the officers. and feamen for gun-money; and to adjust the property of tickets.in former lotteries; and touching certain shares of stock in the capital of the Sauth-Sea company; and for appropriating the monies granted to her Majesty.

Cap. 10. For raising the militia for the year 1714, although the month's pay formerly advanced be not repaid; and for rectifying a mistake in an act passed in this present selfion of parliament, intituled, An act for the regulating the forces to be continued in her Majesty's service, and for payment of the said forces and their

quarters.

Cap. 11. To prevent the lifting her Majesty's subjects to serve as soldiers, without her Majesty's licence:

Cap. 12. For the better maintenance of the curates within the church of England, and for preventing any ecclefialtical persons from buying the next avoidance of any church-preferment.

Cap. 13. To discharge and acquit the commissioners of equivalent for the sum of three hundred eighty one thousand five hundred and nine

pounds fifteen shillings ten pence halfpenny, by them duly issued out of the sum of three hundred ninety eight thousand eighty sive pounds ten shillings, which they received.

Cap. 14. For rendring more effectual an act made in the third year of the reign of King James I. intituled, An act to prevent and avoid dangers which may grow by popish recusants; and also one other act made in the first year of the reign of their late majesties King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An act to vest in the two universities the presentations of benefices belonging to papifts; and for vesting in the lords of justiciary power to inflict the same punishments against jesuits, priests, and other trafficking papifts, which the privy council of Scotland was impowered to do by an act passed in the parliament of Scotland, intituled, An act for preventing the growth of Popery.

Cap. 15. For providing a publick reward for such person or persons as shall discover the longitude at

- ſea.

Cap. 16. To reduce the rate of interest, without any prejudice to

parliamentary securities.

Cap. 17. For the speedy and effectual preserving the navigation of the river of *Thames*, by stopping the breach in the levels of *Havering* and *Dagenham* in the county of *Essex*; and for ascertaining the coal-meafure.

Cap. 18. For the preferving all ships and goods thereof, which shall happen to be forced on shore, or stranded upon the coasts of this kingdom, or any other of her Majesty's dominions.

Cap. 19. To explain a clause in an act of parliament of the tenth year of her Majesty's reign, for laying several duties upon all soap and paper made in Great Britain, for imported into the same; and upon

# 3

chequered and striped linens imported; and upon certain silks, callicoes, linens and stuffs, printed, painted or stained; and upon several kinds of stampt veltum, parchment and paper; and upon certain printed pamphlets and advertisements, for raising the sum of 1,800,000. by way of a lottery, and sor other purposes in the said act mentioned; so far as the said act relates to lawns, canvas, buckrams, barras, and silesia neckcloths.

Cap. 20. To explain and make more effectual an act passed in the tenth year of her Majesty's reign, for preventing abuses in making linen cloth, and regulating the lengths and breadths, and equal forting of yarn in each piece made in Scotland,

and for whitening the same.

Cap. 21. To explain part of an act made in the seventh year of her Majesty's reign, (for enlarging the capital stock of the bank of England, and for raising a surther supply to her Majesty, for the service of the year 1709) so far as the same relates to unwrought incle, imported into this kingdom.

Cap. 22. To continue an act of the fixth year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act to enable her Majesty to make leases and copies of offices, lands, and hereditaments, parcel of her dutchy of Cornwall, or annexed to the

jame.

Cap. 23. For reducing the laws relating to rogues, vagabonds, sturdy beggars and vagrants, into one act of parliament; and for the more effectual punishing such rogues vagabonds, and sturdy beggars and vagrants, sending them whither they ought to be sent.

Private AEIs.

Anno 12 Anna, Stat. 2.

2. A N act for the building a new church or chapel of ease in

Great Yarmenth in the county of Norfolk, by a duty or imposition on all coals, culm and cinders, to be landed there.

 An act for the repairing the highways between Shepard's Sheed and Horfley Upright Gate, heading down Bagdon-bill in the county of Wiks, and other ruinous parts of highways thereunto adjacent.

 An act for repairing the highway or road from the city of Wortefar, to the borough of Draitmith in the

county of Wercester.

4. An act for repairing the highways between the Bear Inn in Reading, in the county of Barks, and a certain place called Barns-Rield in the

faid county.

- 5. An act for fale of part of the e-frate of Joseph Olliver, gent. lying in the county of Deven, and city of Exon, for payment of his debts, and for making provision for maintenance and education of his daughter.
- 6. An act for making more effectual an act passed in the ninth year of her present Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for repairing the highways between Dunstable and Hockley in the county of Bedford.

 An act for making the river Nine or Nen, running from Northampton

to Peterberough, navigable. .

8. An act for veiling the lease of the rectory of Chefferfield in the county of Derby, in trustees, to be feld for the payment of the debts of George Smith, efq; deceased, and for making provision for his daughter.

9. An act for the fale of the manner and barton of Widdlesmie, in the county of Deven, comprised in the marriage-lettlement of Walter Hele, gent. and Philippe his wife, and for raising and securing the sum of 1500 l. for the benefit of the children of the faid Walter and Philippe.

10. An act for upholding and repairing the bridges and highways in

the county of Edinburgh.

11. An act for fale of the estate of Jaka Tregagle, Esq; deceased, lying in the counties of Deven and Cornwall, for payment of debts, and making provision for his children.

12. An act to make partition of the manor of Cottingbam, alias Cottingbam. Saram, in the county of York, between Richard Wynne, esq; and Sarah his wife, and John Barrington, esq.

13. An act for naturalizing Christian

William Kirchoff.

14. An act for repairing and amending the highways between the town or village of Tittenfor, and the most northern part of Talk on the Hill in But-Lage in the county of Stafford.

15. An act for making more effectual an act passed in the 7th and 8th years of the reign of his late majesty King William III. intituled, An act for erecting of hospitals and querkhouses in the city of Bristol, and for the better employing and maintaining the poor thereof.

16. An act for the more effectual amending the highways leading from Royfon in the county of Hartford, to Wansford-Bridge in the county

of Huntingdon.

17. An act for parting and enclosing two great open common fields, and a large open greensward common down; lying and being in the manor and parish of Thermorten, alias Parasingum, in the county of Gloucester; and for other purposes there in mentioned.

18, An act for the rendring valid and efficient two feveral indentures of demile and mortgage, executed by Serma, late lord viscount How, in the kingdom of heland, deceated, by virtue of a former act of parliament, made for enabling him thereunto, notwithstanding some defects therein.

19. An act for the sale of some outparts of the estate of Simon Scroops, esq; in the counties of York and Nottingbam, for payment of his debts, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

20. An act for the sale of certain messuages, lands, tenements and hereditaments, contained in the marriage-settlement of Francis Cherry, gent. deceased, and Elizabeth his wife, and for the converting the same into ready money for the benefit of his wife and children; and for the sale of divers other manors, messuages, lands, tenements and hereditaments, for the payment of the debts of the said Francis Cherry, and of the debts of William Cherry, esq; deceased, and other purposes in the said act mentioned.

21. An act for naturalizing Samuel

Du Pree.

22. An act to enable the right honourable Rachel lady Kingfon, an infant, to make a lease of part of her jointure, notwithstanding her infancy.

23. An act to enable the right honourable Richard earl of Bellament, to fell certain lands in Ireland, for raising money to purchase the jointure of Lusy Anne counters dowager of Bellament, and for paying her

daughter's portion.

24. An act for confirming a settlement made on the marriage of the now lord viscount Masserem; and for better securing the jointure of his lady, and of Rachael viscountess dowager Masserem; and for vesting in trustees certain lands and tithes in Ireland, to be sold for the purposes therein mentioned.

25. An act for vesting in Frederick Hamilton, esq; certain lands and Hereditaments, in the kingdom of Ireland, purchased by him of the executors of Joseph Ivis, esq; deceased, and for other purposes there-

in mentioned.

26. An act to enable Sir Thomas Pendergast, bart. an infant, to sell part of his estate lying in the county of Walerford in the kingdom of Ireland, for the payment of his father's debts, and other purpofes therein mentioned.

27. An'act to impower the lord high treasurer of Great Britain, or commissioners of the treasury for the time being, to compound with Thomas Edwin of London, merchant, for fuch debts as he stands bound for, as furety for Thomas Coleman, tobacco-merchant.

28. An act to impower the lord hightreasurer of Great Britain, or the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, to compound with Robert Wife and his fureties, for fuch debts as he owes to her Majesty, or stands bound for as surety for customs of tobacco.

29. An act for dissolving the marriage of Francis Loggin with Sarah Gardner, and to enable him to marry a-

gain.

30. An act to enable Ambrose Brown, elq; and others, to make sale of the manor of Bayham in the counties of Suffex and Kent, and to fettle other lands and tenements in the county of Surrey, to the same uses as the said manor of Bayham now stands settled.

35 An act for vefting part of the estate of William Brown, an infant, lying in the parishes of Bridgewater, Northpetherion and Weston-Zoyland in the county of Somerfet, in trustees, to be fold for payment of a mortgage, and other debts and legacies.

32. An act for sale of part of the estate late of Brereton Bourchier, esq; deceased, for payment of debts, and other purpofes therein men-

...

33. An act for making effectual an agreement made by the commisfioners for building fifty new churches with John Walker, esq;

for ground in the Strand to build one of the new churches upon.

34. An act for naturalizing James Eymer and others.

35. An act for naturalizing Daniel Burr.

#### Anno 1 Georgii I. Stat. 1.

Cap. 1. For the better support of his Majesty's houshold and of the honour and dignity of the crown of Great Britain.

Cap. 2. For rectifying mistakes in the names of the commissioners for the land-tax for the year 1714. and for raising so much as is wanting to make up the fum of fourteen hundred thousand pounds, intended to be raifed by a lottery for the publick fervice in the faid year.

Cap. 3. To enable persons now refiding in Great Britain, to take the oaths, and do all other acts in Great Britain, requilite to qualify themselves to continue their respective places, offices and employments in

Ireland.

#### Anno 1 Georgii I. Stat. 2:

Cap. 1. For granting an aid to his Majesty, to be raised by a landtax in Great Britain, for the fer-

vice of the year 1715.

Cap. 2. For charging and continuing the duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry, for the tervice of the year 1715. and for making forth duplicates of Exchequer-bills, and lottery-tickets, lost, burnt or deftroyed; and for enlarging the time for adjusting claims in feveral lotteries, and for making forth new orders in lieu of certain lettery-orders obliterated or defective; and for continuing certain duties on hops, until the first day of August 1715.

Cap. 3. For the better regulating the forces to be continued in his Ma-

jesty's service, and for the payment of the said forces, and of their

quarters.

Cap. 4. To explain the act made in the twelfth year of the reign of King William the Third, intituled, An act for the further limitation of the crown, and better fecuring the rights and liberties of the subject.

Cap. 5. For preventing tumults and riotous affemblies, and for the more fpecty and effectual punishing

rioters.

Cap. 6. For making perpetual an act of the seventh and eighth years of the reign of his late majesty King William the third, intituled, An act that the solemn affirmation and declaration of the people called Quakers, shall be accepted instead of an oath in the usual form; and for explaining and enforcing the said act in relation to the payment of tithes and church rates; and for appointing the form of an affirmation to be taken by the said people called Quakers, instead of the oath of abjuration.

Cap. 7. For continuing the imprisonment of Robert Blackburn, and others, for the horrid conspiracy to affaffinate the person of his late facred majesty King William the

Third.

Cap. 8. To impower his Majesty to secure and detain such persons as his Majesty shall suspect are confpiring against his person and government.

Cap. 9. For the better preventing mutiny and desertion, by enforcing and making more effectual an act of this present parliament, intituled, An act for the better regulating the forces to be continued in his Majesty's service, and for the payment of the said forces and their quarters.

Cap. 10. For making more effectual her late Majesty's gracious intentions for augmenting the mainte-

nance of the poor clergy.

Cap. 11. To restrain all waggoners, carriers, and others, from drawing any carriage with more than five horses in length.

Cap. 12. For enlarging the fund of the governor and company of the bank of England, relating to Exchequer-bills; and for fettling an additional revenue of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds per annum upon his Majesty during his life, for the service of the civil government; and for establishing a certain fund of fifty four thousand fix hundred pounds per annum, in order to raile a fum not exceeding nine hundred and ten thousand pounds for the service of the publick, by fale of annuities, after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, redeemable by parliament; and for fatisfying an arrear for work and materials at Blenheim, incurred whilst that building was carried on at the expense of her late majesty Queen Anne of bleffed memory; and for other purpoles therein mentioned.

Cap. 13. For the further security of his Majesty's person and government, and the succession of the crown in the heirs of the late princess Sophia, being protestants; and for extinguishing the hopes of the pretended prince of Wales, and his open and secret abettors.

Cap. 14. For making the militia of that part of Great Britain called. England, more useful; and for obliging an annual account to be

made of trophy-money.

Cap. 15. To make an act of the tenth year of her late Majesty, intituled, An act for regulating, improving and encouraging of the woollen manufacture of mixt or medly broad cloth, and for better payment of the poor employed therein, more effectual for the benefit of trade in general; and also to render more effectual an act of the seventh year of her said Majesty's

jefty's reign, intituled, An act for the better effectaining the lengths and breadths of woollen cleth made in the county of York.

Cap. 16. For the attainder of Henry viscount Belingbreke of high treason, unless he shall render himself to justice by a day certain therein mentioned.

Cap. 17. For the attainder of James duke of Ormand of high treason, unless he shall render himself to justice by a day certain therein

mentioned.

Cap. 18. For the better preventing fresh fish taken by foreigners being imported into this kingdom; and for the prefervation of the fry of fish; and for the giving leave to import lobsters and turbets in fo-. reign bottoms; and for the better preservation of salmon within several rivers in that part of this kingdom called England.

Cap. 19. For raising nine handred and ten thousand pounds for publick services, by sale of annuities. after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, redeemable by parliament; and to authorize a treaty concerning private rights claimed by the proprietors of the lugar-

houses in Scotland.

Cap. 20. For encouraging all superiprs, vallals, landlords and tenants in *Scotland*, who do and shall continue in their duty and loyalty to . his majesty King George; and for discouraging all superiors, vassals, landlords and tenants there, who have been or shall be guilty of rebellious practices against his said Majesty; and for making void all fraudulent entails, tailzies and conveyances made there, for barring or excluding the effect of forfeitures that may have been, or shall be incurred there on any fuch account; as also for calling any juspected person or persons, whose effates or principal residence are in

Scotland, to appear at Rainburgh, or where it shall be judged expedient, to find bail for their good behaviour and for the better difarming disaffected persons in Sectional.

Cap. 21. For enlarging the capital flock and yearly fund of the South-See company, and for supplying thereby eight hundred twenty two thousand thirty two pounds four shillings and eight peace, to publick uses; and for raising one hundred and fixty nine thousand pounds for the like uses, by sale of annuities upon divers encouragements therein mentioned; and for appropriating feveral supplies granted to his Majesty.

Cap. 22. For enabling his Majesty to fettle a revenue for supporting the dignity of her royal highness the princefs, in case the shall survive his royal highness the prince of Wales.

Cap. 23. For making provision for the ministers of the fifty new churches, which are to be built in and about the cities of Landon and Wefminster, and fuburbs thereof; and for rebuilding and finithing the parith church of Saint Mary Washeeth in the city of London.

Cap. 24. For appointing the commillioners to take, examine and state the debts due to the army.

Cap. 25. To prevent disturbances by feamen, and others; and to preferve the stores belonging to his Majesty's navy royal; and also for explaining an act for the better preventing the imbezilment of his Majesty's stores of war; and preventing cheats, frauds and abuses in paying feamens wages; and for reviving and continuing an act for the more effectual suppression of Diracy.

Cap. 26. For continuing several laws therein mentioned, relating to coals, hemp and flax, Irish and Scotch linen, and the affixe of bread; and for giving power to adjourn

the

the quarter selsions for the county of Angleses, for the purposes there-

in mentioned.

Cap. 27. For taking and stating the debts due and growing due to Sastland by way of equivalent in the the terms of the union; and for ne-. Jief of the creditors of the publick in fleetland, and the commissioners of the equivalent.

Cap. 28. For repealing an act, intituled. An all for repealing part of an ast peffed in the parliament of Scotland, intituled. Act for discharging

the yele-vacance.

Cap. 20. For allowing a time for two hundred and thirteen families of protestant Palatines, now settled in . Irdand, to take the eaths, in order to intitle them to all the benefits intended them by the act of the seventh year of her late Majesty's reign, for naturalizing foreign protellants.

Cap. 30. For continuing an act of this present sellion of parliament, intimled, An aft to impower his Mojesty to fecure and detain such persons es bis: Majefly fiball fuffett ere conspiring against bis person and govern-

Cap. 31. For granting an aid to his Majesty by a land-tax in Great Britain, for the service of the year

1716.

Cap. 32. To attaint Jobnesal of Marr, William Murray, elq; commonly called marquife of Tallibordine, James earl of Linlithgow, and James Drummend, efq; commonly called · lord Drummond, of high treaton.

Cap. 33. For the more easy and speedy trial of such persons as have levied or shall levy war against his

Majesty,

Cap. 34. For preventing mutiny and defertion, and for the better payment of the army and their quarters,

Cap. 34. To appoint a commissioner for taking, examining and stating the debts due to the army, in the room of Thomas Smith, sig; deceafed; and for continuing the former act until the tenth day of March

1716.

Cap. 36. For charging and continuing the duties on malt, mum, eyder and perry, for the fervice of the year 1716. and for compelling several receivers to finish and clear their accounts; and for making duplicates of Exchequer-bills, lotterytickets and orders, loft, burnt or destroyed; and for enlarging the time for adjusting claims to certain benefit tickets; and for allowing the charge of executing the lottery act, for the fervice of the year 1710; and for recovering monies of feveral land-taxes, resting in the hands of collectors or constables at St. Albans; and for preventing frauds in the duties upon foap; and for limiting a time for persons who have certain annuities for life or lives, to demand the payments thereupour at the Exchequer; and for preventing frauds in the duties relating to printed and painted paper, callicoes and other things therein mentioned.

Cap. 37. To enable his Majesty to grant the regalities and lands now remaining in the crown in North Wales, and South Wales, and county of Chefter, to his royal highness the prince of Wales in fuch manner and form as the principality of Wales and earldom of Chefter have formerly been granted to the princes of Wales; and allo to enable his faid royal highnels to make leafes of lands, parcel of his royal highness dutchy of Cornecell, or annexed to the fame.

Cap. 38. For enlarging the time of continuance of parliaments, appointed by an act made in the fixth year of the reign of King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An act for the frequent meeting and calling of parliaments.

Cap. 39. To indemnify such persons.

who have acted in defence of his Majesty's person and government, and for the preservation of the publick peace of this kingdom, in and about the time of the late unnatural rebellion, from vexatious suits and prosecutions.

Cap. 40. For the free importation of cochineal, during the time therein

limited.

Cap. 41. For giving liberty to perfons who have ferved their apprenticeships to any part of the woollen manufacture in Colchester, to work at their said trades, and at the making bays within the said town.

Cap. 42. For the attainder of George earl of Marifeball, William earl of Seaforth, James earl of Southefque, James earl of Panmuir, and others, of high treason, unless they shall render themselves to justice by a day certain therein mentioned.

Cap. 43. To continue duties for encouraging the coinage of money, and to charge the duties on fenna as a medicinal drug; and for the appropriating feveral supplies grant-

ed to his Majesty.

Cap. 44. For the continuing the duty of two pennies Seas, or one fixth of a penny sterling, on ever pint of ale and beer that shall be vended or fold within the city of Glasgew and privileges thereof, for the benefit of the said city.

Cap. 45. For holding the affife for the county of *Cormuall*, at a convenient place within the faid county.

Gap. 46. To prevent the mischiefs by manufacturing leaves or other things to resemble tobacco, and the abuses in making and mixing of souff.

Cap. 47. For the more effectual and exemplary punishment of such perfors as shall seduce soldiers to defert, or who, being papists, shall inhist themselves in his Majesty's

fervice in Great Britain or Ireland, or in the islands of Jersey or Guernsey.

Cap. 48. To encourage the planting of timber-trees, fruit-trees and other trees, for ornament, shelter or profit, and for the better preservation of the same; and for the preventing the burning of woods.

Cap. 49. To revive and continue an act of the eighth and ninth years of the reign of his late majesty King William, for repair of the piers of Bridlington, alias Burlington, in the east-riding of the county of York.

Cap. 50. For appointing commiffioners to enquire of the estates of certain traitors, and of popish recufants, and of estates given to superstitious uses, in order to raise money out of them severally for the

use of the publick.

Cap. 51. For repealing so much of the act of the twelfth and thirteenth years of the reign of King Williams, the Third, intituled, An act for the farther limitation of the crown, and better sewing the rights and liberties of the subjects, as enacts, That no person, who should come to the possession of the crown, shall go out of the dominions of England, Scotland or Ireland, without consent of parliament.

Cap. 52. For making the laws for repairing the highways more effec-

tual.

Cap. 53. For the attainder of Thomas
Forster junior, esq; and William
Mackintosh, esq; (commonly called
brigadier Mackintosh) of high treason.

Cap. 54. For the more effectual fecuring the peace of the highlands in Scotland.

Cap. 55. To oblige papils to regifter their names and real oftates..

Cap. 56. To disable any person from being chose a member of, or from sitting and voting in the house of

com-

commons, who has any pension for any number of years from the crown.

Cap. 57. For better regulating hackney-coaches, carts, drays, carrs and waggons, within the cities of London and Westminster, and the weekly bills of mortality; and for preventing mischiefs occasioned by the drivers riding upon such carts, drays, carrs and waggons.

#### Private Alls.

#### Anno 1 Georgii.

1. An act to impower the barons of the court of Exchequer in Ireland, to grant a commission to some perfons in England, to administer to Henry Temple, esq; and Luke King, gentleman, the usual oaths for the due execution of their office of remembrancer of the court of Exchequer in Ireland.

2. An act to impower the barons of the court of Exchequer in *Ireland*, to grant a commission to some of the barons of the court of Exchequer in *England*, to administer to *Thomas Hapkins*, esq; the usual oaths for the due execution of the office or offices of searcher, packer and gauger in the port of *Dublin*.

3. An act for fettling the precedency of Robert marquis of Lindsey, great chamberlain of England, when created a duke of Great Britain, and of such as shall succeed to the said ho-

nour.

4. An act for appointing persons to take care of the person and estate of John Digby, esq ; eldest son and heir apparent of William lord Digby in the kingdom of Ireland.

5. An act for vesting in the warden and college of All-fouls in Oxford, and their successors, certain houses and ground belonging to the parish

of St. Mary in Oxford.

 An act to impower the barons of the court of Exchequer in Ireland, to grant a commission to some perfons in *Great Britain*, to administer to *Henry Temple*, esq; the usual oaths for due execution of the office of chief remembrancer of the court of Exchequer in *Ireland*.

7. An act for fale of part of the estate late of William Betts, gentleman, deceased, for discharging incumbrances thereupon; and for making good a settlement by him made of

other part of his estate.

 An act to enable truftees to grant leafes of part of the lands devised by the last will and testament of Thomas Trenchard, esq; deceased.

 An act for relieving William Paterfan, efq; out of the equivalent-money, for what is due to him.

10. An act to naturalize Florian Goe-

bell, merchant.

11. An act for naturalizing Herman Meyer.

12. An act for repairing the high-ways through the feveral parishes of St. Michael, St. Albans, St. Peter, Shenley Ridge and South-Mims, in the counties of Hertford and Middlesex.

13. An act for confirming the fale of the reversion of the manor of Darrington, by George earl of Cardigan, to Theophilus Shelton, esq; and his

heirs

14. An act for veiling in trustees part of the estate of Nichelas Fry aciq; deceased, for payment of his debts.

15. An act to enable the right honourable Henry earl of Rochefer,
and William lord viscount Mountjoy in the kingdom of Ireland, to
take the oaths of office for their respective offices in the said kingdom
of Ireland, and to qualify themselves
in England for the legal enjoyment
of their said offices.

16. An act for explaining an act made in the ninth year of the reign of King William the Third, inxituled, An act for vesting part of the estate of Thomas Panton, esq.; in trustees,

truffees, to be fold for payment of debts, and securing a jointure to Mary his now wife; and for other purposes therein mentioned.

17. An act for verting certain manors and lands in the counties of Devon and Kent, the estate of Sir William Courtency, baronet, in trustees, and their heirs, to be fold, and with the money arising thereby to purchase other lands in the county of Devon, contiguous to the seat of his family, to be settled to the same usues.

18. An act to enable Sir Richard Wynche, baronet, and Humphrey Wynche, esq; only son and heir apparent of the said Sir Richard Wynche, to settle a jointure upon such woman as the said Humphrey

Wynche shall marry.

eq; to fell the rectory of North-Willingham, in the county of Lincoln, and some lands there, and for settling rent-charges of greater value in lieu thereof, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

20. An act to enable Richard Lee, an infant, with the confent of truftees,
to grant leafes of fome part of his effate, notwithflanding his mino-

ritv.

ing a church upon the fite of the cattle of Liverpoole, held by a lease from the dutchy of Lancaster; and for the explaining a former act for the building another church there.

An act for verting the estate late of John Turner, esq; deceased, in trustees, to be sold for payment of

his debts.

23. An act for confirming a fale already made to Edmund Dummer, gentleman, of some part, and for verting other part of the estate of John Bromfield, esq; in the county of Southampton, comprized in the articles made upon his marriage with Anne his wife, in trustees, to

be fold for the payment of his debts; and for fettling the remaining part thereof, as near as may be, to the intent of the faid articles; and for making thereby, and by other means in the act mentioned, fome provision for the said John Bromfield and Anne his wife and their issue.

24. An act to make the river Kennet navigable from Reading to Newbury

in the county of Berks.

25. An act for repairing and amending the highways between Tyburn and Uxbridge in the county of Mid-

dlesex.

26. An act to enable Richard lord viscount Rasse of the kingdom of Ireland, notwithstanding his nonage, to settle a jointure, on Mary viscountess Rosse his wife, and make a settlement on his issue male, with provision for younger children, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

27. An act for the relief of Anne Milner, Thomas Colmore, William Hunt, William Parrett, and others, as to customs of goods, burnt or destroyed by the late fire in Thames-Street, London.

28. An act to enable Sir Hungerford Hoskyns, baronet, to raise monies to discharge his brothers and sisters portions, and to settle a jointure on

a wife.

29. An act to enable Robert Cope, esq; to settle an additional jointure out of his estate on Elizabeth his now wife; and also to raise portions and maintenances for his daughters and younger children by her; and to enable those in remainder to do the same.

30. An act for fale of part of the manor of Low-Laiton, in the county of Effex, and other lands there; and for laying out the money arifing thereby in the purchase of other lands in the county of Lincoln, to be settled to the same uses as the

Lid

faid part of the manor of Low-Laiton is settled.

31. An act to naturalize Frederica countes of Holderness, Peter Gravier, Theodore Bouchier and Francis Masson.

32. An act to naturalize Robert de Ulteger, George Christian Luders,

and others.

33. An act for naturalizing Henry

Cornelisen.

34. An act for veiling the honour and estate of John duke of Athol in James Murray, esq ; commonly called lord James Murray, after the death of the said duke.

35. An act for the naturalization of

Frederick Guliker.

36. An act for naturalizing Gerrard

Roeters.

37. An act for continuing and making more effectual an act passed in the twelfth year of her late Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for repairing the highway or road from the Stones-End in the parish of St. Leonard Shoreditch, in the county of Middlesex, to the farthermost part of the northern road in the parish of Endsield, in the same county, next to the parish of Cheshunt in the county of Hertford.

38. An act to enable his royal highness George prince of Wales, to qualify himself in Great Britain for the legal enjoyment of the office of chancellor of the university of Dublin in the kingdom of Ireland.

39. An act to enable Charles earl of Sunderland, and Henry earl of Rocheffer, to take in Great Britain the oath of office as vice-treasurer and receiver general, and paymaster general of all his Majesty's revenues in the kingdom of Ireland, and to qualify themselves for the enjoyment of the said offices.

40. An act to enable Richard earl of Burlington and Cork, to take in England the oath of the office of bigh treasurer of Ireland, and to

qualify himself here in England for the legal enjoyment of the said oftice.

41. An act for veiling several manors, messuages, lands, and hereditaments late of Charles earl of Dorset and Middleses, whereof James late duke of Ormond, at the time of his attainder, was seised, as surviving trustee named in the will of the said earl, in new trustees, and their heirs, upon the same trusts.

42. An act for explaining and making more effectual an act passed in the twelsth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for making the chapelry of Stockton in the county of Durham,

a distinct parisb.

43. An act for naturalizing Caffer

White.

44. An act for the more effectual reversing and making void the attainder of Charles earl of Messles-field deceased.

45. An act to discharge Sir Alexander Rigby, knight, from his imprisonment, and vest his estate and effects in trustees for the benefit of

his creditors.

46. An act for velting certain lands and tenements of Peter Sunderland, esq; in trustees, to be sold for payment of debts charged thereon before the making of his marriage-settlement, and by virtue thereof.

47. An act to enable Thomas Profor of Rock, in the county of Northumberland, elq; to raile the fum of four thouland pounds out of his estate, for payment of his debts, and making provision for his younger children.

48. An act for naturalizing Ereng and Melofine, baroness of Schulenburg.

#### Anno 3 Georgii I.

Cap. 1. To enable his Majesty effectually to prohibit or restrain commerce with Sweden.

Cap. 2.

Cap. 2. For punishing mutiny and - defertion, and for the better payment of the army and their quar-

Cap. 2. For granting an aid to his Majesty by a land tax in Great Britain, for the service of the year

17174

Cap. 4. For continuing the duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry, for the service of the year 1717. and to authorize allowances to be made · to certain receivers, and to obviate a doubt concerning goods imported from the islands of Fersey, Guernsey, Sark and Alderney; and to accertain the duties upon theepskins and lamb-skins; and to prevent frauds in the duties upon flarch; and for making forth duplicates of Exchequer-bills, lotterytickets and orders, loft, burnt or destroyed; and for enlarging the time for adjusting claims in several lotteries; and for preventing frauds in the duties on low-wines and spirits carried coastwise.

Cap. 5. For continuing the duty of two pennies Scots, or one fixth part of a penny sterling, on every pint of ale and beer that shall be vended or fold within the city of Edinburgh, and privileges thereof, for - the benefit of the said city, and for · discontinuing the payment of the dues commonly called the pettyport customs at Edinburgh, during the continuance of this act.

Cap. 6. For laying a duty of two pennies Scots, or one fixth part of a penny sterling, upon every pint of ale or beer that shall be vended or fold within the town of Dumfries, and privileges thereof, for paying the debts of the faid town, and for building a church, and making a harbour there,

Cap. 7. For redeeming the yearly fund of the South-Sea company (being after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum) and lettling

on the faid company a yearly fund after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, redeemable by parliament; and to raise for an annuity or annuities at five pounds per centum per annum, any fum, not exceeding two millions, to be employed in leffening the national debts and incumbrances, and for making the faid new yearly fund and annuities to be hereafter re- deemable in the time and manner thereby prescribed;

Cap. 8. For redeeming several sunds of the governor and company of the bank of England, pursuant to former proviloes of redemption; and for securing to them several new funds and allowances redeemable by parliament; and for obliging them to advance further fums, not exceeding two millions five hundred thousand pounds, at five pounds per centum, as shall be found necessary to be employed in lessening the national debts and incumbrances; and for continuing certain provisions made for the expences of his Majesty's civil government; and for payment of annuities formerly purchased at the rate of five pounds per centum; and for other purpoles in this act mentioned.

Cap. 9. For redeeming the duties and revenues which were fettled to pay off principal and interest on the orders made forth on four lottery-acts passed in the ninth and tenth years of her late Majesty's reign; and for redeeming certain annuities payable on orders out of the hereditary excise, according to a former act in that behalf; and for establishing a general yearly fund, not only for the future payment of annuities at several rates, to be payable and transferrable at the bank of England, and redeemable by parliament, but also to raise monies for such proprietors of the

faid orders as shall choose to be paid their principal and arrears of interest in ready money; and for making good such other deficiencies and payments as in this act are mentioned; and for taking off the duties on linseed imported, and British linen exported.

Cap. 10. For the better collecting and levying the revenue of the

tenths of the clergy.

Cap. 11. To explain and amend feveral laws therein mentioned for the better preservation of the game.

Cap. 12. To impower commissioners in commissions of bankrupts, issued since the four and twentieth day of June 1706, and on or before the fix and twentieth day of June 1716, to make certificates for bankrupts, and the lord chancellor, lord keeper, commissioners of the great seal, or two judges, to confirm the same, notwithstanding the acts of the south and sisten, and the sisten of Queen Anne, are expired; and for continuing a clause in a former act for adjusting accounts between bankrupts and their debtors.

Cap. 13. For the better regulating of pilots for conducting of ships and vessels from *Dover*, *Deal*, and the isle of *Thanet*, up the rivers of

Thames and Medway.

Cap. 14. To continue an act of the first year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for taking and stating the debts due and growing due to Scotland by way of equivalent, in the terms of the union; and for relief of the creditors of the publick, and the commissioners of the equivalent.

Cap. 15. For the better regulating the office of sheriffs, and for ascertaining their sees, and the sees for suing out their patents, and

passing their accounts.

Cap. 16. For the better enabling sheriss to sue out their patents, and

pals their accounts.

Cap. 17. To enable his Majesty to Vol. XIII.

appoint commissioners to take, examine, state and determine the

debts due to the army.

Cap. 18. For explaining an act passed the last session of parliament, intituled, An act to oblige papists to register their names and real estates, and for enlarging the time for such registring, and for securing purchases made by protestants.

Cap. 19. For the King's most gracious, general, and free pardon.

Cap. 20. To enlarge the time for making claims before the commiffioners appointed to inquire of the forfeited estates.

Cap. 21. For continuing the liberty of exporting Irish linen cloth to the British plantations in America duty-free; and for the more effectual discovery of and prosecuting such as shall unlawfully export wool and woollen manufactures from Ireland; and for relief of John Fletcher, in respect of the duty by him paid for a quantity of falt lost in the exportation for Ireland.

#### Private Asts.

#### Anne 3 Georgii. I.

1. An act for enlarging the time granted by an act passed in the eighth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for making a convenient dock or basion at Liverpool, for security of all ships trading to and from the said port of Liverpool.

2. An act for naturalizing Isaac Kuyck

van Mierop.

3. An act for the preservation and improvement of the river Wear, and port and haven of Sunderland, in the county of Durham.

4. An act for repairing the highways from feveral places therein mentioned, leading towards *Highgate Gate-house* and *Hampstead*, in the county of *Middlesex*; and for electing trustees for keeping up a sufficient

cient number for the repairing the highways upon the roads from Highgate Gate-house to Barnet Blockboule; and also of the highways between Kilburne Bridge and Sparrows Herne, in the county of Hertford.

5. An act to enable the parishioners of the parish of St. Mary Rotherbith in the county of Surrey (by certain funeral rates therein mentioned) to finish the said parish church.

- 6. An act for fettling the estates of the most noble John duke of Rutland, and John Manners, elq; commonly called marquis of Granby, fon and heir apparent of the faid duke, on the marriage of the faid marquis of Granby with the honourable Bridget Sutton, only child of the right honourable Robert lord Lexington, and Bridget Sutton therein mentioned, in trustees, to be fold for raifing money for the marriage portion of the faid Bridget Sutton.
- 7. An act for confirming a partition lately made of the estate of Sir John Brownlows, bart. deceased, in the counties of Lincoln, York, Middle [ex, and Hertford, remaining unfold, and articles of agreement relating thereunto; and also the several conveyances made of the divided parts; and for making effectual a fine and recovery intended to be levied and fuffered of a fee-farm rent of twenty pounds per annum, part of the estate in the said county of Hertford.

8. An act to enable John Barrington, alias Shute, esq; and his iffue male. to change their furname to Barringten, according to the fettlement of Francis Barrington, elq; decealed.

q. An act to impower the barons of the Exchequer in Ireland to grant a commission to some of the barons of the Exchequer in England, to administer to Thomas Hopkins, esq; the oaths for the due execution of the office or offices of fearcher. packer and gauger in the port of the city of Dublin, granted to him for his life.

10. An act to enable Sufanna Catherina Nugent, to fue for, recover, and hold the portion of fourteen hundred pounds, provided for her out of her father's cltate, notwithflanding her coverture and the outlawry of her husband Hyacintbus Nugent, elq;

11. An act to enable Francis Fulford, efq; and his first and other sons successively, to put in execution the power of granting leafes given by the last will and testament of Francis Fulford, esq; deceased.

12. An act for vesting an estate late of Sir Thomas Heath, knt. deceased, in trustees, to be sold for payment of his debts and other uses.

13. An act for rectifying defects in a settlement made by Robert Davis, esq; deceased, of certain estates in the counties of Denbigh and Flint. and effectually securing the payment of his debts, and making provision for the younger children of Robert Davis his fon, and fettleing the said estates subject thereto.

14. An act for repairing the highways from that part of Counters Bridge which lies in the parish of Kenfington in the county of Middle-Jex, to the powder mills in the road to Stains, and to Cranford Bridge in the said county in the road to Colnebrooke.

15. An act for explaining and making more effectual the acts of the fifth and eighth years of her late majesty Queen Anne, for amending the road between Hockley in the county of Bedford and Stony-Stratford in the county of Bucks.

16. An act for tale of part of the duke of Mentague's estate, for the intents and purpoles therein mentioned.

17. An act to enable Richard earl of

Scor-

Starberough to take in Great Britain the oath of office as vice-treafurer and receiver general and paymaster general of all his Majesty's revenues in the kingdom of Ireland, and to qualify himself for the enjoyment of the said office.

18. An act to enable his Majesty to make provision for the respective wives and children of James late earl of Southesque, James late lord Drummond, the late Sir Hugh Pater-son of Bannockburn, and James Ster-

ling late of Keir.

19. An act to enable his Majesty to make such provision for, and settlement upon, Margaret the wise of James late earl of Panmuir, as she would have been intituled to in case her said husband was naturally dead.

20. An act to enable his Majesty to make provision for Margaret lady Nairn and her children, out of her paternal estate, forseited during the life of William Murray, late lord

Nairn, her husband.

 An act for raising and paying the lady Amelia Butler's portion out of lands in Ireland.

22. An act for confirming a partition made between Robert Dafbrused, eq; and Choknley Turner, eq; of certain manors, lands and hereditaments in the county of Ocen.

23. An act for confirming an agreement made between John Wind, clerk, vicar of Thirkleby in the county of York, and Sir Thomas Frankland, bart for exchange of the vicarage-house, and certain lands therein mentioned.

24. An act for fale of the estate of Thomas Middleton, esq; deceased, for the more speedy raising of maintenance-money, and portions for his daughters, and for the other purposes in the bill mentioned.

25. An act to enable Edward Rolt, efq; to exchange a certain parcel of wood-lands in the county of

Hertford with John Beteler, esq; for other wood-lands of equal value in the said county, and for settling the same respectively as therein mentioned.

26. An act for vesting an estate at Corstam in Wiltsbire in the surviving trustee, and executor of the last will of Henry Frederic Thynne, esq; deceased, and his heirs, to make sale thereof for the execution of the trusts created by his will.

27. An act to enable Roger Stafford, a efq; and his iffue male, to change their furname to Wollecombe, according to the will of Roger Wolle.

combe, etq; deceated.

28. An act for fale of the estate of John Stone the elder, and John Stone the younger, in the county of Suffex, for discharging the incumbrances thereon, in respect of the infancy of one of the coheirs of John Stone the younger, and for securing the residue of the money as therein is mentioned.

29. An act to enable William Newman, esq; to sell part of the estate included in his marriage-settlement for payment of debts, and to settle another estate in lieu thereof.

30. An act for vetting in truitees the estate of Thomas Richmond, esq; deceased, in the county of Essex, to be sold for payment of his debts, legacies and funeral expences, according to the will of the said Thomas Richmond.

31. An act declaring the uses of two several sines levied by John Cuffe, esq; and Margaret his wife, to Joseph Kelley, esq; deceased, and Maurice Cuffe, esq; and the heirs of the said Joseph Kelley, of certain lands and tithes in the counties of Down and Cavan in the kingdom of Ireland.

32. An act to enable Patrick Wemys,
efq; to fell certain houses in Dublin for payment of debts, and for
the settling lands in the county of
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Kilkeniy, and elsewhere, to the same uses to which the houses to be fold were settled.

33. An act to naturalize John Jacob Heldt, Theodore Van Rheden, and others.

#### Anno 4 Georgii I .-

Cap. 1. For granting an aid to his Majesty, by a land-tax to be raised in *Great Britain*, for the service of the year 1718.

Cap. 2. To enable his Majesty to be governor of the South-Sea com-

pany.

Cap. 3. For continuing the duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry, for the service of the year 1718; and for making forth duplicates of Exchequer-bills, and lottery-tickets and orders, lost, burnt or destroyed; and for appropriating the supplies granted in this session of parliament.

Cap. 4. For punishing mutiny and defertion, and for the better payment of the army, and their quar-

ters.

Cap. 5. For finishing the tower of the parish church of St. Michael Cornbill, London, out of the duties arising pursuant to the act of the ninth year of the late Queen, for building fifty new churches in and about the cities of London and Westminster, and the suburbs thereof.

Cap. 6. For relief of the wholefale traders and dealers in *English* bonelace, by obviating feveral doubts in the feveral acts for licensing

hawkers and pedlars.

Cap. 7. For making more effectual an act made in the eighth year of the reign of the late Queen Anne, intituled, An act for employing the manufacturers by encouraging the confumption of raw filk and Mebair yarn.

Cap. 8. For vesting the forseited estates in *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, in trustees, to be sold for the use of the public; and for giving relief to lawful creditors, by determining the claims; and for the more effectual bringing into the respective Exchequers the rents and profits of the said estates, till sold.

Cap. 9. To appoint commissioners to take, examins, state and determine the debts due to the army, and to examine and state the demands of several foreign princes and states for subsidies during the

late war.

Cap. 10. For making the dividend of subscribed lottery annuities, and other annuities established by several acts of parliament, payable half-yearly at the bank of England.

Cap. 11. For the further preventing robbery, burglary and other fe-

lonies, and for the more effectual transportation of felons, and unlawful exporters of wool; and for declaring the law upon forme

points relating to pirates.

Cap. 12. For inforcing and making perpetual an act of the twelfth year of her late. Majesty, instituled, An act for the preferving of all facts thips and goods thereof, which shall happen to be forced on shore, or stranded upon the coasts of this tingdom, or any other of her Majesty's dominions; and for instituting the punishment of death on such as thall wilfully burn or destroy ships.

Cap. 13. For enlarging the term of years granted by the acts of the eleventh and twelfth years of King William the Third, and second and third years of Queen Anne, for the

repair of Dover harbour.

Cap. 14. To impower the commisfioners appointed to put in execution the act of the ninth and tenth years of her late Majesty's reign, for building fifty new churches in and about the cities of London and Westminster, and suburbs thereof, to direct the parish church of St. Giles in the Fields in

the

the county of Middlesex, to be rebuilt, instead of one of the said sity new churches.

> Private Affis. Anno 4 Georgii. I.

1. An act to enable Guerge Bubb, efq; and his iffue male, to change their furname to the furname of Doding-ten.

2. An act for naturalizing Abraham Butafaer.

3. An act for the better explaining feveral acts therein mentioned, for creding of hospitals and workhouses within the city of Bristol, for the imploying and maintaining the poor thereof, and for making

the faid acts more effectual.

4. An act for amending the roads from the city of Loudon, to the town of East-Grinstead in the county of Suffer, and to the towns of Sutten and Kingston in the county of Sutten and Kingston in the county of Sutten.

5. An act for repairing the highways i leading from the stones-end of Kont-street in the parish of St. Garge's Southward in the county of Surrey, to the lime-kilns in East-Greenwich near Black-Heath, and to Lewisham church, being the The-bridge road, in the county of Kenge 6. An act for repairing the highways

from Maidenhead-Bridge to Summinglane end (next to Twiferd) in the mad so Reading, and from the faid bridge to Henley Bridge in the county of Berks.

7. An act for repairing the highways from Crown Corner in the town of Reading (leading by and through the several parishes of Shinfield and Heckfield in the several counties of Berks, Wilts and Buthampton) to Balangliske in the said county of Southampton.

8. An act for settling the estates of the most noble William duke of Devenshire, and William Cavendish,

elq; commonly called marquis of Hartington, son and heir apparent of the said duke, on the marriage of the said marquis of Hartington, with Catherine Haskins, spiniter, only child of Jahn Haskins, esq; deceased.

g. An act to enable Henry duke of Kent, and Anthony Grey, esq; commonly called earl of Harrold, to make jointures for the wife or wives of the said earl of Harrold, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

to. An act for vesting the manor of Esper Watervile, and other lands therein mentioned, in the most noble Thamas Holles, duke of New-castle, and his heirs, in consideration of rent-charges to be issuing out of the same and other lands, in lieu thereof, to the use of the corporation of Kingston upon Thames in the county of Surrey, in trust for the poor of the said town.

11. An act to enable Rubard earl of Burlington to make leafes of a piece of ground behind Burlington-bouse.

12. An act for confirming the respective sales of a fee-farm rent, and divers lands, tenements and here-ditaments in the county of Bedford, lately made by the right honourable John lord Carterats, and William Hilderson, esq 1 to each other, and to discharge the same from divers estates, terms and trusts, to which they are respectively liable by several settlements made there-of.

13. An act for vefting the great tithes and glebe-lands belonging to the rectory of Saxby in the county of Leicester, in the right honourable Bennet lord Harborough, and his heirs, in lieu of other lands and an annuity, to be settled on the rector of the said church, and his successors for ever, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

14. Aņ

14. An act for fale of part of the eftate of John late earl of Kildare, deceased, towards payment of his debts, and for other the purposes therein mentioned.

15. An act for establishing the disposition of the personal estate of Sir Benjamin Bathurst, deceased, and the settlements on his three sons under his will, and exchanging ground-rents in Wapping in Middlesex for another rent of like value, and other purposes therein mentioned.

16. An act for the better enabling the honourable James Bertie, eq; to raile portions for his younger children.

17. An act for making more effectual certain articles of agreement between Sir George Downing, baronet, and dame Mary, eldest daughter of Sir William Forester, knt. and her trustees.

18. An act for confirming an agreement between dame Elizabeth Napier, Sir Theophilus Napier, baronet, Archibald Napier and Edward Napier, the reliet and fons of Sir John Napier, deceased, touching his real and personal estate, for vesting his lands and hereditaments in the counties of Bedford and Hertford in trustees, for the better personnance of the said agreement.

29. An act for vesting divers lands and tenements in the county of Suffex, part of the estate of Charles Everssield, esq; in trustees, for a

present provision for his son, and for the payment of the debts of the said Charles Everssield.

20. An act for sale of part of the eftate late of Joseph Thurston, esq; deceased, lying in the counties of Suffolk and Espec, for payment of his debts, and making provision for his infant children.

21. An act for the exonerating and discharging the manors, lands and hereditaments of Francis Cornwall, esq; and likewise the said Francis Cornwall, of and from certain articles of agreement made before the marriage of the said Francis Cornwall.

22. An act to enable Ralph Shippardfon, elq; to make fale of his estate
in Studley Roger in the county of
York, freed from the uses and trusts
in the said Ralph Shippardson's marriage-settlement, and to settle his
estate at East Murton in the county
of Durham to the same uses.

23. An act to enable the lords commissioners of the treasury, or lord high treasurer for the time being, to compound with Mr. John Offley for the debt he stands engaged for to the crown for the duties on to-bacco.

24. An act to naturalize Peter Rose, and others.

25. An act to naturalize Martin Ludelph, Ulrick Jansen, John Ludelph Spellerbergh, John Speiker and Laurence Gundeloah.

### STATUTES at Large, &c.

Anno Regni ANNÆ Reginæ Magnæ Britanniæ, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ, duodecimo.

A T the parliament begun and bolden at Westminster the twenty-sifth day of November,
Anno Dom. 1710. in the ninth year of the reign of
our sovereign lady Anne, by the grace of God, of
Great Britain, France, and Ireland, Lyeen, defender of the faith, &c. being the first session of this
present parliament; and from thence continued by
several prorogations to the seventh day of December,
one thousand seven hundred and eleven; being the
second session of this present parliament; and from
thence continued by several prorogations to the ninth
day of April, one thousand seven hundred and thirteen (a); being the third session of this present par- (a) in the reliament.

cord is added, and continued by feveral ad-

journments till the fixteenth day of July in the twelfih year of her Majesty's reign.

#### CAP. I.

An aft for granting an aid to her Majesty; to be raised by a land-tax in Great-Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, E X P. 22. in the pound.

#### CAP. II.

MOST gracious fovereign, we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain assembled in parliament, towards raising such supplies as are and Vol. XIII.

Duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry, from 23 June 1713, to 24 June 1714, viz.

may be necessary to defray your Majesty's publick expences, do humbly present your Majesty with the gift of the several rates, duties, and impositions herein after mentioned; and do befeech your Majesty that it may be enacted: and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That there shall be raised, levied, collected, paid, and fatisfied, unto and for the use of her Majesty, her heirs and sucs

cessors, for and upon all malt, mum, cyder and perry, the several and respective rates, duties and impositions herein after

Malt made in England 6d. per bulhel.

mentioned; (that is to fay) for every buthel of malt which at any time or times, from and after the twenty-third day of Tune, one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, and before the twenty-fourth day of June, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, shall be made of barley, or any other corn or grain, within that part of Great Britain called England, Wales, and the town of Berwick upon Tweed, by any person or persons whatsoever, (whether the same be or be not for fale) the fum of fix pence, and fo proportionably for a greater or lesser quantity, to be paid by the maker or makers thereof respectively: for every bushel of malt which at any time or times, from and after the twenty-third day of June,

Malt made in Scotland 6d. per buinel.

one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, and before the twentyfourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, shall be made of barley, or any other corn or grain, in that part of Great Britain called Scotland, by any person or persons whatfoever, (whether the same be or be not for sale) the sum of six pence, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser quantity, to be also paid by the maker or makers thereof respectively: for Mum 100. per every barrel of mum, which at any time or times, from and af-

barrel.

ter the faid twenty-third day of June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, and before the faid twenty-fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, shall be made or imported within the faid kingdom of Great Britain, the sum of ten shillings, over and above all present duties payable for the fame, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser quantity, to be paid by the maker or importer thereof respectively: and for all cyder and perry, which at any time or times, from and after the faid twenty-third day of Jane one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, and before the faid twenty-fourth day of

Tune one thousand seven hundred and sourteeen, shall be made for sale within the said kingdom of Great Britain, (over and above all other duties payable for cyder and perry made and fold by retail) the sum of four shillings for every hogshead, and so in proportion for a greater or lesser quantity, to be paid by

Cyder and erry 4s. per hog head.

the first buyer or retailer thereof. II. And for the avoiding of disputes in charging the duties All persons upon cyder and perry, be it enacted and declared, That every Selling cyder or perry deem- person who shall buy any cyder or perry, or any fruit to make ed retailers. into cyder or perry, and shall sell any of the cyder or perry so

bought

bought or made, by the hogshead, or any greater or lesser measure, shall, during the continuance of this act, and no longer, be deemed and taken to be a retailer of cyder and perry, and shall be chargeable with the duties of all such cyder and perry.

III. And for the better afcertaining, charging, levying and collecting of all the said several and respective duties hereby granted, be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That Duties to be all and every the faid duties and impositions by this act granted under the maor imposed, as well upon malt, as upon mum, cyder and perry, nagement of shall, from time to time, during the continuance of this act, be the commiswithin the receipt, management and government of the several cise, &c. chief commissioners and governors of the receipt of excise upon beer, ale, and other liquors, for the time being, in Great Britain respectively; and that all inserior officers, whether they be subcommissioners, collectors, supervisors, gagers, or others, that are or shall be constituted or appointed for levying, receiving, coffecting, or answering of her Majesty's duties of excise upon beer, ale, and other liquors, shall, within the respective limits or districts, or in the several places or stations to which they are or shall be appointed, be also the subcommissioners, collectors, fupervisors, gagers, or other officers respectively; for the several duties by this act granted; nevertheless, under the government and direction of the faid respective chief commissioners of excise for the time being, or the major part of them, who have hereby power to dismiss or alter them, or any of them, and to make and constitute, from time to time, such and so many inferior officers, for the said duties hereby granted, and every or any of them, as to the faid respective chief commissioners for the time being, or the major part of them, shall icem meet.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Officers may That all and every the faid gagers and officers which are or shall enter maltbe so constituted and appointed, shall at all times in the day-houses, &c. time be permitted, upon their request, to enter the house, malthouse, and all other places whatsoever, belonging to or used by any person or persons whatsoever, who as any time or times, from and after the said twenty-third day of June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, and before the said twenty-fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, shall make any malt (either for sale or not for sale) and to gage all cisterns, uting-fats, utensils, and other vessels and gage cisused by any such malster, or maker of malt, for the wetting or terns, &c. fleeping of any barley, or other corn or grain for the making of malt, and to gage, measure, and take an account of the just quantity of the barley, and other corn or grain which shall be found wetting or steeping in any such uting-fat, utensil, cistern, or other vessel, or shall have been wetted or steeped in them, or any of them, for the making of malt; and shall thereof make and make rereturn or report in writing to the faid commissioners, or such port to the other person or persons as they shall appoint to receive the same, commission-

leaving ers, &c.

leaving a true copy of such report in writing under his hand with such malster or maker of malt; and such report or return of the faid gagers shall be a charge upon such maliters or makers of malt respectively: and if any such malster or other per-

Penalty on maliters, &c. refuling to permit officer, sol.

fon, making malt for tale or private use, shall refuse to permit any fuch gager or officer to enter his house, or other place asorementioned, or to measure, compute and take an account of all his malt, and to gage all and every such uting-fats, utensile, cisterns, and other vessels, and to gage and take an account of his barley, or other corn or grain in any fuch ciftern, utingfat, utenfil or other vessel, or which shall have been steeped or wetted, and shall be upon any floor or other place, every such malster or other person shall forfeit and lose for every such of-Malster oncea sence the sum of twenty pounds: and that from and after the hid twenty-third day of June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, during the continuance of this act, every malster or other person making malt, (for sale or not for sale) shall monthly and every month make a true entry at the faid office of excise of all the malt made in fuch month respectively, on pain to forfeit for every such neglect the sum of ten pounds.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,

That every such malster or other maker of malt, shall, within

three months after he shall make or ought to have made such

entry, as aforefaid, pay and clear off all the faid duties which

month to make an entry at the excile office,

and to clear off the duties in three. months after.

Penalty on fuling to pay,

malkers re-

Malt to be measured by the Winchest. er bushel.

The dimenfions thereof.

thall be due from him or them respectively. VI. And be it further enacted, That every such malster or other person chargeable with the said duties, who shall neglect or refuse to make such payment, as aforesaid, shall forfeit and lose for every such offence double the sum of the said duty, whereof the payment shall be so refused or neglected: and that no such malster or other person, after such default made, shall fell, deliver or carry out any malt, until he hath paid and cleared off his duty, as aforesaid, on pain to forfeit double the value of fuch malt fo delivered and carried out.

VII. And for the avoiding all disputes touching the returns made or to be made by the gagers of any malt, as aforefaid, be it enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid. That by the bushel, in this act mentioned, is meant and intended a bushel according to the standard remaining in the custody of the chamberlains of her Majesty's Exchequer, commonly called or known by the name of the Winchester bushel; and that the quantity of barley, or other corn or grain taken by the gage, according to such bushel, in any cistern, uting-fat, utensil, or other vessel, wherein such barley, or other corn or grain shall be found wetting or steeping, or which shall be found to have been wetted or steeped for the making of malt, shall be charged and returned by the gager as so many bushels of malt: and that every round bushel with a plain and even bottom, being made eighteen inches and a half wide throughout, and eight inches deep, shall be esteemed a legal Winchester bushel, according to the faid standard.

VIII. And

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Powers, &c. That all and every the powers, authorities, directions, rules, in 12 Car. c. methods, penalties and forfeitures, clauses, matters and things, force, &c. which in and by an act made in the twelfth year of King Churles the Second, intituled, An act for taking away the court of wards and burries, and tenures in capite, and by knight fervice, and purveyonce, and for settling a revenue upon his -Majesty in lieu thereof, or by any other law now in force, relating to her Majesty's revenue of excise upon beer, ale, or other liquors, are provided, lettled or established, for raising, levying, collecting or recovering, adjudging or ascertaining the duties thereby granted, or any of them, (other than in such cases for which other penalties or provisions are made and prescribed by this act) shall be exercised, practised, applied, used and put in execution, in and for the railing, levying, collecting, recovering and paying as well the faid duties upon malt, as the faid several duties upon mum, eyder and perry, hereby granted, during the continuance of this act, as fully and effectually, to all intents and purpoles, as if all and every the faid powers, authorities, rules, directions, methods, penalties, forfeitures, clauses, matters and things were particularly repeated, and again enacted in the body of this present act.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Fines, &c. That all fines, penalties and forfeitures by this act imposed, how to be reshall be fued for, levied and recovered or mitigated, by such covered. ways, means and methods, as any fine, penalty or forfeiture is

or by action of debt, bill, plaint or information in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, or in the court of selson, court of justiciary, or court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively: and that one moiety of every such sine, penalty and forfeiture, shall be to her Majesty, or her heirs and successors,

and the other moiety to him or them that shall discover, inform,

or may be recovered or mitigated by any law or laws of excise,

or fue for the fame.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Malt subject all malt in the cuftody of any maker of malt, shall be liable and to the duties subject to, and are hereby made chargeable with all and singular in arrear. the debts and duties of malt in arrear and owing by any person or persons, for any malt made by such malster, or within his malthouse, and shall also be subject to all penalties and forfeitures incurred by fuch person or persons so using such malthouse for any offence against the laws relating to the duties on malt; and that it stiall be lawful in all cases to levy debts and penalties, and to use such proceedings against such malt, as it may be lawful to do in case the debtor or offender were the true and real owner of the same malt.

XL. And whereas many of her Majesty's subjects do make malt, not to fell or make any profit thereof, but to be consumed in their own private families only; For the bettter accommodation of such persons, it is hereby further enacted and provided by the authority aforefaid. That the faid respective commissioners of excise

to pay, 58, per head, per annum,

Compounders for the time being, or the major part of them respectively, or fuch person or persons as they, or the major part of them, shall respectively appoint for that purpose, and in default of fuch appointment, then the collector and supervisor for the diftrict and division, within which such person doth or shall inhabit, shall and may compound and agree with such person or persons for the said duties of such malt, which shall grow due or payable from him, her, or them, by this act, from the commencement thereof, until the end of the term hereby granted, at the rate of five shillings per annum for every head, which at any time or times, during the continuance of fuch compofition, shall be of the family of such person or persons respectively, and to receive such composition-money, or to take security for the payment thereof quarterly; and that the houses. and not liable out-houses, malthouses, or other places of such particular perfons making such composition and agreement, and paying such composition in money, or giving such security, and duly complying with their payments thereupon, shall not be liable to the faid duty of fix pence per bushel upon malt, or to the survey or fearch of any gager or officer of the excise, for or by reason of his or their making such malt, as aforesaid.

to the duty, nor to the furvey of the gagers.

Penalty on felling malt after compostion,

XII. Provided, That if any such person, after such composition made, shall sell, exchange, barter, or deliver out any malt to any other person or persons, or shall permit any other perfor or persons, to make any malt in his, her, or their houses or outhouses, or shall sell any beer, ale, or other liquors made of malt, or shall have more persons of their families than they shall so compound for, without giving notice of them to the next office of excise, at or before the next quarter-day, and paying or securing the like compositions for them, then every such person shall forfeit the sum of sive pounds, to be recovered and distributed, as aforesaid; and after any such offence -committed, shall lose the benefit of his, her, or their compofition, and shall be liable to the said duty of fix pence a bushel upon malt, and to the furvey and fearch of the faid officers, as if no fuch composition had been made; and for every bushes of malt so fraudulently fold, exchanged, bartered, delivered out, or fraudulently made, every such person shall forfeit the furn of twenty shillings; any thing in this act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Compounders to continue their composition, &c. before 24 June 1713.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That all and every such person and persons, who by virtue, or in pursuance of any former act for laying duties upon malt, mum, cyder and perry, have made or fhaff make any composition still in being, for the duties of their malt, shall on or before the four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, continue such their composition for the duties hereby granted, and pay the composition money, 'or give bond for the fame, according to the purport, true Intent, and meaning of this prefent act, or in default thereof shall be, and are hereby charged and made liable to pay unto her Majesty,

or liable to the duty, &c.

her being and suggestions, the sum of fix pence for every bushel of malt which he, the, or they, or any other person or persons in trust for him, her, or them, shall be possessed of, on the laid four and two nieth day of Time one thouland leven hundred and thirteen; and that all and every such person and persons who have, or hath, or shall make such composition for their faid duties on malt, in pursuance of the faid former acts, or any of them, and who shall make default in continuing fuch their compelition, as aforefaid, shall on or before the teath day of July one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, make true and particular entries of all fuch malt as they, or any of them, or any other person or persons in trust for them, or any of them, shell be possessed as, or have in his, or their custody or posfollow, at the office of excise within the limits of which they shall respectively inhabit, upon pain to forfeit the sum of fifty pounds and the malt, of which no such entry shall be made; and within fix days after he, the, or they shall have made, or ought to have made fuch entry, as aforefaid, shall pay down the duties hereby charged upon the same, or in default thereof thall forfeit and lose double the value of the faid mait; and that the houses, out-houses, and other places belonging to such compounders, who shall make default in continuing such their compositions, as aforesaid, shall be and are hereby made liable to the fearch and view of the officers for the faid duties, in the fame manner, and under the same penalties for refusal, as other persons making malt for sale are liable.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Maltdamaged That from and after the faid three and twentieth day of June by the casting one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, and after the duty away of the wellel, &c. by this act imposed on malt is paid by the malster, if any quantity of malt shall unfortunately happen to be damaged by the casting away or sinking of the barge or vessel in which the said malt shall be transported from one part of this kingdom to another within the fame, That the justices of the peace of the county, riding, or division, where such accident shall happen, hall at the next general quarter-fessions to be held for such suffices to decounty, riding, or division, upon proof of such damage, and termine the of payment of the duty, as aforefaid, determine and fettle the damage, so. quantity of the damage done to such malt by the casting away or linking of the barge or veffel in which the same shall be transported, as aforefaid, and an allowance to be made in respect thereof, and to give a certificate under their hands and seals of the funa allowed, which allowance shall bear the same proportion to the whole duty, as the faid damage shall appear to bear to the value of the faid malt before it was so damaged; upon producing of which certificate to the officer appointed to collect and officer to the faid duty, he shall be obliged to repay or allow to the faid repay the duproprietor or proprietors, out of the duty paid for the faid malt, to much money as the fum certified by the said justices shall amount unto, or in default thereof, that the proprietor or proprictors of the said malt shall and may deduct the allowance so

certified

chitified out of the next or any other sublemucht thenies becoming due from fach proprietor or proprietors by virtue of this prefent act.

Notice to be left with the days before quarter-leffions.

XV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That where any fuch loss or damage shall collector three happen, as aforefaid, the person or persons who shall fushaln the same, shall, three days at least before the next quarter-selfions, give or leave notice in writing thereof with the collectors of excile of the diffrict or collection where fuch loss or damage shall happen, and of his and their intention of applying at the next general quarter-sessions of the peace for an allowance in respect of such damage or loss.

No malfr:r to mix corn with corn of another wetting, on forfeiture of 58. per bushel,

XVI. And whereas many malfters and makers of molt, in order to the defrauding her Majesty of the duty, and preventing the officers of one wetting from taking and keeping a true account of the corn or grain by them fleeping and fleeped, and making into malt, do in the absence of the officers remove part of their corn or grain out of the ciflern or westing fat, and mix the same with corn or grain of a former westing, and supply the place of the corn or grain so removed with fresh corn or grain, and do also mix their several couches and sloors, in such manner that the officers for the faid duties cannot distinguish one wetting from another; for remedy whereof, be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That during the continuance of the duties hereby granted, no malifer or maker of make, other than compounders for the faid duties, shall, during the continuance of the faid duties, mix, or cause to be mixed, his, her, or their corn or grain making into malt, of one wetting or fleeping, or any part thereof, with his, her, or their corn or grain making into malt, of a former westing or steeping, or any part thereof, before the same is put on the kiln for drying, on pain of forfeiture of the furn of five shillings for every bushel of corn to mixed; contrary to the true intent and meaning hereof.

Gagers to

XVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, measure by the That the gagers and other officers of excise, for the time being, gage, and not a that the gages are other omicers of excite, for the time being, by the bushel. Or that shall be deputed to put this present act into execution, shall, during the continuance of the duries hereby charged, measure such corn and grain making into malt by the gage only, and not by the bushel; any thing herein before contained, or in any former act or acts, relating to the duties hereby granted, to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

Penalty on maliters pref. fing malt together in the cistern, &c. 28. 6d. per builet.

XVIII. And subcreas in making of malt; practifed before the granting the said duties, the barley, or other corn or grain, during its steeping in the cistern or uting-fat, did usually rife and swell so -confiderably, that it was thought reasonable, upon granting the said duties, in all charges to be made by the officers from the ciftern or couse, to allow to the malfters, upon payment of the duty, four bufbels in every twenty bufbels, and fo proportionably upon every greater or leffer quantity, in confideration of fuch rife or fwelling of the corn, which allowances have been and are made accordingly; and subcreas many malflers or makers of malt for fale, by preffing, treading, ramming, or other methods, do now not only make their some life

so close in the ciflere or uting-sot, and also in the couch, that the rife or swelling, as aforesaid, is provented, but also renders it very difficult for officers to know the true quantity of the corn steeped or see the couch, and thereby have the allowance, as aforefaid, though the restim of making the fame is taken away; be it therefore further enacted. That if any malker or maker of malt for fale, during the continuance of the duties on malt by this act granted, shall tread, ram, or otherwise sorce together in the cittern, utingfat, or couch, any corn steeping or steeped, in order to the making into-malt, every such malster or maker of malt for sale, shall for every such offence, forfeit and lose the sum of two shillings and fix pence for every bushel of corn steeping or steeped, that shall be so pressed, trodden, rammed, or storged; any thing herein or in any former act or acts contained to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

KIX. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority All profecuaforefaid, That no perion or perions shall be sued or charged tions to be within five with the duties hereby granted, unless some action, informa-years. tion, or fuit be commenced for the same, within five years after

the fame thall become due. .

XX. And in regard the quantity of barley, or other corn or grain, taken by the gage in any ciftern, uting-fat, or other veffel, or utenfil, wherein fuch barley, or other corn or grain shall be found wetting or storpings or which shall be found to have been wetted or steeped for the meking of malt, is by this all to be charged and resurned by the goger; as fo many bulbels of malt: It is hereby further enacted by Allowance for the authority aforefaid, That out of every twenty bulhels io malt charged charged by the gager, there shall be an allowance made to the in the utingmaker of such malt so charged in the uting-fat, cistern, or other fat, &c. vallely wherein the same shall be found wetting or steeping, as aforefaid, or upon the floor within thirty hours after the fame shall be thrown out of the uting-fat, utenfil, ciftern, or other refel, of four bulhels, and out of every greater or leffer quantity, a proportionable allowance shall be made in consideration of the difference between the quantity of fuch corn when it is wet and foroin, and the quantity thereof, when it is converted into dry malt; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithbanding.

XXI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Malt after du-That it shall and may be lawful to and for any person or per- ties paid may ions, who shall have actually paid her Majesty's duties by this be exported, act payable for any quantity of malt whatforever, and to and for acc. any other person or persons, who shall buy, or be lawfully entitled to any such quantity of malt from the faid person or persons who actually paid her Majesty's duties for the same, to expott such malt for any foreign parts, giving sufficient security before the shipping thereof for exportation, that the particular quantity of malt, which shall be intended to be exported, as aforefaid, or any part thereof, shall not be relanded, or brought again into any part or parts of Great Britain, which focurity the sufficient or collector of the respective port for such exportation,

· Is hereby directed end authorized to take in her Majefly's name,

Penalty on relanded.

and to her Majesty's use. XXII. Provided always, That if after the thipping of any malt thipt for fach malt to be exported, as aforefaid, and the giving or tenand afterwards dring fach focurity, as aforefaid, in order to obtain the allowance or drawback herein after mentioned, the mak so shipped to be exported, shall be relanded in any part of the faid kingdom of Great Britain, That then, and in every such case, over and above the penalty of the bond, which shall be levied and secowered to her Majesty's use, all the mult which shall be landed, and the value thereof, shall be forfeited, that is to say, one moiety thereof to the Queen, and the other moiety thereof to the person or persons that will seize, inform or sue far the · fame, -to-be-recovered as any other penalties by this act are recoverable.

Exporter to tificate that the duty is paid, &c.

XXIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, produce a cer- That if any person or persons who shall export any make into foreign parts, shall produce a certificate or certificates from the collector or officer who received the duty of fuch malt, that the duty thereof hath been paid or secured to be paid, which cerrificate the collector or officer is hereby required to give gratis, proof being made upon outh that the duty of such malt hath been paid or secured to be paid (which oath the said collector or officer is hereby required to administer) and also making oath before the officer or collector of the port, that the malt so exported is the same mentioned in such certificate, then the collector or chief officers of the port where fuch mait shall be exported, shall give to the exporter thereof a sertificate or debenture, expressing the true quantity of the malt so exported or and on export shipped for exportation; which certificate or debenture being tation duty to produced to the collector, or other officer appointed to mercive the faid duty, in the county, thire, stuattry, or place where such -mait was exported, he is hereby required to pay the faid duty of fix pence per bulhel to the persons or their agents so exporting

be repaid.

required to pay the same out of the duties arising by the said act; any thing in this ach contained to the contrary notwithstanding. XXIV. And be it enacted, That all debentures for malt ex-Debcatures for ported upon any former act or acts for laying duties upon malt, mum, cyder, and perry, which shall remain unsatisfied, on the -four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and -thirteen, shall (in ease the respective commissioners or officers of excise shall not have sufficient in their hands of the duties granted by the laid former acts to latisfy the lame) be paid and fatisfied out of the duties arising by this present act.

the fame; and in case the collector or other officers shall not have any money in their hands to pay the fame, then the respective -commissioners appointed for executing this act, are hereby

Rent payable

mait unfetis-

fied, on 24

June 1713.

how to be

paid.

XXV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. in mait, tenant That where any rent is reserved and payable in malt, or if payto deduct 4s. able in money, and the sum or quantity of such sent is to be asper quarter, certained by the price of malt, and is to increase just as much as the

the price of male doth increase, it shall and may be lawful, during the continuance of this act, for the tenant of any lands futject to any fuch rent, to detain, deduct and abate to much of every such rest as will amount to the duty by this act charged for every quarter of malt, or the value of it in money, that is fo referred, and to proportionably for any leffer quantity; and the person or persons, bodies politick or corporate, to whom any such rent is reserved, as aforesaid, shall, upon the receipt of the residue of any fuch rent, make an allowance of such deductions, as aforefaild, and the tenant be discharged, as if such payment had been made without any deduction or abatement whatfocver.

XXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Malt imauthority aforciaid, That from and after the faid three and ported from twentieth day of Yang one thousand feven hundred and thirteen beyond fea twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, forseited. during the continuance of this act, no mak shall be brought or imported into Great Britain from any foreign part or parts beyoud the feas, upon pain of forfeiture of the malt so imported, and also the sull value thereof, one moiety to the Queen, and the other molety to such person or persons as shall seize, inform or fue for the fame, by action of debt, bill, plaint or information, wherein no effoin, protection, or wager of law, or any

more than one imparlance shall be allowed.

XXVII. And whereas several persons making and dealing in malt, Malt destroyare subject to many bazards and inconveniencies, as well by fire as ed by fire or water, be it therefore further enacted by the authority aforefaid, water, or cast.

That from and after the three and twentieth day of the away, That from and after the three and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, and after the duty by this aft imposed on smalt is paid, or secured to be paid by the malfler, if any quantity of malt shall unfortunately happen to be destroyed by fire, by the burning of the malthouse, granary or other place where the fame shall be made or kept, or shall penih by water, by the casting away of the barge or vessel in which the faid malt Mall be transported from any part of this kingdom to another; it shall and may be lawful for the proprietor or pro- on oath that prictors of fach malt so perishing, as abovefaid, to make proof the duty was thereof by two credible witnesses upon oath, and of his, her, or their having paid or given security to pay the faid duty, before the justices of the peace of the county, riding or division where such accident thall happen, at the next general quarter-sessions to be held for fuch county, riding, or division (who are hereby Officer to reimpowered to give certificates under their hands and feals of pay the duty, fuch loss) upon producing of which certificate to the officer appointed to collect the faid duty, he shall be obliged to repay or allow to the faid proprietor or proprietors so much of the faid duty as shall have been by him paid for the quantity of malt proved to have so perished.

XXVIII. Provided always, That if any barley or other corn An allowance or grain that hath been steeped or wetted in any cistern, uting of 10 bushels fat, or with the the continuous of this and in 20 on 2 fat, or other veffel, shall, during the continuance of this act, floor-gage. be found working or growing upon the floor, before it is put

supon the kiln, in order to be made into malt, after the said three and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, which when dried and made into malt, will not answer so great a quantity from the floor as from the ciftern or fat; it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That out of every twenty bushels so charged upon the floor, there shall be an allowance made to the maker of the faid malt, which shall be gaged and charged upon the floor, after the same shall have been thrown out of the uting-fat, utenfil, ciftern, or other vefsel before mentioned, by the space of thirty hours or more, and before the same shall be dried, of ten bushels, and out of every greater or leffer quantity a proportionable allowance shall be made, in consideration of the difference between the quantity of fuch corn when it is making upon the floor, and the quantity thereof when it is dried and perfectly made into malt; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

Exporters of the bounty money grant-

XXIX. And whereas by an act made in the first year of the reign malt to receive of their late majesties King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An act for encouragement of the exportation of corn, it is thereby ed 1 W. & M. enacted, That when malt or barley is at twenty-four shillings per quarter or under, every merchant that shall put on board any male, according to or under the limitations or conditions in the said all expressed, the faid merchant shall have and receive from the farmers, commissioners, or collectors of the duties arising from the customs, for every quarter of malt or barley so exported, the sum of two shillings and fix pence: be it hereby enacted, That the duty of fix pence per buffiel by this act imposed upon malt, shall not be reckoned or valued towards the price of twenty-four fhillings per quarter, by the faid recited act limited, but that the exporter of malt shall have and receive the bounty granted by the faid recited act, unless when the price of malt exceeds twenty-four shillings per quarter, over and above the duty by this act granted.

The fame alleviante on expurting ground malt, as if whole, &c.

XXX. Provided always, and be it further enacted and declared by the authority aforefaid, That in case any person or persons whatsoever shall export any ground malt from any port or place in Great Britain, to any foreign parts, the duties whereof shall have been paid or secured to be paid according to this act, fuch person and persons shall have the like drawback or allowance out of the duties on malt by this act granted, as if the faid malt had been whole, upon debentures to be obtained. and upon producing certificates, making oath, and doing and performing the other matters and things herein before prescribed and directed, in order to obtain debentures upon exportation of malt for foreign parts; yet neverthelels such ground malt so exported shall be computed and estimated after the rate of so many bulhels of malt as the same did contain before it was ground, and no more.

Gager to leave

XXXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That a copy of each every gager or other officer, who shall be constituted or apgage with the pointed to put this act in execution, shall be and are hereby required

quired to leave a true copy of each gage, and the quantity thereof, in writing under his or their hands, with or for the said maker or makers of malt, at the time of taking such gage

upon demand, under the penalty of forty shillings.

XXXII. And for the prevention of evil practices in brewing No brewer. beer and ale, with lugar, honey, foreign grains, Guinea pepper, &cc. to use fuor with a late invented liquor or syrup made from malt and gar, &c. in water, boiled up to the confiftency of mellaffes, and very much brewing on resembling the same, and commonly called Effentia Bine, or penalty of sol. with other unwholfome materials; and that no mixture of fugar, honey, foreign grains, Guinea pepper, or of the said liquor or lyrup, or other unwholsome materials, may be used in the brewing or making of beer and ale; be it enacted, That no common brewer, innkeeper, victualler, or other retailer of beer and ale, shall make use of any sugar, honey, foreign grains, Guines pepper, or of the said liquor or syrup, called Effentia Bine, Coculus India, or any unwholfome materials or ingredients whatfoever, in the brewing or making of any beer or ale, or mix any sugar, honey, foreign grains, Guinea pepper, or any of the said liquor called Effentia Bine, Coculus India, or any unwhollome materials or ingredients whatfoever, with any beer or ale, on pain of twenty pounds for every fuch

XXXIII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, The monies to That all monies which shall arise by this act of the said duties be paid into upon malt, mum, cyder and perry (over and above the neces- the Exchefary charges of raising and levying the said duties) shall, from quertime to time, be brought and paid into the receipt of the Exchequer.

XXXIV. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority Officers may asoresaid, That from and after the said twenty-third day of enter malt-June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, all and every houses, &c. the faid officers shall, upon their request, be permitted, as well by night as by day (but if in the night-time, then in the prelence of a constable, or other lawful officer of the peace) to enter the house, malthouse, and other place belonging to or made use of by any publick malster or maker of malt for sale, common brewer, innkeeper, victualler, distiller, or vinegar-maker, making malt, to gage, measure and take an account of the just quantity of barley, and other corn or grain which shall be wetting or Repping, or which shall have been wetted or steeped in such house, malthouse, or other place; and if any such publick malfier or maker of malt for fale, common brewer, innkeeper, Malfier refuvictualier, distiller, or vinegar-maker, shall refuse to permit fing entrance such officers, or any of them, to enter his house, malthouse, or forfeits sol. other place, as aforesaid, or to gage, or to take an account of his barley, or other corn or grain, as aforefaid, the person or

lose the sum of twenty pounds. XXXV. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if any maker of malt shall, during the continu-

perform offending therein, shall for every such offence forfeit and

Concealing malt forfeits zos. per bush-

ance of the duties hereby granted, fraudulently hide, conceal, or convey away any of his malt from the light or view of the gager or gagers appointed to take an account of the lame, the person or persons offending therein, shall forfeit and lose for every bushel of malt so hid, concealed, or conveyed away from the fight and view of fuch gager or gagers, the fum of ten shillings, to be recovered and distributed, or mitigated, as other penalties and forfeitures by this act, or by any law herein referred unto, are to be recovered, distributed, or mitigated.

Maister not to fet up any cifpain of sol.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforetern, &c. with- faid, That from and after the faid twenty-third day of June one out notice, on thousand seven hundred and thirteen, during the continuance of this act, no maliter or other person, making malt for sale or not for sale (other than and except compounders for the said duty) shall erect or set up, alter or enlarge, or make use of any cistern, uting-fat, utensil, or other vessel, for the wetting or steeping any barley, or other corn or grain for the making of malt, or of any kiln, floor, room, or other place for the making or keeping of malt, or keeping of corn or grain making into malt, without first giving notice thereof in writing at the next office of excise, or shall keep or make use of any private ciftern, uting-fat, utenfil, or other vessel, for the wetting his barley, or other corn or grain to make malt, other than such as are openly known and made use of in his common making-house, on pain to forfeit for every such cistern, uting-fat, utensil or other vessel, kiln, floor, room or other place so erected or set up, altered or enlarged, kept private or concealed or made use of without such notice as aforesaid, the sum of fifty pounds to be levied, recovered, mitigated and distributed as aforesaid.

Persons aggrieved may appeal to the quarter-felfions, &c.

XXXVII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if either party think him or themselves agrieved by any judgment or order to be given or made by any justices of the peace, in pursuance of this present act, touching or concerning the duties hereby granted, or any penalty and forfeiture relating to the same, it shall and may be lawful to and for such person or perfons, fo finding him, her or themselves agrieved by such judgment or order, to appeal from the same to the justices affembled at the next general quarter-sessions of the peace, to be holden for the county, thire or stuartry where such judgment or order shall have been made; which said justices of the peace, or the major part of them, are hereby impowered to hear and finally No Certiorari. determine the same; and no writ of Certiorari shall be allowed or brought to set aside any determination or order of the said

Appellor to give notice thereof fix days before quarter-lefaons, &c.

justices. XXXVIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the party or parties so appealing, as aforesaid, shall give notice in writing, by the space of six days next before such session shall be held, as aforesaid, unto the party or parties of the other side, of his, her or their intention to bring such appeal; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for such justices or the major part of them, in their quarter-selfions,

sions, to award costs to either party, as they shall in their difcretion think fit, to be levied by warrant of the justices of the peace of fuch county, thire, or fluartry, or any two or more of them, on the goods and chattels of the party or parties, against whom the fame shall be awarded. Provided also, That in case there be not the space of six days between the first judgment or order of the two justices, and the quarter-fessions then next solulowing, that then the appeal may be made at the second quarterkssions, after such judgment or order made.

XXXIX. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority Malt made in aforefaid, That all malt made in Scotland, not to be confumed brought by there, which at any time or times between the twenty-third day fea into Engof June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, and the land, to be entwenty-fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and tred at the fourteen, shall be brought into England, Wales, or the town of pert of land-Birwick upon Tweed, shall, in case the same be brought by sea, be entred with the officer for the faid duties of the port where the same shall be so brought into England, Wales, or Berwick; and pay 6d. and the fum of fix pence per bushel (unless a certificate from per bushel, the proper officer be produced, that it had paid the faid duty in unless certified to have paid to fuch officer before paid the duty, and in case the same shall be because by land the duty. landing thereof: and in case the same shall be brought by land, Malt brought such malt shall pass and be carried by and through the towns of by land, to Berwick or Carlifle, and there entred with the officer of the faid pais thro' Berduties, in such of the faid towns by or through which such malt life, and to be shall be so carried; and the like duty of six pence per bushel for entered there, the same, unless such certificate be produced, as aforesaid, shall and to pay 6d. be paid down in ready money to such officer, on pain of forfeiting per bushel, on all such malt, and the value thereof, as shall be landed or put on pain of forseishore, or brought into England, without such entry or payment of fuch additional duties, as aforefaid: and in case any malt Such malt comade in Scotland shall, during the said term, be found coming ming by land, out of Scotland, or brought from thence by land, by or beyond the said towns, the towns before-mentioned, without entry or payment of the without entry, duties thereof, or producing such certificate, as aforesaid, then &c. forseited, all fuch malt, or the value thereof, shall be forfeited; the last or the value. mentioned forfeiture thereof to be and go, one moiety thereof to the Queen's majesty, the other moiety thereof to such person or persons as will inform, seize, or sue for the same, or the value thereof, and to be recovered and levied by such ways, means and methods, as any other penalties or forfeitures, relating to the malt duties are by this act to be recovered and

levied. XL. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all The monies the monies which shall arise by this act of the said duties on arising to be malt, must, cycler and perry, over and above the necessary Exchequer. charges of raising and paying the said duties, shall from time to time be brought and paid into the Exchequer.

There shall be kept in the office of the auditor of the receipt one book, in which all the orders for money payable upon this act, shall be registred;

ferring the

A book to be and the money lent upon the act of the ninth year of her Majeky's reign kept, for trans unfavilited, with interest of fix per cent. shall be placed upon the regular, and shall be paid out of the monies arising by this act : interest to be paid principal furns every three months. It finall be lawful for any perfons to lend upon credit on the malt of the faid duties any furns, as together with the principal monies appointed to be transferred, shall not exceed seven hundred thousand the register of pounds; which lenders shall have interest of sive per cent. to be paid this act.

Where it shall appear by assidavit before any of the barons of the Exchequer, that any Exchequer bills, or tickets, before the twentieth of May one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, have been last sharps or description of the same to the same thousand that the same than the s loft, burnt, or destroyed: it shall be lawful for the respective officers, upon producing a certificate from any of the faid barons, and on fecurity given to the faid officers, to make forth duplicates of the faid bills and fickets. It shall be lawful for the commissioners to settle and adjust the properties of any tickets in the lotteries that have not hitherto been settled, prowided the persons possessed of the tickets do appear on or before the five and twentieth of December one thousand seven hundred and thirteen. If any person shall forge or counterfeit any of the lottery orders, or alter the number or principal fum of any fuch order, or counterfeit the hand of any person to such order, thereby to procure a fraudulent affigument, or fell any fuch order, knowing the fame to be forged, every fuch perfor shall be adjudged a felon, without benefit of clergy. EXP.

Clause for explaining a late act in relation to itamp duries on cultowhich pass by deed and copy. 10 Ann. c. 19.

· XLVIII. And whereas in the tenth year of her Majesty's reign an att did pass, For laying several duties upon all soap and paper made in Great Britain, or imported into the same; and upon chequered and firited linen imported; and upon certain filks, collicous, linens and mary estates, stuffs, printed, painted or stained; and upon several kinds of stampt vellem, parchment and paper; and upon certain printed papers, pamphlets and advertisements, for raising the sum of eighteen hundred theufand pounds, by way of a lottery, towards her Majesty's supply; and for licensing an additional number of backney chairs; and for charging certain stocks of cards and dice; and for better securing her Majesty's duties to arise in the office for the stamp-duties, by licences for marriages and otherwise; and for relief of persons who have not claimed their lottery tickets in due time, or have lest Enchaquer bills or lestery tickets; and for borrowing money upon flocks, part of the capital of the South-Sea company, for the use of the publick; in which said att it is enatted, That for every skin, or piece of vellom or parchment, or sheet or piece of paper, upon which shall be ingressed or written, within or during the term of thirty-two years, to be reckened from the first day of August in the year one thousand seven bundred and twelve, any surrender of or admittance to any copyhold land or tenement, within these parts of Great Britain called England, Wales, and the town of Berwick upon Tweed, or any grant or lease by copy of court-roll, or any other copy of the court-roll of any bonor, or manor within the same parts of Great Britain, or any of them, other than and except the original surrender to the use of a will, and the court-roll or book wherein the proceedings of the court are entered or enrolled, the fum of two shillings and three pence sterling; and a doubt baving arisen whether by the said clause, copies. of admittances to suffer right or tenant-right effates, not being copyhold, subich pass by deed, surrender and admittance, or by deed and admit-tance, ought to be stamped; It is declared and enacted hereby, That no copies of any furrenders or admittances to fuch customright

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right or tenant-right effates, as aforefaid, ought to be stamped, nor were they ever designed or intended, nor ought they to be deemed or construed to be within the meaning of the said act.

## CAP. III.

An act to revive and continue the act for taking, examining, and fisting the publick accounts of the kingdom: and also to continue the act for appointing commissioners to take, examine, and determine the debts due to the army, transport-service, and sick and wounded. EXP.

### CAP. IV.

An ast for making inclosures of some part of the common grounds in the West-Riding of the county of York, for the endowing poor vicaridges and chapelries, for the better support of their ministers.

WHEREAS in the West-Riding of the county of York there are divers parishes of great extent, and very populous, which hath occasioned the erecting of divers chapels of ease for the beusest of the inhabitants: but there being very small or no settled provision made for the maintenance of the ministers that perform divine

effus in these chapels, or for the vicars of many of the parish-churches within the faid West-Riding; and there being large commons or waste grounds, within many of the said parishes, which yield little or no profit or advantage to any person, it would be a great advantage and incouragement to the vicars and ministers there, if they might, hy inclosing some parts of the said commons and waste grounds, improve the same for the benefit of themselves and their successors: May it therefore please your most excellent Majesty, at the humble suit of the justices of the peace, gentlemen, clergy, freeholders and other inhabitants of the faid riding, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons in parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the nine and twentieth day of After 29 Sept. September, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand 1713, the in-seven hundred and thirteen, it shall and may be lawful for any the Westof the inhabitants of any parish in the West-Riding of the county Riding of of York, wherein any such chapels of ease, as aforesaid, now Yorkshire, are, or hereafter shall be erected or built, and wherein there are where there are, or hereafter than be erected of built, and wherein there are chapels of large wastes or commons, with the consent of the lord or lords ease, may, of the manor wherein such waste-ground lies, (and if there be with the conabove two lords of such manor, then with the consent of the sent of the major part of them) and with the consent of three parts of four lords of maof all freeholders and others, who have any right of common nors, &c. entherein, according to their number, and the value of their re-the wastes, and spective estates, to inclose any part of the wastes or common settle the same grounds within such parish (or chapelry therein) not exceeding in trustees for fixty acres, or a fixth part of fuch common land, where the the support of hid fixth part shall not exceed fixty acres, and to settle the same have not a set-

in trustees and their heirs, for the benefit, and as a maintenance tled provision and support of such ministers as shall not have a settled provi- of above 401.

fion per annum.

sion of above forty pounds per annum for their maintenance; and finall refide within the same parish or chapelry, and perform divine offices in the parish church or chapel therein, according to the usage of the church of Eugland, and be licensed by the archbishop of York, or the guardian of the spiritualties (Sede Vacante) any former law or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Saving to lords of manors all mines, &c.

: II. Saving always, and referving unto all lords of manors. and other owners and proprietors of royalties within the faid riding, their heirs and affigns, all and all manner of mines and quarries of stone, coal and ore, and other mines, with full power, and free liberty to dig, get, and fough for the same, in and through any fuch inclosures that shall be made pursuant to this act; and the same so got, with carts, wains and carriages to take, lead, and carry away.

No truftee, &c. shall alienate the profits of fuch enclosed lands to any other use but the minister.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That after any fuch inclosure and settlement, it shall not be in the power of any trustee or minister, or any other person whatfoever, to alienate and imploy any of the profits of fuch inclosed lands to any other use or uses, but only for the support and for support of maintenance of the vicar or minister who shall serve the cure, (if it belong to a vicarage) and to the minister that performs divine fervice in the chapel, according to the usage of the church of England, (if it be appropriated to any chapel) and not otherwise.

Truftees, &c. . with consent of the miniiter, may lease years, referving rent payule of the minister.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any of the faid trustees and their heirs, from time to time, by any writing or writings under their hands and feals, the grounds fo with the consent of the vicar or minister, for whose use such inenclosed for 21 closure is made, to be testified by his being made a party to, and figning and fealing fuch writing, to demife or leafe any common or waste grounds, or any parcel or parcels thereof, that yearly, for the shall be inclosed by virtue of this act, for any term or number of years not exceeding one and twenty, so as upon every such demise or lease there be reserved, payable half-yearly, during the said term, as much rent as can, at the making such lease, be really gotten for the same; and that such rent be made payable to or for the only use and benefit of such vicar and minister of fuch vicarage or chapelry, and their fuccessors, and so as no fine, income, or other confideration be taken for the fame.

Lease otherwife made. void.

V. And it is hereby enacted, That all leases made of such inclosures in any other manner, shall not be good or available in the law, but shall be ipfo facto void.

General issue.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any action, fuit, or information, shall be commenced or profecuted against any person or persons, for any thing that he or they thall do or cause to be done in pursuance or in execution of this act, such person or persons so sued in any court whatsoever, shall and may plead the general issue of not guilty; and upon any issue joined may give this act and the special matter in evidence; and if in any such suit the plaintiff or prosecutor shall become nonluit, or forbear profecution, or fuffer a discontinuance, or if a yerdict thall pass against him upon a demurrer, then in any of the faid cases, the defendant or defendants shall recover full costs, for which he or they shall have the like remedy as is allowed in any case where costs are to be recovered by any former law.

VIL And be it further enacted, That this act shall be taken Publick act.

and allowed in all courts within this kingdom, as a publick act.

VIII. And whereas some manors within the said West-Riding, Waste of mado belong to her Majefty in right of the crown; be it further enacted nors belongby the authority aforesaid, That by and with the consent of her oueen may be Majesty, her heirs and successors, and with the consent of three inclosed with parts of four of the freeholders and others, who have right of consent of the common therein, according to their number, and the value of crown, and their respective estates, it shall and may be lawful to inclose any settled in trust of the waste or common grounds of such manors not are part of the waste or common grounds of such manors not ex-faid uses. ceeding fixty acres, or a fixth part of fuch common land where the faid fixth part shall not exceed fixty acres; and to settle the same in trustees and their heirs, for the charitable purposes aforementioned; any law or statute to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

#### CAP. V.

An all to explain a clause in an all of the last session of parliament, intituled, An act for the more effectual preventing fraudulent conveyances, in order to multiply votes for the electing knights of shires to serve in parliament, as far as the same relates to the ascertaining the value of freebolds of forty [billings per annum.

X7HEREAS by an act made in the last session of parliament, 10-Ann. c. 23. intituled, An act for the more effectual preventing frau- 18 Geo. s. dulent conveyances, in order to multiply votes for electing c. 18. tnights for thires to serve in parliament, it is amongst other things matted, That from and after the first day of May, which should be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven bundred and twelve, no per-Im shall vote for the electing of any knight of a shire within that part of Great Britain called England, in respect or in right of any lands or tenements which have not been charged or affessed to the publick bases, courch rates, and parish duties, in such proportion as other lands or tenements of forty shillings per annum, within the same parish or township, where the same shall lie or be, are usually charged, under a penalty therein expressed: and whereas some doubts have orism whether parsons, vicars, and other persons, baving messuages, lands, rents, tithes, or other hereditaments, are not thereby restrained from voting at fuch elections, in regard that fuch meffuages, lands, rents, titbes, or hereditaments, have not been usually charged or ofselfed to the publick taxes, church rates, and parish duties, and to every of them: now for a finuch as it was only intended thereby to afcertain the value of lands or tenements, by making the proportion paid to the publick taxes, church rates, and parish duties,

or fuch of them, to which the same were usually charged or af-

The act 10 Ann. c. 23. fessed, the measure of the value thereof; and for the removing not to restrain any person from voting in respect of any rents, &c. or chambers in inns of court, in renot being charged to publick taxes, &c.

fuch doubts, be it enacted and declared by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That the said act, or any thing therein contained, shall not extend, or be construed to restrain any person from voting in such election of any gard of their knight of a shire within that part of Great Britain called England, in respect or in right of any rents, tithes, or other incorporeal inheritances, or any melluages or lands in extraparochial places, or any chambers in the inns of court or inns of chancery, or any melfuages or leats belonging to any offices, in regard or by reason that the same have not usually been, or shall not be charged or affested to all or any the publick taxes, church rates, and parish duties, as mentioned in the above recited act, or in respect or in right of any other messuages or lands not herein before specified, in regard, or by reason that the same have not been usually charged or assessed to all and every the publick Provided they taxes, church rates, and parish duties aforesaid: provided. That fuch meffuages or lands have usually been charged or affeffed to sessed as other some one or more of the said publick taxes, rates or duties, in fuch proportion as other messuages or lands of forty shillings per annum, within the same parish or township, where the same shall lie or be, are usually charged to the same; any thing contained in the faid recited act to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

have been afmelluages of 40s. per ann. in the same parish, &c.

# CAP. VI.

An act for the better regulating the elections of members to serve in parliament for that part of Great Britain called Scotland.

XTHEREAS of late several conveyances of estates have been made

in trust or redeemable for elusory sums, no ways adequate to the true value of the lands, on purpose to create and multiply votes in elections of members to serve in parliament for that part of Great Britain called Scotland, contrary to the true intent and meaning of After the end the laws in that behalf: be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present whereon infe- parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same. That offment is not from and after the determination of this present parliament, no feiun registred conveyance or right whatsoever, whereupon infeosiment is not taken, and seisin registrated one year before the teste of the the teste of the writs for calling a new parliament, shall, upon objection made writ, shall in- in that behalf, entitle the person or persons so infeoft, to vote or title to vote or to be elected at that election in any shire or stewartry in that Scotland; nor part of Great Britain called Scotland; and in case any election if any election happen, during the continuance of a parliament, no conveyhappenduring ance or right whatloever, whereupon infeofiment is not taken

of the parliament no conveyance a year before be elected in.

one year before the date of the warrant for making out a new the continuwrit for such election, shall, upon objection made in that be-ance of a par-half, excitle the person or persons so insect to vote or be elected at that election; and that from and after the faid day, it shall or may be lawful to or for any of the electors present, suspecting Any elector any person or persons to have his or their estates in trust, and may require for the behoof of another, to require the prefes of the meeting tender an oath to tender the following oath to any elector; and the faid prefes to one whom is hereby impowered and required to administer the same in the he suspects to words following, viz.

in truft.

A. B. do, in the presence of God, declare and swear, That the The oath. Liands and estate of for which I claim to give my vete in this classion, are not conveyed to me in trust, or for the behoof of lands and estate of ony other person whatsoever; and I do swear before God, that neither I, nor any person to my knowledge, in my name, or by my allowance, bath given, or intends to give, any promise, obligation, bond, backbond, or other fecurity, for re-disponing or re-conveying the said lands and effate, any manner of way what sever: and this is the truth, as I hall aufwer to God.

And in case such elector refuse to swear, and also to subscribe Resusing, shall the faid oath, such person or persons shall not be capable of not vote. voting, or being elected at such election.

II. Provided always, That notwithstanding such oath taken, Other objecit shall be lawful to make such other objections as are allowed by tions as allow-

the laws of Scotland against such electors.

III. And be it further enacted and declared by the autho- No infeoffnty aforesaid, That no infeoffment taken upon any redeem-ment on any able right whatfoever (except proper wadfetts, adjudications, or redeemable apprilings, allowed by the act of parliament relating to elections right (except in one thousand fix hundred eighty-one) shall entitle the person letts, &c.) to infeoft to vote or be elected at any election in any shire or shall entitle to flewartry; and that no person or persons, who have not been vote or be einrolled and voted at former elections, shall, upon any pre-lected. And persons tence whatsoever, be inrolled or admitted to vote at any electrone not enrolled tion, except he or they first produce a sufficient right or title to at former equalify him or them to vote at that election, to the fatisfaction lections, shall of the freeholders formerly inrolled, or the majority of them not vote with-prefent; and the returning officers are hereby ordained to make a right. their returns of the persons elected by the majority of the freeholders inrolled, and those admitted by them, reserving always the liberty of objecting against the persons admitted to, or excluded from the roll, as formerly.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Sheriffs, &c. That all theriffs of thires, and stewarts of stewartries, shall be shall, on peobliged, under the pain of fifty pounds sterling, one moiety nalty of sol. whereof thall be to the Queen's most excellent majesty, her intimations heirs and successors, and the other moiety to the person or per- three days belons who shall sue for the same, to be recovered before the court fore the day of fellion, by any action summarily, without abiding the course of election.

of the roll, to make the publick intimations required by the laws of Scotland, at the several parish churches within their respective jurisdictions, at least three days before the dyet of elections.

Saving the rights of heirs and husbands.

V. Provided always, That the right of apparent heirs in voting at elections by virtue of their prodecessors infeosiments, and the right of husbands by virtue of their wives infooffments, be and is hereby referred to them, as formerly; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Any right whereon infeoffment is taken before 2 June 1713. vote for members of parliament.

VI. Provided also, That any conveyance of right, which by the laws of Scotland is sufficient to qualify any person to vote in the elections of members to serve in parliament for thires or flewartries, and whereupon infeoffment is taken, on or before shall entitle to the first day of Jam in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, shall entitle the person or persons so infeaft, to vote at the elections of members to serve in the next ensuing parliament; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Husbands not tue of their wives infeoffments, unleis they are heireffet, &c.

· VII. Provided always, and it is bereby declared to be the to vote by vir- true intent and meaning of this act, That no husbands shall vote at any enfuing election by virtue of their wives infeoffments, who are not beireffes, or have not right to the property of the lands on account whereof such vote shall be claimed.

### CAP. VII.

An act for the more effectual preventing and punishing robberies that shall be committed in houses.

ORASMUCH as divers withed and ill-disposed servants. and other persons, are incouraged to commit robberies in houses by the privilege, as the law now is, of demanding the benefit of their clergy; be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament asfembled, and by the authority of the same, That all and every person or persons that shall, at any time, from and after the first day of July in the year one thousand seven hundred, and thirteen, feloniously steal any money, goods or chattels, wares or merchandizes, of the value of forty shillings or more, being in any dwelling-house or outhouse thereunto belonging, althor fuch house or out-house be not actually broken by such offender. and although the owner of fuch goods, or any other person of persons, be or be not in such house or out-house, or shall assist or aid any person or persons to commit any such offence, being thereof convicted or attainted by verdict or confession, or being indicted thereof shall stand mute, or will not directly answer to the indistment, or shall peremptorily challenge above the num+ ber of twenty returned to be of the jury, shall, by virtue of this act, be absolutely debarred of and from the benefit of clergy; any law or custom to the contrary not with standing. II. Provided

After i July 1713. Perions ffealing to the value of 40s. being in a dwellinghoue, tho' such house, &c. be not hroken, &c. and being thereof conyicted, shall be debarred the benefit of clergy.

II. Provided always, That nothing in this act shall extend Not to extend to apprentices under the age of fifteen years, who shall rob to apprentices

their mafters, as aforefaid.

III. And whereas there has been some doubt, whether the entring Entring into into the manfind-boufe of another, without breaking the same, with a house withan intent to commit fome felony, and breaking the faid bouse in the out breaking night-time to get out; be burglory; be it declared and enacted by it, or being the authority aforesaid, That if any person shall enter into the ing felony. mansion or dwelling-house of another, by day or by night, and breaking without breaking the fame, with an intent to commit felony, or the house in being in such house shall commit any felony, and shall in the the night to night-time break the faid house to get out of the same, such per- get out, shall fon is and shall be adjudged and taken to be english of humaland. fon is and shall be adjudged and taken to be guilty of burglary, and shall be outled of the benefit of his and her clergy, in the fame manner as if such person had broke and entred the said house in the night-time, with an intent to commit felony there.

#### CAP. VIII.

An act for raising the militia for the year one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, although the month's pay formerly advanced be not repaid. EXP.

### CAP. IX.

An all for continuing an all made in the third and fourth years of the reign of her present Majesty, intituled, An act for encouraging the importation of naval flores from her Majesty's plantations in America; and for encouraging the importation of naval stores from that part of Great Britain called Scotland, to that part of Great Britain called England.

WHEREAS an aft was made in the third and fourth years of ber present Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for encouriging the importation of naval stores from her Majesty's plan- 3 & 4 Ann. triions in America; which bath been found to be very advantageous c. 10. for furnishing with naval stores the royal navy and shipping of this tingdom, wherein, under God, the wealth, safety, and strength of this nation is so much concerned, and depends on the due supply of fores necessary for the same; which by a due encouragement may be bed from her Majesty's colonies and plantations in America, which were at first settled, and are still maintained and protested at a great expense from this kingdom; and in regard the faid colonies and planlations may (as they have done) commedicully afford great quantities of all forts of naval flores, by continuing the encouragement given in the said all for importing the same into England: and whereas the said all is near expiring; be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most The act ; & 4 excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Ann. c. 10. lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parlia-continued for ment assembled, and by the authority of the same, That the it years from

faid act made in the third and fourth years of her present Ma-the expiration thereof, &c. jesty's The premium

rotted is continued for 16 1. c. i. f. 1.

Premiums for bringing naval stores from 3 Sept. 1713. For the encouragement relating bereto, sec

Tar 4l. per . tw.

Pitch 41. per tun Rozin 31. per

per tun.

the officers of tom officers ing fuch certificate, see

for bemp-water jesty's seign, intituled, An all for encouraging the importanies of neval flores from her Majofy's plantations in America, and every years by & Geo. part thereof, shall be and is hereby continued from the time of the expiration of the lame; for and during the foace and term of eleven years, and from thence to the end of the next fession of parliament.

II. And whereas there are in freeral parts of North Beltain,

commonly called Scotland, great store of pine and sir-trees, sit for Scotland, after mafts, and for the making of pitth, ter, rezin, and other naval stores; but the lands and woods which may yield such navel stores are mostly in parts mountainous and remote from navigable rivers; therefore for the encouragement of the proprietors of fuch lands and a Geo. 2.C. 15. woods, in the making the roads, passages, and rivers in those northern parts useful and commodious to the publick, as well as for conveying such naval stores to sea ports in North Britain, to be brought by fea to that part of Great Britain called Bueland; be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That every person or persons that shall, from and after the first day of September, one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, during the remainder of the time limited for the granting premiums to the importers of naval stores from America, by virtue of the said act, and of this present act, bring from North Britain aforesaid, into any port of South Bittain aforesaid, in any ship or ships built in Great Britain, any trees fit for masts, yards, or bowsprights, or any pitch, tar, rozin, or turpentine, neat and in good and merchantable condition, shall have and receive, as a reward or premium for bringing such naval stores from North Britain to South Britain, after and according to the leveral rates for such naval stores, as follows; (viz.) For good and merchantable tar per ton, containing eight barrels, and each barrel to gage one and thirty gallons and an half, the fum of four pounds; for good and merchantable pitch per tun, each tun containing twenty gross hundreds (neat pitch) to be brought in eight barrels, the fum of four pounds; for good and merchantable rozin or turpentine per tun, each tun containing twenty groß hundreds (neat rozin or turpentine) to be brought in eight barrels, the Maste, &c. 205 sum of three pounds; for all masts, yards, and bowsprights per tun, allowing forty foot to each tun, girt measure, according to the customary way of measuring round bodies, the sum of To be paid by twenty shiflings: which several rewards or premiums shall likewife be paid and answered in good and lawful money of Great the navy, on Britain, by the commissioners or principal officers of her Mafrom the cuf. jesty's navy, who are hereby impowered and required to make out bill or bills to be paid in course for the same, upon certificate where landed of the respective chief officer or officers of the customs in any For further pro- port of South Britain, where such naval stores shall be imported, as aforesaid, such bill or bills to be made out and given to the person or persons importing the fame, as aforesaid, within 5 Geo. 1.C. 11. twenty days after the discharge or unlading of the ship or vessel, in which such stores shall be imported, upon a 8 Geo. 1.C. 12.

certificate or certificates to be produced to the chief offices or offer the ficers of the custome where fuch stores shall be imported; which And on certicore for certificates shall be under the hands and seals of ficate from the the compression and collector of her Majesty's customes and comptroller such navel officer as her Majesty, shall think; fit to appoint, or of the customs, any two of them, reliding at any such port or ports in North Britain where Britain, 42-her Majesky, under the great seal of Great Britain, such Rores shall think fit to appoint, where such naval stores shall be em. shall be imbacked or shipped, in order for importing the same into any backed, that port of South Britain, That before the departure of fuch thip stores were of or vellel, ships or vellels, the persons, traders or factors com- the growth of comed for imployed in the preparing or manufacturing fuch Scotland, &c. mayal Mores, or any two of them, had made affidavit in writing before such comparabler and collector of her Majesty's customs in Nerth Britain, and such naval officer as her Majesty shall think fit to appoint, or any two of them. That such naval stores so brought so such port of North Britain, were truly, and bonn file, of the growth and produce of North Britain aforesaid; in which affidavit the particular quantities and qualities of fuch naval flores, together with the time when fugh naval flores were prepared and manufactured, the names of the proprietors thereof, and the place or places where the same grew, were prepared and manufactured, shall be fully and plainly specified and contained; which affidavits the faid comptroller and col-... lector of her Majesty's customs in North Britain, and such naval officer as her Majesty shall think sit to appoint, or any two of them, are hereby impowered to take, and to administer such oath, as aforefaid, and the same assidavits to keep in their custody, and in which certificate a true copy of fuch affidavit shall be inferted; as likewife upon oath, to be made within any port in South Britain, by the master or masters of such ship or vessel, hips or vessels importing such naval stores. That the same were truly laden on board such ship or vessel, ships or vessels, within North Britain, aforefaid, and that he or they know or believe that the faid naval stores were of the growth of North Britain

commissioners

III. Provided always, That the preemption or refusal of such The preemp-North British naval stores, be offered and tendred to the com-tion to be tenmissioners of her Majesty's navy upon landing the same, and if dred to the within the term of twenty days after such tender, the said com- of the navy. missioners shall not contract or bargain for the same, It shall and may be lawful for the importer or importers, owner or owners of the faid North British naval stores, otherwise to dispose of the same.

IV. And for the better preventing any fraudulent importation of foreign naval stores (not being of the growth and produce of North Britain) to South Britain, in order to get the rewards or premiums hereby granted for North British naval flores; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any perion or perions thall, during the continuance of the faid for.terfeiting cerfuffer the pemalties of wilful perjury, and forfert zoo L

Comptroller, &c. making falle certificate, liable to the penalties in 13 & 14 Car. 2. cap. 18.

Matter, &c. importing tozeign ftores, as of the growth of Scotland, to forfest 100 l. as also the hip, &c.

Making a faile mer act, and of this prefent act, failly make affidavit of, and eath, or coun- fwear to the growth of any naval flores not being of the produce tificate, &c. to of North Britain, or shall counterfest any such assidavit or cortificate, as herein is before described, in order to get any the premiums hereby granted for North British naval stores, such perfon or persons shall suffer the like pains and penalties as are incurred by persons committing wilful and corrupt perjury; and every such person and persons committing such offences, Anali also forseit the sum of one hundred pounds, one moisty thereof to the Queen's most excellent majesty, her heirs and successfors, and the other moiety thereof to any person or persons that will fue for the fame, in any court of record of Great Britain. wherein no effoin, protection, or wager of law, or more than one imparlance shall be allowed; and if any comparoller, collector, or naval officer, shall make any falle certificate contrary to the true meaning of this act, such comptroller, collector, or naval officer, and every of them, fo offending, shall incur the same pains and penalties, as any officer of any port for the like offence is liable to, in making a faile continuate for goods and merchandizes, by an act made in the thirteenth and fourteenth years of the reign of King Charles the Second, [intituled, An act for preventing frauds, and regulating abuses in his Majesty's customs. I

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if any mafter or owner of any thip or veffel thall fraudulently import or receive in such ship or vessel, to be imported into South Britain, any naval Rores, not being of the growth of North Britain, as naval stores of the growth of North Britain, knowing the same to be foreign naval stores, and shall demand, or receive for fuch foreign naval ftores, any the rewards or premiums hereby granted for North British naval stores, such master or owner shall forfeit the sum of one hundred pounds; to be sued for, and recovered, in like manner, as aforefaid, and the ship or vessel in which fuch foreign naval stores shall be so standulently imported, with all her guns, tackle, apparel, and furniture, shall be forfeited to the Queen's majesty, her heiss and successors.

## CAP. X.

An all for continuing the alls therein mentioned, for preventing theft and rapine upon the Northern borders of England.

13 & 14 Car. 2. C. 23.

WHEREAS in the fession of parliament holden in the thirteenth and fourteenth years of the reign of our late fovereign King Charles the Second, an act was made, intituled, An act for preventing theft and rapine upon the Northern borders of Eugland; which was thereby to continue in force for and during the term

18 Car. 2. c. 3. of five years: and whereas another act was made in the eighteenth year of the faid late King, intituled, An act to continue a former act to prevent theft and rapine upon the Northern borders of England; both which acts were revived and continued by another act

29 & 30 Car. 2. made in the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of the reign of the said late King, intituled, An act for continuing two former acts, for C. 2. preventing of theft and rapine upon the Northern borders of

England,

England, for and during the space and term of seven years, and also from theme until the end of the first sassion of the then next parliamost, which three aforementioned acts, by an act made in the first year of the reign of King James the Second, intituled, An act for continuance of three former acts, for preventing of theft and rapine upon the Northern borders of England, were continued for 1 Jac. 2. C. 14. and during the space and term of eleven years, and from thence unto the and of the first session of the then next parliament; and were furthen continued by an act made in the seventh and eighth years of the rign of the late King William the Third, intituled, An act to con- 7 & 8 W 3. tinue four former acts for preventing theft and rapine upon the C. 17. Northern borders of England, for and during the Bace and term of five years, and from thence unto the end of the first session of the next parliament; all which alls and every of them, by an all made in the twelfth and thirteenth years of the said late King William, in- 12 & 13 W. 3. tituled, An act for commining the acts therein mentioned, for c. 6. preventing theft and rapine upon the Northern borders of Engand; and all and every matter, clause and clauses therein contained, and all and every the powers and authorities thereby given, were enoffed to continue and be in full force from and after the expiration of the therein last mentioned act, for and during the space and term of eleven years, and from thence to the end of the first session of the next parliament: and it was also by the last herein mentioned all provided and enacted, That the said acts shall be accepted, taken and reputed to be general and publick acts of parliament, of which all and every the judge and judges of this kingdom, in all courts, shall take notice on all occosions what soever, as if they were publick asis of parliament relating to the uphole kingdom: all which acts have been found necessary for the preferration of these places from that great number of lewed and disorderly persons that usually frequented and infested those parts, and are now near expiring; be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That all the faid acts, and every of them, and all and every matter, clause and clauses in them or any of them contained, and all and every the powers and authorities thereby given, shall continue and be in full force from and after the expiration of the faid act. made in the twelfth and thirteenth years of the faid late King William, for and during the space and term of eleven years, and from thence to the end of the first session of the next parliament, and no longer. Farther continued by 24 Geo. 2. c. 57. to 1 Sept. 1757. See 6 Geo. 2. c. 37.

## CAP. XI.

An att to raise twelve bundred thousand pounds for publick uses, by circulating a further sum in Exchequer bills; and for enabling ber Majesty to raise sive bundred thousand pounds on the revenues appointed for uses of her civil government, to be applied for or towards payment of such debts and arrears owing to ber servants, tradesmen, and others, as are therein mentioned.

7 Ann. c. 7. relating to Exchequer

7 Ann. c. 7.

. . . . .

Preamble reciting the acts of an act of parliament made in the seventh year of your Majesty's reign (amongst other things) for enlarging the capital stock of the bank of England, several bills commonly called Exchequer bills, were made forth, amounting in principal money to two millions and five hundred thousand pounds, for your Majesty's supply; and in pursuance of another all of the same session of parliament made (among st other things) for circulating a further sum in Exchequer bills; and of an act made in the eighth year of your Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for granting an aid to her Majesty to be raised by a landtax in Great Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and ten, further Exchequer bills, to the amount of four hundred thousand pounds in principal money, have also been issued for your Majesty's supply: and whereas provision was made in the acts before mentioned. That the faid bills should bear an interest of two pence per cent. per diem, when they respectively should not be in the publick receipts; and that the governor and company of the bank of England, for circulating the faid bills (by exchanging fuch of them for ready money as should, from time to time, have passed through your Majesty's revenue or taxes, and also through the Exchequer in the manner therein mentioned) should have an allowance after the rate of three pounds per cent. per ann. for the whole fum of the faid bills, amounting to two millions and nine hundred thousand pounds: and undereas in and by the said att of the seventh year of your Majesty's reign, certain duties were granted, continued, or made payable to your Majesty, your heirs and successors, for ever (subject to such redemption as is therein expressed) that is to say, the duties called the two thirds of a subsidy of tonnage and poundage therein mentioned, which were to take effect by that act, from the seventh day of March one thousand seven hundred and eleven, certain duties upon coffee, cocoa nuts, chocolate, cocoa paste, tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, pistures and mastins, and certain increased duties upon coffee, cocoa nuts, chocolate, cocoa paste, tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, and pictures, and certain further rates or duties upon all white callicoes, porcelan, commonly called China ware, and drugs; all which are to take effect by the act last mentioned, from the twenty-third day of June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen; and one half of another subsidy of tonnage and poundage therein mentioned, which is to sake effect from and after the last day of July one thousand seven bundred and fourteen; and all the faid duties fo granted, continued, or · made

1712. made payable, together with the sumplus which should, from time to time, arise of or from the other half of the same subsidy of tonnage and poundage fover and above eighty thousand pounds per ann. formerly charged shereupon for payment of annuities) and divers arrears and other fums of money or revenues more largely described in the said all of the seventh year of your Majesty's reign, are thereby, and by the other alls abovementioned, or some of them, made a general fund or security for paying the said interest which was to be born on the faid bills, and the faid allowance after the rate of three pounds per cent. per ann. and for or towards raifing a yearly fum of two hunand thenfand pounds for paying off and cancelling the faid bills; and by the afterefaid acts or some of them, it was provided, that quarterh at the four usual seasts of the year, until the said duties should take effect, and be fufficient for payment of the said interest and allowance, there should be a computation made of the sum which on every of the food feast days should be due and owing (over and above so much as should have been applied of the said duties to those purposes) for the faid interest and allowance, and that other Exchequer bills should be made out for so much as should be so computed to be due, bearing the like interest, and for circulating whereof the said governor and company were to have the like allowance of three pounds per cent. per ann. and the quarterly bills so made forth until and for the quarter miled at Lady-day one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, have amounted to the further fum of four hundred and eighty thousand three hundred and twelve pounds, and ten shillings, or thereabouts, and more quarterly bills of the like nature may further be iffuable on the feed former acts: and by the same acts, or some of them, it was declared and enacted. That out of the remainder of the said duties and revenues, when and as the same should respectively take effect (regard being first bad to the said payments for interest and circulation, which are always to be preferred) the full fum of two hundred thousand pounds, or so much thereof as the said remainder would from time to time extend unto, should be appropriated for paying off all the principal mency which should be contained in the said bills, and for cancel ling the same, until all the said bills should be discharged and cancelled: Recital of and whereas by an act made and passed in the ninth year of your Ma- 2 Ann. c.7. May's reign, for enabling and obliging the bank of England to exthange all Exthequer bills for ready money upon demand, it was enact-4. That the full sum of forty-fine thousand pounds per ann. should

be paid to and for the use of the said governor and company, and their successors, by quarterly payments, and by such ways and means, and m fuch manuer and form, as in that all are prescribed, until such time as all the faid quarterly Exchequer bills made or to be made for interest er allowance, as aferesaid, together with a million of the said bills for two millians nine hundred thousand pounds shall be paid off and cancelled, or until fuch time as there shall not be standing out and uncancelled more than one million and nine hundred thousand pounds in the whole of the faid bills for two millions and nine hundred thou fund pounds; and quarterly bills taken together (which of the limitations aforefuld shall Infl happen) as by the said several acts, relation being thereunto refectively had, may more fully appear: and whereas the faid governor

and

and company of the bank of England are willing (for the publick fer-

vice) to undertake the circulation of the further sum of twelve bundred show and pounds in other Exchequer bills to be iffixed for your Majesty's supply, and of such quarterly bills for interest and other allowances, as shall and may be made forth in pursuance of this present att, so as the faid governor and company may have fuch encouragements, and fuch terms and advantages as are bereafter in this act expressed: now we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament affembled, do humbly befeech your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons in this present Treasury may parliament assembled, and by authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the lord high treasurer of Great Britain, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, to cause bills to be made forth at the receipt of the Exchequer, in such manner and form as he or they shall appoint, for any sum or sums of money, not exceeding in principal money the fum of one million two hundred thousand pounds, for her Majesty's supply (over and above the bills made forth, or to be made forth, by or in pursuance of the faid former acts, or any of them) and to iffue the faid bills for the faid fums, not exceeding one million two hundred thousand pounds, for such publick uses and services, whereunto the same are or shall be appropriated, or applicable, in such proportions

> as the faid lord treasurer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, shall, from time to

iffue out 1200000 l. in Exchequer bills.

Bills to bear interest at a d. per cent. per diem to the bearer,

and to the bank 11. per centum per annum.

time, direct and appoint. II. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the bills for the faid fums, not exceeding one million two hundred thousand pounds, and also such bills as are to be issued quarterly in the manner and form herein after mentioned, shall severally bear an interest after the rate of two pence per centum per diem, to be payable to the bearers thereof respectively; which interest is nevertheless to be abated and saved upon such of the faid bills as shall at any time or times be in the receipt of Exchequer, or in the hands or power of any receivers or collectors of any taxes, aids, or revenues payable to her Majesty, her heirs or fuccessors, during such time and times respectively, as such bills shall be or remain in the said receipt, or in such hands or power, as aforefaid; and that the faid governor and company, and their successors, shall have, receive, and enjoy, to their own use and behoof, an allowance after the rate of three pounds per tentum per annum, upon all the faid bills for the faid fum not exceeding one million two hundred thousand pounds, and also upon the quarterly bills last mentioned: nevertheless it is hereby declared, That the faid allowances of three pounds per centum per annum, for circulating the faid bills so to be made forth, shall commence and take effect only in proportion as the same shall be iffued at the Exchequer, and shall proportionally be abated,

ceale, and determine, as the faid bills, or any of them, thall hereafter come to be discharged and cancelled.

III. And for better enabling the governor and company of the bank of England, and their successors, to circulate all the Exchequer bills made forth, and to be made forth upon this and the laid former acts, by exchanging the lame, from time to time, for ready money upon demand, be it further enacted by the au- socol. (above thority aforesaid, That the full and entire yearly sum of eight the 450001. of thouland pounds of lawful money of Great Britain (over and 9 Annæ to be above the yearly fum of forty five thouland pounds, mentioned bank yearly, in the faid recited act of the ninth year of her Majesty's reign.) shall be well and truly paid and satisfied, unto and for the use of the faid governor and company, and their fuccessors, without 'any account, imprest, or other charge to be set upon them for the same, or any part thereof, and without any abatement for taxes, or other cause or occasion whatsoever; and that the said yearly fum of eight thousand pounds, shall commence and take effect from the thirty first day of July, one thousand seven hun- to commence dred and thirteen, and be paid and satisfied to the said governor 31 July, 1713. and company, and their fuccessors, by quarterly payments, that and paid quaris to say, on the one and thirtieth day of October, the one and terly. thirtieth day of January, the thirtieth day of April, and the one and thirtieth day of July yearly, by even and equal portions; the first payment thereof to be due on the one and thirtieth day of October, one thousand seven hundred and thirteen.

IV. And it is hereby enacted, That the faid yearly fum of To be paid eight thousand pounds, together with the yearly sum of forty till no more five thousand pounds, mentioned in the said recited act of the than 1900000L ninth year of her Majesty's reign, shall continue and be paid and cancelled. psyable unto the faid governor and company, and their fucceffors, until fuch time as no more than nineteen hundred thoufand pounds, of all the faid bills issued and to be issued for the faid fums, not exceeding two millions five hundred thousand pounds, four hundred thousand pounds, and one million two hundred thousand pounds; and of all quarterly bills issued, or to be issued in pursuance of this or the said former acts, taken all together, shall be standing out uncancelled in the whole.

V. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority afore- Subfidies, duhid, That the several subsidies, duties, surplus monies, remains ties, &c. and arrears, which were granted or appropriated by the faid act? Annæ, shall of the seventh year of her Majesty's reign, and comprehended be the genein the general fund or security by that act established, shall be a security. fund and security, as well for satisfying and paying, from time to time, all the monies which shall be due or payable for interest, after the rate of two pence per centum per diem, and for the faid allowance of three pounds per centum per annum, for all the bills made out, or to be made out upon this or the faid former acts.; and all the monies which shall grow due upon the said yearly fums of forty five thousand pounds, and eight thousand pounds (to much of the faid yearly fum of forty five thousand pounds, as shall grow due on or before the thirty first day of July, one

paid to the

thousand seven hundred and sourteen, for which other provisions have been made, being only and always excepted) as also for or towards raising such a yearly sum as is herein after mentioned, for paying off and cancelling all the faid bills issued or to be issued, as aforesaid, in such order, manner and form as are herein after prescribed; and that such of the said subsidies, duties, furplus monies, remains, and arrears, as are already commenced or arisen, and the residue thereof, as they shall arise and take effect, shall be and are by this act appropriated, and shall be applied thereunto accordingly; any other act or acts of parliament, or other matter or thing whatfoever to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

VI. And it is hereby declared and enacted by the authority

asoresaid, That the said allowances after the rate of three pounds

per centum per annum, for circulating the said bills upon this and the faid former acts, shall, from time to time, be paid and fatis-

The 31. per cent. to be paid weekly.

fied at the receipt of her Majesty's Exchequer, to the said governor and company, and their successors, weekly, or as soon as the same can be satisfied out of the monies arising by the said duties and revenues already commenced, or hereafter to commence or take place, as aforesaid, or by any of them, or so far as the monies coming in from those duties or revenues, or any of them, will, from time to time, extend thereunto, so as by fuch weekly or other payments, the whole of the faid allowances, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, due to the said governor and company, and their successors, at the end of each quarter (reckoning the quarters to terminate at the four most usual feasts of the year respectively) be not exceeded; and that the lord treasurer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury, for the time being, shall, and he, charging inte- and they are hereby impowered and directed, out of the monies rest on exche- arising by the said duties and revenues already commenced, or hereafter to commence or take place, as aforefaid, or by any of them, to iffue to fuch person or persons, as he or they shall think fit to intrust in that behalf, and upon security to be given to his or their good liking, fuch fum or fums of money, by way of imprest, and upon account, from time to time, and by such proportions at a time, as he or they shall find necessary for difcharging all the interest, after the rate of two pence per centum per diem, which shall be due or demandable upon the said bills made forth, and to be made forth, upon this or the faid former acts, or any of them, or so much of the said interest as the money coming in, by or for the faid duties and revenues, or any of them, will extend to fatisfy; the faid interest to be difcharged at fuch time, and in such manner and form, as by the faid former acts, or any of them, was prescribed, for discharging the interest of the bills thereby authorized to be issued.

direct imprest quer bills.

Treasury to

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the interest of after paying or reserving sufficient to pay or satisfy, from time a d. per cent. to time, so much as shall be grown due or demandable for the per diem, and said interest of two pence per centum per diem, and allowance of

three pounds per centum per annum, then the monies which, allowance of from time to time, shall be grown due to the said governor and 31. per cent. company, and their successors, upon their other allowances be-monies grown fore mentioned, That is to say, upon the faid yearly sum of due on the eight thousand pounds, from and after the said one and thirtieth 80001. and day of July, one thousand seven hundred and thirteen; and up- 450001. per on the laid yearly sum of forty five thousand pounds, after the ann. shall said one and thirtieth day of fully, one thousand seven hundred paid to the and fourteen, shall quarterly, at the respective days and times bank, &c. before appointed for payment thereof, be paid and fatisfied to the faid governor and company, and their fuccessors, at the receipt of her Majesty's Exchequer weekly, or as soon as the same can be satisfied out of the monies arising by the said duties and revenues already commenced, or hereafter to commence and take place, as aforesaid, or so far as the monies coming in from those duties or revenues, or any of them, will, from time to time, extend thereunto, so as by such weekly or other payments the sums to be due to the said governor and company, and their successors, upon their allowances last mentioned, at the end of each quarterly day of payment thereof, be not exceeded: it being the true intent and meaning of this act, That the faid allowances after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, and the faid payments for interest, shall, from time to time, take place and be preferred in point of payment out of the faid fund, before the faid yearly fums of eight thousand pounds, and forty five thousand pounds per annum, or either of them; and that the said yearly sums of eight thousand pounds, and forty five thousand pounds per annum, (as the same are respectively to commence and be charged on the same fund, as aforesaid) shall, from time to time, take place and be preferred in point of payment before the yearly sum herein after mentioned, for cancelling and discharging the said Exchequer bills; The said former acts, or any of them, or any thing therein contained, or any other law or statute whatsoever, to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority a- Remainder forefaid, That after paying, or referving sufficient to pay so appropriated much as shall, from time to time, be incurred and grown due for paying off for or upon the said interest after the rate of two pence per cen-ing Exchequer tun per diem, and the said several allowances after the rate of bills. three pounds per centum per annum, and eight thousand pounds See 1 Geo. 1. per annum, and forty five thousand pounds per annum, which flat. 2. C. 22. are always to be preferred, as aforefaid, the full and entire yearly fum of two hundred and seventy thousand nine hundred ninety nine pounds and seven shillings (in which the abovesaid yearly fum of two hundred thousand pounds, is and shall always be understood to be comprehended and included) or so much of the faid yearly fum of two hundred and seventy thousand nine hundred ninety nine pounds and seven shillings, as the remainder of the said fund, shall, from time to time, produce for that purpole, shall be and is by this act appropriated for paying off all the principal money contained or to be contained in all and . Vol. XIII.

every the Exchequer bills made forth and to be made forth, by or in pursuance of this and the said former acts, or any of them, and for cancelling the same, until all the said bills shall be discharged and cancelled, and shall be issued and applied to and for that use and purpose, in such manner as the lord treasurer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, shall, from time to time, direct and appoint in that behalf; and that the issues thereof shall be made weekly, or as fast as the fund hereby established shall produce money into the Exchequer for the same, so as by such weekly or other payments in any quarter, the fourth part of the yearly fum last mentioned

for that quarter be not exceeded. IX. And for making good as well the faid interest after the rate of two pence per centum per diem, and the faid allowances after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, upon all the bills issued and to be issued, as aforesaid, as also the said yearly fum of eight thousand pounds, until the said subsidies, duties, furplus monies, remains, and arrears, composing the said general fund and security, by this, and the said former acts intended to be established, or so many of them as shall be sufficient for those purposes, shall have taken effect; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the lord high treasurer of Great Britain, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, shall, and he and they are hereby required and impowered, upon every of the four usual quarterly feast days of the year which shall happen, until the said fund or security shall be sufficient for paying and satisfying the said interest of two pence per centum per diem, and the faid allowance of three

to be computed, the fum, which, on every of the faid feast days, shall be due and owing (if any such then be, over and above so much as shall have been applied to those purposes, of the said fubfidies, duties, and furns of money late mentioned) upon and for the faid interest, after the rate of two pence per centum per diens, and allowance after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, upon all the bills issued or to be issued according to

Till the fund established takes effect, treasury to compute quarterly the interest due pounds per centum per annum, as aforefaid, to compute, or cause and owing,&c.

the tenor and true meaning of this and the faid former acts; and shall upon every of the four quarterly days by this act appointed for payment of the faid yearly fum of eight thousand pounds, compute or cause to be computed, the sum which on every of those quarter days shall be due and owing (if any such then be, over and above so much as shall have been applied for payment thereof out of the subsidies, duties, and sums of money aforefaid) upon or for the faid yearly fum of eight thousand pounds, according to the tenor and true meaning of this act; And to make and the faid lord treasurer, or three or more of the commissionout other bills ers of the treasury for the time being, shall make out, or cause for fo much as to be made out other Exchequer bills, for fo much as shall be with like inte- so computed to be due (if any such then be) on every such sease or other quarter day, for such interest, and for such allowance rest and curof three pounds per centum per annum, and for the faid yearly rency, &c.

fum of eight thousand pounds respectively; which other bills shall bear the like interest of two pence per centum per diem, and the faid governor and company shall have the like allowance, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum for circulating thereof; and that the faid quarterly bills to make good the hid allowances, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, and the said yearly sum of eight thousand pounds, until fuch time, as aforefaid, shall be dated on the respective quarter days to which the same allowances and yearly sum respectively, shall be computed, and be issued and paid to the faid governor and company of the bank of *England*, and their fuccessors, in satisfaction and discharge of so much of the said allowances after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, and of the faid yearly fum of eight thousand pounds, to be paid them in pursuance of this act; and the faid quarterly bills intended to make good the faid interest after the rate of two pence per centum per diem, shall be issued at her Majesty's Exchequer, for paying off and discharging, or to raife money for paying off and discharging all the interest which shall be due upon all and every or any the bills made forth, or to be made forth, in pursuance of this or the faid former acts, or any of them, until fuch time, as aforesaid.

X. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That in case Deficiency to

the produce of all the faid subsidies, duties, and revenues, ap- be made good propriated for the several purposes aforesaid, shall at any time or by parliatimes appear to be so deficient, that within any one year, the faid respective subsidies, duties, and revenues, after all of them shall or ought to have taken effect, shall not be sufficient to anfwer and fatisfy the several and respective purposes to which the ame are by the faid former acts, and this present act, or any of them, appropriated or intended to be applied, then and in every fuch case, and as often as such deficiency shall happen, the same shall be provided for, answered, and made good, by

and out of the next aids to be granted in parliament.

XI. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted by the authority Surplus difaforesaid, That if the produce of the said subsidies, duties, and possible by tevenues, appropriated, as aforefaid, shall at the end of any parliament, quarter of a year (reckoning from Lady-day, one thousand seven hundred and thirteen) exceed the money due at the end of evely fuch quarter, for all the purposes aforesaid, so that there shall be an excess or furplus of the said funds, such excess or surplus shall be disposable, from time to time, for the publick use and fervice, by the authority of parliament, and not otherwise; any thing herein, or in any other act or acts of parliament contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all These bills the faid bills, which shall be issued for the said sums not exceed- shall be subject ing one million two hundred thousand pounds, and the said to the rules, quarterly bills to be iffued in pursuance of this act, shall be remer acts, &c. ctived and taken, and be current in like manner, and with such privileges and advantages, and subject to such rules and directions, as are prescribed by the said former acts, or any of them,

for any of the bills thereby authorized to be issued; and that the faid governor and company, or any of the members thereof, shall not incur any disability for circulating the same, or for or by reason of their doing any matter or thing in pursuance of this

The powers, mer acts, relating to Ex-

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, &c. of the for- That the said former acts above recited or mentioned, and all the powers, authorities, privileges, and advantages, rules, dichequer bills, rections, pains of death, and other penalties and forfeitures; to be in force, clauses, matters, and things therein contained (being now in force) touching or concerning the faid Exchequer bills issued in pursuance thereof, or any of them, or touching or concerning any the subsidies, duties, or funds therein mentioned, or any way relating thereunto (fuch alterations as are therein made by this act only excepted) shall continue and be used, exercised, inflicted, raifed, levied, applied, and put in practice and execution, in relation to all and every the Exchequer bills issued or to be issued upon the said former acts, or any of them, or upon this present act, and in relation to the said subsidies, duties, and funds, and every of them, as fully as if the said powers, authorities, privileges, advantages, rules, directions, pains of death, and other penalties and forfeitures, clauses, matters, and things (except as aforefaid) were again repeated and re-enacted in the body of this present act; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Yearly fums allowance, and interest, taxfree.

XIV. And it is hereby declared, That the faid yearly fums of eight thousand pounds, and forty five thousand pounds, and the faid allowance after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, and interest after the rate of two pence per centum per diem, and the faid bills to become due by this or any former act, or any part thereof, shall not be liable to any tax or affestment whatfoever.

Bank obliged to exchange for ready moquer bills:

XV. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid. That the said governor and company of the bank of England, and their succesfors, (in confideration of the faid allowances and yearly furns ney all Exche- hereby enacted to be paid to them, as aforesaid) do and shall, and they are hereby obliged and required, until all the Exchequer bills made forth, or to be made forth, by or in pursuance of this and the said former acts, or any of them, shall be discharged and cancelled, to exchange for ready money all fuch of the faid Exchequer bills, as from time to time, and at all times, shall be in the hands of any person or persons, and be demanded of the faid governor and company to be exchanged for ready money, whether such bills, or any of them, shall or shall not have passed or had a currency in her Majesty's revenue or taxes. by paying unto all fuch person and persons, in ready money, the fum or fums for which fuch bill or bills fo required to be exchanged, were issued, or which the owner or owners of such bills shall be entituled unto by such bill or bills respectively, together with the interest that shall, at the time of such demand, be due on such bill or bills respectively, and so toties quoties as often

often as such bill or bills shall be demanded, as aforesaid; any clause, matter, or thing in the said former acts, or any of them, contained to the contrary notwithstanding: and in case the said governor or company, or their successors, or their cashier, shall neglect or refuse to exchange any such bill or bills for ready money, as aforesaid, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this present act, upon demand thereof made at their chief office, which (during the currency of the bills before mentioned, or any of them) shall be kept at some place within the city of London, by the space of twenty four hours, then the person or perions demanding the same, or the person or persons for whose account such demand shall be made, shall and may, and are In default hereby enabled to bring his, her, or their action of debt, or up-may be sued. on the case for the same, against the said governor and company, or their successors, in which action the person or persons so bringing the same, shall and may declare, That the said governor and company are indebted to the plaintiff or plaintiffs therein, the money demanded upon the faid bill or bills, according to the form of the statute, and have not paid the same, which shall be sufficient; and the plaintiff or plaintiffs in such action or actions, shall recover against the said governor and company, not only the monies so neglected or refused to be paid, but also damages, besides full costs of suit; and the said governor and company, and their successors, shall be, and are hereby subject and liable thereunto; in which faid action or actions, no effoin, protection, or wager of law shall be allowed, or any more than one imparlance.

XVI. And for the better enabling the faid governor and com-Bank may pany of the bank of England, and their successors, to exchange, contract with upon demand, the faid Exchequer bills according to this act, it others for furis hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That they the faid nishing mogovernor and company, and their fucceffors, at any time or times from and after the palling of this act, during the currency of the faid bills, or any of them, shall have full power and authority, and they are hereby authorized, at their own good liking, to contract and agree, in such manner as they shall think fit, with any persons, natives, or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate (with whose abilities they shall be well satisfied) for and concerning the furnishing of monies, from time to time, by such persons or corporations, to the said governor and company, and their successors, on such terms, and under such penalties and forfeitures, as they shall find necessary for the better enabling them to exchange all the faid bills upon demand, and to perform this undertaking; which contracts or agreements, on the part of the faid governor and company, are to be performed and

made good at their own charge,

XVII. And it is hereby declared, That such contracts in Such contracts writing made, be made without being stamped, and shall not not chargebe chargeable with any duties on stampt vellum, parchment or sale with the paper, or any penalty or forfeiture incurred for not stamping the lame: and the faid governor and company of the bank of Eng-

bills may be issued to the mount of the contracts.

Further sealed land, and their successors, have hereby power, from time to time, to issue out bank bills under their common seal, not exceeding in principal the amount of the sums of money which shall be called in by them, or paid, from time to time, upon fuch contracts or agreements, as aforefaid, (over and above the fum which they have already liberty to issue in such bank bill or bills, by any former act or acts of parliament in that behalf;) any law or statute whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

Benk may call their members, for circulating, &c.

XVIII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it in money from shall and may be lawful for the said governor and company of the bank of England, and their successors, for the better circulating the Exchequer bills to be made out in pursuance of this act, or other their necessary occasions, to call in, or direct to be paid unto the faid governor and company, and their successors, from and by the respective members of the said company for the time being proportionally, according to their respective interests in the fund or capital stock of the said governor and company, any fum or fums of money, which the faid governor and company in a general court, from time to time, shall think necessary for the faid circulation, or such other necessary occasions, and shall accordingly order to be called in; which monies shall be called in upon such notices, and in such manner, and shall be answered and paid by the members under such penalties as are directed and prescribed by any other act or acts of parliament for any other monies thereby authorized to be called in by the faid governor and company in pursuance thereof; and that all executors, administrators, guardians and trustees, shall be indemnified in paying the same; and that it shall be lawful for the said governor and company, from time to time, in a general court, to declare, order, and make the faid money so called in, or ordered to be called in, as aforefaid, or any part thereof, and from such time or times as such general court shall order and direct, to be added to the capital stock of the said governor and company; and that then, and from thenceforth, such monies shall be deemed and taken, to all intents and purposes, as and for part of the capital flock of the faid governor and company, and the capital stock of the said governor and company shall be proportionably enlarged thereby; any thing in the faid last mentioned act, or any other law, statute, or provision to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

Monies fo called in may be made part of the capital stock.

All rules, &c. relating to the capital stock, to be extendfo enlarged.

Bank continued till all the Exchequer bills be difcharged.

XIX. And be it enacted, That all and every the privileges, exemptions and advantages, and also all the rules, restrictions and directions, and other matters and things contained in any former ed to the same act or acts of parliament now in force, concerning the capital stock of the said governor and company, shall be extended to their capital stock so to be enlarged or increased, as aforesaid.

XX. And it is hereby enacted and declared, That the governor and company of the bank of England, and their succesfors, shall continue a corporation, with all the powers, privileges and advantages thereunto belonging, until all the faid Exchequer bills, issued, and to be issued by virtue of the said other acts, or

any of them, and by virtue of this prefent act, shall be discharged and cancelled; any thing in this or the faid other acts con-

tained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXI. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, After all the That from and after the complete paying off, and discharging bills, &c. are all the principal and interest, which shall be due on all the said discharged, the Exchequer bills, issued and to be issued in pursuance of this and several subsithe faid other acts, and cancelling all the fame bills, and full fabe understood tisfaction made of all arrearages (if any shall be then due) as to be redeemwell of or upon the faid allowance after the rate of three pounds ed by parliaper centum per annum, as also of or upon the said yearly sums ment. of forty five thousand pounds, and eight thousand pounds, or either of them; then and not till then, the several subsidies, duties, and revenues, by this and the faid other acts, or any of them, settled or appropriated, as well for payment of the said interest of two pence per centum per diem, and the said allowance after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, and the faid yearly sums of forty five thousand pounds, and eight thoufand pounds, as also for raising the said yearly sum of two hundred and seventy thousand nine hundred ninety nine pounds, and feven shallings, and every of them, shall be understood to be redesmed by parliament, and shall not be issued, paid or applied to any use, intent or purpose whatsoever, without the authority of parliament.

XXII. And it is hereby declared to be the true intent and The faid subfimeaning of this act, That the same subsidies, duties, and reve-dies, &c. may nues, so settled and appropriated in relation to the said Exchequer be redeemed, bills, may be redeemed from the faid governor and company, without reand their successors, in the manner and form prescribed in the ther funds. foregoing proviso or condition, without redeeming any other the funds or securities by the said act of the seventh year of her Majesty's reign, or by any other of the said acts relating thereunto, lettled or made payable to the faid governor and company, and their successors; any thing herein, or in any other act or acts of parliament contained, or any other matter or thing whatsoever, to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

XXIII. And whereas by the said act made in the seventh year of ? Annz, c. 7. her Majesty's reign, it was declared and enacted, That the said governor and company of the bank of England, and their successors, for ever, should continue and be one body corporate and politick, and bould for ever have, receive and enjoy the intire yearly fund of one bundred thousand pounds therein mentioned, out of certain rates and duties of excise therein described, and such abilities, capacities, powers, authorities, franchises, exemptions, privileges, profits, and advantages, as are therein expressed, subject nevertheless to a power and condition of redemption, in that act contained in that behalf: and it was thereby provided and enasted, That at any time upon twelve months notice after the first day of August, which should be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and thirty-two, and not before, and upon repayment by parliament to the faid governor and company of the bank of England, or their successors, of the several sums, u-

mounting to fixteen hundred thousand pounds, therein mentioned, without any deduction, discount, or abatement what sever, to be made out

of the said sum of fixteen bundred thousand pounds, or any part thereof, and upon payment to the said governor and company, and their Juccessors, of all arrears of the said one bundred thousand pounds per annum, and all the principal and interest money, which should be owing unto them upon all fuch tallies, Exchequer-orders, or parliamentary funds, which the faid governor and company, or their fuccifors, should bave remaining in their bands, or be entitled to, at the time of such notice to be given, as aforesaid, (such funds, for redemption whereof other provision was made in the same act, only excepted) then, or in fuch case, and not till then, the said yearly fund of one hundred thoufand pounds should cease and determine, as by the same all (relation being thereunte bad) may more plainly appear: now for the better encouragement of the faid governor and company of the bank of England, to perform the service of circulating all the Exchequerbills, according to the true meaning of this act, it is hereby declafed and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said re-7 Ann. for de-cited proviso or condition for determining the said yearly fund of one hundred thousand pounds, upon twelve months notice, after the said first day of August one thousand seven hundred tion, on iwelve thirty two upon fuch payments, as aforefaid, shall be, and is months notice hereby repealed and made void; and that the faid governor and company of the bank of England, and their successors, for ever, thall remain, continue and be one body corporate and politick, by the name of the governor and company of the bank of England, and shall for ever have, receive and enjoy the said entire yearly fund of one hundred thousand pounds out of the said rates and duties of excise, together with a perpetual succession, and all abilities, capacities, powers, authorities, franchifes, exemptions, privileges, profits and advantages whatfoever, whereunto the governor and company of the bank of England are, or before the making of this act were entitled by any act or acts of parliament, grants or charters whatfoever, now in force; subject nevertheless to such restrictions, rules, directions, agreements, matters and things, as in the faid acts and charters, or any of them, now in force are contained or prescribed; and also subject to the power and condition of redemption, hereafter in this act contained in this behalf.

Proviso in termining the yearly fund and corporaafter 1 August 1732, repealed.

On 12 months notice after 1 Aug. 1742. and on payment to the bank of the yearly fund of 200,000). to ceale.

XXIV. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That at any time upon twelve months notice after the first day of August, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred forty two, and not before, and upon repayment by parliament to the faid governor 1,600,000l&c, and company of the bank of England, or their fuccessors, of the said sum of fixteen hundred thousand pounds, without any deduction, discount or abatement whatsoever, and upon payment to the faid governor and company, and their successors, of all arrears of the said one hundred thousand pounds per annum, and all the principal and interest money which shall be owing unto them upon all such tallies, Exchequer orders, or parliamentary

1713.] mentary funds, which the faid governor and company, or their successors, shall have remaining in their hands, or be entitled to at the time of such notice to be given, as aforesaid (such funds, for redemption whereof other provision is made in the faid former acts, or any of them, or in this act, always excepted) then and in fuch case, and not till then, the said yearly

fund of one hundred thousand pounds shall cease and determine. XXV. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted, That from After redempand after such redemption of the said one hundred thousand tion, &c. corpounds per annum, and from and after redemption shall also be poration to made by parliament of the annuity of one hundred and fix determine. . thousand five hundred and one pounds, thirteen shillings and five pence per annum, by the said act of the seventh year of her Majesty's reign, settled and payable to the said governor and company, in the manner therein mentioned, and from and after redemption shall likewise be made of the fund established by this act, in relation to the said Exchequer bills, then, and not till then, the said corporation of the governor and company of the bank of England shall cease and determine, but till then, the faid governor and company shall continue a corporation, and shall have and enjoy all the powers and privileges they are now entitled unto, as aforefaid.

XXVI. And be it further enacted and declared, That this Publick at. act shall be esteemed in all courts of law and equity to be a publick act, and notice thereof shall be taken as such by all

courts and persons accordingly.

XXVII. And whereas by an act of parliament made and passed Recital of the in the first year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the act : Anne, better support of her Majesty's houshold, and of the honour stat. 1. c. 7. and dignity of the crown, it was enabled and declared, That the bereditary rates and duties of excise upon beer, ale, and other liquors, which were granted to the crown in the twelfth year of the reign of his late majesty King Charles the Second, and the duties of excise upon 12 Car. c. 23. beer, ale, and other liquors, by the faid act of the first year of her Majesty's reign granted to ber Majesty for the term of ber life (fubjest nevertbeless to such weekly payments or incumbrances as were thereby appointed to be charged upon, and payable out of the several duties of excise before mentioned) and the revenue of the general letter office or post office, and divers small branches of her Majesty's revemus therein enumerated, and the monies arifing by the further subsidy of tunnage and poundage, and other duties upon wines, goods, and merchandizes, by the said att granted or made payable to her Majesty during her life, should be for the support of her Majesty's housbold, and of the honour and dignity of the crown; and in the said act sevetal provisions are made to restrain granting or aliening the revenues aforesaid, or any of them: since which time the revenues of sirftfruits and tenths of the clergy (being part of the said small branches) have been otherwise disposed by or in pursuance of an act of parliament 5 Ann. c. 24in that behalf; and the revenue arifing in the general letter office er post office bath been since regranted and increased, and part of that revenue so regranted and increased bath been apprepriated to raise

money

Ann. c. 10. money for the publick use, and other part thereof it applicable to the support of her Majesty's said housbold, and the bonour and dignity of the crown, purfuent to another all of parliament made for those ends and purposes, as by the said respective acts, relation being thereunto bad, may more fully appear: and whereas by eccasion of several extraordinary expences fince the faid all of the first year of her Majesty's reign, divers arrears of falaries, wages, diet-monies, and other allowances, and fundry dobts for emptions, provisions, and other causes, batte incurred, and grown due to ber Majesty's servants, tradesmeen. and others, and do now remain unfatisfied, which debts and arrears do amount to a very confiderable fum in the vehole, and are properly chargeable upon the faid branches or revenues which were appointed fer the support of her Majesty's housbold, and of the honour and dignity of the crown, as afore aid: now her Majesty's faid most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament assembled, being desirous that her Mojesty, in the administration of her civil government, may not remain under any difficulties, in respect of the arrears or debts contracted, as aforefaid, and being therefore defirous that a sum not exceeding five hundred thousand pounds may be raised, by fuch ways and means, as in this act are authorized or appointed, the better to enable her Majesty to discharge the said debts and arrears, do, for that end and purpose, most humbly pray that it may be enalted; and be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Queen's most excellent majesty, by letters patents, to be made and passed, at

any time or times, on this fide or before the five and twentieth

Her Majesty, by letters patents, may appoint 35,000l. per annum for day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven 34 years, to be hundred and thirteen, under the great seal of Great Britain, to iffact out of the Exchequer,

the revenues of the crown, &c.

limit, appoint, set, and appropriate, any sum not exceeding thirty five thousand pounds per annum, to be iffued or paid by weekly or quarterly payments, as her Majesty shall therein dizect, at the receipt of the Exchequer, for and during any term not exceeding thirty two years, to commence and be reckoned from the feast of Saint Michael the Arch-angel, in the year of chargeable on our Lord one thousand seven hundred and thirteen; and that the faid yearly fum shall be charged upon, and payable out of all the faid revenues, duties, and branches, which were appointed for the support of her Majesty's houshold, and the honour and dignity of the crown, as aforefaid, as well those which are hereditary in the crown, as those which were granted during her Majesty's life, as aforesald, and every of them, during all the said term of thirty two years, in case her Majesty (whom .God preferve) shall so long live; and in case of her Majesty's demiss within the said term, then the said yearly sum, not exceeding thirty five thousand pounds per unnum, shall be charged upon, and be paid and payable out of the hereditary revenues. duties, and branches last before mentioned, for and during so long time as shall be then to come and unexpired of and in the faid absolute term, not exceeding thirty two years, to be reckoned from the time aforesaid; all which payments shall be made with preference to all other payments whatfoever, which **fhall** 

and preferable to all other payments.

shall or may hereafter be charged upon the same revenues,

duties, and branches, or any of them.

XXVIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the But not to authority aforefaid, That this act, or any thing herein contained, prejudice any or any matter of thing to be comprized in such letters patents, &c. since a 29 aforesaid, shall not extend, or be construed to make void, Ann. of the alter, or prejudice any disposition, appropriation, appointment, first fruits, matter, or thing whatfoever, contained in any act or acts of post office, &c. parliament made fince the faid act of the first year of her Man icity's reign, of or concerning the faid revenues of first fruits and tenths of the clergy, or of or concerning the faid revenue arising in the general letter office or post office, or any other of the revenues or branches aforesaid; but that the same dispositions, appropriations, appointments, matters and things, shall continue, and be in force, and shall take effect, and be observed, as if this act had not been made: nevertheless so much of the faid revenue arising in the general letter office or post office, as is applicable to the use of her Majesty's houshold, or for support of the honour and dignity of the crown, as aforefaid, shall be liable for or towards making good of the faid yearly furn intended to be charged by fuch letters patents, as is before mentioned; any thing herein, or in such letters patents,

to be contained to the contrary notwithstanding. XXIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Letters pa-That it shall and may be lawful to and for her Majesty, by such tents to direct letters patents, as aforesaid, to direct and appoint by what me- fum shall be thods, and upon what terms, and in what manner and form, paid, the faid fum, not exceeding five hundred thousand pounds, for the purposes aforesaid, shall and may be raised and paid, and and to impowe to authorize, permit and impower any person or persons, na- er persons to tives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate (who are or advance the shall be willing) to advance or contribute the same or any part shall be willing) to advance or contribute the same, or any part thereof, and to direct and appoint how and in what manner the laid fund, not exceeding thirty five thousand pounds per annum, or any shares or proportions thereof, or the payments out of the fame, shall be disposed, aliened, settled or applied, for the inisfaction of the persons who shall advance or contribute the aid fum, not exceeding five hundred thousand pounds; any law for suppressing of lotteries, or any other law or statute to . the contrary notwithstanding: and likewise to direct how and and to direct in what manner the monies, which shall be payable to any per- how the mofon or persons out of the said yearly sund, shall and may be transferred. transferred and assigned, from time to time, without power of revocation, with fuch further powers, directions, and clauses, to be inferted in the faid letters patents, as may best conduce to the effectual fettlement of the faid yearly fund, and the fatisfaction of the contributors thereupon; which said letters pa- The letters tents so to be made and passed, and such powers, directions, patents good and clauses, so to be contained therein, shall be firm, valid, in law. and effectual in law, according to the true meaning thereof, and of this present act; the said restrictions in the said act of

the first year of her Majesty's reign, or in any act for suppressing of lotteries, or in any other act or acts of parliament whatfoever contained, or any other law, statute, matter or thing whatfoever to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

No fee to be taken,

XXX. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the proper officers or persons, who shall, from time to time, be intrusted or concerned to pay the monies of the faid revenues into the said receipt of Exchequer, for answering the faid yearly fund last mentioned, and the respective officers or persons in the said receipt of Exchequer, who are, from time to time, to make any payments out of the same yearly fund, purfuant to the directions of such letters patents, as aforesaid, shall perform their respective duties therein, without demanding or receiving, directly or indirectly, any fee, reward, or gratuity for so doing, from the party who is to receive such money;

and in case any such officers or persons shall take or demand any

nor money to be diverted,

fuch fee, reward or gratuity, or shall contrary to the directions to be contained in the faid letters patents, and the true meaning of this act, divert or misapply any of the monies which ought to be paid into the faid receipt, and issued thence, upon account of the faid yearly fund, every fuch officer or person shall be incapable of holding any office, or place of trust or profit under her Majesty, her heirs and successors, and shall also forfeit treble damages to the party grieved, to be recovered, with full

costs of fuit, by action, fuit, bill or information, in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin. privilege, protection, wager of law, or more than one impar-

on pain of in. capacity, and treble damages.

> lance thall be allowed. XXXI. And it is hereby enacted, That any money to be advanced or contributed, or that shall be payable to any personor persons, or to any corporation whatsoever, by virtue of this act, and of fuch letters patents, to be passed in pursuance thereof, as aforefaid, shall not be charged or chargeable with any rates, taxes, duties, or impositions whatsoever.

Money advanced, taxfree.

Appropriaveral supplies ranted this Teffion. 12 Ann. stat. 7. C. 2.

XXXII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid. tion of the fe- That all the money lent, and to be lent to her Majesty upon one act of this session of parliament, intituled, An act for granting an aid to her Majesty, to be raised by a land-tax in Great Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven bundred and thirteen, and so much money (if any such be) of the tax thereby granted, as shall arise and remain after all the loans made or to be made upon that act, or thereby transferred or directed to be transferred thereunto, and the interest thereof, and the charges thereby allowable for raising the said tax, shall be satisfied, or money sufficient shall be referved to discharge the same; and all the monies lent, or to be lent unto her Majesty upon another act of this session of parliament, for granting to her Majesty duties upon malt, mum, cyder and perry, for the service of

> the year one thousand seven hundred and thirteen; and so much money of the faid duties of malt, mum, cyder and perry

12 Ann. Rat. 1. C. 2.

> thereby granted, as shall arise and remain after all the loans made

made or to be made upon that act, or thereby transferred or directed to be transferred thereunto, and the interest thereof, and the charge thereby allowable for the raising the said duties thereby granted, shall be satisfied, or money sufficient shall be reserved to discharge the same; and all the sums (not exceeding twelve hundred thousand pounds) authorized by this act to be issued in Exchequer bills, shall be appropriated for or towards the several uses, intents and purposes herein after expresed, (that is to say) for or towards defraying the charges of the ordinary of her Majesty's navy, and for victuals, wages, Ordinary of wear and tear, and other services of the navy, and victualling navy, &cc. thereof, performed and to be performed, and for sea-service in the ordnance, performed and to be performed, so as all the issues to be made out of the said aids or supplies, for all the naval or marine services before mentioned, do not in the whole exceed one million and two hundred thousand pounds, over and above the money to be made good to the South Sea company, as is herein after mentioned; and for or towards defraying the charge of half-pay, to such officers as have served well at sea in Half-pay for the late war, and shall be out of imployment by sea or land in sea officers. time of peace, so as such half-pay, within the year one thoufand seven hundred and thirteen, do not exceed seventeen thoufand pounds, out of the same aids or supplies; and for or towards defraying the charge of the land-forces in her Majesty's Land forces fervice for fix months, from the two and twentieth day of  $D_{e-}$  for 6 months. umber one thousand seven hundred and twelve, to the three and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, both inclusive, and for reducing their numbers; and for Guards and or towards the charge of her Majesty's guards and garrisons in garrisons. Great Britain, from the three and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, to the five and twentieth day of December following, including general officers and contingencies; and for or towards the charge of her Majesty's Forces in Miforces in the island of Minorca, from the four and twentieth norca. day of June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, to the four and twentieth day of December following; and for or to-Forces in Giwards the charge of her Majesty's forces in Gibraltar, from the braltar. four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, to the four and twentieth day of December following; Forces at and for or towards the charge of her Majesty's forces at Dun-Dunkirk for \$ hirt for five months, from the four and twentieth day of June months. one thousand seven hundred and thirteen; and for or towards Troops of defraying her Majesty's part of the charge of the pay of the Saxe Gotha. Saxe Gotha troops, from the two and twentieth day of December one thousand seven hundred and twelve, to the time of their dismission, with one month's pay from that time, according to the treaty in that behalf; and for or towards defraying Forces in the the charge of her Majesty's forces in the plantations for fix plantations. months, from the four and twentieth day of June one thousand leven hundred and thirteen, to the four and twentieth day of December following; so as all the issues to be made out of the

Half-pay for the marines.

Half-pay for land officers.

Out-penfioners of Chelica hospital.

Extraordina -

land fervice.

the class lottery.

Salaries, &c. of commisfioners of accounts. 12 Ann.fat.1.

Salaries, &c. of the commissioners for Rating the

said aids or supplies, for the said guards, garrisons, and landforces, as aforefaid, for or upon account of fuch respective services, as are before mentioned, do not in the whole exceed nine hundred thirty seven thousand fix hundred and eight pounds, eleven shillings and fix pence; and for or towards defraving the charge of half-pay to the officers (who had ferved well in the faid war) of four marine regiments to be disbanded, from the first day of July one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, to the four and twentieth day of December following, fo as such half-pay for the said marine officers do not exceed four thousand eight hundred seventy nine pounds, and fix shiftings, out of the aids or supplies aforesaid; and for or towards defraying the charge of half-pay to the land officers who have ferved well in the faid war, and are disbanded, or are to be disbanded, to the five and twentieth day of December one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, so as such half-pay to the said land offi-

or supplies; and for or towards defraying the charge of the out-pensioners of the royal hospital at Chelsea, to the four and twentieth day of December one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, so as the charge last mentioned do not exceed the sum of fixty one thousand four hundred fixty and four pounds, five shillings, and seven pence, out of the aids or supplies aforesaid; and for or towards defraying extraordinary charges incurred in ries of the late relation to the late war, so as such extraordinary charges do not exceed in the whole twenty thousand five hundred feventy and two pounds, five shillings, and ten pence, out of the aids or Ordnance for supplies before mentioned; and for or towards the charge of the office of her Majesty's ordnance for land fervice, performed

> and to be performed, not to exceed in the whole fixty-fix thoufand fix hundred ninety and eight pounds, three shillings, and

> cers do not exceed ninety nine thousand twenty and eight pounds, fix shillings, and eleven pence, out of the same aids

five pence, out of the fame aids or supplies, including so much (not exceeding two thousand pounds) as shall be necessary to defray the charge of covering the works of the fortifications al-Deficiency of ready begun in North Britain; and for or towards making good the deficiency of the fund granted for the payment of principal and interest of the class lottery in the year one thousand feven hundred and eleven, for the year ended at Michaelmas one thousand seven hundred and twelve, so as the sum to be supplied out of the aids or supplies aforefaid, for or towards the fame deficiency, do not exceed fixty two thousand pounds; and for or towards satisfaction of the sum of six thousand pounds to defray the salaries and incident charges of the seven commissioners, continued by an act of this fession of parliament for stating the publick accounts of the kingdom, from the four and twentieth day of March one thousand seven hundred and twelve, to the five and twentieth day of March one thousand seven hundred and fourteen; and the further furn of four thousand and five

hundred pounds, to defray the falaries and incident charges of the

same commissioners, continued by the same act for stating and

determining

determining the debts to the army, from the four and twentieth debts to the day of fune one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, to the army. four and twentieth day of June one thouland leven hundred and fourteen; the faid respective sums to be issued and paid by quarterly payments to the faid commissioners, for themselves, and for payment of their elerks, and other incident charges, without account, imprest, or other charge to be let upon them or any of them for the same, or any part thereof; and to none other uses, intents, and purposes whatsoever.

XXXIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and de-No appropriclared, That no appropriation, or other matter or thing in this firuct any act contained, shall obstruct or kinder any payment or pay-payment by ments, which, by and in pursuance of an act made in the the treasurer ninth year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An all for making of the navy, good deficiencies, and satisfying the publick debts; and for eresting a deficiencies to urporation to corry on a trade to the South Seas; and for the en-the South Sea couragement of the fishery; and for liberty to trade in unwroughe corporationin iron with the subjects of Spain, and to repeal the acts for registring pursuance of framen, and of her Majesty's charter grounded thereupon, are 9 Ana, c. 21. or shall be required and authorized to be made by the treasurer or paymaster of the navy, for the time being, or by any other persons to be intrusted with the publick monies for the service of the navy, out of such publick monies, tallies, orders, or parliamentary fecurities in their hands or power respectively? as are or shall thereby be charged or chargeable to make good any deficiency or deficiencies to the corporation erected in purhance of the act last mentioned, called by the name of the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, trading to the South Seas, and other parts of America, and for incouraging the fishery, or to their treasurer, for their use; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithflanding.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted and declared, That all All debte insuch of the faid arrears and debts (intended by this act to be sa- tended by this tissed out of the said sum not exceeding five hundred thousand fied, affigned pounds, to be raised, as aforesaid) and all debentures for the before 30 June ime, or any of them, as have been, at any time or times be- 1713, may be fore the thirtieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and redeemed, &c. thirteen, fold, affigned or granted, or covenanted to be affigned or granted, or for which any authority hath heretofore been given or granted by any of her Majesty's servants, or by any hulband of any her Majesty's servants, or by any tradesman, or other person, who served provisions or goods for her Majesty's executors or administrators, to receive the fame, or any part thereof, to the use of such buyer, allignee, or grantee, or of luch person or persons so authorized, itall and may be redeemed, and are hereby redeemable by the persons who made such sales, assignments or grants, or that gave such authority respectively, or by their respective executors or administrators, on payment of the principal sum of money paid in confideration of making such sales, assignments, grants, covenants or authorities respectively, with the charges and

and interest for the same, from the time of the payment thereof, after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, difdounting for what hath been received, for or in respect of the arrear or debt, by any such person or persons, to whom such fale, affigument or authority was made or given; and upon payment, or tender of the said principal money, interest and charges, such sale, grant, assignment or authority, and all covenants and agreements concerning the same shall be void.

Redemption months after this fellion. Claim to be office where the debt became due before 29 Sept.

XXXV. Provided nevertheless, That such redemption, as to be within 6 aforesaid, be made within the space of fix months from and after the end of this fession of parliament. XXXVI. Provided always, That no such redemption shall entered in the be allowed, unless the party, who shall claim the benefit there-

of, do enter or cause to be entred a note or memorandum of

fuch claim in the office where the faid arrear or debt became

due, in a book to be kept in every such office for that purpose,

on or before the nine and twentieth day of September one thou-

Saving clause.

3713.

fand seven hundred and thirteen. XXXVH. Saving always to all and every person and persons. bodies politick and corporate, their heirs and fuccessors, executers: administrators and assigns (other than to her Majesty, her heirs and successors) all such rights, titles, estates, customs, interests, claims and demands whatsoever, of, in, to or out of any of the revenues or hereditaments, charged or chargeable by virtue of this act with any fum not exceeding thirty five thoufand pounds, as they or any of them had or ought to have had. before the making of this act, as fully to all intents and purposes, as if this act had never been made; any thing herein

Appropriation of 500,000l.

contained to the contrary notwithstanding. . XXXVIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said sum of five hundred thoufund pounds, or so much thereof as shall be raised, as aforesaid, is hereby appropriated, and shall be applied and disposed in aid of the faid revenues or branches, which were appointed for support of her Majesty's houshold, and of the honour and dignity. of the crown, for or towards the paying and discharging of fuch arrears of salaries, wages, diet money, and other allowances, and such debts for emptions, provisions, and other causes, as shall appear to be justly due and owing to her Maje-By's servants, tradesmen, and others, as aforesaid, and to none other use, intent or purpose whatsoever.

#### CAP. XII.

An act for the better regulating the forces to be continued in her Make. , fty's fervice; and for the payment of the faid forces, and of their ... quarters, EXP...

# CAP. XIII.

An all to emable fact officers and soldiers as bave been in ber Majeffy's service, during the late war, to exercise trades, and for officers to account with their foldiers.

WHEREAS there hath been and are divers officers and foldiers who have served her Majesty in the late wars, and were instrumental, by the bleffing of Almighty God, in obtaining an advantageous peace for these kingdoms, some of which are men that used trades, others that were apprentices to trades, who had not served out their times, and others who by their own industry have made themselves apt and fit for trades, many of which (the wars being new ended) would willingly imploy themselves in those trades which they were formerly accustomed to, or which they are apt or able to follow, and make use of, for the getting their living by their sun labour, but are or may be bindred from exercising those trades in certain cities and corporations, and other places within this kingdom, because of certain by-laws and customs of those places, and of the statute made in the fifth year of Queen Elizabeth, probibiting the use 5 Eliz. c. 4 of certain trades by any person who hath not served as an apprentice to fuch trade for the space of seven years: for remedy whereof, be it enacted, &c.

Officers and foldiers who have not deferted the fervice, having used any trade, or that were apprentices, and did not ferve out their times, may fet up and exercise trades: that is to say, apprentices may set up their trades, though they have not ferved out their times, and others any trade in the counties where they were born. And it indicted, may plead the general iffue, and shall recover treble costs. Service, how to be proved. Penalty or producing a forged commission, or false certificate. Paymaters to state accounts of dishanded regiments, and pay the arrears to the tolonels. Colonels to state accounts with the captains; and the captains with inferior officers, &c. and pay what is due, on forfeiture of double the ium. Disbanded foldiers fetting up trades shall be freed from arrests for three years, and their flock, &c. from being taken in execution. Executors of colonels, agents, &c. who died indebted to the officers and foldiers, shall pay such debts, preferably to all others. Executors having paid debts before the making of this act, such payment shall be good. deither this, nor the 10 & 11 W. 3. C. 11. shall prejudice the privileges of Oxford and Cambridge. EXP.

# CAP. XIV.

An all for explaining the alts for licensing backney chairs.

HEREAS by an act of parliament made in the ninth year , Ann. c. 23i of ber now Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for licensing and regulating hackney coaches and chairs, and for charging certain new duties on stampt vellum, parchment and paper, and on cards and dice, and on the exportation of rock falt for Ireland, and for securing thereby, and by a weekly payment out of the post-office, and by several duties on hides and skins, a yearly fund of one hundred eighty fix thousand fix hundred and seventy pounds, for thirty two years, to be applied to the this faction of such orders as are therein mentioned, to the con-Vol. XIII. tributors

tributors of any fum not exceeding two millions, to be raifed for carrying on the war, and other her Majesty's occasions, a power rues given to the countifleners therein mensioned, for decend two hundred chairs within the cities of London and Westminster, and suburbs thereof, and all parishes and places within the weekly bills of mortality, for the term of thirty two years, from the four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and eleven; and

30 Am. C. 19. by another all of parliament, made in the tenth year of the reign of f. 158. her faid Majefty, the faid commissioners had a power for the scensing an additional number of chairs, not enceeding one bundred; from the teventy fourth of June one thousand seven bundred and twelve, for the term of thirty one years, within the cities and liberties afforefuid. to that the whole shall not exceed three hundred: and whereas by the aforefaid act, made in the ninth year of her faid Majesty's reign, is 9 Ann. c. 23. is, amongst other things, enasted, That the faid commissioners should,

in the first place, license all such persons as had then been ancient voachmen, or aucient chairmen, or the widows of any of them, unless they should neglect or refuse to take such licences, upon the respective terms thereby allowed, within a reasonable time to be limited by the faid commissioners, not less than twenty days: and whereas several doubts have arisen, whether the said commissioners are obliged by the faid all of the ninth of the Queen, to license the widows of thairmen. er to let them have the benefit of such licences as were granted to their husbands whilst living, and several suits of law have been commenced thereupon, to the great oppression and grisvance of the parties conconcerned; be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spititual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That the commisthe first place sioners for the time being, for licensing coaches and chairs,

The commissiffioners shall in licence the wi- pursuant to the recited acts mentioned, shall and are hereby redows of hack- quired, in the first place, to license all and every the widow and unless they out fuch lisonable time.

ney chairmen, widows of such hackney chairman or chairmen respectively, who neglect totake have died or shall die possessed of any licence or licences, granted by the faid commissioners in pursuance of the said acts, uncence in a rea- less such widow or widows shall neglect or resuse to take such licences upon the respective terms allowed by the said recited acts, within a reasonable time to be limited by the said conimissioners, not less than twenty days.

Such widows. their chairs and fervants. liable to such rules, &c. as chairmen. Continued by 16Geo.2.c.26. 10 24 June

1760, &c.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That such widow or widows, their chairs, servants, and every other person or persons carrying the same, shall be subject and liable to such rules, penalties, punishments, other licented orders, and bye-laws, made, or to be made, concerning licenfed hackney chairs, by virtue of the faid recited acts, as any other licensed chairman is by the said acts liable unto; any thing in this act, or in the faid recited acts, contained to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

### CAP. XV.

An act for making perpetual an act made in the seventh year of the reign of the late King William, intituled, An act to prevent false and double returns of members to serve in parliament.

NIHEREAS in the seventh year of the reign of the late King 7 & 8 W. 3. William the Third, an act was made, intituled, An act to c. 7. prevent false and double returns of members to serve in parliament, and was thereby enacted to continue for the term of seven years, and from thence to the end of the next sessions of parliament, and no longer; which all by another all made in the twelfth year of 12 & 13 W. the reign of the said late King, intituled, An act for continuing a c. s. former act to prevent false and double returns of members to serve in parliament, was enacted, should thereafter be in force for and during the term of eleven years, and from thence to the end of the first sessions of the next parliament, and no longer; which said act but been found by experience to be very useful for the preservation of the rights of the several counties, cities and boroughs of this kingdom, in the election of members to serve in parliament, and being near expiring: be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritrai and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That the said act made in the seventh year of the reign of the late King William The act 7 & \$ the Third, intituled, An act to prevent false and double returns of W. 3. C. 7. members to serve in parliament, and every clause, matter and made perpetual. thing therein contained, shall be, and is hereby declared to be in full force, and is hereby made perpetual.

# CAP. XVI.

An act for the better encouragement of the making of sailcloth in Great Britain.

# Most Gracious Sovereign,

WHEREAS the making of sail-cloth in Great Britain is of great use and benefit to the nation, being set up in several parts of this united kingdom, imploying many thousands of the poor, and is brought to great persection; but by the duties on hemp and stay imported, and drawback on foreign made sail-cloth exported, the makers of British sail-cloth have not a sufficient encouragement for sa sufful und beneficial a manusacture; therefore we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament assembled, have given and granted to your Majesty such additional duty upon foreign sail-cloth to be imported, as is herein after mentioned; and do most humbly beseech your Majesty, That it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the

CAP.

13713. a fürther duty of zd. per ell, imported for feven years.

After 21 July same, That from and after the one and twentieth day of July one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, over and above all subsidies, duties, impositions and payments, already due and laid on foreign payable, or which ought to be paid to her Majesty, for or upon fail-cloth, &c. fuch foreign made fails and fail-cloth, or canvas ufually entred as Holland's Duck or Vitry canvas, which shall be fit and proper to be made use of, for making of sails for navigating ships and vessels, and which shall be imported into Great Britain by way Except canvas of merchandize, except such canvas as is of the product and

of Ireland.

of the product manufacture of Ireland, there shall be raised and levied, collected and paid unto her Majesty, her heirs and successors, a further duty of one penny per ell, and after that rate for greater or lesser quantities, during the term of seven years, and from thence to the end of the then next fession of parliament, and no longer; the same to be raised, levied, collected and recovered, by fuch ways, means and methods, and fubject to fuch penalties and forfeitures, and in such manner and form, as any subfidy payable to her Majesty, for any other goods or merchandizes imported, or to be imported, may by any law or laws now in force be raifed, levied, collected and recovered.

Out of the the faid time shall be exported.

II. And whereas hemp and flax imported draws back nothing of faid duty shall the duties paid for the same, when wrought up into British sail-cloth; be allowed a be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That out of the said per ell for sail-additional duty of one penny per ell, a reward or recompence cloth made in of one penny be given and paid for every ell of British made Great Britain, fail cloth or canyas, fit for or made into fails, which from and which within after the one and twentieth day of July one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, and within the faid term of seven years, or at any time before the end of the then next session of parliament, shall be exported out of Great Britain by way of mer-The exporter chandize: provided always, That the exporter of such British to make oath made Sail-cloth shall always, before he receives any such reward,

that it was made in ported, &c.

make oath (which the proper officers of the customs have here-Great Britain, by power to administer) that such sail-cloth was made in Great is actually ex. Britain, is actually exported or shipped to be exported, without any intention to be relanded in any part of Great Britain, and that no former reward upon this act was made for the fame fail-cloth.

landing failcloth for which such reward has been given.

Penalty of re-. III. And it is hereby enacted, That if any British made failcloth, for which such reward shall be given, shall be relanded in Great Britain, the same shall be forseited; and every person concerned in bringing back or relanding the same, shall forfeit two shillings for every ell so brought back or relanded; one moiety of which forfeitures shall be to her Majesty, and the other moiety thereof to fuch as will feize, inform or fue for the fame, or the value thereof, to be recovered by action, bill, fuit or information, in any her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, or in the Exchequer at Edinburgh, wherein no essoin, protection, wager of law, or more than one imparlance shall be allowed. This att is continued for seven years by 10 Geo. 1. c. 17. s. 4. and by 20 Geo. 2. c. 45. to 1 June 1754, &c.

## CAP. XVII.

An att to vest in the commissioners for building sisty new new churches in and about London and Westminster, and suburbs thereof, as much of the street near the May-Pole in the Strand in the county of Middlesex, as shall be sufficient to build one of the said churches upon; and for resoring to the principal and scholars of King's Hall and college of Brazen Nose in the university of Oxon, their right of presentation to churches and chapels in Stepney parish.

TATHEREAS by an act of parliament paffed in the ninth year 9 Ann. c. 22. of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for granting to her Majelty several duties upon coals, for building fifty new churches in and about the cities of London and Westminster, and suburbs thereof, and other purposes therein mentioned, it is (among ft other things) enasted, That it should and might be lowful to and for her Majesty, by letters patent under the great seal of Great Britain, to nominate, constitute and appoint such persons as her Majesty should think sit, to be commissioners, to enquire and inform themselves in what parishes the said new churches (except one for Greenwich) were most necessary to be built, and of proper places for the fites of the said respective new churches; and also a cemetery or church-yard for each of the said churches; and also which of the chapels within the said parishes are fit to be made parish churches; and that they should ascertain the several houses, lands, tenements, and bereditaments, and the bounds and limits which in their judgments or spinion might be fit to be made distinct parishes: and whereas her Majesty, by letters patent under the great seal of Great Britain, bearing date at Westminster the one and twentieth day of September in the tenth year of her reign, did nominate, constitute, authorize and appoint Thomas lord archbishop of Canterbury, John lord orchbishop of York, John lord bishop of Bristol, Henry lord bishop of London, Jonathan lord bishop of Winchester, Nathaniel lord. bishop of Durham, and divers other persons, to be commissioners for the purposes aforesaid: and whereas by another all of parliament passed in the tenth year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for 10 Ann. e. 11 enlarging the time given to commissioners appointed by her Majesty, pursuant to an act for granting to her Majesty several duties on coals for building fifty new churches in and about the cities of London and Westminster, and suburbs thereof, and other purpoles therein mentioned; and for giving the faid commillioners further power for better effecting the fame; and for appointing monies for rebuilding the parish church of St. Mary Woolnoth in the city of London, it is, among st other things, enacted, That the commissioners, or any five or more of them, should proceed to do and perform all and every the matters and things in and by the faid acts intended to be done and performed: and it is thereby provided and enacted. That it should and might be lawful to and for

9 Ann. c. 16.

ber Majesty, her beirs and successors, at any time before the twenty ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and twelve, by letters patent under the great seal of Great Britain, to numinate constitute and appoint such persons to be commissioners to execute all and every the powers in the first recited act, and in the said last act mentioned, as her Majesty should think sit: and whereas her Majesty did, in purfuance of the faid last recited att, by letters patent under the great feel of Great Britain, bearing date the foven and twentieth day of September one thousand seven bundred and twelve, noutinate. constitute and appoint Thomas lord arthbishes of Canterbury, John lord archbishop of York, Simon lord Harcourt, then lord keeper of the great feal of Great Britain (now lord high thancellor of Great Britain) John duke of the county of Buckingham and Normanby, Henry viscount Boliogbroke, the right reverend father in God William lord bishop of Chester, and the right reverend father in God Philip then lord bifbop of St. Davids (now lord bifbo) of Hereford) and divers other persons, to be commissioners; and that they, or any five or more of them, should do, perform, and execute all mad every the powers, matters and things, in and by the faid recited alls. and either of them, appointed to be done and performed: and subereas the vacent piece of ground at and about the May-Pole in the Strand in the county of Middlesex, is a proper place for the building one of the faid fifty new churches upon, which cannot be appropriated to that use, without the aid of parliament; be it therefore enacted, &c.

The waste ground in the Strand on which the new church is to be built, yested in the commissioners appointed by letters patent bearing date 27 Sept. 2712. Such church to be deemed one of the sity new ones. A street way and passage to be left on the north side and east end of the sid thurch.

IV. And whereas by an act made in the first session of this present

a private act. parliament, intituled, An act for confirming to the principal and scholars of King's Hall and college of Brazen Nose in the university of Oxon, the purchase of the advowlons of Stepney and other churches, and for fettling the same to the benefit of the said college, it is provided, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said principal and scholars, and their successors, upon every vacancy, from time to time, to nominate and appoint respectively fit slerks to officiate in the chapel of Stratford-Bow, and in all other sburches or c'apels that then were or should be built, within the parish of Stebunheath alias Stepney in the county of Middlesex, and to receive the profits belonging to the same: and whereas by a clause in an act made in the second sessions of this present parliament, inti-To Ann. c. 11. tuled, An act for enlarging the time given to the commissioners appointed by her Majesty, pursuant to an act for granting to her Majesty several duties on coals, for building fifty new churches, in and about the cities of London and Westminster and suburbs thereof, and other purposes therein mentioned; and also for giving the said commissioners further powers for better effecting the fame, and for appointing monies for rebuilding the parish church of Saint Mary Woolnoth in the city of London, is is enacted. That in every new church and parish to be crected or constituted

any limital pursuant to the same ast (other than such shapels to, according to the same ast, should be converted into paractical churches) the sirst-rester should be nominated and appointed by her Majesty, of and in such men church and parish; in which ast there being no enginess saming to the said principal and scholars, and their successors, of their right upon every meanny, from time to time, to meminate or present respectively sit clerks to efficiate, as aforesaid, it may happen to be controverted, whether the first rester in every new church and partish, to be erested or constituted pursuant to the same ast, in the said parish of Suchunheath alias Stepney, and also in such chapels within the same parish as should be converted into parachial churches, pursuant to the same ast, might belong to the said principal and scholars, and their successors, to nominate and appoint: now for the preventing of all such controversies, it is hereby enacted, is a

The principal and icholars of Brazen Noie in Oxford, shall nominate the sist rector in every new church or chapel turned into a church in Stepney parist. Nothing in this act shall prejudice the right, &c. of John Walker, &t.

# CAP. XVIII.

An all for making perpetual the all made in the thirteenth and fourseenth years of the reign of the late King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for the better relief of the poor of this kingdom; and that perfons bound apprentices to, or being bired servants with persons coming with certificates, shall not gain settlements by such services or apprenticeships i and for making perpetual the all made in the shall pear of her present Majeky's reign, intituled, An act for the importation of cochineal from any ports in spain, during the present war, and six months longer; and for reviving a clause in an all made in the ninth and tenth years of the reign of the late King William, intituled, An act for settling the trade to Africa, for allowing severge topper hars imported, to be exported.

WHEREAS an act made in the thirteenth and faurteenth 13-& 14 Cax. 20.

Wyears of the reign of the late King Charles the Second, inti-C. 12.

Mied, An act for the better relief of the poor of this kingdom, was enacted, to have continuance (except what related to the corporations therein mentioned, and thereby constituted) only until the twenty-minth day of May one thousand six hundred sixty sive, and from themse to the end of the sirst sessions of the next parliament; which said act, by an act made in the sirst year of the reign of the late King James the Second, (except what related to the corporations therein mentioned, and thereby constituted) was enacted to be in sorce 1 Jac. 2. C. 17. If the sirst say of May one thousand six hundred eighty-five, and so to continue for the space of seven years, and from thence to the end of the next selfens of parliament; and by an act made in the third and south years of the reign of King William and Queen Mary,

3 & 4 W. & M. the faid all (as to subst therein related to the fatilement of the poor) C. 11. was enacted to be in force from the first day of March our thousand fix hundred ninety-ane; but no provision was thereby made for continuing divers other parts of the faid all, which faid all, intitaled, An act for the better relief of the poor of this kingdom, es to ell

parts thereof, not montioned and continued in and by the faid all made 4 & 5 W. & M. in the third and fourth years of their late Majesties (other than and C. 24. f. 11, except what relates to the corporations mentioned in the faid att, [ For the better relief of the poor of this kingdom, and thereby son-

flituted) was, by an act made in the fourth and fifth years of the reign of their late Majesties, continued only for the space of seven years, from the thirteenth day of February one thousand fix bundred ninety-two, and from thence to the end of the next session of parliament; which said att afterwards by an att of the eleventh and twelfth

21 & 12 W. 3. years of the reign of the late King William the Third, intituled, An C. 13. act for continuing several laws therein mentioned, was continued anly for seven years, from the twenty-ninth day of September one theuland seven bundred; and which said act of the thirteenth and

s Ann. c. 34. fourteenth years of the reign of the faid late King Charles the Second. intituled, An act for the better relief of the poor of this kingdom, by an act made in the fifth year of the reign of ber prefent Maisfly, intituled, An act for continuing the laws therein mentioned relating to the poor, and to the buying and felling of cattle in Smithfield, and for suppressing of piracy, was enasted to be in force from the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and seven (except what relates to the corporations therein mentioned, and thereby constituted) only for seven years, and from thence to the end of the next sessions of parliament; which said all of the thirteenth and fourteenth years of the reign of the faid late King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for the better relief of the poor of this kingdom, being found to be a very useful and nevessary

law, and being near expiring; be it therefore enacted by the Amended by 11 Geo. 1. Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and con-C. 29. fent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this

present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That the faid act, made in the thirteenth and fourteenth years The act 13 & 34 Car. 2. c. 12. of the faid late King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for the better relief of the poor of this kingdom, shall be and is hereby

made perpetual. made perpetual. II. And whereas by an act made in the eighth and ninth years of the

reign of the late King William the Third, intituled, An act for fapplying some defects in the laws for the relief of the poor of this kingdom, It was amongst other things enacted, in the words following, (viz.) That if any person or persons uphatsoever, that from and after the first day of May one thousand six hundred ninety-seven shall come into any parish, or other place, there to inhabit or reside, shall, at the Jame time, procure, bring, and deliver to the churchwardens or over-Jeers of the poor of the parish or place where any such person shall come to inhabit, or to any or either of them, a certificate under the bands and feals of the churchwardens and overfeers of the poor of any other parish township or place, or the major part of them, or under

8 & 9 W. 3. C. 33.

the bands and facts of the overfeers of the poor of any other place. where there are at churchwardens, to be atteffed respectively by true or more credible witnesses, thereby occuring and atknowledging the perfen or perfous mentioned in the faid certificate, to be an inhabitant or mbedients legally settled in that parish, township or place, every fuch certificate having been allowed of and fubficribed by two or more of the justines of the peace of the county, city, liberty, borough, or town corporate, suberein the parifib or place, from subence any fuch certificate fault come, doth lie, shall oblige the faid parifib or place to receive and provide for the perfen mentioned in the faid certificate, together with his or her family, as inhabitants of that parify, whenever be, he, at they shall bappen to become chargeable to, or be forced to ask relief of the parish, township or place, to which such certificate was given; and then, and not before, it shall and may be lawful for eny such person, and his or her children, though born in that parish, not having otherwise acquired a legal settlement there, to be removed, conveyed, and settled in the parish or place from whence such certificate was brought: and whereas many persons obtaining and bringing such artificates, do frequently take apprentices, bound by indenture, and bire and keep Jervants by the year, who, by reason of such apprenticebips and services, do gain settlements in, and become a great burthen to feet parishes, townships and places, though such masters coming with such certificates have, by virtue thereof, no settlements in hub parishes, toxonships or places: for remedy whereof, it is de-Aster 24 June elared and enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if any per- 1713. any perfon whatfoever, who, upon or after the four and twentieth day fon bound apprentice, or of June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, shall be an being a hired apprentice, bound by indenture to, or shall, upon or after the servant, to one faid four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hun- who came into dred and thirteen, be a hired fervant to or with any person whathever, who did come into or shall reside in any parish, town- shall not gain thip or place, in that part of Great Britain called England, by a settlement mans or licence of such certificate, and not afterwards having there by rea-gamed a legal settlement in such parish, township or place, such prenticeship, apprentice, by virtue of fuch apprenticeship, indenture or bind- &c. ing, and such servant by being hired by, or serving as a servant, as aforefaid, to fuch person, shall not gain or be adjudged to have any fettlement in fuch parish, township or place, by reafon of such apprenticeship or binding, or by reason of such hiring or ferving therein; but every such apprentice and servant shall have his and their settlements in such parish, township or place, as if he or they had not been bound apprentice or apprentices, or had not been an hired fervant or fervants to fuch perfon, as aforefaid; any act or acts of parliament to the contrary notwithst anding.

III. And whereas cochineal being of the growth of the Spanish West Indies, is of principal use in dying of clothes, and other the woollen manusactures of this kingdom, scarlets, purples, and other colours called grain colours, to the great improvement thereof, and implying of great numbers of her Majesty's subjects, in simishing and persecting such woollen manusacture: and whereas before the act

pasted

passed in the firsth year of her present Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the importation of cochineal from any ports in Spain, during the present war, and six months longer, cochineal could not be imported into this kingdom, but from the places of its growth, although the same was then, and is now fold at cheaper rates in feveral parts of Europe, and used as well in dying the said manufactures of this kingdom abroad, as also foreign manufactures, at lower prizes than her Majesty's subjects can, to the incouragement of foreign weellen manufactures, and the great projudite of those of this kingdom, and impoverishment of many of her Majesty's subjects im-

c. 33. made perpetual.

played therein, if the faid all should not be further continued; be it Theact 6 Ann. therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said act made in the fixth year of her present Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the importation of cochineal from any ports in Spain, during the present war, and six months langer, shall be and is hereby made perpetual; any act or acts of parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

e & 10 W. 1. c. 26.

. IV. And whereas in an all made in the ninth and tenth years of the reign of the late King William, intituled, An act to fettle the trade to Africa, a claufe was enacted in the words following, viz. And whereas by an act of parliament made in the fifth and fixth years of the reign of his present Majesty, and the late Queen Mary, amongst other things, it was enacted, That no other copper then what is made of English ore only, should be exported, which proving very prejudicial to the trade of England, by enabling foreigners to expart copper much cheaper than it can be carried from England; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any of his Majesty's subjects to export from England all such copper bars, as hath or shall be imported into England from foreign parts, and upon expertation shall draw back all duties, or vacate the securities, saving the half of the old subsidy, as is usual in other commodities: which clause being expired; and forafmuch as the compermanufacture of this kingdom is brought to fuch perfection, that there The chause in is more made than can be expended here and in the plantations; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the faid 20 W. 3 C 16. clause, and every matter and thing therein contained, shall be and is hereby immediately, from and after the time of the expiration thereof, revived in full force, and shall be and is

the act y & selating to the exportation of copper bars imported, continued for 14 уе́агь, &с.

No drawback

except for

ment, and no longer. V. Provided nevertheless, and be it enacted. That no drawback shall be allowed on the exportation of any copper, but East India and such as hath been or shall be imported from the *East Indies* and the coast of Barbary only. Continued with 9 & 10 W. 3. r. 26. /. IQ.

hereby continued for and during the space and term of fourteen

years, and from thence to the end of the next session of parlia-

Barbary cop-DET. See 13 Geo. 1. C. 27.

Anno Regni ANNÆ Reginæ Magnæ Britaunia, Francia & Hibernia, duodecimo, Stat. 2.

A T' the parliament summoned to be beld at Westminster. 1 the twelfth day of November, Anno Domini one thouland seven bundred and thirteen, in the swelfth year of the nigs of our sovereign Lady Anne, by the grace of God, of Great Britain, France and Ireland, Queen, defender of the faith, &cc. And by several writs of provogation begun and bolden on the fixteenth day of February one thousand seven bundred and thirteen (a) and by several adjournments conting words are nued to the ninth day of July in the thirteenth year of her added from the Majely's reign. Being the first session of this present par-involunant. lianent.

#### CAP. I.

An act for granting an aid to her Majesty, to be raised by a land-tax in Great Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and fourteen. E & P. st. in the pound.

#### ·CAP. IL

An all for allowing a drawback upon the exportation of sait, to be made use of for the curing of fish taken at North seas, or at Isleland.

THEREAS the fishing for cod in the North state, and at Heland, gives great employment to the navigation of this lingdom, and breeds up great numbers of hurdy and industrious marivers for defence of the realm, and improvement of commerce; and whereas the faid fifting trade connet be fo effectivally carried on, undefe fait for curing cod taken there, may be bad free of excise; for the preferration therefore, and incouragement of the faid trade, be it spaced by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this prefent parliament affembled, and by the author rity of the same, That the master of any boat or vessel bound Master of a on a fishing voyage to the North seas, or Isleland, may take on vessel bound to board his faid boat or vessel, in any port of Great Britain, such the North seas, quantities of British salt, as he shall judge proper and necessary British salt on the his salt of the s for his faid voyage, fuch mafter paying or giving security to pay board, giving the duties due and payable for the same; which money shall be security to pay repaid, or security shall be discharged, in such manner as is the duties. herein after mentioned.

II. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the Officer where officer of the place where the faid falt was made, and the duties the falt was made, and the duties the falt was made, sec. to thereof paid, or fecured to be paid, shall, upon demand, degive the maliver gratis to such master of the vessel, a certificate, under his teracertificate

hand of the quantity shipped.

hand and feal, of the particular quantity of falt shipped on board his velled for the North leas, or Isoland, and that the duties on fuch falt have been paid or secured to be paid.

Codhih, &c. may be imported, on oath made that it came from the and so as the fish be tendred to the officer of the duti:s, to have part of the tail cut off.

- III. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That codfish, ling or hake, which have been caught and cured at the North seas, or at Isleland, may be imported and landed, so as gath be first made before the landing thereof, by the owner or proprietor of such fish, or the master of the vessel, before the North seas, &c. officer for the said duties in the port or place where such fishr shall be imported, brought in, or landed, (who is hereby im-. powered and required to administer the same, without see or charge) That all the fish so imported came from the North seas, or Isleland, and were caught and cured there, and so as the said fish be, at the landing thereof, and before the same be removed from the shore, tendred to the officer of the port for the said duties, to have part of the tail of every such codfish, ling or hake, cut off, that no allowance for fuch fifth be obtained upon 'exportation; and the faid officer is hereby impowered and re-Fishlanded be- quired to cut off part of the tail of all such fish on the importation thereof; and in case any such fish shall be landed before the same shall be tendred to the officer, to have part of the tail cut off, as aforefaid, all the fish so landed shall be forfeited, and double the value thereof, to be recovered of the importer or

fore to tendred shall be forfeited.

. . . .

\* \* "

Foul falt to be thrown overboard.

proprietor thereof.

IV. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any of the falt to made use of in curing of fish shall remain, such foul falt shall be thrown over board and destroyed, in the pre-Ience of the officer for the falt-duties for such port, before the collector shall sign his certificate.

Salt not used. may be relanded, so as an entry be

V. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid. That if it shall happen, that any of the salt so taken on board for curing of fish, shall not have been used for that purpose, it shall and made thereof. may be lawful to and for the master of such ship or vessel to land the faid falt, fo as an entry be made thereof within ten days after his coming into any port in Great Britain that he shall first arrive at, and the duties paid down for the same, before fuch falt, or any part thereof, shall be landed or taken out of any such thip or vessel: and if such master shall neglect or ter the falt, it refuse to enter such falt, in such port where he shall first arrive. thall-be for and pay down the duties for the same within the said ten days (except in case of his being driven into any port, or detained there by firefs of weather or contrary winds, or other unavoid-, able necessities) then and in such case all the salt on board such fhip or vessel shall be forfeited, and double the value thereof, to be recovered of the owner or proprietor of such fish, or the master of the vessel, or the person commanding the same in that voyage.

Master neg. lecting to enfeited and double the value.

لأمرانه مراضه

On producing VI. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the a certificate of master of such boat or vessel, upon producing to the collector the quantity of the falt-duties for the port where he imports his fish, such taken on board, ec. and certificate of the quantity of falt taken on board, and that the :...A., dutics

🕻 🐪 Z. C. 🐔

duties of it were paid or fecured to be paid; and making eath on eath made before the faid collector, of the particular quantity of the fait in of how much fuch certificate mentioned, that was made use of in curing of curing, &cc. codfish, ling or hake, caught and cured at the North lea, or at the security Island, and that the faid fish have been all marked, as afore-given for the faid, that there may be no allowance obtained for the fame payment of upon exportation (which oath the faid collector is hereby important the duties shall be discharged, powered and required to administer without see or charge) shall and the collector is the fail and the collector is the f receive gratis from the faid collector a certificate of the fame, lector shall rewhich, together with a certificate of payment of the duty of the Pay the duries remainder of the falt taken in for that voyage, if there than be without fee, any remainder, (which certificate he shall also receive gratis) being produced to the collector of the fait-duties for the place where the duties on the faid falt were paid or fecured to be paid, fuch security shall be discharged, and all and every sum and films of money paid for the duty of the faid falt, shall be repaid apon demand by the faid collector, without fee or reward.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, The duties of That if the master of any such boat or vessel shall have taken in falt that peany quantity of British' salt, for the curing of fish in the North rished at sea, fers, or at Island, as aforesaid, the duties of the salt having or was taken been paid or secured to be paid, and the vessel on which such shall be repaid. falt, as aforefaid, is thipped, thall either perish at sea, or be taken by enemies with such falt on board her, that in such case any merchant or person, owner of the said salt, shall, upon proof made before the justices of the peace at the quarter-fefsions held for the county, riding, division or town, wherein he doth inhabit, of the loss of such salt so shipped, receive from the faid fessions a certificate that such proof was made before them, and upon producing the faid certificate to the officer of the place, where the duty on such falt shall have been paid or secured to be paid, such security shall be discharged, and so much money, as was actually paid for the duty of the faid falt, shall be repaid upon demand by the said officer, without fee or reward, provided such proof be made within nine months after

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefuld, One half of the That all penalties and forfeitures given by this or any former forteitures law, relating to the duties of excise upon salt, shall be diffri-shall be to the buted in manner following, (that is to fay) one moiety thereof crown, the to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, and the other moiety other to the to the officer or officers who shall seize, sue, or inform for the be recovered fame, to be fued for, recovered and levied, in such manner and as by the laws form, and with fuch power of mitigation, as any fine, penalty of excite. or forfeiture may be fued for, recovered, levied, and mitigated by any law of excise, or by action of debt, bill, plaint or information, in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Westminster; and all and every officer and officers for the said duties on salt, are hereby authorized and impowered to seize all salt and other things which by this or any former act or law relating to the duties un falt are declared to be forfeited.

IX. And

fuch loss or taking, as aforesaid.

Anne dusticcime ANN. Stat. 2, 0.2. [1713.

General issue.

· IX. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid. That if any person or persons shall at any time be sued or profecuted for any thing by him or them done or executed in purfuance of this; or any other of the flatutes relating to the duties of excise upon falt, or the powers thereby given, he or they shall or may plead the general issue, and give this act and the special matter in evidence for his desence; and if upon a trial, a verdict shall pass for the defendant or defendants, or the plaintiff or plaintiffs become nonfuit, discontinue, or forbear profecuting the faid actions, then such desendant and desendants shall have double costs to him or them awarded, against such plaintiff or plaintiffs, for which costs he shall have remedy, as in other cases where costs are by law given to defendants.

# CAP. III.

An act for charging and continuing the duties upon malt, mum, cyder and perry, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and fourteen; and for the encouragement of the distilling brandy from malted corn and cyder; and fer making forth duplicates of Exchequer bills and lottery tickets, left, burnt or destroyed; and to enable the governor and company of the bank of England, and others, to lend money upon South Sea flock.

IX. A ND whereas in and by one net of parliament made in the

In fifth year of the reign of Queen Elizabeth, instituted, An

e Eliz. c. 4. Ž 31.

> act containing divers orders for artificers, labourers, fervants of hulbandry and apprentices, it is enacted in the words following; he it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That after the siffe day of May next caming, it shall not be lawful to any person or perlons, other than such as now do lawfully use or exercise any art, mystery, or manual accupation, to set up, occupy, use or exercise any craft, mystery or occupation, now used or occupied within this realing of England or Wales, except he shall have been brought up therein seven years at the least as an apprentice, in manner and form above said, nor to set any person on work in such mystery, art or accupation, being not a workman at this day, except he shall have been apprentice, as is aforefaid, or elfe having served as an apprentice, as is aferefaid, shall or will become a journeyman, or hired by the year. upon pain that every person willingly offending or doing the controry, shall for feit and lose for every default forty stillings for every month: upon which aforefaid statute, several distillers of brandy or spirits made from British malt or cyder, stand indicted for not baving served feven years, as afarefaid, to the great discouragement of the confumbtion of malted corn and cyder, and destructive to ber Majesty's revenue of excise; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That any person or persons shall or may distil brandy or spirits made from British malt or cyder, and such person or persons

shall not be prosecuted for so doing by virtue of the aforesaid

Por the appli-cation of the duties granted by:this act, fee E. g. of this feffey, J. 69.

Any perion may diffil brandy from British malt, Ŀс.

Anno duodecimo shaws colleta a: (5.2) 1 17+31

flature, or any claufe, master on thing contained therein to the contrary not with flanding.

X. And supernes in and by an act. of parliament made and peffed in the tenth year of her Majesty's raign, for leging duties upon seas, and other, masters therein mentioned, it was among ft, other things masted. That it should and might balknushel to and for the respectine tressurers of the many and ordinance, and the respective paymesters of Clause to enathe guards, garrifons and land farces for the time being, on any other ble the bank officers or perfores, who then were on afterwards foould be entitled (for of England, the publick use and benefit . So any parts or shares of the capital stack of advance mothe corporation arected by the name of the governor and company of ney on South merchants of Great Britain, trading to the South Seas and other Sea flock. parts of America, and for encouraging the fifteen (not being able to Ann. c. 19. lutely fold, epplied or disposed for some of the publick uses in that act 1, 185 Aug -1 mentioned) from time to time, by any warrant or warrants in writing from the high treasurer of Great Britain then being, as the high treasurer of Great Britain, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, (and not otherwise) to borrow any fun or funt of money, from any person or persons, natives or for reigners, bodies politick or corporate, who were or should be willing to advance or lend the same upon credit of the said publick flock, or any part thereof, and to allow interest, not exceeding the rate of fix pounds per cent, per ann. fer the forbegrance thereof, as is therein monhished, and to affign, mortgage, and transfer such respective spares of the said stock, whereupon such sums of money should be agreed to be so lent, to the respective lenders thereof, or such as they severally and respectively should appoint, and to their executors, administrators, sususors and assigns respectively, upon such conditions of redemption, and under such agreements for the sale of the stock so morigaged, for making default in the repayment of the money to be bornowed thereupon, or for non-payment of the interest thereof, and subject to such other conditions, and in such manner and form, as in such quarrant and warrants respectively should be prescribed in that behalf, and that all the maney subich should be borrowed upon credit of such stock, as estresque, should be applied and disposed by the said treasurers, payreflery or others respectively chargeable therewith, to such publick Hes whereunts the faid flock so to be mortgaged would have been appluable by or in parsuance of another act in the said recited oct mentioned, if no fuch mortgage, affignment or transfer had been made, and 4 no other use, intent or purpose whatsoever; and that the said treewers, paymasters, and other officers, horrowing the said monies, bould be enfoyerable for the application thereof accordingly; and that the faid company should not be responsible for permitting the stock to be le transferred, as if the same were unduly transferred; and that the unders of fuch money should not be chargeable with the application percef to the faid uses, as by the faid att of the tenth year of her Ma- 10 Ann, c. 19 left's reign man more fully appear: and whereas some doubt bath been made, subether the governor and company of the bank of England (upith regard to certain referictions contained in former acts of parliament) might lawfully lend money upon credit of the said publick flech pursuant to the said act in that behalf: for obviating of

Apato dusdesimo AMMAS. Stat. 2. C. 4, 5. [1713]

swhich doubt, it is declared and enacted by this prefeat act, That it shall and may be lawful, as well to and for the governor and company of the bank of England, as to and for any other person or persons, natives and foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, to advance and lend fuch fum and fums of money. as they, or any, of them, shall think fit, to the said treasurers, paymasters, and others, or any of them, upon credit of the publick flock before mentioned, or any part thereof, at such interest, and upon such affiguments, mortgages or transfers, subject to such conditions of redemption, and with such agreements for selling the stock so mortgaged, in case of non-payment of the principal or interest, and in all other respects according to the forms prescribed in the said recited act of parliament in that so Ann. c. 19. behalf; any former act or acts of parliament, or any restrictions, prohibitions, penalties, forfeitures, claufes, matters or things therein contained to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

CAP. IV.

An act for the better regulating the forces to be continued in her Majesty's service, and for the payment of the said sorces, and of their quarters. EXP.

#### CAP. V.

An all for taking away the new additional duty of thirty pounds per centum ad valorem, imposed upon all books and prints imported into Great Britain, by an all made in the tenth year of the reign of her present majesty Queen

20 Ann. c. 19. £ 33.

t 1, 137 .

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1 6.15

XITHEREAS by divers acts of parliament heretofore made, several duties have been laid upon all books and prints imported into Great Britain: and whereas by an act made in the tenth year of the reign of her present majesty Queen Anne, a further duty of thirty pounds per centum ad valorem was laid upon all books and prints imported into Great Britain; which said additional duty of thirty pounds per centum has been found, by experience, to have tended very much to the discouragement of learning, and to have been prejudicial to the other duties formerly laid: be it therefore enacted After 24 June by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice 1714, the duty and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this prefent parliament affembled, and by the authority of

the same, That from and after the four and twentieth day of

Tune one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, the said duty of

thifty pounds per centum ad valorem thall not be charged, levied,

or collected upon any books or prints imported into Great

Britain, but the faid duty is hereby absolutely discharged and

taken away; and the faid act, so far only as it relates to the said duty of thirty pounds per tentum ad valorem, shall be and is

hereby absolutely repealed.

of 30l, per cent. ad valorem, laid on books and prints imported, by 10 Ann. c. 19, taken away.

## CAP. VI.

An all for taking away mortuaries within the dibceses of Bangor, Landaff, St. Davids, and St. Asaph, and giving a recompense therefore to the bishops of the said respellive dioceses: and for confirming several letters patents. granted by ber Majesty, for perpetually annexing a prebend of Gloucester to the mastership of Pembroke college in Oxford; and a prebend of Rochester to the provostship of Oriel coilege in Oxford; and a prebend of Norwich to the mastership of Catharine ball in Cambridge.

WHEREAS by an act of parliament passed in the one and 21 H. S. c. (1 twentieth year of the reign of the late King Henry the Sect. 7. Eighth, intituled, An act where mortuaries ought to be paid, for what persons, and how much, and in what case none is due, and by a proviso or clause therein contained, it is provided (among other things) That it shall be lawful to the bishops of Bangor, Landaff, St. Davids, and St. Asaph, to take such mortuaries of the priests within their dioceses and jurisdictions as thentofore had been accustomed; and the bishops of the said dioceses for the time being have accordingly used to demand and take, and continue to demand and take mortuaries upon the death of any clergyman within their said discofes and jurifdictions; which said mortuaries consisting of several of the best goods of the deceased, do oftentimes amount to a very considrable part of his estate, and the payment thereof does very much lessen that small provision which generally the clergy of those dioceses are able to make for the support of their families, and tends to the great improverishing of the same: for the remedying whereof for the fature, and for abolishing and taking away all mortuaries or corse-presents, and the custom or usage of taking and paying mortuaries or corse-presents upon the death of clergymen within the said dioceses and jurisdictions: and to the end a reasonable recompense and satisfaction for the same may be provided and established for the bishops of the said dious for ever: be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most ex- The clause in tellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the the recited lords spiritual and temporal and of the commons, in this present act, so far as it Parliament affembled, and by the authority of the fame, That taking any the faid proviso or clause in the faid act, and all and every mortuary in Proviso or clause in the same act, so far as the same do or doth the dioceses of relate to the taking any mortuary or corfe-present upon the Bangor, Landeath of any clergyman within the faid respective dioceses or vid's, and junidictions, shall immediately, from and after the respective St. Asaph, retimes herein after mentioned, that is to say, within the said pealed. diocese of St. Asaph from and after the four and twentieth day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fourteen; and within the said diocese of Bangor, immediately from and after such time any rectory fine cura shall next happen to be void and be in the collation of the present bishop of the had diocese of Banger, or of any of his successors; and within Vol. XIII.

the faid diocese of Landaff, immediately from and after such

time as the treasurership, with the prebend thereto annexed, founded in the cathedral church of Landoff, shall next happen to be void, such treasurership and prebend being in the collation of the bishop of the said diocese of Landaff; and within the faid diocese of St. Davids, immediately from and after such time as the prebend of Langamerch, founded in the collegiate church of Brecon, now enjoyed by John Medley, archdeacon of St. Davids, shall next happen to be void, the same being in the collation of the bishop of St. Davids, stand and be absolutely repealed, annulled, and void, and all and every, and any custom, and usage of and for paying, demanding, or taking any mortuary or corfe-present, or any goods, thing or things, for or in the name of a mortuary or corfe-prefent, upon the death of any elergyman within the faid respective dioceses or jurisdictions, shall, from the respective times aforesaid, for ever, be absolutely abolished and void; and no mortuary or corse-present, or fum or fums of money for or in lieu of the fame, or in the name thereof, shall be yielded, paid, answered or fatisfied, or be due or payable by any person or persons, to any bishop of either of the faid dioceles, or other person or persons claiming by, from, or under any such bishop: and that from and after the respective times aforesaid, it shall not be lawful to or for the respective bishops of the said dioceses, or any of them, their, or any, or either of their successors, farmers, bailiffs, or lesses, or any of them, or any other person or persons whatsoever, claiming by or under such bishops, or any or either of them, to take, receive, or demand of any person or persons, any manner of mortuary or corfe-present, or any sum or sums of money, or other thing, for or in the name, lieu or flead of any mortuary or corfe-prefent, or to convene, cite, fue or profecute any perfon or persons before any judge spiritual, or in any of her Majesty's courts of law, or other court whatsoever, for the recovery of, or for, touching or concerning any mortuary or corfepresent, or any thing in lieu thereof, for or by reason or on aecount of the death of any priest or clergyman within the said re-

said dioceses shall not take any mortuaries after the times limited above.

And the bishops of the

> custom or usage whatever, to the contrary notwithstanding. II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in recompense and satisfaction to the bishop of St. Asaph and his fuccessors, for such mortuaries as might arise or become due or payable to the faid bishop of St. Asaph, or his succession fors, by virtue of the said recited act, upon the death of any priest or clergyman, the rectory sine cure, which shall first after the said four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, happen to be void, and be in the collation of the bishop of the said diocese of St. Asaph, or any of his fuccesfors, shall immediately upon such vacancy, and from thenceforth be annexed and united to the said bushoprick of St. Asaph for ever, and all and every the profits, rights, dues, benefits

> spective dioceses or jurisdictions, at any time after the respective times aforesaid; any thing in the said recited act, or any law,

Recommense to the bishop of St. Alaph and his fucceffors, for fuch mortuaries.

and advantages whatfoever of the fame rectory, or thereto in any wife belonging or appertaining, shall or may be had, received, taken and injoyed by the bishop of the said diocese and his successors for ever.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Recompense That in recompense and satisfaction to the bishop of Bangor and to the bishop his successors, for such mortuaries as might arise or become due of Bangor, & or payable to the faid bishop of Bangor, or his successors, by virtue of the faid recited act, upon the death of any priest or clergymen, the rectory fine Cura, which shall next happen to be void, and be in the collation of the bishop of the said diocese of Banger, or any of his fuccessors, shall, immediately upon such vacancy, and from thenceforth be annexed and united to the said bishoprick of Bangor for ever; and all and every the profits, rights, dues, benefits and advantages whatfoever of the fame rectory, or thereto in any wife belonging or appertaining, shall or may be had, received, taken, and enjoyed by the bishop of the said diocele of Banger and his successors for ever.

IV. Provided always, That nothing in this act shall extend The bishops of to enable any bishop in either of the said dioceses of St. Asaph St. Asaph and and Bongor, to demise, let, or set, and that it shall not be law- Bangor, shall ful to or for the bilhops of either of the faid dioceles, or any of rectories units their successors, to demise, lease, set, or let to farm, or other- ed to their wife, either of fuch rectories fine Cura, annexed and united to bishopricks for the respective bishopricks of St. Asaph and Banger, as aforemen-any longer tioned, or any the rights, dues, benefits, or profits thereof, for they continue any longer time than such bishop, by whom any lease of either bishops. of the faid rectories fine Cura shall be made, shall continue bishop of the said diocese; any statute, law, or usage whatsoever

to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Recompense in recompense and satisfaction to the bishop of Landaff and his to the bishop luccessors, for such mortuaries as might arise or become due or of Landass Payable to the said bishop of Landaff, or his successors, by virtue of the faid recited act, upon the death of any priest or clergyman, whenfoever the treasurership, with the prebend thereto annexed, founded in the cathedral church of Landaff, shall next happen to be void, the faid treasurership and prebend shall, immediately upon such vacancy, and from thenceforth be annexed and united to the faid bishoprick of Landaff for ever; and all and every the profits, rights, dues, benefits, and advantages whatfoever, of the faid treasurership and prebend, or thereto in any wife belonging or appertaining, shall or may be had, received, taken and enjoyed by the bishop of the said diocese of Landoff and his fucceffors for ever.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, To the bishop That in recompence and satisfaction to the bishop of St. Davids of St. Davids. and his successors, for such mortuaries as might arise or become due or payable to the said bishop of St. Davids, or his successors, by virtue of the faid recited act, upon the death of any priest or clergyman, when soever the faid prebend of Langamerch shall next

happen to be void, the faid prebend shall, immediately upon fuch vacancy, and from thenceforth be annexed and united to the said bishoprick of St. Davids for ever; and all and every the profits, rights, dues, benefits, and advantages whatfoever, of the same prebend, or thereto in any wife belonging or appertaining, shall or may be had, received, taken and enjoyed by the bishop of the said diocese of St. Davids and his successors for ever, in as full and ample manner as the faid John Medley now hath or enjoyed, or might or ought to have and enjoy the same.

The Queen's letters patents to the master of Pembroke the provoit of Oriel college in Oxon, and of Katherine hall in Cambridge, confirmed.

VII. And whereas her Majesty has been graciously pleased, by her letters patents under the great feal of Great Britain, bearing date at Westminster the eleventh day of November in the twelfth year of college, and to her reign, to incorporate Collwell Brickenden doctor in divinity, the master of Pembroke college in the university of Oxford, and his successors, masters of the same college, by the name, stile and title of mato the warden ster of Pembroke college in the university of Oxford; and did thereby grant to the faid master and his successors, masters of the same college, for their better support and maintenance, that canonship or prebend in the cathedral church of the holy and undivided Trinity of Gloucester, which should first happen to be void, and in the gift of her Majesty, her heirs and successors, from and after the date of the faid grant; to have and to hold the faid canonship or prebend, to the faid Collwell Brickenden master of the said college, and his successors, masters of the same college, of her Majesty, her heirs and successors, in pure and perpetual alms, for and during his and their respective continuance in the faid mastership; and did thereby likewise unite such canonship or prebend, as aforesaid, to the said corporation for ever: and whereas her Majesty has been also graciously pleased, by other her letters patents under the great seal of Great Britain, bearing date at Westminster the fourteenth day of January in the twelfth year of her reign, to incorporate George Carter doctor in divinity, the provost of Oriel college in the university of Oxford, and his successors, provosts of the same college, by the name, slile and title of provost of the house of the blessed virgin Mary in Oxon, commonly called Oriel college, of the foundation of Edward the Second, some time King of England, of famous memory; and did thereby grant to the said prowost, and his successors, provosts of the same college, for their better support and maintenance, that canonship or prebend in the cathedral church of Christ, and of the bleffed virgin Mary of Rochester, which should first happen to be void, and in the gift of her Majesty, her heirs and successors, from and after the date of the said grant : faving always the right of the arch-deacons of the faid church for the time being, to one of the said canonships, by virtue of a former grant; to have and to hold the faid canonship or prebend, to the said George Carter, provost of the said college, and his successors, provosts of the same college, of her Majesty, her heirs and successors, in pure and perpetual alms, for and during his and their continuance in the faid provostship; and did thereby likewise unite such canonship or prebend, as aforesaid, to the said corporation for ever: and whereas her Majesty bas been further gratiously pleased, by other her letters patents under the great seal of Great Britain, bearing date at Westminster the fix and

and twentieth day of April in the thirteenth year of her reign, to incorporate Thomas Sherlock doctor in divinity, master or warden of St. Catharine's college or hall in the university of Cambridge, and bis successors, masters or wardens of the said college or hall, by the name, stile, and title of master or warden of St. Catharine's college or hall in the university of Cambridge; and did thereby grant to the said master or warden, and his successors, masters or wardens of the same college or ball, for their better support and maintenance, that canonship or prebend in the cathedral church of the holy and undivided Trinity in Norwich, of the foundation of King Edward the Sixth, which should first bappen to be void, and in the gift of her Majesty, ber beirs and successors, from and after the date of the said grant; to have and held the said canonship or prebend to the said Thomas Sherlock, master or warden of the said college or hall, and his suc-cessors, masters or wardens of the same college or hall, of her Majefly, her beirs and successors, in pure and perpetual alms for and during his and their continuance in the said mastership or wardenship; and did thereby likewife unite such canonship or prebend, as aforesaid, to the laid corporation for ever; as by the faid several and respective recited letters patents (relation being thereunto bad) may more fully and at large appear: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the faid several and respective recited letters patents, and all and fingular the clauses, articles and things therein respectively contained, shall be and are hereby ratified and confirmed, and the faid feveral and respective canonships or prebends shall be, from time to time, for ever, held and enjoyed, according to the true intent and meaning of the feveral and respective letters patents above recited.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That this act shall be taken A publick act. and allowed in all courts within this kingdom as a publick act.

IX. Saving nevertheless, and always reserved unto her Ma-Saving to the jefty, her heirs and successors, all and singular sirst-fruits and crown all tenths, in any wife due or payable to her Majesty, her heirs and first fruits, &c. for such rectosuccessors, for or in respect of such rectories fine Cura, and trea- ries, &c. furership, and prebend thereunto annexed, founded in the cathedral church of Landaff, and the faid prebend of Langamarch, and all such right and title, as her said Majesty hath in or to such first fruits and tenths, or any of them, and which shall continue to be levied and paid in like manner as heretofore; any thing herein contained to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

X. Saving also to the Queen's majesty, her heirs and success- Another savfors, and to the respective lessee or lessees of the said treasurer-ing to the thip, and prebend thereunto annexed, founded in the cathedral leffees, &c. church of Landaff, and to the said prebend of Langamarch, and to all and every other person or persons whatsoever, all such estate, right, title and interest, in, to, or out of the said treasurership and prebend thereto annexed, and the said prebend of Langamarch, as any such lessee or lessees, or other person or persons, have or might have or claim, in, to, or out of the said treasurership and prebend thereunto annexed, and the said pre-

bend of Langomarch, if this act had not passed.

#### CAP. VII.

An all to prevent the growth of schism, and for the further security of the churches of England and Ireland, as by law established.

intituled. An act for the uniformity of publick prayers, and administration of facraments, and other rites and ceremonies; and for establishing the form of making, ordaining, and confectating

fourteenth years of his late majesty King Charles the Second,

13 & 14 Car. 2. THEREAS by an act of parliament made in the thirteenth and C. 4.

bishops, priests and deacons in the church of England, it is, amongst other things enacted, That every schoolmaster keeping any publick or private school, and every person instructing or teaching any youth in any house or private family, as a tutor or schoolmaster, should subscribe before his or her respective archbishop, bishop or ordinary of the diocese, a declaration or acknowledgement, in which, among st other things was contained, as follows, viz. I A. B. do declare, That I will conform to the liturgy of the church of England, as it is now by law established; and if any schoolmaster, or other person instructing or teaching youth in any private house or family, as a tutor or schoolmaster, should instruct or teach any youth as a tutor or schoolmaster before licence obtained from his respective archbishep, bishop or ordinary of the discese, according to the laws and statutes of this realm, for which he should pay twelve peuce only, and before fuch subscription and acknowledgement made, as aforesaid, then every such schoolmaster and other instructing and teaching, as aforesaid, should, for the first offence, suffer three months imprisonment without bail or mainprize, and for every second and other such offence should suffer three months imprisonment without bail or mainprize, and also forfeit to his Majesty the sum of sive pounds: and whereas netwithstanding the said all, sundry papists and other persons dissenting from the ehurch of England, have taken upon them to instruct and teach youth as tutors or schoolmasters, and have for such purpose openly set up schools and seminaries, whereby, if due and speedy remedy be not bad, great danger might enfue to this church and flate: for the making the Jaid recited all more effectual, and preventing the danger of erefair. be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by has subscribed the authority of the same, That every person or persons who so much of the shall, from and after the first day of August next ensuing, keep declaration in any publick or private school or seminary, or teach and instruct as above, and any youth as tutor or schoolmaster, within that part of Greet Britain called England, the dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, before such person or persons shall have subthe bishop, &c. scribed so much of the said declaration and acknowledgement, as is before recited, and shall have had and obtained a licence from the respective archbishop, bishop, or ordinary of the place, under his seal of office (for which the party shall pay one shilling, and no more, over and above the duties payable to her Majesty

None shall keep a ichool in England, &c. before he the recited act. obtained a licence from

Majely for the same) and shall be thereof lawfully convicted. upon an information, prefentment, or indictment, in any of her Majesty's courts of record at Wastminster, or at the assizes, or before justices of eyer and terminer, shall and may be committed to the common gaol of such county, riding, city, or town corpo- On penalty of rate, as aforesaid, there to remain without bail or mainprize, for 3 months in-the space of three months, to commence from the time that such person or persons shall be received into the said goal.

II. Provided always, and be it hereby enacted, That no is Biften not to cence shall be granted by any archbishop, bishop, or ordinary, grant such liunless the person or persons who shall sue for the same, shall cence without produce a certificate of his or their having received the facrament certificate of the person's according to the usage of the church of England, in some parish having receiv. church, within the space of one year next before the grant of ed the sacrafuch licence, under the hand of the minister and one of the ment, taken church wardens of the faid parish, nor until such person or perina, sec. fons shall have taken and subscribed the oaths of allegiance and c, a supremacy, and abjuration, as appointed by law, and shall have made and subscribed the declaration against transubstantiation. contained in the act made in the twenty fifth year of the reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for preventing dangers which may happen from popish recusants, before the faid archbishop, bishop, or ordinary; which said oaths and declarations, the faid archbishop, bishop, or ordinary, are hereby impowered and required to administer and receive; and such archbishops, bishops, and ordinaries, are required to file such certificates, and keep on exact register of the same, and of the taking and subscribing fuch oaths and declarations.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Person having That any person who shall have obtained a licence, and subscribe a licence, and the declarations, and taken and subscribed the oaths, as above any convenappointed, and shall at any time after, during the time of his or ticle, &c.liable their keeping any publick or private school or seminary, or in- to the penalfructing any youth as tutor or schoolmaster, knowingly or wiland disabled
lingly, resort to, or be present at any conventicle, assembly, or from keeping meeting, within England, Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, any school. for the exercise of religion in any other manner than according to the liturgy and practice of the church of England, or shall knowingly and willingly be prefent at any meeting or affembly for the exercise of religion, although the liturgy be there used, where her Majesty (whom God long preserve) and the elector of Brunfwick, or such others as shall, from time to time, be lawfully appointed to be prayed for, shall not there be prayed for in express words, according to the liturgy of the church of England, except where such particular offices of the liturgy are uled, wherein there are no express directions to pray for her Majesty and the royal family, shall be liable to the penalties in this act, and shall from thenceforth be incapable of keeping any publick or private school or seminary, or instructing any youth as tutor or schoolmaster.

church

Penalty of teaching any other cate. chism than that in the Common prayer book.

keeping

schools with-

out licence.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if any person licensed, as aforesaid, shall teach any other gatechism than the catechism set forth in the book of common prayer, the licence of such person shall from thenceforth be void, and fuch person shall be liable to the penalties of this act.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That Punishment of it shall and may be lawful, to and for the bishop of the diocese, or other proper ordinary, to cite any perion or perions whatioever, keeping school or seminary, or teaching without licence as aforefaid, and to proceed against, and punish such person or perfons by ecclefiastical censure, subject to such appeals as in cases of ordinary jurisdiction; this act or any other law to the contrary notwithstanding.

None to be punished £wice.

No fecond profecution shall be while a former is depending.

VI. Provided always, That no person offending against this

act shall be punished twice for the same offence. VII. Provided always, That where any person shall be prosecuted without fraud or covin in any of the courts aforefaid, for any offence contrary to this act, the same person shall not be afterwards profecuted for the same offence in any of the said courts whilst such former prosecution shall be pending, and carried on without any wilful delay; and in case of any such afterprofecution, the person so doubly profecuted may alledge, plead, or shew forth in his defence against the same, such former prosecution pending, or judgment, or sentence thereupon given, the faid pleader first making oath before the judge or judges of the court where such after-prosecution shall be pending, and which faid oath he or they are hereby impowered and required to administer, that the said prior-prosecution was not commenced or carried on by his means, or with his confent or procurement, or by any fraud or collusion of any other person to his knowledge or belief.

to tutors in colleges, &c. nor in noblemens families.

Provided they qualify themíclves.

Nor to foreigners of reformed churches.

Not to extend VIII. Provided always, That this act, or any thing therein contained, shall not extend, or be construed to extend, to any tutor teaching or inftructing youth in any college or hall, within either of the universities of that part of Great Britain called England, nor to any tutor who shall be employed by any nobleman or noblewoman, to teach his or her own children, grandphildren, or great grand-children only, in his or her family; provided fuch tutor, fo teaching in any nobleman or noblewoman's family, do in every respect qualify himself according to this act, except only in that of taking a licence from the bithop.

IX. Provided also, That the penalties in this act shall not extend to any foreigner, or alien of the foreign reformed churches, allowed, or to be allowed by the Queen's majesty, her heirs or successors, in England, for instructing or teaching any child or children of any such foreigner or alien only, as a tutor or schoolmaster.

Conforming after conviction as by this act, thall be again capable

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person who shall have been convicted, as aforesaid, and thereby made incapable to teach or instruct any youth, as aforefaid, shall, after such conviction, conform to the church of England for the space of one year, without having of having a been present at any conventicle, assembly, or meeting, as afore-licence, &c. faid, and receive the sacrament of the Lord's supper according to the rites and usage of the church of England, at least three times in that year, every such person or persons shall be again capable of having and using a licence to teach school, or to instruct youth as a tutor or schoolmaster, he or they also performing all that is made requisite thereunto by this act.

XI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That every such Persons conperson so convicted, and afterwards conforming, in manner as forming after aforesaid, shall, at the next term after his being admitted to, or conviction, to atorelaid, inall, at the next term after his being admitted to, or make oath of taking upon him to teach or instruct youth, as aforesaid, make their having oath in writing in some one of her Majesty's courts at Westmin- conformed. ther, in publick and open court, or at the next quarter sessions for that county or place where he shall refide, between the hours of nine and twelve in the forenoon, that he hath conformed to the church of England for the space of one year before such his admission, without having been present at any conventicle, affembly or meeting, as aforefaid, and that he hath received the facrament of the Lord's supper at least three times in the year, which eath shall be there inrolled, and kept upon record.

XII. Provided always, That this act shall not extend, or be Not to extend construed to extend, to any person, who as a tutor, or school- to such as master, shall instruct youth in reading, writing, arithmetick, or teach to read, any part of mathematical learning only, so far as such mathe-write, &c. matical learning relates to navigation, or any mechanical art only, and so as such reading, writing, arithmetick or mathematical learning, shall be taught in the English tongue only.

XIII. And whereas by an act of parliament made in Ireland. in the seventeenth and eighteenth years of his said late majesty King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for the uniformity of publick propers, and administration of the sacraments, and other rites and ceremonies; and for establishing the form of making, ordaining, and consecrating of bishops, priests, and deacons in the church of Iveland; it is enacted, concerning schoolmasters and other persons instructing youth in private families in Ireland, as in and by the above recited act is enacted concerning schoolmasters and others instructing youth in private families in that part of Great Britain called England: and whereas it is reasonable, that where the law is the fame, the remedy and means for enforcing the execution of the law should be the same; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and every the remedies, provisions, and clauses, in and by this act given, made, and enacted, shall extend, and be deemed, construed, and adjudged to extend to This act shall Ireland, in as full and effectual manner, as if Ireland had been extend to Ireland. expressy named and mentioned in all and every the clauses in this act.

Repealed by 5 George 1. 10p. 4.

#### CAP. VIII.

An all for encouraging the tobacco trade. HEREAS by an all made in the seventh year of the reign

of the late King William the Third, intituled, An act for

7 & 8 W. 3. c. 10. and 3 Jac. s. c.4.

continuing several duties granted by former acts upon wines and vinegar, and upon tobacco and East India goods, and other merchandizes imported, for carrying on the war against France, the methods preferibed for collecting the impost duty upon tobacco, granted by an all passed in the first year of the reign of King James the Second, are altered, and, among other things, it is enacted, That ou any payment of the faid duty for tobacco to be confumed bere, there be an allowance of eight pounds per cent. for the merchant's encouragement, in consideration of waste and strinkage in the cellars, and an allowance of four pounds per cant. in confideration of waste that may arife on any tobacco exported within the time allowed by law, to be struck off only from the entries, and not to be paid where the whole quantity entred shell happen to be exported; both which alls are fince continued, and are now in force: and whereas by law there are feveral other duties payable on the importation of tobacco, but no provifion is made thereby for giving any allowance out of the same, in comfideration of waste or shrinkage, as aforesaid; and it being reasonable that the manner of collecting the several duties upon tobacco should be in one uniform method, and that the same allowance for waste and forinkage on the consumption bers, should be granted to the experters, for the preservation and improvement of that most beneficial trade, which, for many years past, hath greatly declined; be it enacted and declared by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the first day of June one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, during the term of five years, and from thence to the end of the then next sellion of parliament, there shall, for the better encouragement of the said confumption and export trade, be an allowance of eight pounds per cent. made to the merchant at importation, out of all the duties payable upon tobacco, instead of the aforesaid eight pounds. Not to be de- and four pounds per cent. which by the before recited acts are to be allowed only out of the impost duty, and which said allowance of eight pounds per cent. out of all the faid duties, shall not be deducted from the merchants on exportation; any law or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

After; June 1714. for five years, 81. per cent. allowed out of all the duties on tobacco.

ducted on exportation.

II. And whereas by the act of tennage and poundage made in the 22 Car. 2. C. 4. twelfth year of the reign of King Charles the Second, and by the book of rates thereunte annext, an additional duty of one penny per pound was made peyable for all tobacco of the English plantations, up, on giving security for psyment of the same at nine months after the importation: and whereas by the faid aft made in the first year of the reign of

7 Jac. 2. C. 4. the late King James the Second, a duty of impost of three pence per pound was laid on the same tobacco, and six pence per pound on all tobacco of foreign plantations, the method of collecting which impost duty was altered

altered by the said act made in the seventh year of the reign of the lite King William the Third, and thereby the payment thereof was to 7 & & W. s. be at the end of eighteen months, with certain discounts at different C. 10. rates for prompt payment within the respective times thereby limited: and whereas by an act made in the ninth year of the reign of his said late majesty King William the Third, a further subsidy of one penny per pand tuas laid on all tobacco of the English plantations, populse 9 & 10 W. 3. in three months from the importation, upon security: and whereas by c. 23. me other all made in the second year of her Majesty's reign, a duty of one third part of one pomy par sound was made payable on the 2813 Ann.c.9. some tobacco, and the importer to have nine months, for the payment thereof, an sufficient security; all which acts before mentioned are, by several subsequent acts, since continued, and are now in sorce: and whereas the payment of the said soveral duties, at the different times, w before mentioned, according to the respective acts of parliament, has hy experience been found projudicial and burehensome to trade, and a less to the revenue; for prevention whereof for the suture, be it All duties on further enacted by the authority aforelaid, That from and after tobacco to be the first day of June one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, paid at the during the serm of five years, and from thence to the end of the months. then next session of parliament, all the said several and respecting Geo. 1. tive duties on tobacco, granted by the aforementioned acts of c.7. this all to parliament, and fince continued, shall be due and payable, dur-continued as ing the term aforefaid, at the end of eighteen months, to com- long as the du-ties on tobacco at the end of thirty days after the master's report of the shall continue. thip, or to commence from the merchant's entry of the goods within those thirty days, which shall first happen, and the bond or bonds to be given for the fame, shall be made payable at the end of eighteen months accordingly; any statute or law to the

contrary notwithstanding.

III. Provided always, That if the importer or proprietor of Allowance for III. Provided always, tobacco shall, upon entry thereof, pay ready money for all or ready money. any part of the said duties within the said thirty days, or at any time or times within any of the first fasteen months of the said eighteen months, to commence at the end of the faid thirty days after the master's report of the ship, he shall, in lieu of all former discounts made for prompt payment, out of all the said duties have an allowance made of ten pounds per cent. per ann. for the faid fifteen months, or proportionably for so many intire menths of the faid fifteen months as shall then remain unexpired, but not to be allowed any discount after the end of fifteen months, nor for any less time than a month; and in case uter the importer or proprietor shall have given security, as aforefaid, (which at his election may be in one or more bond or bonds) to pay the faid feveral duties in eighteen menths, and shall be desirous to discharge his bond or bonds, or any part thereof, in ready money, fooner than fifteen months, he shall : be abated upon the bond or bonds for such prompt payment, so much as the faid discount shall amount to, in proportion to such time, but not to be allowed any discount after the end of fifteen months.

IV. Pro-

76

Not to take away 81. per dred out of the fublidies.

IV. Provided also, That nothing in this act contained, is intended to take away the faid allowance of eighteen pounds thrinkage, nor per cent. to be made out of the several duties for the merchants Lin the hun-encouragement, and in confideration of waste and shrinkage, nor the allowance of five in the hundred, out of the several subfidies, and the said additional duty, by virtue of the respective act of tonnage and poundage, and other acts before recited.

1717.

dred

On paying of 1 d. per lb. tobacco may be ware-

**V**. And whereas several merchants and other persons concerned in the importation of tobacco of the English plantations, are frequently under difficulties, and unable to give good and sufficient security for the payment of the several duties imposed thereon: and whereas putting the same into proper warehouses may not only be an ease and convenience to the importers thereof, but also a security to ber Majesty's revenue, be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That down the duty from and after the first day of June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, during the term of five years, and from thence to the end of the then next fession of parliament, in case any housed at mer- person importing any of the said tobacco, shall pay down in chants charge, ready money the subsidy of one penny per pound due and pay-22 Car. 2. C. 4. able to her Majesty by the act of the twelfth year of the reign of his late majesty King Charles the Second, or by any act or acts continuing the same, and shall then defire to have the said tobacco put into warehouses, under the Queen's and the mer-

Merchant to áve his own bond to pay the duties at x 5 months end,

chant's locks, for the fecurity of the remainder of the duties, the merchant or his fervants shall have free access into the said warehouses, at all seasonable times; and the custom-house offieers are hereby required to attend, without fee or reward: and it shall and may be lawful for the commissioners or principal officers of the customs, to permit and cause the said tobacco to be lodged and put into warehouses (to be provided by and at the charge of the merchants, and to be first approved by the said commissioners or officers) upon the merchant's giving his own bond for payment of the duties at the end of fifteen months and if the importer or importers of fuch tobacco, as has been fo lodged in the warehouses, shall not, within the said time of fifteen months, offer good and sufficient security for payment of the duties at the end of the faid eighteen months, or by debentures on exportation of fuch tobacco, or payment of the feveral duties for which his own bond hath been given, discharge his or their obligations, or any part thereof, but that the tobacco, or any part thereof, shall continue and be still remaining in the faid warehouses, for want of the payment of the duties due thereon; in such case it shall be lawful for the faid commissioners, or principal officers of the customs for the time being, and who are hereby required and impowered, to cause the said tobacco so remaining to be publickly sold by inch else to be fold of candle, first giving the proprietor or proprietors fourteen days notice, or leaving the fame in writing at the place of his or their

> last abode, the product thereof, after such sale, first to be applied towards payment of the customs and charges that have been expended thereon, and the overplus, if any, to be ren-

by inch of candle.

dred and paid to the proprietor, or other person lawfully authorized to receive the fame.

VI. Provided always, That in case any tobacco put into the Tobacco faid warehouses, and so locked up, as aforesaid, shall be burnt burnt in the or deftroyed by fire, during the time it remains in the faid ware-warehouses, houses, the proprietors or owners of such tobacco shall be allowed, and

ed the duties paid, and the bond shall be discharged for so much bond disthereof as shall have been so burnt or destroyed VII. And whereas divers great quantities of tobacco of the English For tobacco in plantations have been imported for some time, but by reason of the the river undeadness of the tobacco trade, occasioned by the length of the late war. entred,

the importers or proprietors thereof have not entred the said tobacco, and paid or secured the duties for the same, as the law requires; for relief therefore of the said importers or proprietors of the said tobacco in this special case, be it surther enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the time of importation of all such tobaccoes, Time of imas are already imported, and not entred, shall be reckoned to portation to be be from the second day of June one thousand seven hundred and reckoned from fourteen, in like manner as if the masters of the said ships or 2 June 1714veilels had made report of their several ladings on that day; and the importers or proprietors of fuch tobacco shall pay or secure the duties, and have and enjoy the feveral allowances and difcounts, and be entituled to draw back the duties, as fully and in like manner as if the said tobacco had been imported, and the masters of the ships had made their respective reports of their ladings, on the faid fecond day of June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen; any law, usage or custom, to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

VIII. And whereas it hath been found by experience, that her Ma- No allowance jesty's revenue suffers great prejudice, as well by allowances for da- for damaged maged tobacco, as by the obtaining a drawback by debenture on the re-tobacco.

stipping the same, as if such tobacco had been sound and good, and paid the duties at importation; for preventing the like abuses for the future, be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from and after the first day of August one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, within or during the term of five years thence next enfuing, or at any time before the end of the then next fession of parliament, no merchant or other person whatsoever shall have any allowance or abatement for the subsidies or other duties made him, for any fort of tobacco imported, or to be imported, under pretence of fuch tobacco being corrupt or unmerchantable: but in case any merchant or other person shall Merchant rerefuse to make entry of such damaged tobacco, and to pay and susing to pay secure the whole duties due and payable for the same, then he the duties, such tobacco or they shall have liberty to secure from his or their tobacco. or they shall have liberty to separate from his or their tobacco, to be destroyso much thereof as they shall refuse to pay custom for; and the ed, &c. principal officers of her Majesty's customs, or any two or more of them, shall cause all such corrupt tobacco to be weighed and Publickly burnt, or otherwise destroyed as not wholsome and fit for use; and the owner or importer thereof shall be discharged from paying or fecuring any subfidy, or other duties for the same,

to her Majesty; any law, custom or usage, to the contrary ist

any wife notwithstanding.

Owner to be allowed at ib. for every toolb

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That every owner or importer of such damaged and corrupt tobacco shall, as a compensation for freight and other charges, and for that the cutting off, and separating the same, may deface the remainder of the tobacco, have an allowance of twenty-five pounds weight of tobacco, free of all duties. for every one hundred pounds of fuch corrupt and damaged tobacco so separated, to be burnt or destroyed, as aforefaid, and The allowance to in proportion for any greater or leffer quantity; which allowance of twenty-five pounds for every one hundred pounds of tobacco so to be made, as aforesaid, shall be by certificate; and

the officers are hereby required to make, pass, and pay such certificate without fee or reward, the tobacco mentioned in fuch certificate not to be placed to the merchant's export account, fo as such allowance of twenty-five pounds of tobacco for every

one hundred pounds of damaged tobacco so separated or destroy-

ed, does not exceed the quantity of one hundred and fifty pounds

of tobacco, upon or for any hogshead of Arranece tobacco, or the quantity of two hundred pounds of tobacco, upon or for

to be by certificate,

and not to be placed to the export account, &c.

Not to hinder former allowances, not exceeding.40 lb. on any one hogihead.

any hoginead of fweet-feented tobacco. X. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That nothing in this act contained shall be construed to forbid or hinder the merchants or importers having an allowance made them for damaged tobacco, in fuch manner as hath been ufual, to as fuch allowance doth not exceed forty pounds weight of tobacco upon any one hogshead; and for the more ready disputch of business, such small damages, not exceeding forty pounds weight on any one hoghead, shall be viewed, and the allowance made in the scale; any thing herein contain-

ed to the contrary notwithstanding.

XI. And whereas it frequently happens that divers goods and merchandizes are brought into her Majesty's storehouses for want of being entred, and because the duties of tonnage and poundage, and other duties are not paid and secured as the law directs, which goods do remain there divers years, and often so long, until they are perished, and become of no value, whereby the Queen hath lost the whole cuftom due on the importation of the said goods; for prevention whereof for the future, be it likewise enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the first day of July one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, the commissioners of the customs for the time being shall, in all cases where the goods are or shall be brought into her Majesty's storehouses for security of the customs, and other duties due thereon, as foon as conveniently they can, cause all goods so brought into her Majesty's storehouses, as aforesaid, which shall have remained there for the space of twelve months, the subsidy and other duties not paid, compounded for, or otherwise secured as the law directs, to be publickly sold by auction or inch of candle; and after such sale, the produce thereof is first to be applied to or towards the payment of the

Goods in warehouses unentered to be fold at publick fale. Altered by 12 Geo. z. c. 28. f. 19.

freight, primage and charges of warehouse-room, and other charges that shall arise thereon, next the customs and duties, and the overplus to be paid to the proprietor, or other persons authorised to receive the same.

XII. And whereas on all passed in the eighth year of her Moje- 8 Ann. c. 130 hy's reign for continuing several impositions, additional impositions, and anties upon goods imported, to raife money by way of loan for the fervice of the year one thousand seven hundred and ten, and for better preventing frauds in drawbacks upon certificate goods, and for other purposes therein mentioned; in which act there were several regulations enacted to be complied with, in order to intitle the exporters of tebacco to their debentures; which new regulations, being made to commence from the twenty-seventh day of March one thousand seven bundred and ten, by which time the same could not be known in Scotland, several parcels of tobacco through ignorance, were exported from thence without regard to the regulations laid down in the faid all, the debentures of which tobacco have been refused to be made forth and allowed to the merchants upon that account only; be it therefore For all tobacenacted by the authority aforefaid, That for all tobacco export- co exported ed from Scotland, after the twenty-seventh day of March one from Scotland thousand seven hundred and ten, and before the sixteenth day March and 16 of April following, the barons of the Exchequer in Scotland shall April 1710. cause the debentures to be made forth, and allowed to the mer- Exchequer chants, according to the laws in force before the faid twenty- there to make seventh day of March one thousand seven hundred and ten; any out debenthing in the aforesaid act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIII. And whereas there has been some doubt whether the depur Deputations tations or authorities granted to collectors, furveyors, or other infe- withstanding rior officers of the customs, do remain in force upon the death or re- the death, &c. neval of any of the commissioners of the customs, by subom the deput of commistations were granted; be it enacted and declared by the authority fioners. aforesaid, That all such collectors, surveyors, or other inferior officers of the customs, who are or have been, or shall be hereafter deputed or appointed, as aforefaid, shall be deemed to remain and continue in their respective offices and imployments. notwithstanding the death or removal of any of the commissoners of the customs, who deputed and appointed such officers, until the deputations of fuch officers respectively shall be by the faid commissioners, or any superior authority, revoked, annul-

led, or made void. Continued by 5 Geo. z. s. 7.

### CAP. IX.

An act for laying additional duties on sope and paper, and upon certain linens, filks, callicoes and stuffs, and upon farch, and exported coals, and upon stampt vellum, parchment and paper, for raising one million four bundred thoufand pounds by way of a lottery, for her Majesty's supply: and for allowances on exporting made wares of leather, sbeep skins, and lamb skins, and for distribution of four thousand pounds due to the officers and seamen for gunmoney; and to adjust the property of tickets in former lotteries; and touching certain sbares of stock in the capital of the South Sea company; and for appropriating the monies granted to ber Majesty.

For the application of the furplies of the duties bereby granted, see s Gto. 2. c. 3. f. s. for payment of annuities to the bank.

MAY it please your most excellent Majesty, we your Maje-fty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament affembled, being defirous that fuch supplies as are necessary for defraying your Majesty's publick expences, may be effectually raifed, have therefore chearfully and unanimously given and granted, and do by this act give and grant unto your Majesty the several and respective rates and duties for and upon all sope made in Great Britain, or imported into the fame; and for and upon all paper made in Great Britain. or imported into the same; and for and upon all chequered and Ariped linens to be imported into Great Britain; and for and upon certain filks, callicoes, and other enumerated goods, which shall be printed, painted, stained, or dyed in Great Britain : and for and upon all starch made in Great Britain; and for and upon all coals exported for foreign parts; and for and upon fuch stampt vellum, parchment and paper, and other things hereafter in this act more particularly described or mentioned, for and during fuch term or terms of years, and in fuch manner and form, as are herein after expressed; and do most humbly beseech your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice the additional and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons. in this present parliament assembled, and by authority of the fame, That there shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid, unto and for the use of her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for and upon all fope of what kind foever, which at any time or times, within or during the term of two and thirty years, to be reckoned from the second day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, shall be imported or brought into the kingdom of Great Britain, or made within the fame, the feveral and respective additional or new duties herein after described or mentioned (over and above all customs, subfidies, rates and duties chargeable upon fuch fope, or any part thereof, by any other act or acts of parliament now in force) that is to fay, For every pound weight, confifting of fixteen onnces

For 32 years, from 2 Aug. 1714. Sope imported to pay duty of 1 d. per lb. Made perpetual by 6 Geo. 1. c. 4. f. z.

ounces averdaphis, of such sope so to be imported or brought into the said kingdom, within or during the term aforesaid, one penny, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity, to be paid down in ready money by the importers thereof, from time to time, before the landing of the same; and for every such sopemade in pound weight of sope to be made in the said kingdom of Great Great Britain Britain, within and during the term aforesaid, one halfpenny, ob. per lb. and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity, to be paid by the makers thereof respectively.

II. And be is further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That Additional there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, unto and for duty upon the use of her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for and upon paper, past-board, &c. all paper of what kind soever, and all pastboards, millboards Made perpetual and scaleboards, which at any time or times within or during by 6 Geo. 1. the term of two and thirty years, to be reckoned from the said c. 4. s. second day of August one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, shall be imported or brought into the kingdom of Great Britain (printed books, maps, and other prints, always excepted) the several and respective rates and duties herein after expressed (over and above the present customs, substidies and duties upon the same commodities respectively) that is to say,

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Atlas Fine. of Atlas Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, as afore-faid, the sum of eight shillings for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Atlas Ordinaof Atlas Ordinary, which shall be imported or brought in, as a-ry, foresaid, the sum of four shillings for every ream, and after that

rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Imperial Fine. of Imperial Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, as a-forefaid, the sum of eight shillings for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name super Royal of Super Royal Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, as Fine... aforesaid, the sum of six shillings for every ream, and after that

rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Royal Fine, of Repel Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, as afore-faid, the sum of four shillings for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Medium Fine, of Medium Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, as afore-faid, the sum of three shillings for every ream, and after that rate

for any greater or leffer quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Demy Fine, of Demy Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, as afore-faid, the sum of two shillings for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Demy Second.

You. XIII.

[1713.

of Deny Second, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforefaid, the fum of one shilling and three pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

Demy Printing.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the stame of Demy Printing, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforefaid, the fum of ten pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

Fine Holland Royal.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of Fine Holland Royal, which shall be imported or brought in, us aforefaid, the fum of one shilling and seven pence halfpenny for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or lester quantity.

Fine Holland Second.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of Fine Helland Second, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforefaid, the fum of one shilling for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

Blue Royal.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of Blue Royal, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforefaid, the fum of one shilling for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

Painted Paper imported.

For and upon all painted paper, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforefaid, the fum of four shillings for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

Cartridge Paper.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of Cartridge Paper, which thall be imported and brought in, as aforefaid, the fum of nine pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

Elephant Fine.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of Elephant Fine, which shall be insported or brought in, as aforefaid, the fum of four shillings for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

**Grdinary Ele**phant.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of Ordinary Elephant, which shall be imported or brought in. 2s aforefaid, the fam of one shilling and seven pence halfpenny for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

Fine Large Post.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of Fine Large Post, which shall be imported or brought in, 28 aforefaid, the fum of one shilling and three pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

Fine Fools Cap.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of Fine Fools Cap, which shall be imported or brought in, as 2forefaid, one shilling and three pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

Second Foels .Cap.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of Second Fools Cap, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforefaid, one shilling for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

Bastard or

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Double Copy. of Baftard or Double Copy, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforefaid, one shilling for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

For and upon all paper utually called or known by the name

of Chancery Deuble, which shall be imported or brought in, as Chancery aforefaid, one shilling for every ream, and after that rate for a Double. greater or leffer quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Super Fine of Super Fine Pet, which shall be imported or brought in, as a- Pot, forciaid, one thisling for every ream, and after that rate for a

greater or leffer quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Second Fine of Second Fine Pet, which shall be imported or brought in, as a Pot. forefaid, nine pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Genoa Royal4 of Gense Royal, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforefaid, one shilling and seven pence half-penny for every ream,

and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Genea Me. of Geme Medium, which shall be imported or brought in, as a dium. forefaid, one shilling and three pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Genoa Demy of Genea Deney Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, as Fine. aforesaid, one shilling for every ream, and after that rate for a

greater or leffer quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Genoa Demy of Genoa Demy Second, which shall be imported or brought in, Second. as aforefaid, nine pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Genoa Crown of Genea Crown Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, as Fine. aforefaid, nine pence for every ream, and after that rate for a

greater or lesser quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Genoa Crown of Genoa Crown Second, which shall be imported or brought in Second. as aforefaid, fix pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Genoa Fool's of Genea Fools Cap Fine, which shall be imported or brought in, Cap Fine. as aforefaid, nine pence for every ream, and after that rate for

a greater or leffer quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Genoa Fool's of Genea Fools Cap Second, which shall be imported or brought in, Cap Second. as aforefaid, fix pence for every ream, and after that rate for a

greater or jesser quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name German Lome of German Lombard, which shall be imported or brought in, as bard. aforesaid, fix pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name German Deof German Demy, which shall be imported or brought in, as a-my. foresaid, nine pence for every ream, and after that rate for a

greater or letter quantity.

German Crown.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of German Crown, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforefaid, fix pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

German Fool's Cap.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of German Fools Cap, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, fix pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

Paftboard, Scaleboard.

For and upon all pastboards, millboards, and scaleboards, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforesaid, two shillings and fix pence for every hundred weight, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

Paper not parc. 7. fect. 4.

And for and upon all other paper, white or brown, or of any ticularly char- other colour or kind whatfoever, which shall be imported or brought in, as aforefaid, (not being particularly charged in this edby 11 Geo.1. act) a duty after the rate of ten pounds for every one hundred pounds of the true and real value of the same, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

To be paid by

Which said duties for and upon the said several forts of paper, the importer, and the said pastboards, millboards, and scaleboards, to be imported within or during the term aforefaid, shall be paid by the respective importers thereof from time to time.

Paper, pastboards, &c. Britain.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, to and for made in Great the use of her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for and upon all paper of what kind foever, and upon all pastboards, millboards, and scaleboards, which shall at any time or times, within or during the term of two and thirty years, to be reckoned from the faid second day of August one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, be made in Great Britain, the several and respective duties herein after mentioned. That is to fay,

Demy Fine.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of Demy Fine, which shall be so made in Great Britain, the sum of nine pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

Demy Second.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of Demy Second, which shall be so made in Great Britain, the sum of fix pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

Crown Fine.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of Crown Fine, which shall be so made in Great Britain, the sum of fix pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

Crown Second.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of Crown Second, which shall be so made in Great Britain, the fum of four pence half-penny for every ream, and after that rafe for a greater or leffer quantity.

Fool's Cap Fine.

7.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name of Fools Cap Fine, which shall be so made in Great Britain, the sum of fix pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or

lesser quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Fool's Cap Second Fool's Cap Second, which shall be so made in Great Britain, the cond. sum of sour pence half-penny for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Fine Pots. of Fine Pots, which shall be so made in Great Britain, the sum of fix pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or

leffer quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Second Pots, of Secand Pots, which shall be so made in Great Britain, the sum of three pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called by the name of Brown Brown Large Large Cap, which shall be so made in Great Britain, the sum of Cap. three pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or

leffer quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Small Ordinaof Small Ordinary Brown, which shall be so made in Great Bri-ry Brown. tain, the sum of two pence for every ream, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

For and upon all paper usually called or known by the name Whited of Whited Brown, which shall be so made in Great Britain, the sum Brown of three pence for every bundle, each bundle containing forty

quires, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

For and upon all pastboards, millboards and scaleboards, Pastboard, &c. which shall be made in *Great Britain*, one shilling and six pence for every hundred weight, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

And for and upon all other paper, white or brown, or of Paper not parany other colour or kind whatsoever, which shall be made in ticularly Great Britain, as aforesaid, (not being particularly charged in this act) a duty after the rate of six pounds for every hundred pounds of the true and real value of the same, and after that rate for any greater or lesser quantity.

Which said duties for and upon the said several sorts of paper, To be paid by and other the commodities last mentioned to be made in *Great* the maker. Britain, within or during the term aforesaid, shall be paid by

the makers thereof respectively.

IV. And it is hereby enacted, That for and upon all paper, painted paper, which, at any time or times, during the term last mentioned, shall be printed, painted, or stained in Great Britain, to serve for hangings, and other uses, there shall be answered and paid to her Majesty (over and above the dusies payable for such paper before the printing, painting, or staining thereof) the sum of one half-penny for every yard square, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity, to be paid by such person or persons as shall print, paint, or stain the same.

G 3 ...

V. And

Chequered nens, &c. imported, to pay ad valorem, except buckrams, &cc. The · duties in this and the next settion are made perpetual by 6 Geo.

V. And be it also enacted by the authority asoresaid, That and striped li-there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, to and for the use of her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for and upon all 151. per cent. chequered and striped linens, and upon all linens printed, painted, stained, or dyed after the manufacture, or in the thread or yarn before the manufacture, in any foreign parts (excepting buckrams, lawns, canvas, barras, and Silefia neckcloths) which at any time or times, within or during the term of two and thirty years, to be reckoned from the faid second day of August one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, shall be imported or brought into the kingdom of Great Britain, and may lawfully be used or worn there (over and above all other customs, subfidies or duties, imposed upon, or payable for the same) a duty after the rate of fifteen pounds for every one hundred pounds of the true and real value thereof, to be paid by the importers respectively. VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That

Duty on filks, callicoes, linens and ftuffs, printed in Great Britain.

there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, to and for the use of her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for and upon all filks, callicoes, linens and stuffs, of what kind soever, which at any time or times, within or during the term of two and thirty years, to be reckoned from the faid second day of August one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, shall be printed, stained, painted, or dyed in Great Britain (such callicoes, linens and fustians, as shall be dyed throughout of one colour only, and stuffs made of woolen, or whereof the greatest part in value thall be woolen, always excepted) the feveral and respective rates and duties herein after expressed (over and above all other duties payable for the same, or any of them;) That is to say,

Exception.

Siks.

For and upon all filks so printed, stained or painted, within or during the term aforefaid, in Great Britain (filk handkerchiefs excepted) the fum of fix pence for every yard in length, reckoning half a yard for the breadth.

Silk handkerchiefs.

And for all filk handkerchiefs to printed, stained or painted, within or during the term aforesaid, in Great Britain, the sum of one penny for every yard square, and in those proportions for wider or narrower filks.

Callicoes. The Luties in this and the next section are made perpetual by ſ. T. Linen and ftuffs.

For and upon all callicoes to be so printed, stained, painted or dyed, within or during the term aforefaid, in Great Britain, (except as aforefaid) the fum of three pence for every yard in length, reckoning one yard wide, and after that proportion.

And for and upon all linen and stuffs (except before excepted) 6 Geo. 1. c. 4. to be printed, flained, painted or dyed, as aforefaid, in Great Britain, within or during the term last mentioned, the sum of one penny half-penny for every yard in length, reckoning yard wide, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity.

Starch imported to pay ad. per lt.

VII. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That there shall be raised, levied, collocted and paid, unto and for the use of her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for and upon all starch,

which

which at any time or times, within or during the term of two and thirty years, to be reckoned from the said second day of August one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, shall be imported or brought into the kingdom of Great Britain (over and above all customs, subsidies and duties, already imposed thereupon) Made in the fum of two pence for every pound weight, confilling of fix- Great Britain teen ounces averdupois, and after that rate for a greater or lesser Made perpetual quantity, to be paid down in ready money by the importers by 6 Geo. 1. thereof, from time to time, before the landing of the same; and c.4. f. 1. for and upon all starch, of what kind soever, which at any time Every box of or times, within or during the fame term of two and thirty green starch of years, shall be made within the said kingdom of Great Britain, length, and the furm of one penny for every such pound weight averdupers, so in breadth, and after that rate for a greater or leffer quantity, the same to be to be charged as 131 lb. of paid by the makers thereof respectively.

VIII. And it is hereby declared, That if the charge on ftarch be made by gauging the faid ftarch before it be dried in the ftove, The depth of then, and in every fuch case, every box of green ftarch, or vided for, ftarch before it be so dried, containing fifty-seven inches in 1Geo.1. stat.1. length, and ten inches in breadth, shall from the said second c. 2. s. 6. day of August one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, be esteemed one hundred thirty-one averdupeis pound weight of starch dried and perfectly made, and shall be charged according-

ly, and proportionably for greater or leffer quantities.

IX. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That there Coals exportshall be raised, levied, collected and paid, unto and for the use ed in foreign of her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for and upon all coals bottoms to which at any time or times, within or during the term of two chalder, and thirty years to be reckoned from the faid found day of and thirty years, to be reckoned from the said second day of August one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, shall be shipped to be exported beyond the seas (coals exported to Ireland, the Isle of Man, or her Majesty's plantations excepted) the duties following, that is to say, for such coals shipped to be exported by foreign bottoms, the sum of five shillings the chalder, Newcaftle measure (over and above the present duties upon the same;) and for all coals which at any time or times, within or during the same term of two and thirty years, shall be shipped to be exported beyond the seas in British bottoms, the sum of three in British botthillings for every chalder, Newcastle measure (over and above toms, 3.8. Made perpetual the present duties payable for the same) and no more; any law by 6 Geo. 1. to the contrary notwithstanding.

X. And it is hereby enacted and declared by the authority a- The import foresaid, That all the duties imposed by this act upon such sope, duries to be paper, pastboards, millboards, scaleboards, chequered and under the mastriped linens, or any other commodities before charged, as shall nagement of be imported into England, Wales, and the town of Berwick upon figners of the Tweed, during the term or terms aforesaid, and all the duties customs. which shall arise in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, for coals to be exported during the term therein granted, as aforefaid, shall be under the management of the commissioners and officers of the customs in England for the time being, according

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to the duties of their respective offices; and that all the duties imposed by this act upon such sope, paper, pastboards, millboards, scaleboards, and chequered and striped linens, or any the commodities before charged, as shall be imported into Scotland, during the respective terms aforesaid, and all the duties imposed by this act, which shall arise in Scotland, for coals to be exported during the said term therein granted, as aforesaid, shall be under the management of the commissioners and officers of the customs in Scotland for the time being, according to the duties of their respective offices; and that the respective receivers general of the customs in England and Scotland for the time being shall, from time to time, pay or cause to be paid, all the monies that they shall respectively receive for the faid imported commodities, and for the faid exported coals (the necesfary charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted) into the receipt of her Majesty's Exchequer in England, distinctly and apart from all other branches of the publick revenues. for the purposes in this act expressed, and under the like penalties, forfeitures and disabilities, as are to be inflicted by this act for diverting or misapplying any monies by this act appropriated or appointed for any the purpoles herein after mentioned.

Sope, paper, &c. made in Great Britain, to be under the management of the commissioners of excise.

XI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all the duties imposed by this act upon such sope, paper, pastboard, millboard, scaleboard, starch, and other commodities hereby particularly charged, as shall be made in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, during the term or terms aforefaid, and all the duties imposed by this act, upon such silks, callicoes, linens, stuffs and paper, as shall be printed, painted, stained or dved in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, at any time or times within or during the term or terms therein granted, as aforesaid, shall be under the management of the commissioners of excise in England for the time being, and the officers imployed or to be imployed under them; and that all the duties imposed by this act upon such sope, paper, pastboard, millboard, scaleboard, starch, and other commodities before particularly charged, as shall be made in Scotland during the term or terms aforesaid, and all duties imposed by this act upon such siks, callicoes, linens, stuffs and paper, as shall be printed, painted, stained, or dyed in Scotland, at any time or times within or during the term or terms therein granted, as aforefaid, shall be under the management of the commissioners of excise in Stotland for the time being, and the officers to be imployed under them; and that the faid respective commissioners of excise in England and Scotland for the time being shall, from time to time, pay or cause to be paid, all the monies that they shall respectively receive for the said duties upon sope, paper, pastboard, millboard, scaleboard and starch, as shall be made in Great Britain within or during the respective terms aforesaid, and for the said duties upon such silks, callicoes, linens, stuffs and paper, as shall be printed, painted, stained or dyed in Great Britain, at any time or times within or during the respective terms therein granted.

as aforefaid, as the fame shall arise, into the receipt of her Majesty's Exchequer in England, under the like penalties, forfeltures and difabilities, as are to be inflicted by this act for diverting or misapplying any monies by this act appropriated or appointed for any the purpoles herein after mentioned.

XII. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, How these se-That all the several duties by this act imposed, upon sope, pa' veral duties per of all forts, pastboards, millboards, scaleboards, chequered shall be raised, and striped linens, and upon printed, painted, stained and dyed acc. filks, callicoes, linens and stuffs, during the said term or term's of years, therein by this act granted, in all cases whatsoever (except where other provision or direction is specially made or given by this act) shall be raised, levied, ascertained, secured, collected, answered and paid, by such ways, means and methods, and under fuch pains, penalties and forfeitures, and with the like discounts, allowances, exemptions and drawbacks, and in such manner and form, as the duties imposed on the same commodities respectively, by an act made in the tenth year of her Maje- 10 Ann. c.19. fly's reign, for laying several duties upon sope, paper, chequered and striped linens, and upon certain filks, callicoes, linens and stuffs, printed, painted or stained, (amongst other things thereby charged) for and during the respective terms thereby granted, towards raising the sum of one million eight hundred thoufand pounds therein mentioned, or by any act or acts of parliament thereby referred unto, or by any other act of this sessions of parliament are to be raifed, levied, afcertained, fecured, collected, answered and paid respectively; and that the said duty by this act imposed upon starch, during all the said term of two and thirty years therein by this act granted, shall be raised, levied, afcertained, fecured, collected, answered and paid, by such ways, means and methods, and under such pains, penalties and forfeitures, and with the like discounts, allowances, exemptions and drawbacks, and in fuch manner and form, as the duties imposed by another act of the tenth year of her Majesty's 10 Ann. c. 26. reign, upon starch (amongst other things thereby charged) for and during the term thereby granted, towards raising another fum of one million eight hundred thousand pounds therein mentioned, or by any act or acts of parliament thereby referred unto, are to be raifed, levied, ascertained, secured, collected, anfwered and paid respectively, except in such case or cases, touching which other directions are given by this act; and that the faid duties by this act imposed upon coals exported to any foreign parts, (except before excepted) during the faid term of years by this act granted of and in the same, shall be raised, levied, accertained, secured, collected, answered and paid, by such ways, interns and methods, and under fuch pains, penalties and forfeitures, and in such manner and form, as the present duties upon exportation of coals, or any other customable goods, to any foreign parts, by any law or statute now in force, during the continuance thereof, are to be raifed, levied, ascertained, fecured, collected, answered and paid,

XIII. And for better securing the duties by this 2ct chargeable upon fuch of the commodities, as by the first mentioned 10 Ann. c. 19. act of the tenth year of her Majesty's reign are directed to be marked or stamped: and to the end the duties arising thereupon by this act may be better distinguished, and applied to the sepa-

to be provided.

Proper stamps rate use by this act intended, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That such proper stamps or seals shall, on or before the said second day of August one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, be provided and distributed by the said respective commissioners, as may serve to denote the payment or charging of the several duties by this and the said former act chargeable on the same commodities respectively; and that the said stamps or feals by this act directed to be provided, shall be used and applied accordingly, and shall and may, from time to time, be renewed or altered by the faid respective commissioners, as often as there shall be a necessary occasion for renewing the same.

All the powers in 10 Ann. to do in force. 10 Ann. C. 19. & 26.

XIV. And be it also enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all the powers, authorities, rules, directions, pains of death, and other pains, penalties and forfeitures, clauses, matters and things whatfoever, contained in the faid feveral acts of the tenth year of her Majesty's reign, for raising, receiving, levying, recovering, fecuring and paying the duties on such commodities before mentioned, as are by this act charged with new or additional duties thereupon, or touching the marks or flamps thereby directed to be continued, practifed, and put in execution, for raising, receiving, levying, recovering, securing, and paying the same new or additional duties, by this act charged upon the same commodities respectively, and all arrearages thereof, as fully and effectually to all intents and purpoles as if they were particularly and at large repeated in the body of this prefent act, except in such cases only where any alteration therein is specially made by this act.

XV. And whereas great quantities of filks, callicoes and linens that are printed, painted, flained or dyed in Great Britain, are frequently shipt off in order to be exported, as is pretended, for which the exporter doth receive a very great drawback; and netwithstanding the law already made to prevent the relanding of them, yet very great quantities are frequently relanded, to the great lessening of her Majefly's revenue, and prejudice of the fair trader; to prevent which evil practices for the future, and to secure the duties upon the faid goods, be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from and after the faid second day of August one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, all and every person and persons that shall export any filks, callicoes or linens that are printed, painted, of packing the stained or dyed, for which a drawback is to be allowed, such person or persons (before he or they shall ship the said goods) in order to obtain the drawback for the same, shall be obliged to

> give notice to the proper officer or officers to be appointed for that purpose by the respective commissioners of the customs, when and where he will pack up the faid goods in order to be exported; and the faid commissioners of the customs are hereby

Persons exporting filks, &c. to give notice to the proper officer faid goods,

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impowered and directed to cause such officer to take care to see who is to take that such seal or seals, stamps or marks, be taken off from every care that the piece so intended to be exported; and the said officer or officers off from every that are account of the kinds and quantities of the mode so off from every the said of the mode so shall take an account of the kinds and quantities of the goods fo ry piece, &c. intended to be exported, and make a return thereof to the offcer that shall be appointed by such commissioners to receive the same, without any fee or reward for so doing,

XVI. And whereas sope is more or less used in weshing, scouring, or preparing the sheeps wool, or lambs wool, to be converted into the woollen manufactures of this realm, and in the making or finishing weellen manufactures, or manufactures mixed with wool, whereof the greatest part of the value of the materials is wooll, and in whitening of new linen in the piece, in order to the fale of fuch linen, or in some of them, and it being judged reasonable to give an encouragement to persons who shall be employed in the preparing, making or sinishing those manufactures, whether the same be for exportation or home confumption; it is hereby further provided and enacted, That it shall On onth or and may be lawful to and for any person and persons, who, af-affirmation of ter the faid second day of August one thousand seven hundred and the quantity of sources, during the continuance of the duties on sope by this in making act granted, shall employ, spend and consume any quantity or cloths; &c. quantities of fope in the making of any cloths, ferges, kerlies, bays, flockings, or other manufactures of sheeps or lambs wool only, or manufactures whereof the greatest part of the value of the materials shall be wool, or in the finishing the said manufactures, or preparing the wool for the same, or in whitening of new linen in the piece, in order to the fale of fuch linen, or to and for his, her, or their chief workman employed under him, her or them in those works, or any of them, from time to time, to make proof in writing by the affidavit of the faid person or persons, who shall so employ, spend and consume the faid sope, or of his, her or their chief workman, unless he, she or they be a known quaker or quakers, and by the solemn affirmation of fuch quaker or quakers, before the collector and fupervifor of the district or division where such sope shall be so employed, spent and consumed, or either of them (who are hereby respectively impowered and required to administer the same, upon the request of the manufacturer, or his, her or their chief workman aforefaid) which faid affidavit or affirmation shall spe-Specifying the city the kinds and quantities of the manufactures fo made, finish-manufactures ed, prepared or whitened respectively, and the quantities and so made, &c. kinds of the fope which were actually employed, spent and confumed therein, and that no allowance by virtue of this act, was and that no before made to such manufacturers respectively, or for his, her allowance or their benefit, of the duties payable by this act, for the fope made before, so specified in such affidavit or assirmation, or any part thereof; and that upon the making of every such affidavit or affirmation, the faid collector out of the money in his hands of the faid du-Collector to ties upon sope by this act granted, shall pay to the said manu-repay the facturers respectively so much as the whole duties granted by whole duties, this act, for the fope specified in every such assidavit or assuma- ec.

tion taken by the said collector and supervisor jointly, or by the faid collector fingly, doth amount unto, without any delay; and in case the same were administred by the supervisor only, then upon a certificate thereof made and figned by the faid supervisor (which he is hereby required to make and fign upon demand) the faid collector shall, out of any monies in his hands of the faid duties on sope, forthwith pay to the said manufacturers respectively, the said duties so payable by this act for the sope so spent and consumed, as aforesaid; and in case the collector shall not then have money fufficient in his hands to fatisfy fuch payments, That then and in every such case, the commissioners of the faid duties on lope for the time being, upon a certificate thereof from the faid collector (who is hereby enjoined and required to make and fign such certificate) shall forthwith cause fuch payments to be made out of any monies arising by the said duties on fope by this act granted, without any further delay.

Such affidavits, &c. not te be stamp**ed, &**c.

XVII. And it is hereby declared and enacted, That the said affidavits, affirmations and certificates, touching the faid allowance to the woolen and linen manufacturers aforefaid, shall and may be written or printed upon paper not stamped or marked for any the duties charged by any act upon stampt vellum, parchment or paper; and that no fee, gratuity or reward whatloever, shall be required, demanded or taken from any the said manufacturers, for making any the payments of the faid allowance for tope confumed in the faid woolen or linen manufactures. or for making or taking any the said affidavits, affirmations, or certificates relating thereunto (except four pence for writing every such affidavit, affirmation or certificate) upon pain that any of the said officers offending therein, shall for every such offence pay treble damages to the party grieved, besides costs of fuit, to be recovered in fuch manner, as any other penalties relating to the duties upon sope are by this act to be recovered.

Such affidavit, feits treble the value of

XVIII. And for the better preventing frauds and abuses in &c. false, for- obtaining the allowances last mentioned, it is hereby further enacted, That if any person or persons shall, in such assidavit or the allowance, affirmation, swear, affirm or alledge any matter or thing that shall be false and untrue, with an intent to defraud her Majesty, her heirs or successors, such person or persons offending therein, shall for every such offence forfeit and lose treble the value of the allowance for which such affidavit or affirmation shall be made, to be recovered in like manner (to wit) one third part thereof to the use of the Queen's majesty, and the other two thirds thereof, with costs of suit, to the use of the informer or Second offence prolecutor; and if any person or persons, being once convicted of any fuch offence, shall again offend in the like kind, and be thereof duly convicted in any court of record at Westminster, or in any the courts of Scotland, every such person or persons, for such other offence, shall suffer as in cases of wilful and corrupt perjury.

perjury.

XIX. And whereas it has been found by experience, That several makers of Jope, with intent to deceive her Majesty of the just duties by this

this and the recited act granted, do make sope in private cellars and other secret places, and fraudulently issue and send out the same in fmall cafes: for preventing of which evil practice for the future, be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from and after the fecond day of August one thousand seven hundred and four- Soft sope in teen, all fost lope that shall be filled in any other cask less than what casks to barrels, half-barrels, firkins and half-firkins, shall be forfeited, be filled. and also the sum of five pounds shall be paid by the maker of fuch fope; one moiety thereof to the feizor or informer, and the other moiety to the poor of the parish where such offence shall be committed, to be recovered as any other penalties concerning the duties on sope are by this act recoverable.

XX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, No perfumer, That from and after the faid second day of August one thousand &c. to mix seven hundred and fourteen, no perfumer, peruke-maker, bar-alabaster, &c. ber, sellers of, or dealers in hair-powder, shall make, vend, sell, with hair dispose, or make use of, or offer to sale any powder made of or mixed with any alabaster, talke, plaister of Paris, whiting, lime, or other matter or thing of the like nature (fweet fcents only excepted) under pain of forfeiting all the hair-powder so made or mixed, or made use of, vended, sold, disposed of, or offered to fale, and the sum of fifty pounds for every such offence, the one moiety thereof to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, and the other moiety to the seizor or informer, to be recovered as any other penalties concerning the duties on flarch are by this

act recoverable...

XXI. And moreover be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, Additional That there shall be, throughout the kingdom of Great Britain, duties on stamps. raised, levied, collected and paid, to and for the use of her Majefty, her heirs and successors, for the several and respective matters and things herein after mentioned, which at any time or times, within or during the term of two and thirty years, to be reckoned from the faid second day of August one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, shall be engrossed or written (over and above the rates, duties, and fums of money now due or payable to her Majesty, her heirs or successors, for the same) the seve- These duties ral and respective rates, duties, charges and sums of money made perpeherein after expressed, in manner following; That is to say,

For every piece of vellum, parchment and paper, upon which Transfer of shall be engrossed or written any transfer of stock in any compa-stock. ny, fociety or corporation whatfoever, within Great Britain, the fum of four shillings and fix pence sterling.

For every skin or piece of vellum or parchment, on which any Great seal or grant or letters patents under the great seal of Great Britain, or dutchy seal. the seal of the dutchy or county palatine of Lancaster, of any Pardons, &c. honour, dignity, promotion, franchife, liberty or privilege, to any person or persons, body politick or corporate, or exemplification of the same, shall be engrossed or written (commissions of rebellion in process always excepted) the sum of forty shillings sterling.

For

94 Pardons, &c.

For every skin or piece of vellum or parchment, or sheet or piece of paper, upon which any pardon (except the general circuits and Newgate pardons) of or for any crime or offence, or of any sum of money or forfeiture whatsoever, or on which any warrant of reprieve or relaxation from any pecuniary tine or forfeiture, exceeding one hundred pounds, or from any corporal punishment, shall be engrossed or written, the sum of forty shillings sherling.

Grants of money.

For every skin or piece of vellum or parehment, or sheet or piece of paper, upon which any grant from her Majesty, her heirs or successors, of any sum of money exceeding one hundred pounds storling, which shall pass the great seal of Great Britain, the great seal of Scotland, or the privy seal not directed to the great seal, shall be engrossed or written, the sum of forty shillings sterling.

Grants of of-

For every thin or piece of vellum or parchment, or sheet or piece of paper, upon which any grant of any office or employment in *Great Britain*, which shall be above the value of fifty pounds sterling per annum, shall be engrossed or written, the sum of forty shillings sterling.

Dispensations.

For every skin or piece of velium or parchment, or piece or sheet of paper, upon which any dispensation to hold two ecclesisatical dignities or benefices, or both a dignity and a benefice, or any other dispensation or faculty from the lord archbishop of Canterbury, or the master of the faculties for the time being, shall be engrossed or written, the sum of forty shillings sterling.

Admittances.

For every skin or piece of vellum or parchment, or sheet or piece of paper, upon which shall be engrossed or written any admittance or instrument for admitting of any fellow of the college of physicians, or of any attorney, clerk, advocate, procesor, notary, or other officer or officers, in any court whatsoever in Great Britain (not being an annual officer in any corporation of inferior court, whose office is under the value of ten pounds sharing per annum, in salary, fees, or other perquisites) the sum of forty shiftings sterling.

Appeals.

For every skin or piece of vellum or parchment, or sheet or piece of paper, upon which any appeal from the high courts of admiralty, either in *England* or *Scotland*, court of arches, or the prerogative court of *Canterbury* or *York*, shall be engrossed or written, the sum of forty shillings sterling.

Institution or licence.

For every skin or piece of vellum or parchment, or sheet or piece of paper, upon which shall be engrossed or written any institution or licence, that shall pass the seal of any archbishop or bishop, chanceslor or other ordinary, or any occlesiastical court whatsoever in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Yweed; or upon which shall be engrossed, written or registred, any writt or instrument for the like purpose, with any such institution or licence, that shall be passed or made by any presbytery, or other spiritual power in Scotland, the sum of sive shillings sterling (licences to schoolmasters and tutors excepted.)

For every fkin or piece of vellum or parchment, or sheet or piece of paper, upon which any letters of mart shall be engroffed mart.

or written, the fum of five shillings sterling.

For every skin or piece of vellum or parchment, or sheet or Beneficial piece of paper, on which any beneficial warrant, or order un-warrants. der the fign manual of her Majesty, her heirs or successors (except warrants or orders for the service of the navy, army and ordnance) shall be engrossed or written the sum of two shillings and fix pence sterling.

For every skin or piece of vellum or parchment, or sheet or Indentures. piece of paper, upon which shall be engrossed or written in Great &c. Britain, any indenture, lease, bond, or any deed not hereby otherwise charged, the sum of six pence sterling; except bail bonds and affiguments thereof, and indentures for binding poor parish or charity children apprentices, and such deeds executed in Scotland, as are charged with the stamp-duty of two shillings and three pence, by an act of parliament made in the tenth year of her present Majesty's reign.

XXII. Provided always, That nothing in this act contained Not to charge shall extend to charge with any stamp-duties hereby granted, any matters any the matters or things which, by an act of parliament made exempted by in the ninth year of the reign of his late majesty King William C. 25. the Third, intituled, An act for granting to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, further duties upon stampt vellum, parchment and pa-

per, are exempted from the duties thereby granted.

XXIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Commission-That for the better and more effectual levying, collecting and ers of the paying unto her Majesty, her heirs and successors, the said stamps to manage these duframpiduties hereby granted, the same shall be under the go-ties. vernment, care and management of the commissioners for the time being, appointed to manage the duties payable to her Majelly, her heirs and successors, and charged on stampt vellum, parchment and paper, by the former acts of parliament in that behalf made; who, or the major part of them, are hereby required and impowered to imploy the necessary officers under them for that purpose, and to appoint and provide stamps to denote the feveral stamp-duties hereby charged, and to do all other things necessary to be by them done, for the putting this act in execution with relation to those duties.

XXIV. And it is hereby further enacted and declared by the Several matanthority aforefaid, That where any more than one of the mat-ters written ters or things hereby charged with any stamp-duty, shall be on one piece engrofied, written, entred, or registred upon one piece of vel- of paper, to him, parchiment or paper, the faid respective duties hereby charged. granted, shall be, and hereby are charged upon every one of

such matters and things respectively.

XXV. And it is hereby enacted, That all vellum, parchment, Vellum, &c. and paper, charged by this act with any of the flamp-duties here- already flampby granted, which hath been, or shall (before the second day of ed in pursuable one thousand seven hundred and fourteen) be stamped acts, to be

Of brought to the

with the new stamps.

flamp-officeto or marked, in pursuance of the former acts of parliament, relabe be marked ting to her Majesty's stamp-duties, or any of them, shall, before any of the matters or things (in respect whereof any duty is hereby made payable) be written or engroffed thereupon, (such .. writing or engrossing being at any time after the said second day, of August one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, and within the faid term of two and thirty years) be brought to the headoffice for stamping or marking of vellum, parchment and paper, to be stamped or marked with another mark or stamp, over and besides the marks or stamps put or to be put thereupon, in purfuance of the said former acts of parliament, or any of them; and that all vellum, parchment and paper, which hath not been, or shall not (before the said second day of August one thousand seven hundred and sourteen) be stamped or marked in pursuance of the said former acts, or any of them, shall (before any the matters or things, in respect whereof any stampduty is payable hereby, and by the faid former acts, or any of them, shall be thereupon written or engrossed, such writing or engrossing being after the said second day of August one thoufand seven hundred and fourteen, and within the said term of two and thirty years) be brought to the said head-office, and there marked or stamped with the proper marks or stamps provided, used, or appointed, and to be provided, or appointed, in pursuance of this act, and of the said former acts of parliament, to denote the respective duties hereby and thereby respectively charged thereupon; and that if any of the Jaid matters and things so to be engrossed or written, as aforesaid, shall, during the term last mentioned, be engrossed or written, conthe Queen, and trary to the true intent and meaning hereof, upon vellum, parchment, or paper, not appearing to have been duly marked or stamped according to this act, that then, and in every such case, there shall be due, answered, and paid to her Majesty,

No writing before paper flamded, good, till 51. paid to the duty be paid.

her heirs and fuccessors (over and above the stamp-duties payable hereby, and by the faid former acts, or any of them) for every fuch matter and thing respectively, the sum of five pounds sterling; and that no such matter or thing shall be available in law or equity, or to be given in evidence, or admitted in any court, unless as well the said duty hereby charged in respect thereof, as the said sum of five pounds, shall be first paid to the use of her Majesty, her heirs or successors, and a receipt produced for the same, under the hand of the receiver general, for the time being, of the stamp-duties, or of his deputy or clerk, and until the vellum, parchment, and paper, upon which fuch matter or thing is so written or engrossed, shall be marked or stamped, according to the tenor and true meaning hereof; and the faid receiver general, and his deputy or clerk, are hereby enjoined and required, upon payment or tender of the faid duties, and of the said sum of five pounds, and such other sums, as by the faid former acts are payable in that behalf, to give a receipt for such monies, and the other proper officers are thereupon required to mark or stamp such matter or thing with the proper

marks and stamps requisite in that behalf. XXVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. Commission-

That every commissioner and officer, who shall act in or about ers to be the managing or collecting the stamp-duties last mentioned, shall, before he shall act in or about the same, take the oath following; that is to say,

A. B. de fwear, That I will faithfully execute the trust repased Their eath; in me, pursuant to the act of parliament made in the twelsth year of the reign of her majesty Queen Anne, whereby certain additional duties are charged or made payable, in respect of the several matters or things engroffed or written, as therein is mentioned, without fraud ir contealment; and shall, from time to time, true account make of my doings therein, and deliver the same to such person or persons as her Majesty, her heirs and successors shall appoint to receive such account; and shall take no fee, reward, or profit for the execution or. performance of the faid truft, or the business relating thereto, from any person or persons, other than such as shall be allowed by her Majesty, ber beirs or successors, or some other person or persons by her or them to that purpose authorized.

Which oath shall or may be administred by any two or more of the commissioners last mentioned, or any justice of the peace.

XXVII. And to prevent such doubts as may arise touching the al- Allowances of invance for present payment of the stamp-duties charged by this and 6 per cent. for the foid other acts; it is hereby further declared and enacted by 6 months, the authority aforefoid. That there shall be allowed and enacted by when the duty the authority aforesaid, That there shall be allowed and paid amounts to to every person who shall at any one time bring to be stamped, rol. or buy of the faid commissioners, vellum, parchment, or paper, the duties whereof, doubly or trebly charged by this and the said other acts, shall in the whole amount to ten pounds or upwards. after the rate of fix pounds in the one hundred pounds per annum, for fix months, upon the present payment of the said duties, at the head office for marking or stamping of velluing

parchment, and paper.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority afore-Powers, &c. faid, That all powers, provisions, articles, clauses, pains of 9 & 10 W 32 de death, and other penalties and forfeitures, matters and things, force. prescribed, appointed or contained in or by the said act of parliament made in the faid ninth year of the reign of his faid late majesty King William the Third, or in any other act of parliament relating to the duties thereby charged, or any of them, which are now in force, and not hereby altered or otherwise provided for, shall, in the same manner and form as they now stand in force, with relation to the said duties, or any of them, charged by the faid act of the faid late King William, be of full force and effect, with relation to the said stamp-duties hereby charged, and every of them, during all the faid term of two and thirty years, and shall be applied, practised, and executed, for the fecuring, raising, levying, collecting, executing, an-Vol. XIII.

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fwering, and paying the faid flump-duties hereby charged, according to the true intent and mesning of this act, as fully, to all intents and purposes, as if the same powers, provisions, articles, clauses and things, and every of them, had severally and respectively been particularly enacted in this act, with relation to the stamp-duties hereby charged, and as if the slamp-duties hereby charged by the said act of the ninth year of his said late Majesty's reign.

Commissioners and offieers to be appointed, liable to the act 9 and 10 W. 3. C. 44

XXIX. And to the end all the faid additional, or new duties upon sope and paper, and upon certain lineas, filks, callicoes and stuffs, and upon starch and exported coals, and upon flampt vellum, parchment and paper, before granted by this act, may be certainly and duly raised, and the same (except the necessary charges of executing this act) may be justly and duly brought into the receipt of the Exchequer, according to the true meaning hereof; it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from time to time, during the continuance of this act, there shall be appointed such and so many commisfioners and officers, as shall be proper and necessary for the managing, raising, collecting and paying the same duties, and for keeping and rendring the accounts of the fame; and that the commissioners and officers concerned therein, shall perform their several duties in relation to the premisses, as to them refpectively shall appertain, under such and the like penalties, forfeitures and disabilities, for any offence or neglect therein, or for detaining, diverting, or milapplying any part of the monies arising by the same duties, or any of them, as are prescribed, and to be inflicted by virtue of an act of parliament made and passed in the ninth year of the reign of his late majesty King William the Third, intituled, An act for raising a sum not exceeding two millions, upon a fund for payment of annuities after the rate of eight pounds per centum per annum, and for fettling the trade to the East Indies, for the like offence or neglect relating to the duties thereby granted or referred unto, or for detaining, diverting, or misapplying any part of the monies which were granted or appropriated by the act last mentioned.

5 and 6 W. & M. c. s1.

XXX. And whereas a proclamation was issued by their late majeflies King William and Queen Mary, in pursuance of an ast of
parliament made in the sifth year of their reign, intituled, An act
for granting to their Majesties several duties upon vellum,
parchment, and paper, for sour years, towards carrying on the
war against France, for publishing the types, devices, marks, or
stamps provided in pursuance of the same ast, which ast has been
since continued by several subsequent acts of parliament, and the same
types, devices, marks, or stamps have been used for the stamping or
enarking of veilum, parchment and paper, in pursuance of the said
subsequent acts of parliament, which were provided and used in purfuance of the said sirft act, and published by the said proclamation;
but no proclamation was issued in parsuance of the said subsequent
acts, or any of them; whereupon some doubts have axisen whether
the said types, devices, marks, or stamps, sught nor to have been

arein sublished by preclamation after the paffing the faid afts for ever timing the said duties upon volum, parchment and paper, as the types, devices, marks or flamps provided for the duties so continued e for removing whereof, be it enacted and declared by the authority chorefuld, That the types, devices, marks, or stamps, pro- Proclamation vided in pursuance of the faid first mentioned act, shall be in pursuance deemed, taken, and made use of, as the types, devices, analyse, & M. c. 21. to or stamps provided in pursuance of the fald acts for continuing be deemed a the faid-duties, and every or any of them, until other types, sufficient pubdevices, marks, or flamps, shall be provided and published by lication of the proclamation, in pursuance of the same acts, or of one of them; several stamps, and that the faid publishing of the faid types, devices, marks, or flamps, by the faid proclamation, in pursuance of the faid first mentioned act for granting the said duties, shall be deemed and taken to be a sufficient publishing thereof, as well for and in respect of the duties granted by that act, as for and in respect of the duties on vellum, parchment, and paper, which have been fince granted or continued by any other act or acts of parliament relating thereto; any thing in the faid acts, or any of them, to the contrary hereof in any wife notwithstanding.

XXXI. And whereas several persons, who have, since the commence- Clause to ma ment of the rates or duties upon monies given, paid, or contracted for demnify maswith elerks and apprentices, taken clerks and apprentices, and received fters and apand controlled for fums of money, with or in respect of the taking of such elerks and apprentices, have, through neglect or inadvertency, omitted to pay the several rates and duties payable in that behalf, or to cause to be inserted the sums of money so given, paid, or contracted for, with or in respect of the taking of such clerks and apprentices, in the contracts ar indentures relating thereto, and to have fuch contracts or indentures stamped within the time for that purpose respectively limited by the act of parliament in that case made; whereby the said 8 Ann. c. 9 masters and mistreffes have incurred one or more penalty or penalties, and fach elerks and apprentices will, according to that act, be disabled to fallow or exercise the intended trades, professions, or impleyments, scales some surther provision be made; be it therefore further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That upon payment of the faid sespective rates and duties, which have been so omitted or neglected to be paid, as aforefaid, on or before the first day of . March in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, to such person or persons to whom the same ought to be paid, according to the same former act, and tendring to be flamped fuch indentures or contracts to omitted to be flamped, on or before the said first day of March in the said year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, the same indentures or contracts shall be stamped, and shall be good and available in law and equity, and the clerks or apprentices therein named that be capable of following and exercifing the respective intended trades, professions, or imployments, as fully as if the duties, so omitted to be paid, had been duly paid, and the indentures or contracts samped within the respective times in the fame act for those respective purposes limited, any thing

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therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding; so as the true and full fum or fums of money, and all other things given or contracted for, to or for the benefit of the masters or mistreffes, with or in respect of the taking such clerks or apprentices, be truly written or indorfed in words at length, on such indentures or contracts, wherein the same have been omitted to be inferted, according to the fame act, and the masters and mistreffes truly paying the faid omitted duties, on or before the said first day of March one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, are hereby indemnified and discharged off and from all penalties by them incurred by the faid recited acts, for which no profecution hath been commenced before the four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen. XXXII. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That

205,000l. to be the yearly fund yearly and every year, during the term of two and thirty years, for clearing off the principal fum of 1,876,400l. with interest See 1 Geo. 1. fat. 1. c. 2. £62. 2.

reckoning the first year to begin from the nine and twentieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and sources, the full fum of one hundred and five thousand pounds, by or out of the monies to arise by the said additional or new duties upon at 41. per cent. fope and paper, and upon certain linens, filks, callicoes, and stuffs, and upon starch, and exported coals, and upon stampt vellum, parchment and paper, by this act granted, and to be brought into the receipt of the Exchequer, as aforefaid, in case the fame shall extend thereunto, shall be computed and reckoned to be a yearly fund; and in case all the monies arising into the Exchequer, for the faid duties, rates and fums of money so granted, shall not amount to the sum of one hundred and five thousand pounds per annum, then the monies so arising, so far as the same shall extend, shall be part of the yearly fund towards the answering and paying off all and every the principal fums herein after mentioned, amounting in the whole to the fum of one million eight hundred seventy fix thousand four hundred pounds principal money, together with interest for the same after the rate of four pounds per centum per amount, as here-Deficiencies to in after is mentioned; and in case the faid duties, rates, and be made good fums of money by this act granted, shall at any time or times appear to be so deficient or low in the produce of the same, as that within any one year, to be reckoned, as aforefaid, the faid monies arising into the Exchequer, for or upon account of the fame duties, shall not amount to as much as one hundred and five thousand pounds, that then, and so often, and in every fuch case, so much as shall be wanting to make up the said fund or fum of one hundred and five thousand pounds for every or any fuch year, shall be supplied and made good, from time to time, out of the first aid or supply to be granted in parliament, next after such deficiencies shall appear, and shall from time to time be transferred thereunto, as soon as the same shall Or out of any be granted; and in case no such aid or supply shall be granted,

use or uses by act of parliament; and the lord high treasurer, or

out of the first aid to be granted in parliament.

public money then by and out of any publick money, which shall be in the unappropria- said receipt of Exchequer, not appropriated to any particular commissioners of the treasury, for the time being, are hereby Arially enjoined and required to make up such deficiency accordingly, out of such unappropriated publick money, without any

further or other warrant or authority for the same.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted by the authority afore- Any persons Gaid, That it shall and may be lawful for any person or persons, may be connatives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, to contri- tributors. bute for or towards advancing the fum of one million four hun-This lettery is dred thousand pounds, by paying, at or before the respective 6 Geo. 1. c. 4. days and times by this act limited in that behalf, to any re- 10 Geo. 1. C. 5. ectiver or receivers, to be appointed for that purpole, as is herein 2 Goo. 2. C. 12 after mentioned, the fum of ten pounds, or divers entire fums of ten pounds, upon this act; and that for the raising of the faid fum of one million four hundred thousand pounds, any person, who will become contributor or adventurer, shall and may advance the fum of ten pounds, for which fum so advanced, he, she, or they shall be entitled to receive by virtue of this act fuch principal money, and the interest thereof, to be paid, as herein after is mentioned, by and out of the faid yearly fund; and that every contributor or adventurer may advance as many entire sums of ten pounds as he, she, or they shall think fit, and for every such sum of ten pounds so advanced, he, the, or they, is or are to be interested in one lot or there: of and in the faid yearly fund by virtue of this act; and the fame entire sums of ten pounds each, are hereby appointed to be paid unto such receiver or receivers, at or before the respective days and times, and in the respective proportions herein after mentioned; that is to fay, one fourth part thereof Times of payon or before the tenth day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fourteen; one fourth part thereof on or before the tenth day of September in the said year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fourteen; one other fourth part thereof on or before the eleventh day of October one thoufand seven hundred and fourteen, and the remaining fourth part thereof on or before the tenth day of November one thoufand fetten hundred and fourteen.

Tickets to be delivered for a lottery, &c. The monies appropriated by this act to be applied to pay off the principal and interest. No undue pre-ference if sublequent orders be paid before others who did not demand their monies. Deficiency of one year to be made good out of the next. Surplus difpotable by parliament. Notice to be hung up in the office when orders become due. 81 per cent. per ann. allowed for the first payment, and 61. for the remainder, till 29 Sept. 1714. Receivers may take in money before they receive their books. Contributor advancing one fourth part; and failing in the rest, to forfeit the first fourth part, &c. Treasurer to appoint a paymaster, &c. Assignments of orders to be registred. Her Majesty to reward the managers out of monies arising by the duties. Benefits of 1000l. may be divided into orders not less than sool. After interest and principal paid off, the residue disposable by parsiament. Guardians may contribute for infants, &c. EXP.

LXIV. And whereas, by an act passed the ninth year of her 9 Ann. c. ve. Majesty's reign, certain duties are laid on sanned leather; and by 10 Ann. c. 26. another

another att passed the tenth year of her Majesty's reign, further duties are laid thereon, and by the faid atts only two thirds of the respecifive duties are to be drawn back or allowed upon the expertation of boots, shoes, gloves, or other manufactures, which by experience is found to be a discouragement to the manufacturers imployed therein;

Tanned leather manufactured, to draw backid, ob. portation.

for remedy whereof, be it declared and enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from and after the second day of August one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, there shall, in her of the faid two thirds of the faid duties, be paid and allowed to per lb. on ex- the exporter or exporters, for all tanned leather, which shall be manufactured and actually made into goods or wares, by him or them exported, on a proper debenture to be made for that purpole, and fecurity given for the fame, as by the faid acts are prescribed, the sum of one penny half-penny for every pound weight thereof, and so in proportion for every greater or lesser quantity; which drawback of one penny half-penny per pound shall be paid out of the respective duties granted by the faid acts of the ninth and of the tenth years of her Majesty's reign; any law to the contrary notwithstanding. LXV. And whereas by an act of parliament passed in the ninth

) Apr. c. 11.

year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for laying certain duties upon hides and skins, tanned, tawed, or dressed, and upon vellum and parchment, for the term of thirty-two years, for profecuting the war, and other her Majesty's most necessary occasions, it is enacted, That upon the shipping of any hides or calve-skins for exportation into foreign parts, and giving security to the customer or collector of the customs of the port from whence such exportation shall be made, That fuch hides and calve-skins shall not be relanded or brought on shore, in any port or part of Great Britain, the customer or collector shall give the exporter a certificate or debenture in writing, of the kinds and quantities of fuch bides and calveskins; and that upon producing such certificate, the collector at the port where fuch hides or calves-shins shall be exported, shall repay to the person producing such certificate, two thirds of the duties aubich were before charged for fuch hides or calve-skins so exported, as afterfaid: and whereas some doubts have arisen upon the construction of the said act, whether the same shall extend to allow a drawback of the said duties, for any other sort of skins, tanned, tawed or dressed, than hides and calve-skins; therefore to explain the said act, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all sheep-skins and lamb-skins, tanned, tawed or dressed, which are chargeable with any duties by the faid act passed in the ninth year of her Majesty's reign, shall, upon exportation thereof, have a drawback or allowance of two thirds of the duties, payable by virtue of the said act, subject to such rules, as by the said act are prescribed on the exportation of any hides or calve skins; any thing in the said act contained to the contrary in any wise not-

Sheep-skins to draw back two thirds of the duty. 9 Ann. c. 11.

10 Ann. c.17. Clause for di-

withstanding. LXVI. And whereas by an act of parliament made in the tenth Aribution of year of her present Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the better acool due to collecting and recovering the duties granted for the support of

the royal hospital at Gramwich, and for the further benefit the officers thereof, and for the preserving her Majesty's harbour moorings, and seamen it was (among ft other things) enacted, That the sum of four thousand money. pounds out of the shares of the several captors of prizes, by virtue of ber Majefty's declaration of the first of June one thousand seven hundred and two, which should remain uncalled for within the times by the said att limited for the payment of the same, should be applied for or towards the payment of certain rewards for taking or destroying ships of war or privateers of the enemy, during the late war, to and among st the stag officers, captains, and other officers and companies of ber Majesty's sbips of war, their executors or administrators, entitled thereunto by virtue of the said declaration, in such proportion as by the said declaration is directed, if the same should be decreed to them by the high court of admiralty, and lists of the ships entitled to such rewards by fuch decree, should be transmitted to the receiver or receivers of prizes, and the same should be claimed, and afterwards demanded to be paid within the respective times for the said several purposes limited by the said act; and that if the several sums so to be decreed and demanded for fuch rewards should amount in the whole to more than four thousand pounds, then the said four thousand pounds should be divided among the several claimers, by way of average, in propertien to their respective interests, to be adjusted by the receiver ar receivers of prizes, or person or persons appointed for the same: and whereas lifts of the persons on board some of the ships, entitled to such rewards, at the time of the taking or destroying such ships of war or privateers of the enemy, during the late war, for which the same became due, have never been transmitted unto the seceiver or receivers of prizes, the same not having been sufficiently provided for in the said act, by reason whereof the receiver or receivers of prizes have been mable to adjust the proportions belonging to several claimers of such rewards, and to make distribution of the said four thousand pounds according to the said set; for remody, &c.

Clause for adjusting claims in several lottery tickets. Debentures unclaimed on 14 December 1714, vested in her Majesty for the use of the publick. EXP.

LXIX. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That Appropriaall the money lent, and to be lent to her Majesty upon one act tion of the so-of this session of parliament, intituled, An act for granting an aid granted this to ber Majesty, to be raised by a land tax in Great Britain, for the session. service of the year one thousand seven bundred and fourteen, and so 12 Ann. Ratis. much money (if any such be) of the tax thereby granted, as c. .. shall arise and remain after all the loans made or to be made upon that act, or thereby transferred or directed to be transferred theroupto, and the interest thereof, and the charges thereby allowable for raising the said tax, shall be satisfied, or money fufficient shall be reserved to discharge the same; and all the monies lent, or to be lent unto her Majesty, upon the duties of malt, mum, cyder and perry, charged and continued by another act of this session of parliament, for the service of the 12 Ann. fiste. year one thousand seven hundred and fourteen; and so much c. 3-

Ηa money

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money of the faid duties of toalt, mum, eyder and perry thereby granted or continued, as shall arise and remain after all the loans made or to be made upon that act, or thereby transferred or directed to be transferred thereunto, and the interest therest. and the charges thereby allowable for raising the said duties thereby granted, shall be satisfied, or money sufficient shall be referved to discharge the same; and all the surplus or unappropriated monies, which shall arise and be paid into the Exchequer, for the use of the publick, from and after the twelfth day of Tune one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, until all the provisions of money intended by this act for the wes and purposes herein after mentioned shall be satisfied, and all the monies which, over and above the allowances for prompt payment, and other allowances directed by this act, shall arise, of or for the faid contributions, not exceeding the sum of one million four hundred thousand pounds in this act mentioned, shall be appropriated for or towards the feveral uses, intents and purpoles herein expressed, subject nevertheless to such restrictions as are herein after prescribed; that is to fay, it is hereby enacted and declared, That out of all or any the aids or supplies by this act provided, as aforesaid, there shall and may be issued and applied the fum of feven hundred forty five thousand seven hundred pounds and three pence, for defraying the charges of the ordinary of her Majesty's navy, including half-pay to seaofficers, and for victuals, wages, wear and tear of the navy, and victualling thereof, performed and to be performed, and for sea-service in the office of ordnance, performed and to be performed; and any further fum not exceeding three hundred thousand pounds, towards satisfying the debt due for seamens wages, and to the yards, and for the debt due to the marines; Sea-chaplains and any further fum not exceeding three thousand pounds, to Vide 3 Geo. 1. be equally distributed among the chaplains that served in the fleet during the late war, and are not otherwise provided for; and any fum not exceeding three hundred eighty fix thousand four hundred twenty seven pounds seventeen shillings and ten pence, for maintaining guards and garrifons in Great Britain, Jersey and Guernsey, together with two independent companies in North Britain, for one year, from the twenty fourth day of December one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, to the twenty fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and fourteen; and any fum not exceeding fifty four thousand fix hundred forty five pounds one shilling and three pence, for

maintaining her Majesty's forces and garrison at Minurea for the

same year; and any sum not exceeding thirty four thousand eight hundred fifty fix pounds fourteen shillings and nine pence half-penny, for maintaining her Majesty's forces and garrison

company at Bermudas, and the garrisons of Annapolis Royal and

Pla-

Ordinary of the navy.

Seamens wages.

Guards and rarrisons in Great Britain,

Forces at Minorca.

Gibraltar.

at Gibraltar for the same year; and any sum not exceeding twenty thousand one hundred and seventy pounds one chilling NewYork, &c. and fix pence, for maintaining four companies at New York, four companies at Annapolis Royal, four companies for Placentia, one

Plannie for the same year; and any sum not exceeding one Forces in hundred and seven thousand eight hundred thirty one pounds Flanders, &c. nine skillings and two pence, for maintaining her Majesty's forces in Flanders and at Dunkirk, whil Michaelmas one thoufand fewen hundred and fourteen; and any furn not exceeding Jamaica and nineteen thousand three hundred and eight pounds and ten Leeward shillings, for maintaining the regiment commanded by colonel Islands. Handafrile at Jamaica, and the regiment commanded by colonel Alexander in the Lowward Islands, until Christmas one thousand seven hundred and fourteen; and any sum not exceeding fifty Arrears of seven thousand eight hundred seventy seven pounds eleven shil- half-pay offilings and fix pence half-penny, to fatisfy the arrears due to the cers. officers of the land forces and marines, for half-pay at Christmas one thousand seven hundred and thirteen; and any sum not Half-pay to exceeding five thousand eight hundred fixty two pounds fixteen officers allowshallings and two pence, for charge of half-pay to such officers ed by the Queen's warwho are allowed it by special warrant of her Majesty for one rant. year, from Christmas one thousand seven hundred and thirteen to Chrismas one thousand seven hundred and sourteen; and any Half-pay to fum not exceeding one hundred twenty three thousand two land forces hundred ninety three pounds nineteen shillings and two pence, and marinesfor the charge of half-pay to the officers of the land forces and marines, being her Majesty's natural-born subjects, or naturalized, for the same year; and a sum not exceeding forty-two Chelsea Hosshouland seven hundred eighty five pounds fourteen shillings pital. and four pence, for support of the royal hospital at Chelfea, and pay of the out-penfioners, and for the extraordinary allowance of forage for the dragouns in North Britain for the fame year; and any fum not exceeding in the whole three hundred thoufand pounds, towards fatisfying the debt due on account to the land forces, and to the faid out-penfioners; out of which the fam of fixty thousand ninety five pounds nine shillings and two Corn sent to pence, is to be applied to discharge bills of exchange drawn by Barcelona. William Chetwynd, Esq, her Majesty's late envoy at Gensa, for com sent to Barcelona; and any sum not exceeding fifty five Office of ordthousand two hundred eighty one pounds and fixteen shillings, nance. for the charge of the office of ordnance for land services performed and to be performed; and any furn not exceeding two Artillery offithousand one hundred eighty eight pounds nine shillings and cers in Flantwo pence, for the military officers and chaplain that served in dersandSpain. the train of artillery in Flanders and Spain, and on several expeditions, which, with the allowance they have on the establishment in the office of ordnance, is to complete their half-pay for the year from Christmas one thousand seven hundred and thirteen to Christmas one thousand seven hundred and sourteen; and any fum not exceeding fixty seven thousand three hundred Deficiency of fifty eight pounds fifteen shillings and seven pence, for supply- the classic loting the deficiency of the fund for the classis lottery of one thou, tery, 1711. fand seven hundred and eleven, for the year ended at Michaelmos one thousand seven hundred and thirteen; and any sum not Deficiency for exceeding fixty seven thousand five hundred forty fix pounds four the classic lot-

shillings tery, 1712.

Ango duodecimo Annæ. Som 2. C. 2. 117131

shillings and three pence half-penny, for supplying the defici-

ency of the fund for the classis lettery of one thousand seven hundred and twelve, for the year ended at Michaelmes one thoufand feven hundred and thirteen; and any fum not exceeding Deficiency of the yearly forty two thousand five hundred seventy six pounds six shillings fund to the and four pence, to make good the deficiency of the yearly fund, East India granted by an act of the ninth year of his late majesty King company 9 & 10 W. 1. William the Third, for the benefit of the company and others trading to the East Indies; and any sum not exceeding eighty

C. 44. Deficiency of the two third fublidy. 3 &4Ann.c.5. Sufferers at

Nevis, &c.

lings and ten pence, to make good the deficiency of principal and interest upon the act made in the third year of her Majofly's reign, for granting a further subsidy on wines and meechandizes imported, called the two third subfidy; and any sum not exceeding eighteen thousand five hundred and forty pounds twelve shillings and nine pence three farthings, to make good the interest on debentures to the sufferers at Nevis and St. Christophers for three years, to the twenty fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and fourteen; and to and for none other use, intent or purpose whatsoever.

eight thousand seven hundred forty one pounds thirteen shil-

Provide for company ;

LXX. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and dethe South Sea clared, That no appropriation, or other matter or thing in this act contained, shall obstruct or hinder any payment or payments, which, by and in purfuance of an act made in the ninth a Ann. c. 21. year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An all for making good deficiencies, and satisfying the publick debts; and for erecting a corporation to carry on a trade to the South Seas, and for incouragement

of the fiftery; and for liberty to trade in uncorought iron with the fubjects of Spain, and to repeal the acts for registring seamon, and of her Majesty's charter grounded thereupon, are or shall be required and authorized to be made by the treasurer or paymafter of the navy for the time being, or by any other persons to be intrusted with the publick monies for the service of the navy, out of such publick monies, tailies, orders, or parliamentary focurities in their hands or power respectively, as are or shall thereby be charged or chargeable to make good any deficiency or deficiencies to the corporation erected in pursuance of the act last mentioned, called by the name of the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South Seas, and other parts of America, and for incouraging the fishery, or to their treasurer for their use; any thing herein contained to the

and for the commissioners of accounts.

contrary notwithstanding. LXXI. Provided also, That such sums as, by any other act of this session of parliament, shall be payable to any commisfioners of accounts for their falaries, or for their clerks, or any other incident charges, shall and may be paid out of the aids or fupplies aforefaid, or any of them; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

An act for raising the militia for the year one thousand feven hundred and fourteen, although the month's pay formerly advanced be not repaid; and for rectifying a mistake in an act passed in this present session of partiament, intituled, An act for the better regulating the forces to be combined in the Majesty's service, and for payment of the faid forces and their quarters. B X P.

### CAP. XI.

An all to prevent the listing her Majesty's subjects to serve as soldiers without her Majesty's licence.

FHEREAS several ill-affected persons, subjects of the crown VV of Great Britain, have lately, in open defiance of the laws, prefumed traiterously to lift divers of her Majesty's subjects within the kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland, to serve the person pretended to be prince of Wales, during the life of the late king James the Second, and fince his decease presending to be, and taking upon bimself the stile and title of King of England, by the name of James the Third, as foldiers, to the great disturbance of the peace of these her Majesty's kingdoms; and whereas the like traiterous practice may be more coverely carried on, under pretence of listing her Majesty's subjects to serve as soldiers under some foreign prince, state or potentate: for remedy thereof, be it, &c.

Subjects of Great Britain who shall, after 1 August 1714. within the kingform, or in Ireland, and after 1 October out of the kingdom, lift themselves to ferve any foreign prince, &c. or procure any fubject fo to do, without her Majeffy's heence, shall be guilty of high treason. Offences out of the realm, where to be tried. No heence shall exempt from the penalty, persons listing any subject to serve the French King. Continuance of the act for three years. EXP.

# CAP. XII.

An all for the better maintenance of curates within the church of England; and for preventing any ecclepatical persons from buying the next avoidance of any church-preferment.

THEREAS the absence of beneficed ministers ought to be Two fupplied by curates that are sufficient and licensed preachers, and no curates or ministers ought to serve in any place without the examination and admission of the bishop of the diocese, or ordinary of The place, having episcopal jurisdiction: but nevertheless, for want of sufficient maintenance and encouragement for such curates, the cures within that part of Great Britain called England, have been in feveral places meanly supplied: for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this prefent parliament affembled, and by the authority of the faine, That if any rector or vicar having cure of fouls shall, After so Sept. from and after the nine and twentieth day of September, in the 1714. bishop, year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, &c. to appoint nominate and present any curate to the bishop or ordinary, to curates, not

be exceeding sol.

er ann. nor less than 201. and on neglect of payment the benefices

be licensed or admitted to serve the cure of such rector or vicar in his absence, the said bishop or ordinary having regard to the greatness of the cure, and the value of the ecclesiastical benemay sequester fices of such rector or vicar, shall, on or before the granting fuch licence, appoint by writing under his hand and feal a fufficient certain stipend or allowance, not exceeding fifty pounds per ennum, nor less than twenty pounds per aumum, to be paid or answered at such times as he shall think fit, by such rector or vicar, to such curate, for his support and maintenance; and if It shall appear to the bishop or ordinary, upon complaint or otherwise, that any curate of such rector or vicar, licensed or admitted before the faid nine and twentieth day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sourteen. hath not a sufficient maintenance, it shall be lawful to and for the faid bishop or ordinary to appoint him a certain stipend or allowance in like manner as before mentioned; and in case any difference shall arise between any rector or vicar and his curate, touching such stipend or allowance, or the payment thereof, the bishop or ordinary, on complaint to him made, shall summarily hear and determine the same; and in case of neglect or refusal to pay such stipend or allowance, may sequester the profits of fuch benefice, for or until payment thereof.

Penalty of &c. the next

II. And whereas some of the clergy have procured preferments for taking for any themselves by buying ecclesiastical livings, and others have been thereby fum of money, discouraged; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, avoidance, &c. That if any person, from and after the twenty ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, shall or do. for any fum of money, reward, gift, profit or advantage, direally or indirectly, or for or by reason of any promise, agreement, grant, bond, covenant or other affurance, of or for any fum of money, reward, gift, profit or benefit whatfoever, directly or indirectly, in his own name, or in the name of any other person or persons, take, procure, or accept the next avoidance of, or presentation to any benefice with cure of souls, dignity, prebend, or living ecclefialtical, and shall be presented or collated thereupon, that then every such presentation or collation, and every admission, institution, investiture and induction upon the same, shall be utterly void, frustrate, and of no effect in law, and such agreement shall be deemed and taken to be a fimoniacal contract; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for the Queen's majesty, her heirs and successors, to present or collate unto, or give or bestow every such benefice, dignity, prebend, and living ecclesiastical, for that one time or turn only; and the person so corruptly taking, procuring, or accepting any such benefice, dignity, prebend or living, shall thereupon, and from thenceforth, he adjudged a difabled person in law to have and enjoy the same benefice, dignity, prebend, or living ecclefiaftical, and shall also be subject to any punishment, pain or penalty, limited, prescribed or inflicted by the laws ecclefialtical, in like manner as if such corrupt agreement had heen made after such benefice, dignity, prebend, or living ecclesiastical had become vacant; any law or statute to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

## CAP. XIII.

An act to discharge and acquit the commissioners of equivalent for the sum of three hundred eighty one thousand sive hundred and nine pounds sisteen shillings ten pence half-penny by them duly issued out of the sum of three hundred ninety eight thousand eighty sive pounds ten shillings, which they received.

ATHEREAS by the treaty of union, and fifteenth article thereof, it is agreed, That Scotland shall have an equivalent for robat the subjects thereof shall be charged towards payment of the debts of England contracted before the union, in all particulars whatfoever, and particularly that the sum of three hundred ninety eight chousand eighty five pounds and ten shillings should be granted to her Majesty as an equivalent to Scotland, for such part of the customs and excise there, as should be applicable to the payment of the faid debts of England, according to the proportions therein set down; and it is agreed, That her Majesty be impowered to appoint commisfieners, who should be accountable to the parliament of Great Britain, for disposing the said sum of three hundred ninety eight thousand eighty five pounds and ten shillings, and all other monies which shall arise to Scotland upon the agreements in the treaty of union, to the purposes mentioned in the said fifteenth article, in an act of the last parliamost of Scotland, intituled, An act concerning the payment of the fams out of the equivalent to the African company; in an- 6 Ann. C, 24. other act of the faid last parliament, intituled, An act concerning the publick debts; and in an act of the first parliament of Great Britain, installed, An act for further directing the payment of the equivalent money: and whereas her Majesty, by commission dated the fifth of June one thousand seven hundred and seven, did nominate and appoint Sir Andrew Hume, William Dalrimple, Efe; Sir Robert Sinclair of Stevenson, Sir Thomas Burnett of Leves, Sir John Arcskine of Alva, Sir John Swinton of the same, Sir James Campbell of Abernehill, Sir James Smollett of Bonhill, Sir Patrick Johnston, Sir Francis Grant, baronets; George Baillie of Jervise Wood, John Haldon of Gleneagles, John Bruce of Kinrols, William Seton the younger of Pittmedin; John Clarke the younger of Pennycook; Alexander Abercrombie of Gleftock, Mungo Grame of Gorthy, John Graham of Dugalitowne, John Pringle of Haining, Douglas the younger of Kelihead, Daniel Campbell of Buttes, Esq.; Sir John Cope, knight, Jacob Raynardson, John Brydges and James Houblon, Efgrs. commissioners for disposing the aforesaid sum of three hundred ninety eight thousand eighty five pounds and ten shillings, and all other monies which shall arise to Scotland upon the agreements in the treaty of union: and by another commission dated the fix and twentieth of July one thousand seven hundred and nine, did nominate and ap-Doing

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point the aferesaid Sir Andrew Hume, William Dahimple. Bles Sir Robert Sinclair of Stavenson, Sir Thomas Burnett of Leyes, Sir John Areskine of Alva, Sir John Swinton of the Jame, Sir James Campbell of Abesnehill, Sir James Smollet of Bonhill, Sir Patrick Johnston, Baronets; John Bruce of Kinrols, William Seton the younger of Pittmedin, Alexander Abercrombie of Gleffock, John Pringle of Hayning, Esq. Sir John Cope, Kat. and John Brydges, Efq; to be commissioners for the same ends and purposes; which commissioners, or the major part of them, pursuant to their said commissions, have well and duly issued and paid the sum of three hundred eighty one thousand sive hundred and nine pounds sifteen shillings and ten pence belfpenny, as directed by the laws above recited, in manner berein after fet down, viz. towards the less which private persons sustained by the reducing the English money then in Scotland to the current rate in England, the fune of three theuland and seventeen pounds eighteen shillings and nine pence; for recoming the Scots and foreign money, and reducing it to the standard of the eain of England, the fum of forty nine thousand eight hundred eighty eight pounds fourteen shillings and eleven pence one fixth of a penny; towards payment of the flock, interest and debts of the Indian and African company, the fum of two bundred twenty nine theufand fix bundred and eleven pounds four shillings and eight pence; towards the charges of the commissioners, secretaries, and accountants of the two treaties of union, the sum of thirty thousand sour bundred ninety eight sounds twelve skillings and two pence; towards payment of the first class of the civil list, the sum of twenty seven thousand sive hundred fifty three pounds seventeen shillings and nine pence one third of a penny; towards payment of the fecond class of the civil lift, the sum of four thousand six hundred sisty sive pounds and six shillings; toteen thousand one hundred eighty eight pounds and eight pence; towards payment of the second class of the military lift, the sum of fourteen thousand four bundred fifty eight pounds two shillings and eight pence five fixths of a penny; for the fees and falaries of the fervants of the commission, till the fourteenth of March, and thirtieth of April last past, the sum of sive thousand sour hundred and thirteen pounds eleven shillings and four pence; for the necessary charges of the commission, and for defending of law suits where the titles of parties were not clear, these charges preceding the fix and twentiesh day of March last, amounted to the sum of two thousand two hundred twenty four pounds fix shillings and ten pence one fixth of a ponny: all which fums together amount to the above total of three hundred eighty one shouland five bundred and nine pounds fifteen shillings and ten pence balfpenny: be it therefore, &c.

Commissioners of the equivalent discharged of the sums paid by them upon the several heads mentioned in this act. But not freed from applying the sum of \$6,5751. 242. 7d. ob. now remaining in their hands, to the uses by the acts directed. E X P.

III. And whereas it appears, that the other publick debts of Scotland yet unfatisfied, which are adjusted and certified, pursuant to the directions directions of the several alls above resited, do amount to the sum of two bundred and thirty thousand three hundred and eight pounds nine faillings and ten pence and five fixths of a penny, including the interest of fuch parts thereof as bear interest from the twenty fourth day of func one thousand seven hundred and eight, to the twenty fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen; be it therefore enacted, &s.

The commissioners to call for all certificates, &c. and cancel all deben- Redocated by tures by which the unfatisfied debt is constituted, and to iffue new debeng 5 Geo.z. c. 20. tures, to bear interest at 11. per cent. after 24 June 2714. and paid out of the first mancy due to Scotland. EXP.

### CAP. XIV.

An aft for rendring more effectual an act made in the third year of the reign of King James the First, intituled, An act to prevent and avoid dangers which may grow by popish recusants; and also of one other all made in the first year of the reign of their late majesties King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An act to vest in the two universities the presentations of benefices belonging to papiles; and for vesting in the lords of justimary power to inflict the same punishments against jesuits, priests, and other trafficking papifts, which the privy council of Scotland was impowered to do by an act passed in the parliement of Scotland, intituled. An act for preventing the growth of popery.

OR as much as by an act of parliament made in the third year of 3 Juc. 2. c. 50 the reign of King James the First, intituled, An act to prevent and avoid dangers which may grow by popish reculants; and also one other all made in the first year of the reign of their late ma- 1W. & M. felle jesties King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An act to vost 1. C. sh. in the two universities the presentation of benefices belonging to papilts, the presentation, nomination, collation and donation of and to benefices, probends, or ecclefiaftical livings, schools, hespitals and donatives belonging to popifo reculants, and other persons thereby disabled to present, collate or nominate, are given to the two universities; but they are so given only where such persons are and stand convicted by fach ways and means as in the faid recited acts are mentioned and provided; which alts do nevertheless prove ineffectual for such purpoles, by reason such patrons are not convicted, or not in such manner as the faid afts do direct and appoint: therefore for making the faid laws more effectual, and for the speedier and easier vesting the presentations to such benefices in the two universities, according to the intention of the said laws, be it enacted by the After 10 July Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and 1714 papists. confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in &cc. disabled to content of the lords invitual and temporal, and commons, in present to any this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of benefice, &c. the same, That every papilt or person making profession of the popish religion, and every child not being a protestant, under

professing the popula religion, and every mortgagee, trustee or person any ways intrusted, directly or indirectly, mediately or immediately, by or for any fuch papift or person making profession of the popish religion, or such child, as aforesaid, whether

the age of one and twenty years, of every such papift or person

such trust be declared by writing or not, shall, from and after the tenth day of July which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, be disabled, and is hereby made incapable to present, collate or nominate to any benefice, prebend, or ecclefiastical living, school, hospital or donative, or to grant any avoidance of any benefice, prebend, or ecclefiaftical living; and that every such presentation, collation, nomination and grant, and every admission, institution and induction to be made thereupon, shall be utterly void and of no effect, to all intents, constructions, and purposes whatsoever; and that in every such case the chancellor and scholars of the university of Oxford, and the chancellor and scholars of the university of Cambridge, by what name or names soever they or either of them shall have the are incorporated, shall respectively have the presentation, nomination, collation and donation, of and to every such benefice, prebend, or ecclefiaftical living, school, hospital and donative, ties, &c. men- fet, lying, and being in the respective counties, cities, and other places and limits in the faid act of the third year of King James mentioned, as in and by the faid act is directed and appointed

in the case of a popish recusant convict.

And the two universities presentation, &c. in the respective countioned in g jac. 1. c. 5.

When any archbilhop, &c. he may tender to the lent, the declaration in as Car.a.c.a.

If absent, summon him to appear.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, presentation is That from and after the said tenth day of July, when and as brought to any often as any presentation to any benefice or ecclesiastical living often as any prefentation to any benefice or ecclefiaftical living shall be brought to any archbishop, bishop, or other ordinary, from any person who shall be reputed to be, or whom such person, if pre- archbishop, bishop, or other ordinary, shall have cause to sufpect to be a papilt, or truftee of any person making profession of the popish religion, or suspected to be such, it stall and may be lawful to and for such archbishop, bishop, or other ordinary, and he is hereby required to tender or administer to every fuch person, if present, the declaration against transubstantiation, fet down and expressed in an act of parliament made in the five and twentieth year of the reign of the late King Gharles the Second, intituled, An act for preventing dangers which may happen from popish recusants, to be by such person made, repeated and subscribed; and in case such person shall be absent, the faid archbithop, bishop, or other ordinary shall, by notice in writing to be left at the place of habitation of fuch person, appoint some convenient time and place when and where such person shall appear before such archbishop, bishop, or other ordinary, or some persons to be authorized by such archbishop, bishop, or other ordinary, by commission under his or their feal of office; and upon such appearance, the said archbilhop, bishop, or other ordinary, or such commissioners, shall tender or administer the said declaration to the person making such prefentation; and in case such person shall neglect or resuse to make

make, repeat, and subscribe such declaration, when the same Resuling to shall be so tendred, as aforesaid, or shall neglect or resule to ap-make the deshall be so tendred, as atoreiaid, or mail neglect of fetule to ap-pear before such archbishop, bishop, or other ordinary, or such to appear, the commissioners, upon such notice as aforesaid, That then such presentation presentation shall be utterly void and of none effect; and in shall be void: every such case, such archbishop, bishop, or other ordinary And the arch-shall within ten days next after such neglect or refusal, send shall certify and give a certificate under his or their feal of office of fuch such refusal to neglect or refusal to the vice-chancellor for the time being, of the university, that university to whom such presentation would of right be-who shall prelong, if such person so presenting had been a popish recusant sent, &c. convict; and it shall and may be lawful, to and for the chancellor and scholars of such university, to present a person qualified according to the faid acts to fuch benefice or ecclefiaftical living; and the presentation to such benefice or ecclesiastical living, for that turn only, is hereby given unto, and vested in them for that purpose; any matter, clause or thing contained in either of the said former recited acts to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

III. And for the better discovery of all secret trusts, and Bishops, &c. to

fraudulent conveyances made by papifts or persons making pro- examine per-fession of the popish religion, of their advowsons and right of on oath. presentation, nomination and donation, to any benefices or ecclefiaftical livings; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That when the presentation of any person presented to any benefice or ecclefiaftical living, shall be brought to any archbishop, bishop, or other ordinary, the said archbishop, bishop or ordinary, is hereby required, before he give institution, to examine the person presented upon oath, whether to the best and utmost of his knowledge and belief, the person or perfons who have made such presentation, be the true and real patron or patrons of the faid benefice or ecclefiaftical living, or made the said presentation in his, or her, or their own right, or whether such person or persons so presenting be not, mediately or immediately, directly or indirectly, truftee or truftees, or any way intrusted for some other, and what person or persons by name, who is or are papifts, or make profession of the popish religion, or the children of fuch, or for any other and what person or persons, or what he knows, has heard, or believes, Refusing to be touching or concerning the same; and if such person or persons examined, the so presented shall refuse to be so examined, or shall not answer presentation directly thereto, then and in every such case such presentation shall be void. shall be void.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, University may That it shall and may be lawful for the chancellor and scholars exhibit bills in of the respective universities, to whom the presentations to such chancery for benefices and ecclefiaftical livings should belong, in case the of fraudulent rightful patrons had been popish recusants convict, and their trusts. presentees or clerks, for the better discovery of such secret and fraudulent trusts, had, done, made and created, by or for such papifts or persons professing the popish religion, and their childrėn, Vor. XIII.

ren, as aforesaid, to exhibit their bill in any court of equity against such person or persons presenting, and such person or persons as they have reason to believe to be the Cestur que Trast of the advowlon of such benefice or ecclefiastical living, or any other person who they have cause to suspect may be able to make any other or further discovery of such secret trusts and practices; to which bill the defendants therein named, being duly ferved with the process of the court in which the said bill shaff be exhibited, thall forthwith directly answer to the facts charged and enquired in the faid bill, at the discretion of the court where fuch bill shall be exhibited; and in case the defendants, or any of them, shall refuse or neglect to answer the said bill in such reasonable time as shall be for that purpose allowed and appointed, by discretion of the said court where the said cause shall be depending, (the distance of place and the circumstances of the defendant or defendants confidered) That then and in such case the faid bill shall be taken pro Confesso, and be allowed as evidence against such person so neglecting and refusing, and his trustee or trustees, and his and their clerk: Provided that every person having fully answered such bill in such court of equity, and not knowing any thing of any fuch trust for a papist or other person disabled, as aforesaid, shall be entitled to his costs, to be taxed according to the course of the court. V. And he it further enacted by the authority aforefaid.

When any Quare Impedit That it shall and may be lawful for the court where any Quare is depending the court may administer an oath to dikover any fecret trult :

the faid chancellors and scholars, or their clerk, being plaintiffs or defendants in such suit, by motion in open court, at their discretion to make any rule or order requiring satisfaction, upon the oath of such patron and his clerk, who in the said suit shall contest the right of the said university to present to such benefice or ecclefiastical living, by examination of them or either of them, in open court, or by commission under the steal of such court for examination of them or either of them, or by affidavit, as the said court shall find most proper, in order to the discovery of any fecret trust, frauds or practises relating to the faid presentation then in question; and in case it appear to the court. upon the examination of fuch patron and clerk or either of them. pear that the That the said patron is but a trustee for some other person or persons, that then the said patron and his clerk shall discover who fuch person and persons are, and where he, she, or they for whom, or live or inhabit; and upon their refusal to make such discovery, or to give such satisfaction, as aforesaid, they shall be punished as guilty of a as perions that are guilty of a contempt to the faid court; and

Impedit shall be hereafter depending, at the instance of either of

contempt. patron is a truftee to apon, &c. who

And if it ap-

patron is a

trustee, he

be punished

thall discover

Court may or. in case such patron or his clerk shall discover the person for der the person whom the said patron is a trustee, that then and in such case for whom such the said court, upon motion made in open court, shall make a rule or order, That the person or persons, for whom the said pear and make patron is a trustee, shall, in the faid court, or before commisthe declarati- fioners to be appointed for that purpose, under the seal of the faid court, thake, repeat and subscribe the declaration against trantransubstantiation herein before mentioned, and likewise, on resusingshall be pain of incurring a contempt against the said court, give such esteemed a refurther satisfaction upon oath, touching or relating to the said cusant convict. trust, as the said court shall think sit; and such person so required to make, repeat and subscribe the said declaration, and refusing or neglecting so to do, shall be esteemed as a popula reculant convict, in respect of such presentation.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the answer of such pa- The answer of tron and patrons, and the person for whom he or they are any such patron, ways intrusted, and his and their clerk, or any of them, and &cc. to be allowed as evihis and their or any of their examinations and affidavits taken dence. as aforesaid, by order of any court where such Quare Impedit shall be depending, or by any archbishop, bishop, or other ordinary, or the commissioners, as aforesaid, (which examinations shall therefore be reduced into writing, and signed by the party examined) shall be allowed as evidence against such patron to prefenting, and his clerk.

VII. Provided always, That no fuch bill, nor any discovery Persons makto be made by any answer thereunto, or to any such examina ing such distion, as aforesaid, shall be made use of to subject any person only to the loss making any fuch discovery, or not answering such bill, to any of the presenpenalty or forfeiture, other than the loss of the presentation tation.

then in question.

VIII. And it is hereby further enacted, That in case of any If such bill be fuch bill or bills of discovery, as aforesaid, exhibited in any exhibited by court of equity by the chancellor and scholars of either of the no lapse shall said universities, or their presentee, no lapse shall incur, nor incur, &c. till plenarty be a bar, against such chancellor and scholars, in ref- three months pect of the benefice or ecclesiastical living, touching which such after the an-bill shall be so exhibited, till after three months from the time swer, put in, that the answer to such bill shall be put in, or the same be taken pro Confesso, or the prosecution thereof deserted; provided that fuch bill or bills be exhibited before any lapse incurred.

IX. And whereas it bath been doubted whether any writ of Quare The university Impedit brought by the respective universities, for any presentation; may sue any nomination, collation or donation pursuant to the said recited ucis, or write of Quare either of them, may be brought by them, in or by the name of chancellor and scholars, or ought to be by their true name of incorporation respectively; it is hereby declared, That the said respective chancellors and scholars of the said universities are by this act, and were by the said former acts, entitled to sue any writ of Quare Impedit by the name of chancellor and scholars of the university of Oxford, and chancellor and scholars of the university of Combridge respectively, or by their respective proper names of incorporation at their election.

X. And be it further enacted, That in case of any trust for Thecourt may any papist, or person professing the popish religion, confessed or enforce the discovered in and by any answer to such bill, as aforesaid, or producing of fuch examination, as aforefaid, it shall and may be lawful for to trusta. the court where such discovery shall be made, and such court is hereby enabled, to inforce the producing of the deeds creating

Anno duodecimo Annæ. Stat. 2. C. 15. 1713

and relating to the said trusts, by such methods as they shall. find proper.

Not to extend XI. Provided always, that nothing herein before contained to Scotland. shall extend to that part of Great Britain called Scotland.

XII. And whereas by the determination of the late privy council The lords of justiciary may of Scotland, the punishments contained in an act of the parliament of inflict the same Scotland, passed in the eighth session of the first parliament of King **g**unithments William, intituled, An act for preventing the growth of popery, on jestrits, &c. which the pri- cannot be fully put in execution against jesuits, priests, and other trafficking papists, who disguise and shelter themselves under borrowed wy council of Scotland was names, to avoid the penalty of the law; it is therefore hereby enimpowered to acted, and be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the do by an act lords of her Majesty's justiciary in Scotland, be hereby impowpassed in that kingdom. ered to inflict the same punishments against jesuits, priests, and other trafficking papists, which the privy council of Scotland was impowered to do by the aforefaid act of parliament.

### CAP. XV.

An act for providing a publick reward for such person or persons as jhall discover the longitude at Sea.

[THEREAS it is well known by all that are acquainted with

the art of navigation, That nothing is so much wanted and desired at Sea, as the discovery of the longitude, for the safety and quickness of voyages, the preservation of ships, and the lives of men: and whereas in the judgment of able mathematicians and navigators, several methods have already been discovered, true in theory though very difficult in practice, some of which (there is reason to expect) may be capable of improvement, some already discovered may be proposed to the publick, and others may be invented hereafter. whereas fuch a discovery would be of particular advantage to the trade of Great Britain, and very much for the honour of this kingdom; but besides the great difficulty of the thing itself, partly for the want of some publick reward to be settled as an encouragement for so useful and beneficial a work, and partly for want of money for trials and experiments necessary thereunto, no such inventions or proposals, hitherto made, have been brought to perfection; be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in parliament assembled, and by the authority of the fame, That the lord high admiral of Great Britain, or the first ers appointed commissioner of the admiralty, the speaker of the honourable house of commons, the first commissioner of the navy, the first ing the longi-commissioner of trade, the admirals of the red, white, and tude, and receiving propo- blue squadrons, the master of the Trinity-house, the president sals relating to of the royal society, the royal astronomer of Greenwich, the Savilian, Lucasian, and Plumian professors of the mathematicks in Oxford and Cambridge, all for the time being, the right honourable Thomas earl of Pembroke and Montgomery, Philip lord

> bishop of Hereford, George lord bishop of Bristol, Thomas lord Trever, the honourable Sir Thomas Hanmer baronet, speaker of

Commissionfor discover-

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the honourable house of commons, the honourable Francis Rebarts

Robarts esq; James Stanhope esq; William Clayton esq; and William Lounder esq; be constituted, and they are hereby constituted commissioners for the discovery of the longitude at sea, and for examining, trying, and judging of all proposals, experiments, and improvements relating to the same; and that the faid commissioners, or any five or more of them, have full power to hear and receive any proposal or proposals that shall be made to them for discovering the said longitude; and in case Commissionthe faid commissioners, or any five or more of them, shall be so ers to certify far satisfied of the probability of any such discovery, as to think the probabiliit proper to make experiment thereof, they shall certify the same ty of such difunder their hands and feals, to the commissioners of the navy commissioners for the time being, together with the persons names, who are of the navy, the authors of such proposals; and upon producing such certi-who shall make ficate, the faid commissioners are hereby authorized and required according for to make out a bill or bills for any such sum or sums of money, making the not exceeding two thousand pounds, as the said commissioners experiments. for the discovery of the said longitude, or any five or more of them, shall think necessary for making the experiments, pay- 14Geo. 2.C. 19. able by the treasurer of the navy; which sum or sums the trea- 26 Geo. 2. c. .. furer of the navy is hereby required to pay immediately to fuch person or persons as shall be appointed by the commissioners for To be paid by the discovery of the said longitude, to make those experiments, of the navy. out of any money that shall be in his hands, unapplied for the

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That The commisafter experiments made of any proposal or proposals for the dif- sioners to decovery of the faid longitude, the commissioners appointed by termine how this act, or the major part of them, shall declare and determine posal is practihow far the same is found practicable, and to what degree of cable.

exactness.

use of the navy.

III. And for a due and sufficient encouragement to any such Reward to the person or persons as shall discover a proper method for finding first discoverer. the said longitude, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the first author or authors, discoverer or discoverers of any such method, his or their executors, administrators, or assigns, shall be entitled to, and have such reward as herein after is mentioned; that is to say, to a reward, or sum of ten thousand pounds, if it determines the said longitude to one degree of a great circle, or fixty geographical miles; to fifteen thousand pounds, if it determines the same to two thirds of that distance; and to twenty When to be thousand pounds, if it determines the same to one half of the paid. same distance; and that one moiety or half-part of such reward or fum shall be due and paid when the said commissioners, or the major part of them, do agree that any such method extends to the security of ships within eighty geographical miles of the shores, which are places of the greatest danger, and the other moiety or half-part, when a ship by the appointment of the said commissioners, or the major part of them, shall thereby actually sail over the ocean, from Great Britain to any such port in the West-Indies, as those commissioners, or the major part of them,

shall choose or nominate for the experiment, without losing their

longitude beyond the limits before mentioned:

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That As foon as fuch method as foon as such method for the discovery of the said longitude shall have shall have been tried and found practicable and useful at sea, been found within any of the degrees aforefaid, That the faid commissionpracticable, ers, or the major part of them, shall certify the same accordthe commilfioners shall ingly, under their hands and scals, to the commissioners of the certify the navy for the time being, together with the person or persons fame to the names, who are the authors of such proposal; and upon such commissioners certificate the faid commissioners are hereby authorized and reof the navy, quired to make out a bill or bills for the respective sum or sums who shall make out bills of money, to which the author or authors of such proposal, for payment their executors, administrators, or assigns, shall be entitled by of the reward, virtue of this act; which fum or fums the treasurer of the navyand the treais hereby required to pay to the faid author or authors, their furer of the pavy shali pay executors, administrators, or assigns, out of any money that shall the fame, be in his hands unapplied to the use of the navy, according to the true intent and meaning of this act.

The commisfioners may allow a lefs reward for any proposal of confiderpublick.

V. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if any fuch proposal shall not, on trial, be found of so great use, as aforementioned, yet if the same, on trial, in the judgment of the said commissioners, or the major part of them, be found of confiderable use to the publick, that then in such able use to the case, the said author or authors, their executors, administrators, or assigns, shall have and receive such less reward therefore, as the faid commissioners, or the major part of them, thall think reasonable, to be paid by the treasurer of the navy, on such certificate, as aforefaid,

# CAP. XVI.

An all to reduce the rate of interest, without any prejudice to parliamentary securities.

HEREAS the reducing of interest to ten, and from thence to eight, and thence to fix in the hundred, bath, from time to time, by experience been found very beneficial to the advancement of trade, and improvement of lands: and whereas the heavy burden of the late long and expensive war bath been chiefly born by the sweets of the land of this kingdom, by reason whereof they have been necessisted to contract very large debts, and thereby, and by the abatement in the value of their lands, are become greatly impoverified: and whereas by reason of the great interest and prosit which bath been made of money at home, the foreign trade of this nation hath of late years been much neglected, and at this time there is a great abatement in the value of the merchandixes, wares, and commodities of this kingdom, both at home and in foreign parts, whither they are transported: and subereas for the redrefs of these mischiefs, and the preventing the encrease of the same, it is absolutely necessary to reduce the high rate of interest of fix pounds in the hundred pounds for a year to a nearer proportion with the interest allowed for money in foreign states; be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice

advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That no person or persons whatsoever, from After 29 Sept. and after the nine and twentieth day of September in the year of 1714. no perour Lord one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, upon any son shall take contract, which shall be made from and after the faid nine and above 51. per cent, interest. twentieth day of September, take, directly or indirectly, for loan of any monies, wares, merchandize, or other commodities whatsoever, above the value of five pounds for the forbearance of one hundred pounds for a year, and so after that rate for a greater or leffer fum, or for a longer or fhorter time; and that All bonds, &c. all bonds, contracts, and assurances whatsoever, made after the for a greater time aforesaid, for payment of any principal, or money to be interest shall be void. lent or covenanted to be performed upon or for any usury, whereupon or whereby there shall be reserved or taken above the rate of five pounds in the hundred, as aforesaid, shall be utterly void; and that all and every person or persons whatso-taking above ever, which shall after the time aforesaid, upon any contract to 51, for the be made after the faid nine and twentieth day of September, take, forbearance of accept and receive, by way or means of any corrupt bargain, loan, 100 l. for a exchange, chevizance, fhift, or interest of any wares, merchanfeit treble the dizes or other thing or things whatsoever, or by any deceitful value of the way or means, or by any covin, engine, or deceitful convey- monies, &c. ance, for the forbearing or giving day of payment for one whole year, of and for their money or other thing, above the fum of five pounds for the forbearing of one hundred pounds for a year, and so after that rate for a greater or lesser sum, or for a longer or shorter term, shall forfeit and lose for every such offence the treble value of the monies, wares, merchandizes, and other things so lent, bargained, exchanged or shifted:

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That After 29 Sept. all and every scrivener and scriveners, broker and brokers, solicivener, &cc. ter and Iolicitors, driver and drivers of bargains for contracts, shall take who shall after the said nine and twentieth day of September above 5s for take or receive, directly or indirectly, any sum or sums of mo- 2001 for a ney, or other reward or thing for brokage, foliciting, driving, or year, for brokage, &cc. nor procuring the loan, or forbearing of any fum or fums of money, above 12d. beover and above the rate or value of five shillings for the loan, sides stamp or forhearing of one hundred pounds for a year, and so ratably, duties, for or above twelve pence, over and above the stamp-duties, for making or remaining or renewing of the bond or bill for loan, or forbearing bond, &c. on thereof, or for any counterbond or bill concerning the same, penalty of 201, shall forfeit for every fuch offence twenty pounds, with costs of costs, and imfuit, and fuffer imprisonment for half a year; the one moiety of prisonment for fix months; all which forfeitures to be to the Queen's most excellent majesty, for six months, one moiety to her heirs and successors, and the other moiety to him or them the crown, the that will fue for the same in the same county where the several other to the offences are committed, and not elsewhere, by action of debt, profecutor. bill, plaint or information, in which no effoin, wager of law or

protection shall be allowed.

### CAP. XVII.

An all for the speedy and effectual preserving the navigation of the river of Thames, by stopping the breach in the levels of Havering and Dagenham in the county of Essex; and for ascertaining the coal measure.

X7HEREAS the preservation of the river of Thames is of the utmost importance, as well to the city of London, us to the trade of this whole kingdom: and whereas in the year one themfand seven hundred and seven, by a violent inundation of the said river of Thames, there happened a great breach in the walls or banks of the levels of Havering and Dagenham in the county of Effex, next adjoining to the faid river, whereby one thousand acres of land in the faid levels is overflowed, and the same, if not speedily remedied, will tend to the apparent hazard of the navigation of the faid river, by the continual quantities of earth and gravel, which every tide are brought from the faid breach, and have already occasioned a shelf or sand bank to grow up near the mouth of the said breach, which reaches almost half cross the river in breadth, and near a mile in length; insounce that if the faid breach is not stopped, and the walls or banks made good again, the navigation of the faid river of Thames is in danger of being utterly destroyed: for remedy whereof, be it enacted, &c.

For 10 years from 10 July 1714. Ships coming into the port of London, to pay 3d. per ton. Coasters 3s. each voyage. Colliers 1d. per chalder. Names of the trustees. Trustees may appoint receivers of these duties. Duties to be applied to the stopping the breach. Accounts, &c. to be laid before the parliament. No customer, &c. to take any entries, &c. till these duties are paid, on forsiture of 5ol. Collector may enter ships, and distrain for the duties. Trustees may borrow money on this act at 61. per cent. If sufficient money be raised within the 10 years, then the duties to cease. EXP.

. XI. And whereas the practice and usage in the port of London for many years last past, in the measurement of all sorts of coals, commonly called sea coals, water-born, liable to the several duties, and chargeable with the same by several acts of parliament, bath usually been made by a busbel equal to one bushel and one quart, Winchester measure, according to the standard in hor Majesty's Exchequer: and whereas some doubts and disputes have of late arisen touching the measurement of sea coals; for preventing therefore all such disputes for the future, be it enacted and declared by the authority aforefaid, That the bushel commonly called the coal bushel, shall be made round, with a plain and even bottom, and to be nineteen inches and a half from outlide to outlide, and to contain one Winchester bushel and one quart of water, according to the standard for the Winchester bushel, described by an act of parliament made in the thirteenth year of the reign of his late majesty King William for settling a duty upon malt, and all sea coals and culm chargeable with any duties by the Winchester measure, from and after the first day of August one thousand seven bundred and sourteen, shall be chargeable with the said duties,

The contents of a coal bushel.
13 & 14 W. 3.
5. 5. 6. 28.

duties, and be fold, measured, and paid by the chalder, containing thirty-fix of fuch bushels, as aforefaid, heaped up, and no other, and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity, under the like penalties and forfeitures as are by law prescribed in regard to the Winchester bushel; any law, usage or custom to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

XII. And for the more easy and better ascertaining the contents of A standard the said bushel, be it surther enacted by the authority asorciaid, bushel to be That the lord high treasurer, or any three or more of the com- Exchequer. miffioners of the treasury for the time being, shall cause an ex- The penalty of act bushel to be made of brass of the manner and dimensions a 50 l. is laid on forefaid, and the same to be sealed and kept in her Majesty's dealers in coals Exchequer as a standard for the purposes aforesaid, that recourse buffel, by may be had thereto as occasion shall require.

kept in the Geo. 2, C.26.

Lands fold by decree of commissioners of sewers, &c. may be redeemed by the land owners before 1 Dec. 1714. Notice in the gazette of receiving proposals for stopping the breach. Coasting hoys not chargeable. EXP.

### CAP. XVIII.

An act for the preserving all such ships and goods thereof, which shall bappen to be forced on shore, or stranded, upon the coasts of this kingdom, or any other of her Majesty's dominions.

WHEREAS by an aft made in the third year of the reign of 3 Ed. 1. c. 4. King Edward the First, concerning wrecks at sea, it is enacted, That where a man, a dog, or a cat, escape quick out of the ship, that fuch ship, nor barge, nor any thing in them, shall be adjudged a wreck, but the goods shall be saved, and kept by view of the sheriff, coroner, or the King's bailiff, and delivered into the hands of fuch as are of the town where the goods were found; so that if any fue for these goods, and after prove that they were his, or perished within his keeping, within a year and a day, they shall be restored to bim without delay, and if not, they shall remain to the King, or to fuch others to whom wreck belongeth; and he that otherwise doth, and. thereof be attainted, foall be awarded to prison, and make fine at the King's will: and whereas by another act made in the fourth year of the reign of the faid Edward the First, intituled, De officio Coro- 4 Ed. 1. flat, 2. natoris, concerning the wreck of the sea, it is enacted, That whereserver it be found, if any lay hands of it, he shall be attached by sufficient pledges, and the price of the wreck shall be valued, and delivered to the town: and whereas great complaints have been made by several merchants, as well her Majesty's subjects as foreigners, trading to and from this kingdom, that many ships of trade, after all their dangers at sea escaped, have unfortunately, near home, run on shore, or been stranded on the coasts thereof; and that such ships have been barbarously plundered by her Majesty's subjects, and their cargoes embezilled, and when any part thereof has been faved, it has been fwallowed up by exorbitant demands for salvage, to the great loss of her Majesty's revenue, and to the much greater damage of her Majesty's trading fubjects; for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the Queen's most

snot excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of

Sheriffs, mayors, &c. and cuftomhouse officers to fummon men to affist ships in distress.

All thips to affift,

on forfeiture of soel.

Reasonable falvage to be made,

By 5 Geo. 1.
C. 11. S. 13.
Goods facued from frauded
fth ps are 10 pay custom.

the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this prefent parliament affembled, and by the authority of the fame, That the sheriffs, justices of the peace of every county, or county of a city or town, and also all mayors, bailiffs, and other head officers of corporations and port towns near adjoining to the fea, and all constables, headboroughs, tything-men, and officers of the customs in all and every fuch places shall, upon application made to them, or any of them, by or on the behalf of any commander or chief officer of any thip or vellet of any of her Majesty's subjects, or others, being in danger of being stranded or run on shore, or being stranded or run on shore, are hereby impowered and required to command the conflables of the leveral ports within her Majesty's dominions, nearest to the sea coasts where any such ship or vessel shall be in danger, as aforesaid, to fummon and call together as many men as shall be thought necessary to the assistance and for the preservation of such ship or vessel so in distress, as aforesaid, and their cargoes; and that if there shall be any ship or vessel, either man of war or merchants thip, belonging to her Majesty, or any of her subjects, riding at anchor near the place where such ship or vessel is in diftress or danger, as aforefaid, the officers of the customs, and constables above mentioned, or any of them, are hereby impowered and required to demand of the superior officers of such ship or vessel so riding at anchor, as aforefaid, assistance by their boats, and fuch hands as they can conveniently spare, for the faid fervice and prefervation of the faid thip or veffel to in diffress, as aforesaid; and that in case such superior officer of such ship or vessel riding at anchor, as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect to give such assistance, he shall forfeit for the same the sum of one hundred pounds, to be recovered by the superior officer of the said thip or vessel so in distress, as aforesaid, together with their costs of suit, in any of her Majesty's courts of record, by action, debt, bill, plaint or information, wherein no effoin, wager of law, or protection shall be allowed.

II. And for the encouragement of fuch persons as shall give their affishance to such ships or vessels so in distress; as aforefaid, be it further enacted, That the faid collectors of the cufloms, and the mafter or commanding officer of any ships or vellels, and all others who shall act or be imployed in the preferving of any such thip or veffel in diffress, as aforelaid, or their cargoes, shall within thirty days after the service performed be paid a reasonable reward for the same, by the commander, master, or other superior officer, mariners or owners of the ship or veffel so in distress, as aforesaid, or by the merchant, whose thip, wellel, or goods thall be to faved, as aforefaid; and in default thereof, the faid thip, vessel or goods so saved, as aforesaid, shall remain in the custody of such officer of the customs, or his deputy, until fuch time that all charges shall be paid, and until the faid officer of the customs, or his deputy, and the faid mather or other officer of the thip or vellel, and all others so imployed

ployed as aforefaid, shall be reasonably gratified for their said assistance and trouble, or good security given for that purpose, to the latisfaction of the leveral parties that are to receive the fame; and that in case after such salvage, the commander or other superior officer, mariners or owners of such ship or vessel so saved, as aforesaid, or merchant whose goods shall be so saved, as aforesaid, shall disagree with the said officer of the customs, or his deputy, touching the monies deserved by any of the perfons so imployed, as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the commander of fuch thip or veffel to faved, or the owner of the goods, or the merchant interested therein, and also for the said officer of the customs, or his deputy, to nominate three of the neighbouring justices of the peace, who shall thereupon adjust the quan- Three justices tum of the monies or gratuities to be paid to the several persons to adjust the acting or being imployed in the salvage of the said ship, vessel quantum. or goods; and such adjustments shall be binding to all parties, and shall be recoverable in an action at law to be brought in any of her Majesty's courts of record, by the respective persons to whom the same shall be allotted by the said justices of peace; and in case it shall happen, that no person shall appear to make his Goods not claim to all or any the goods that shall be saved, that then and claimed in 16 in such case, the chief officer of the customs of the nearest port to fold, the place where the faid ship or vessel was so in distress, as aforefaid, shall apply to three of the nearest justices of the peace, who shall put him or some other responsible person in possession of the faid goods, such justices of peace taking an account in writing of the faid goods, to be figned by fuch officer of the gustoms; and if the said goods shall not be legally claimed within the space of twelve months next ensuing, by the rightful owner thereof, then publick sale shall be made thereof, and if perishable goods, forthwith to be fold, and after all charges de- and the monies ducted, the relidue of the monies ariting by such sale, with a transmitted fair and just account of the whole, shall be transmitted to her into the Ex-Majesty's Exchequer, there to remain for the benefit of the chequer, &c. rightful owner when appearing, who upon affidavit or other proof made of his or their right or property thereto, to the fatisfaction of one of the barons of the coife of the Exchequer, shall upon his order receive the fame out of the Exchequer.

III. And it is hereby also enacted, That if any person or per- Persons ensons whatsoever, besides those impowered by the said officer of tring ship the outloans, or his deputy, and the constables, as aforefaid, without leave, shall enter or endeavour to enter on board any such ship or vessel so in distress, as aforesaid, without the leave or consent of the commander, or other superior officer of the said ship, or of the faid officer of the customs, or his deputy, or of the said con-Rable, or some or one of them imployed for the service and prefervation of the faid thip or veffel, as aforefaid; or in case any or hindering person shall molest him, them, or any of them, in the saving the s or hinder the laving of any such thip, vessel or goods, or when faction. any fuch goods are faved, shall take out or deface the marks of

any fuch goods, before the same shall be taken down in a book or books for that purpose provided by the commander or ruling officer, and the first officer of the customs, as aforesaid, such person or persons shall, within the space of twenty days, make double satisfaction to the party grieved, at the discretion of the

Masters may repel preffers into the ship.

two next justices of peace, or in default thereof, shall by such justices of peace be sent to the next house of correction, where he shall continue and be imployed in hard labour by the space of twelve months then next ensuing; and that it shall be lawful for any commander or superior officer of the said ship or vessel so in distress as aforesaid, or for the said officer of the customs, or constables on board the same ship or vessel, to repel by force any fuch person or persons as shall, without such leave or consent from the faid commander or superior officer, or the said officer of the customs, or his deputy, or such constables, as aforesaid, press on board the said ship or vessel so in distress, as aforesaid. and thereby molest them in the preservation of the said ship or vessel so in distress, as aforesaid. IV. And it is hereby likewise enacted, That in case any goods

Goods carried off, to be imlivered up.

shall be found upon any person or persons, that were stolen or mediately decarried off from any such ship or vessel so in distress, as aforefaid, he, she, or they, on whom such goods shall be found, shall immediately, upon demand, deliver the same to the owner thereof, or to such person by such owner authorized to receive the fame, or in default thereof, shall be liable to pay treble the Penalty treble value of such goods, to be recovered by such owner in an action the value. at law to be brought for the same. Making holes V. And it is hereby moreover enacted, That if any person in the ship, or persons shall make on be established.

&c. felony.

the bottom, fide, or any other part of any ship or vessel so in distress, as aforesaid, or shall steal any pump belonging to any ship or vessel so in distress, as aforesaid, or shall be aiding or abetting in the stealing such pump, as aforesaid, or shall wilfully do any thing tending to the immediate loss or destruction of fuch thip or vessel, such person or persons shall be and are hereby made guilty of felony, without any benefit of his, her, or their clergy. VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid,

General issue.

That if any action, suit, or information, shall be commenced or profecuted against any person or persons, for any thing that he or they shall do, or cause to be done, in pursuance of this act, and executing any of the powers and authorities, or any of the orders or direction therein mentioned, all and every perfon and persons so sued in any court whatsoever, shall and may plead the general issue, and give this act and the special matter in evidence; and if in any such suit the plaintiff or prosecutor shall become nonsuit, or forbear profecution, or discontinue the suit, or if a verdict shall pass against him, or judgment be given against him upon a demurrer, then in any of the said cases, the defendant or defendants shall recover full costs, for which he and they shall have the like remedy as where costs by law are awarded;

warded; and this act shall be taken and allowed in all courts Publick act. within this kingdom as a publick act, and all judges and justices are hereby required to take notice thereof as such without special

pleading of the fame.

VII. Provided nevertheless, if any officer of the customs, or Custom house his deputy so impowered, as above, shall, by fraud or wilful his trust, to neglect, abuse the trust so hereby reposed in him, as aforesaid, for feit treble and shall be convicted thereof in due form of law, such officer, damages, and or his deputy, shall respectively forseit treble damages to the party disabled. grieved, to be recovered in any action or suit to be brought in any court of record, and shall from thenceforth be fully disabled and rendred incapable of the same, or any other imployment relating to the said customs.

VIII. And it is hereby further enacted, That this act, and Act to comthe several clauses herein contained, shall take effect from mence 1 Aug.
and after the first day of August in the year of our Lord one 1714- and to
thousand seven hundred and sourteen; and that for the better times in the
observing of the same, this act shall be read sour times in the year on sunyear in all the parish churches and chapels of every sea-port days in seatown, and upon the sea-coast in this kingdom, upon the Sunport towns,
days next before Michaelmas-day, Christmas-day, Lady-day, and
Midsummer-day in the morning, immediately after the prayers,
and before the sermon.

IX. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That neither Claims to this act, nor any thing herein contained, shall any ways extend wreck faved to deprive, or any ways prejudice her royal Majesty, her heirs or successors, or any claiming under them, or any of them, or any patentee or grantee of the crown, or any lord or lords of any manor or manors, or other person whatsoever, of or in relation to any right which they, or any of them respectively have, or shall have, or lawfully may claim to any wreck or wrecks, or any goods that are or shall be stotsam, jetsam or lagan, but that such respective rights shall be enjoyed in as full, ample, and beneficial a manner, in every respect, as if this act had never been made.

X. Provided, That this act shall continue in force for the space Continuation of three years, and from thence to the end of the next session of parliament, and no longer. *Made perpetual by 4* Geo. 1. c. 12.

# CAP. XIX.

An act to explain a clause in an act of parliament of the tenth year of her Majesty's reign, for laying several duties upon all sope and paper made in Great Britain, or imported into the same; and upon chequered and striped linens imported; and upon certain filks, callicees, linens and finffs. printed, painted or stained; and upon several kinds of stampt vellum, parchment and paper; and upon certain printed pampblets and advertisements; for raising the fum of eighteen bundred thousand pounds by way of a lottery, and for other purposes in the said all mentioned, so for as the said all relates to lowns, canvas, buckrams. barras, and Silesia neckeloths.

10 Ann. c. 19. WHEREAS in and by an act passed in the tenth year of her present Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for laying several duties upon all sope and paper made in Great Britain, or imported into the fame; and upon chequered and striped linens imported; and upon certain filks, callicoes, linens and stuffs. printed, painted or stained; and upon feveral kinds of stampt vellum, parchment and paper; and upon certain printed papers, pamphlets and advertisements; for raising the sum of eighteen hundred thousand pounds by way of a lottery, towards her Majesty's supply; and for licensing an additional number of hackney chairs; and for charging certain stocks of cards and dice; and for better securing her Majesty's duties to arise in the office for the stamp-duties by licences for marriages and otherwise; and for relief of persons who have not claimed their lottery tickets in due time, or have lost Exchequer bills, or lottery tickets; and for borrowing money upon flock (part of the capital of the South Sea company) for the use of the publick: it was enacted, That there should be raised, levied, collected and paid, to and for the use of ber Majesty, ber heirs and successors, for and upon all chequered and striped linens, and upon all linens, and upon all linens printed, painted, flained or dyed, after the manufacture, or in the thread and yarn hefore the manufacture, in any foreign parts, which at any time or times, within or during the term of thirty-two years, to be reckoned from the twentieth day of July one thousand seven hundred and twelve, should be imported or brought into the kingdom of Great Britain, and might lawfully be used or worn there (over and above all other customs, subsidies and duties imposed upon, or payable for the same) a duty of fifteen pounds for every one hundred pounds of the true and real value thereof, to be paid by the importers respectively; and also, that all and every printers, painters, stainers, dyers, drapers, mercers, upbolders, traders and dealers respectively, having on the said twentieth day of July, one thousand seven hundred and twelve, in his, her, or their enflody or possession, or in the custody or possession of any other person or persons, for his, her or their use, benefit or account, any stock or quantity of such chequered or striped linens, or of such printed, painted, stained

or dyed filks, callicoes, linens, or such stuffs, as aforesaid, being for sale, either wholesale or retail, should yield and pay to her Majesty for the same, so much money as one half-part of the rates and duties by the faid act imposed on the like respective commodities, after the commencement of the faid act, should amount unto; the faid half-part for the faid flocks to be paid within three months after the faid twentieth day of July aforesaid; and whereas some doubts have arisen ubbether lawns, linens striped or chequered, being all white, and neckcloths having stripes at the end only; as also barras striped or chequered, and buckrams are liable by the faid act to the above mentioned duties; be it enacted and declared by the Queen's most excellent Lawns, Silesia majefty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual neckcloths, and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assem-barras, canbled, and by the authority of the same, That all lawns, and rams, not striped or chequered linens, being all white, and neckcloths chargeable by striped at the end only; and also barras, or packing canvas and 10 Ann. c. 19. buckrams, were not charged, or intended to be charged by the f. 66. faid recited act, upon the importation thereof, with any of the duties by the same act granted; any thing in the said recited act contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding,

### CAP. XX.

An all to explain and make more effectual an all passed in the tenth year of her present Majesty's reign, for preventing abuses in making linen cloth, and regulating the lengths and breadths, and equal sorting of yarn, in each piece made in Scotland, and for whitening the same.

WHEREAS by an act made in the tenth year of her Majesty's 10 Ann. c. 213 reign, intituled, An act to prevent abuses in making linen. cloth, and regulating the lengths, breadths, and equal forting of yarn for each piece made in Scotland, and for whitening the fame; and forasmuch as there was no provision made in the said att for regulating the lengths, breadths, and equal forting of yarn for dornick or towelling or for quarter-pieces of white lines cloth; for After Aug. remedy whereof, be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent ma- 1714 all dorjefty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual nick, towelling and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assem- and plain linen and temporal, and commons, in this present partialises a actual made in Scot-bled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the land, shall be first day of August, which shall be in the year of our Lord one made of well thousand seven hundred and fourteen, all sorts of dornick, towel- sorted yarn, ling, or plain linen cloth made in Scotland, shall be made of well &c. forted yarn for each piece, and equally wrought, and equally fine, from the one end of the piece to the other, and shall be by the standard yard-wand, of the lengths and breadths following, That each piece of broad, double, or fingle dornick table- The lengths. cloths, shall be in length twelve yards and a quarter, the half and breadths. piece fix yards and one eighth, and shall be full two yards in breadth; and that each piece of double or fingle dornick for naprie or towelling, shall be full twenty-four yards, and the half piece twelve yards in length, and shall be full three quar,

Anno duodecimo ANNÆ. Stat. 2. C. 21.

ters of a yard, or full half yard in breadth; and that each quarter-piece of plain white linen cloth shall be full ten yards in length, and shall be full yard, or full three quarters of a yard, or full half an yard in breadth.

Penalty 5 s. for II. And be it further enacted, That every person offending in any of the matters aforesaid, contrary to the directions of this act. every yard; do and shall for every such offence forfeit and pay the sum of

to be recover- five shillings for every yard of cloth; and that the offences aed as by 10 foresaid shall be examinable and determinable in such manner. Ann. c. 21. and the faid forfeitures and penalties shall be fued for, levied and recovered, as the penalty of five shillings sterling mentioned in the faid former act is directed to be examined and determined. fued for, levied and recovered.

### CAP. XXI.

An act to explain part of an act made in the seventh year of ber Majesty's reign, (for enlarging the capital stock of the bank of England, and for raifing a further supply to ber Majesty, for the service of the year one thousand seven bundred and nine) fo far as the same relates to unwrought incle imported into this kingdom.

7 Ann. c. 7.

X7HEREAS by an act made in the seventh year of the reign VV of ber present Majesty, inituled, An act for enlarging the capital stock of the bank of England, and for raising a further supply to her Majesty, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and nine, it is expressly enacted and provided, That all European linenis, fifters thread and tapes, or incles (among other things) shall be exempted from the payment of the duties called the two third subsidies, for all times to come during the continuance of the same: and whereas some doubts and disputes have arisen between the commission fioners of her Majesty's customs and the merchants and other importers of the faid tapes and incles, by means of the uncertainty whether the exception of the tape or incle, mentioned in the said all, be only of tapes that are wrought incle, so that all wrought incle is thereby exempted from the payment of the aforefaid duties, though manufactured abroad in parts beyond the feas, and unwrought incles, which impley great numbers of poor in manufacturing the same, is construed to be liable to," and is charged with the faid duties, contrary to the true intent and meaning of the said law, as appears evidently, in that the bringing in and importing wrought incle, is prejudicial to Great Bri-European un. tain, and the poor subjects and manufacturers thereof; be it therewrought incle fore enacted and declared by the Queen's most excellent majesty,

extern pted

by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and ties of the two temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, third subsidies, and by the authority of the same, That the said provision and exception in the faid act above mentioned, in relation to tapes or incles, shall extend and be construed to exempt European unwrought incle, commonly called or known by the name of thert spinnal, as well as wrought incle, from the payment of the said duties of the two third subsidies, which shall be entred at any of her Majesty's

Majefty's custom-houses within the kingdom of Great Britain, after the twentieth day of July one thousand seven hundred and sourteen; any law, custom or usage to the contrary hereof in any wise notwithstanding.

### CAP. XXII.

An act to continue an act of the fixth year of her Majesty's reign, intituled, An act to enable her Majesty to make leafes and copies of offices, lands and hereditaments, parcel of her dutchy of Cornwell, or annexed to the fame. EXP.

#### CAP. XXIII.

An act for reducing the laws relating to rogues, vagabonds, flurdy beg-Repealed gars and vagrants, into one act of parliament; and for the more effec- 13Geo. s.c. 24. tual punishing such rogues, vagabonds, flurdy beggars and vagrants, 17 Geo. s.c. 5. and fending them whether they ought to be sent.

Who shall be deemed rogues and vagabonds. Constables, &c. may apprehend a vagabond, and carry him before a justice. Constable, sec. neglecting, to forfeit 10 s. to the poor. Justice may order a reward of a s. for apprehending a vagabond, to be paid by the constable where he passed unapprehended, on penalty of 20 s. Justices to order a general privy search in the night. Persons apprehended to be examined and sent by the justices to their legal settlement. Examination to be transmitted to the sessions. If no legal fettlement can be found, he shall be sent to the place of his birth. It under the age of 14, to the abode of father or mother, or where last found begging, &c. Persons having a legal settlement, found wandering, &c. may be whipped or fent to the house of correction. How the charges of conveying shall be born. Dangerous rogues to be sent to the house of correction or gaol, till next quarter-sessions, who may order them to be whipt and kept to hard labour. And any such rogue escaping from prison that be guilty of felony. Justice shall not make a pass for conveying a wagrant to the place of his birth, if he has any legal settlement, on forfeiture of 31, Persons apprehended refusing to be examined, &c. may be punished as incorrigible rogues. Justices to certify the manner, time, and allowance for conveying, &c. Constable, &c. to convey the person as directed by the pass, and deliver him to the constable, &c. of the place whither sent, taking a note of such delivery; which the said constable, &c. is required to give, and to apply to some justice, who shall cause such vagahond to be whipt, &c. and conveyed forward, &c. No constable obliged to receive any person, unless it appear he has been whipt, (except women with child, soldiers, &c.) Justices in quarter-sessions to appoint rates for conveying of vagrants. Quarter-sessions to cause such sums to be raifed as monies for county gaols or bridges: to be paid to the chief con-flables, who shall account for the same twice a year. Chief constable to pay petty constable the rates ascertained in the certificate, and be allowed it on his account. Counterfeiting, &c. any certificate, forfeits so l. above the fum taken. One half to the poor, the other to informer, to be levied by diffress. Justices may examine conftable, &cc. on oath, concerning the conveying, &c. Parish to which conveyed, shall employ such person in work. Refuting to work, he shall be sent to the house of correction. Penalty on a parish for suffering such person to wander again. Person wandering again, to be sent to the house of correction till next sessions, and then to give security for good behaviour for one year, or be deemed an incorrigible rogue. Person found to have no settlement, &c. shall be an apprentice for seven years, either here or in the plantations. Master, &c. of such person so bound and transported, to enter into a recognizance, that he shall be imployed in the Queen's plantations, &c. Persons aggrieved by orders of justices may appeal to quarter-lessions, whose determination shall be final. Constables, &c. to remove blind and lame beggars, &c. and whip them if they refuse, or offend a second time, on penalty of 101. Duty of juffices in regard to lunaticks. Not to extend to abridge the Queen's YOL, XIII. VOL. XIII.

Anno primo Georgii I. Stat. 1. C. 1.

prerogetive, or the power of the lord chancel lor. Maker of a thip bringing any rogue, &c. into this realm, from Ireland, the plantations, &c. shall forfeit 41. &c. And the person so brought over shall be sent back. Penalty on the master of the ship how to be recovered. Master may traverse the order of the justices, giving 50 l. security to answer the costs, &c. Masters of ships, &c. bound for Ireland, &c. to take vagrants on board, and convey them to Ireland, &c. on forfeiture of 31. Constable remiss in his duty, and persons disturbing, &c. the execution of this act, and rescuing, &cc. any person apprehended, shall for every offence forfeit so s. to the poor. The acts 49 Eliz. C. 4. x Jac. 1. c. 7. and fo much of 7 Jac. 1. c. 4. as relates to the privy fearch, repealed. Not to extend to prejudice the heirs or affigns of John Dutton, &c. REP.

# Anno Regni GEORGII I. Regis Magnæ Britanniæ, Franciæ & Hiberniæ, primo.

T the parliament met at Westminster the first day of 1 August, Anno Domini one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, in the first year of the reign of our sovereign Lord George by the grace of God, of Great Britain, France and Ireland, King, defender of the faith, &cc. on occasion of the demise of her late majesty Queen Anne (of blessed memory) in pursuance of the act of the fixth year of her said late Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the further security of her Majesty's person and government, and of the fuccession to the crown of Great Britain in the protestant

(a) The follow-line, (a) and by adjournments continued until the twentyadded from the fifth day of the same month. inrollment.

# CAP. I.

An act for the better support of his Majesty's boushold, and of the bonour and dignity of the crown of Great Britain

Ann. stat. 1. MAY it please your most excellent Majesty, Whereas by an act of parliament made in the first year of the reign of our late sovereign lady Queen Anne (of blessed memory,) intituled, An act for the better support of her Majesty's houshold, and of the honour and dignity of the crown, it was (amongst other things) enatted, That the rates and duties of excise, upon beer, ale, and other 12 Car. 2. c. 23. liquors, which had been granted to his late majesty King Charles the

Second, (of bleffed memory) by an act made in the twelfth year of his reign, intituled, A grant of certain impositions upon beer, ale, and other liquors, for the increase of his Majesty's revenue during his life, and which were granted to their late majesties King

William and Queen Mary (of bleffed memory) by on all made in the second year of their reign, for their lives, and the life of the surless. 1. c. 3. vivor of them (a certain duty of fix pence for every barrel of vinegarbeer, granted by the same alls, excepted) and also a duty of fix pence,

2 W. & M.

**430** 

part

part of a duty of eight shillings, which was granted to his said late majesty King William, for and upon every barrel of vinegar, vinegar-beer, or liquor preparing for vinegar, which should be brewed or made of any English materials, by any person or persons what soever for fale, and so in proportion for a greater or lesser quantity, by an all made in the tenth year of his reign: and likewise the further 10 & 11 W. 2. subsidy of tonnage and poundage, and other duties upon wines, goods c. 21. and merchandizes, which had been granted to his faid late majesty King William for his life, by an all made in the ninth year of his reign, 9 & 10 W 1. intituled. An act for granting to his Majesty a further subsidy of c. 23. tonnage and poundage, towards raising the yearly sum of seven hundred thousand pounds, for the service of his Majesty's houshold, and other uses therein mentioned, during his Majefty's life, should be levied, collected, and paid to her faid late majesty 1 Ann. tat. 1. Queen Anne, for and during the term of her natural life: and in c. 7. and by the faid act of the first year of the reign of her said late majesty Queen Anne, it was enacted and declared, That the bereditary rates and duties of excise upon beer, ale, and other liquors, which were granted to the crown in the twelfth year of the reign of the faid late King Charles the Second, and the faid duties of excise upon beer, ale, and other liquors, granted to her Majesty by the said act of the first year of ber reign, for her life (subject nevertheless to the incumbrances in that all mentioned) and the monies arising by the said further fubfidy of tonnage and poundage, and other duties thereby granted, and the revenue arising in the general letter-office or post-office, or office For the appliof post-master general, and the small branches of her Majesty's revenues, cation of the therein particularly described or mentioned, should be for the support surplus arising of her Majesty's houshold, and of the honour and dignity of the crown, See 1 Geo. 1. as by the said act of the first year of her said late Majesty's reign stat. 2. C. 12. (relation being thereunto had) may more fully appear: now we your f. 25. and Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Bri- 7 Geo. 1. stat. tain in parliament affembled, being desirous to settle on your Majesty 1. C. 27. a competent revenue, for defraying the expences of your Majesty's civil government, and better supporting the dignity of the crown of Great Britain, during your life (which God long preserve) and as a testimony of our unfeigned affection to your sacred person, by whose peaceable and happy accession to the throne (after the loss of our late most gracious fovereign Lady) your Majesty's subjects are not only delivered from the fear of their enemies, but have a prospect (which they are bound to own with thankfulness to Almighty God) that the religion, laws and liberties of this realm will be continued, and that they your faid subjects, and their posterity may, through his divine goodness, enjoy a long tranquillity under your Majesty's auspicious reign, have therefore freely and unanimously resolved to give and grant, and do by this all give and grant to you our most gracious sovereign lord King George, the several rates, duties, impositions and charges herein after menzioned, during your Majesty's life; and do most humbly beseech your

During the life of his Majesty, the excise granted to King Charles the Se-12 Car. 2. C. 23 cond shall be paid to King George. The further subsidy of tonnage and 2 W. & M. Poundage, granted by the act of the ninth of King William, shall during sess, 1. c. 3.

Majesty, that it may be enacted: and be it enacted, &c.

Anno primo Georgii L. Stat. 1. C. 1. 1714

to & 11 W. 3. the life of King George, be paid to his Majesty. These faid duties, and c. 21. the revenue of the post office, and the small branches of his Majesty's revenues, viz. Fines for writs of covenant, and writs of entry, payable in 9 & 10 W. 3. the alienation-office, the post-fines, the revenue of the wine-sicences, she-E. 23. 2 Ann. flat. 2. riffs profers and compositions in the Exchequer, seizures of uncustomed and prohibited goods, his Majesty's rents of lands, or for fines of leases, s & 3 Ann. and all other revenues settled for the support of her late Majesty's houshold, &c. (except the duty of four and an half per cent. in Barbadoes and the Leeward Islands, and except the revenue of the dutchy of Cornwall, and 12 & 13 W. 3. except the first-fruits and tenths of the clergy,) shall be for the support of C. 12. 2 & 3Ann.c.3. his Majesty's houshold, and of the honour and dignity of his crown. The 3 Ann. c. z. weekly sum of three thousand seven hundred poundscharged upon the ex-9 Ann. c. 10. cise, shall be taken out of the said duties of excise granted to King George. Nothing in this act shall hinder the payment of the weekly sum of seven 9 Ann. c. 23. hundred pounds out of the post-office. The sum of thirty-five thousand pounds, payable out of the excise, granted during the term of thirty two years, shall be charged upon the laid duties of excise granted to King

6 (022). \$8.8d. over troops, 32Ann.stat. 2. C. 9.

VIII. And whereas by an act made in the last session of this present for the Hano-parliament, intituled, An act for laying additional duties on sope and paper, and upon certain linens, filks, callicoes and stuffs, and upon starch, and upon exported coals, and upon stampt vellum, parchment and paper, for raising one million four hundred thousand pounds by way of a lottery, for her Majesty's fupply; and for allowances on exporting made wares of leather, sheep skins and lamb skins; and for distribution of four thoufand pounds, due to the officers and feamen for gun-money; and to adjust the property of tickets in former lotteries, and touching certain shares of stock in the capital of the South Sea company; and for appropriating the monies granted to her Majesty, any sum not exceeding in the whole three hundred thousand pounds is appropriated towards satisfying the debt due on account to the land-forces, and to the out-pensioners; in which said debt due on account to the land forces, the sum of fixty-five thousand twenty-two pounds eight shillings and eight pence, being the arrears of pay and extraordinaries due to the troops of Hanover for their service in the Low Countries, in the year one thousand seven hundred and twelve. is included; be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That out of the said sum of three hundred thousand pounds, there shall and may be issued and applied the sum of sixty-sive thousand twenty-two pounds eight shillings and eight pence, for and towards the satisfying and discharging the said arrears of pay and extraordinaries due to the said troops, as aforesaid.

Reward for taking the pretender.

IX. And whereas our late gracious sovereign Queen Anne, of bleffed memory, being fully convinced of the imminent dangers which threatned her kingdoms, and the protestant succession in the house of Hanover. as well as from a just resentment of the indignities offered to ber Majesty by the pretender's remaining in Lorrain, in defiance of ber repeated instances for his removal, and of the treasonable practices committed by inlisting her Majesty's subjects in the service of the pretender, was pleased to issue her royal proclamation, thereby promising a reward of five thousand pounds to such person who should apprehend the pretender: and whereas the commons of Great Britain in parliament assembled, did by their humble address ossure her Majesty, that they would

twould affil hir by granting out of the first aids to be given by par-1 Geo. 1. liament the sum of one bundred thousand pounds, as a further encounstant and reward for apprehending the pretender, whenever he seemed hand, in any of her late Majesty's dominions, now to the end that the encouragement and reward for a service so important may be rendred sure and effectual, be it surther enacted by the authority aforesaid. That the lord high treasurer of Great Britain, or the commissioners of the treasury for the time being shall, and are hereby authorized and required, out of the monies granted, or to be granted by parliament for the use of the publick, sorthwith to issue and pay the sum of one hundred thousand pounds to any person or persons who shall seize and secure the person of the pretender, whenever he shall land or attempt to land, in any of his Majesty's dominions.

# CAP. II.

An all for relifying mistakes in the names of the commisfioners for the land-tax for the year one thousand seven hundred and sourteen; and for raising so much as is wanting to make up the sum of sourteen hundred thousand pounds, intended to be raised by a lottery for the publick service in the said year.

A ND whereas by an act made in the said parliament holden at 12 Ann. Rat. Westminster in the twelfth year of the reign of our said 2. C. 1. See late sovereign lady Queen Anne, for laying additional duties on 6 Geo. 1. c. 4. sope and paper, and upon certain linens, filks, callicoes and stuffs, Reciting and upon starch, and exported coles, and upon stampt velum, parch-c. 9, being ment and paper, for raising one million and four hundred thousand the lottery att. pounds by way of a lottery, (amongst other things therein contained) 1714. it was enacted, That yearly and every year, during the term of two and thirty years, reckoning the first year to begin from the twentyninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, the full fum of one bundred and five thousand pounds, by or out of the monies to arife by the additional or new duties thereby granted, should be a yearly fund for paying and answering certain principal sums, amounting in the whole to one million eight hundred seventy-fix thousand and four hundred pounds, with interest for the same, after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum, as is therein mentioned; and (in case of any deficiencies) that the said yearly fund should be made good as was thereby prescribed: and it was thereby further enacted, That it should and might be lawful, for any person or perfens, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, to contribute for or towards advancing the said sum of one million four hundred thousand pounds, the sum of ten pounds, or divers entire sums of ten pounds, upon the said act, for which he, she, or they should be entitled to teleive by virtue of that all, such principal money and the interest thereof, to be paid as is therein mentioned, by and out of the faid yearly fund; which sums of ten pounds each were thereby appointed to be paid unto the respective receivers on or before the respective days and times, and in the respective proportions after men-

faid

tioned; that is to fay, one fourth part thereof on or before the tenth day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, one other fourth part thereof, on or before the tenth day of

September in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, one other fourth part thereof, on or before the eleventh day of October one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, and the remaining fourth part thereof, on or before the tenth day of November one thousand seven hundred and sourteen: and that no money should be received from any contributor or adventurer, for the first payment towards this adventure, after the faid tenth day of August one thoufand seven hundred and fourteen, as by the same att (relation being thereanto had) may more fully appear: and whereas fince the making the act last before recited, several contributions have been made thereupon, amounting in the whole to five hundred and feven thousand four hundred and forty pounds, or thereabouts, part whereof hath been actually paid or answered to the said receivers, and the residue of the contributions fo made is to be paid or answered within the days or times before appointed in that behalf; and whereas for raising for much as is wanting to complete the full fum of one million four bundred thousand pounds before mentioned, it is found necessary, that the time for receiving the contributions for that purpose be prolonged, and that some further encouragement and security be given to the contributors thereof; now his Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects the commons of Great Britain in parliament assembled; do most humbly beseech his Majesty, That it may be enacted, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That yearly and every year, during the faid term of thirty-two years, the full 276, 5731. 223. fum of one hundred and fixteen thousand five hundred seventythree pounds twelve shillings (in lieu of the aforesaid yearly fund of one hundred and tive thousand pounds) to arise by or out of the monies arising by the said additional or new duties on sope and paper, and upon the said linens, silks, callicoes, 6 Geo. 1. c. 4. and stuffs, and upon starch, and exported coles, and upon stampt vellum, parchment and paper, by the said hist recited act granted, and to be brought into the receipt of Exchequer, as aforesaid, in case the same shall extend thereunto, shall be computed and reckoned to be the yearly fund; and in case all tickets to have the monies arising into the Exchequer for the said rates, duties and fums of money to granted, shall not amount to the fum of one hundred and fixteen thousand five hundred seventy-three pounds twelve shillings per amum, then the monies so arising, fo far as the fame shall extend, shall be part of the fame yearly fund, towards the answering and paying off all and every the faid principal fums mentioned in the faid act, amounting in the whole to one million eight hundred seventy-six thousand four hundred pounds, together with interest for the same, after the respective rates herein after mentioned; that is to say, after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum for so much thereof as shall be contained in the fortunate tickets, to be drawn pur-

> Juant to that and this present act, or either of them, and after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum for so much of the

to be the yearly fund. See 2 Geo. 2. c. 3. Made perpetual by f. 1. See 2 Geo. 2. C. 3.

Fortunate 41. per cent. perann blanks sl. per cent.

said principal sums as shall be contained in the other tickets, (commonly called blank tickets) to be drawn pursuant to the same acts, or either of them, until the satisfaction thereof respectively; yet so as that the interest of such principal sums, as shall be paid off, shall cease from the respective times of paying off the same: and in ease the said duties, rates, and sums of money by the faid last recited act granted shall at any time or times appear to be so deficient or low in the produce of the same. as that within any one year, to be reckoned, as aforefaid, the faid monies arising into the Exchequer, for or upon account of the fame duties, shall not amount to so much as one hundred and fixteen thousand five hundred seventy-three pounds twelve shillings, That then and so often, and in every such case, so Deficiency to much as shall be wanting to make up the said fund or sum of be made good one hundred and sixteen thousand five hundred seventy-three propriated pounds twelve shillings, for every or any such year, shall be monies, supplied and made good, from time to time, out of any the publick monies which shall come or be brought into the receipt of Exchequer (not having been appropriated to any particular use or uses by any act or acts of parliament made before the said last recited act;) and all the publick unappropriated monies so coming into the said receipt next after the time that any such deficiency shall appear, are hereby appropriated to and for the making good of every fuch deficiency respectively, until the same shall be fully made good and fatisfied; and the lord high treafurer, or commissioners of the treasury for the time being, are hereby strictly enjoined and required, from time to time, to make up such deficiency accordingly out of such publick money, without any further or other warrant or authority for the same; and that such publick money shall not be diverted, misapplied, or issued to any other use, intent or purpose whatsoever, until the faid deficiency for every such year respectively. shall be so satisfied, under the like penalties as are prescribed by the faid last recited act for diverting or misapplying any other monies thereby appropriated; any thing in the said recited act, or any other act of parliament whatfoever contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and in default of such publick monies or out of the for making good any such deficiency or deficiencies, as afore-first aids faid, within fix months after the same shall happen, then and granted by so often, and in every such case, it is hereby declared, that so much as thall still be wanting to make up the said fund of one hundred and fixteen thousand five hundred seventy-three pounds tweive shillings for every or any such year, shall be supplied and made good, from time to time, out of the first aid or supply which shall afterwards be granted in parliament, and shall, from time to time be transferred thereunto, when the same shall be granted, without further delay.

It shall be lawful for any persons to contribute so much as (together with the contributions already made) will complete the faid fum of one million four hundred thousand pounds, by paying sums of ten pounds before the tenth of November one thousand seven hundred and sourteen. Tickets

K4

finall be made forth and drawn, for the monies contributed on this act, and the faid recited act, and all things shall be done as prescribed by the faid regited act. Tickets to be paid in course, and half-yearly. EXP.

Every box of green starch. 57 inches in in breadth. and 8 in be charged at 3311. of ftarch,

VI. And subcreas in the faid last recited att it was mutted and declared, That if the charge on flarch be made by gaging the faid starch before it be dried in the stowe, then and in every such case, every box length, and to of green flarch, or flarch before it be fo dried, containing fifty-feven inches in length, and ten inches in breadth, should, from the second depth, or 4560 day of August one thousand seven bundred and sourteen, be esteemed solid inches, to one bundred thirty-one Averdupois pounds weight of flarch dried and perfectly made, and should be charged accordingly, and proper-12 Ann. state. tionably for greater or leffer quantities: and whereas the depth of fuch box of green starch, or starch before it be dried, which should have been eight inches, was, by mistake, omitted to be inserted in the faid ast, it is hereby declared and enacted, That if the charge on starch be made by gaging the said starch before it be dried in the stove, then and in every such case, every box of green starch, or starch before it be so dried, containing sisty-leven inches in length, and ten inches in breadth, and eight inches in depth, or in the whole four thousand he hundred and fixty solid inches, shall be esteemed one hundred thirty-one Averdupois pounds weight of starch dried and perfectly made, and shall be charged accordingly, and proportionably for greater or lesser quantities.

All duties of excise and customs, payable to the late Queen after life, continued to the King during life.

VII. And it is hereby declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That for avoiding any doubt or question concerning the grant in this session of parliament to his Majesty of certain duties of excise and customs for his life, for support of his the union, for houshold, and the honour and dignity of the crown, the same doth and shall extend to such duties of excise, and such customs and duties on import and export, as were payable to her faid late Majesty after the union of the two kingdoms, for and during her life, and had continuance till the time of her decease; and that the same shall be continued, raised, levied, and paid in the several parts of the united kingdom, during his Majesty's life, in the same manner only as they were payable to her Majesty during her life.

Continuation

VIII. And whereas there are divers laws now in force which will of several acts, expire at the end of this session of parliament, and probably these may not be sufficient time for a particular examination and due consideration how far any of them may be fit to be further continued; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all laws now in force, and which would expire at the end of this session of parliament, shall be and continue in full force, to all intents and purposes, unto the end of the next session of parliament; any thing contained in any of the faid laws to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

CAP. III.

An aft to enable persons now residing in Great Britain, to take the oaths, and do all other acts in Great Britain, requifite to qualify themselves to continue their respective places, offices and employments in Ireland, :-

# Anno Regni GEORGII Regis Magnæ Britanniæ, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ, primo.

T the parliament begun and bolden at Westminster, the seventeenth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand seven bundred and fourteen, in the first year of the reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, France and Ireland, King, defender of the faith, &cc. (a) And by several adjournments continued (a) The follow-till the twenty-fixth day of June in the second year of his Ma-ing words are jefty's reign, being the first session of this present parliament.

### CAP. I.

An act for granting an aid to his Majesty, to be raised by a land-tax in Great-Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and fifteen. 22. in the pound, EXP.

### CAP. II:

An act for charging and continuing the duties on malt, mum, cycler and perry, for the service of the year one thousand seven bundred and fifteen; and for making forth duplicates of Exchequer-bills, and lottery-tickets, loft, burnt, or destroyed; and for enlarging the time for adjusting claims. in several lotteries; and for making forth new orders in lien of certain lettery-orders obliterated or defettive; and for continuing certain duties on bops, until the first day of August one thousand seven bundred and sisteen.

L NOST gracious Sovereign, we your Majesty's most dutiful IVI and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament affembled, towards raifing the necessary supplies to defray your Majesty's publick expences, have freely and unanimoufly resolved to give and grant unto your Majesty the rates, duties, and impositions herein after mentioned; and do most humbly befeech your Majesty, that it may be enacted: and be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That within and throughout the whole Malt act kingdom of Great Britain, the several and respective rates, du-12 Ann. flat.s. ties, and impositions, for and upon all malt, mum, cyder and c. a. further continued to perry, 24 June 1716. c. 3.

perry, which in and by one act of parliament made and paffed in the twelfth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne. of blessed memory, intituled, An act for granting to her Majesty duties upon male, mum, cyder and perry, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and thirteen; and for making forth duplicates of lettery tickets, loft, burnt, or destroyed; and for enlarging the time for adjusting claims in several lottery acts; and to punish the counterfeiting or forging of lattery orders; and for explaining a late att in relation to flamp-duties on customary estates which pass by doodand copy, were granted to her Majesty, or chargeable in manner therein mentioned, until the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, and which by another act of parhament made and passed in the twelfilt year of the 22 Ann. stat. 2. reign of her said late. Majesty, intituled, As act for charging and continuing the duties upon malt, mum, cyder and perry, for the forvice of the year one thousand seven hundred and fourteen; and for the encouragement of the distilling brandy from malted corn and cyder; and for making forth duplicates of Exchequer bills, and lottery tickets, left, burnt, or deftroyed; and to enable the governor and company of the bank of England, and others, to lend money upon South-Sea flock, were continued until the twenty-fourth day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen. shall be further continued in like manner, and shall be, and are by this act charged, for and upon all malt which shall be made. and all mum which shall be made, or imported, and all cycler and perry, which shall be made for sale within the kingdom of Great Britain, from and after the three and twentieth day of Time in the year of our Lord one thouland seven hundred and fifteen, and before the four and twentieth day of Time which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fixteen; and shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto his Majesty, his heirs and successors, during the term aforesaid, by the same ways, means and methods, and by such rules and directions, and with fuch allowances and repayments, and under fuch penalties and forfeitures, and with such power of mitigation, and other powers, and in such manner and form, in all respects, as are prescribed, mentioned and expressed in the said former acts, or in any other act or acts of parliament thereby referred unto, or any of them, for or concerning the faid duties, or any of them; and that the same acts formerly made

and paffed, and the faid other acts thereby referred unto, as to, for and concerning the faid duties upon malt, mum, cyder and perry, and every article, rule, clause, matter and thing, in them, and every or any of them contained, or thereby referred to, and now being in force, shall be of full force and effect, toto all intents and purpoles, for raising, levying, collecting, securing and accounting for the fame rates, duties and impolitions hereby granted or continued, and for levying and recovering the penalties and forfeitures, and making any mitigations or allowances, and all other matters and things, during the continuance

Duties to be raifed as by the former acts.

of this act, as fully, as if the same were particularly and at large repeated in the body of this present act.

This act to relate to the same day and time as the former act. A register, to be kept, for transferring the principal sums, &c. due on the mak act lent not to be taxed. Orders for payment affignable.

VIII. And whereas by the aforefaid acts it is enacted, That every Duty to be malfter, or other maker of mali, shall, within three months after he paid within shall make or sught to have made such entry of the said malt, as therein four months is directed, pay and clear off all the duties which shall be due from him after entry. or them respectively; it is hereby further enacted. That the time limited by the aforesaid act for the payment of the said duty, be prolonged for one month after the faid three months from the time of such entry.

Clause for making forth duplicates of Exchequer bills and lottery tickets, loft, burnt or destroyed. Clause for enlarging the time for adjusting claims in feveral lotteries. Claufe for making forth new orders in lieu of obli-terated or defective orders in the classis lottery 1711.

XIII, And whereas it has lately been discovered, that great quantitics of unmalted corn or grain have fraudulently been mixed with and amongst malt, which bath or ought to have been charged with the duties by several acts of parliament set and imposed upon all malt made in Great Britain, and that such mixture bath afterwards been either feld in the kingdom of Great Britain, or bath been shipped off for exportation, and the person or persons by whom, or for or upon whose account the same bath been so shipped off, bath or bave thereupon claimed and bad the drawback and bounty in proportion to the whole quantity of such minture so shipped off, as if the same had totally and intirely consifted of malt, for which the duty had been duly paid or charged, tobereas in truth great part thereof bath at such time and times confifted either of unmalted corn, or grain for which the duty on malt had never been paid or duly charged, whereby ber late majesty Queen Anne and his present Majesty bath been very much defrauded in the duty granted upon malt, and the persons who have bought such mixture, bave by the means aforesaid, been very much deceived and im-posed upon; for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the authority Unmalted aforefaid, That if any malster or maker of malt for sale or ex- grain mixed portation, or other feller of or dealer in malt for fale or exper- with malt, portation, or other lener of of ucases in man for lane of orfeits 58. a faction, at any time after the twenty-fourth day of June one forfeits 58. a bushel. thousand seven hundred and fifteen, shall or do, with malt made of any fort of corn or grain whatfoever, fraudulently mix or cause to be mixed any unmalted corn or grain, or shall sell, or offer to fell, or expose to sale any such mixture, or shall ship off, er put on board, or cause to be shipped off, or to be put on board, or shall offer or attempt to ship off or put on board any thip, hoy, barge, boat, or other navigable vellel, any fuch mixture, in order to export the same, every such malster or maker of malt, or other feller of or dealer in malt, for every bushel of fach mixture to fold or offered to be fold, or exposed to fale, or

so shipped off or put on board, or offered, or attempted to be shipped off, or put on board any ship, hoy, barge, boat or other navigable vessel, in order to the exportation thereof, shall forfeit and lose the sum of sive shillings.

Malfter obftructing officer, forfeits aol. XIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any maliter or maker of malt for sale, shall, after the said twenty-fourth day of Jane one thousand seven hundred and sisteen, prevent, obstruct or hinder any officer or officers of excise, in the due execution of any of the powers or authorities given to him or them by this act, or by the said recited act or acts, or any or either of them, for the ascertaining and securing the said duties, hereby or by the said recited act or acts, or any or either of them, granted, the person or persons offending therein shall, for every such offence, forseit and lose the sum of ten pounds.

Fines, &c. how to be levied. XV. And be if further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all fines, penalties and forfeitures by this act imposed, shall be sued for, levied and recovered, or mitigated by such ways, means and methods, as any sine, penalty or forseiture, is or may be recovered or mitigated by any law or laws of excise, or by action of debt, bill, plaint or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, or in the court of session, court of justiciary, or court of Exchequer in Sadand respectively; and that one moiety of every such sine, penalty and forfeiture shall be to his Majesty, or his heirs and successors, and the other moiety to him that shall discover, inform or sue for the same.

General issue.

XVI. Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons shall at any time or times be sued or prosecuted for any thing by him or them done or executed in pursuance of this act, or of any matter or thing in this act contained; or if any person or persons now is, or hereaster shall be sued or prosecuted for any matter or thing by him or them done in pursuance of any former act or acts for granting duties upon malt, mum, cyder and perry; such person or persons shall or may plead the general issue, and give the special matter in evidence for his or their defence; and if upon the trial a verdict shall pass for the defendant or defendants, or the plaintiff or plaintiffs shall become nonsuited, then such defendant or defendants shall have full costs to him or them awarded against such plaintiff or plaintiffs.

Duties on hops granted by 9 Ann. c. 12. continued till 1 Aug. 1715. Made perpetual by 1 Geo. 1. flat. z. c. 12. [self. 5.

XVII. And whereas by an act of the ninth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for laying a duty upon hops, a duty of three pence for every pound weight Averdupoiz is laid upon all hops, which at any time or times within or during the term of four years, to be reckoned from the first day of June one thousand seven hundred and eleven, shall be imported or brought into the kingdom of Great Britain, (over and above all other customs, subsidies, and duties imposed upon or payable for the same) and for and upon all hops growing or to grow in Great Britain, which at any time or times within or during the said term of sour years, shall be

cured and made fit for use, the sum of one penny for every pound weight Averdupoiz, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity, which ast is thought convenient to be further continued: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said act, and every clause, article, matter, and thing therein contained, shall continue and be of force from the thirty-sirst day of Min in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sisteen, until the sirst day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sisteen, as fully and effectually, to all intents and purposes, as if the same were herein particularly and at large repeated and re-enacted.

# CAP. III.

An act for the better regulating the forces to be continued in his Majefly's fervice, and for the payment of the faid forces, and of their quarters. E X P.

### CAP. IV.

An all to explain the all made in the twelfth year of the 12 & 13 W. 3. reign of King William the Third, intituled, An act for c. 2. the further limitation of the crown, and better securing the rights and liberties of the subject.

I. WHEREAS by an act of parliament made in the twelfth year of the reign of our late sovereign lord King William the Third, intituled, An act for the further limitation of the crown, and better securing the rights and liberties of the subject, it is amongst other things enacted, That from and after the time that the further limitation of the crown by that act should take effect, no person born out of the kingdoms of England, Scotland, or Ireland, or the dominions thereunto belonging, although he be naturalized or made a denizen, except such as are born of English parents, should be capable to be of the privy council, or a member of either house of parliament, or to enjoy any office or place of trust, either civil or military, or to have any grant of lands, tenements, or hereditaments from the crown, to himself or to any others in trust for him: and whereas fome doubts have arisen concerning the construction of the said law; be it declared and enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiri- No person natual and temporal and commons, in parliament affembled, and turalized beby the authority of the same, (That it was not the intent and jefty's accesmeaning of the said act, that the said clause or any thing therein sion to the contained, should extend, nor shall the said clause be construed, crown incapaadjudged, or taken to extend to disable or incapacitate any per-citated to be a for, who at or before his Majesty's accession to the crown was sellor, or a naturalized, to be of the privy council, or a member of either member of house of parliament, or to take or enjoy any office or place of parliament, or trust, either civil or military, or to take or have any grant of to have any lands, tenements, or hereditaments from the crown, to himself, office of trust, or any other in trust for him. lands, &c.

II. And for the better preserving the said recited clause in the said No person all of the twelsth year of the late King William the Third, entire shall hereafter and be natura-

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1714 lized, unless and inevolable; be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. in the bill That no person shall hereafter be naturalized, unless in the bill there be fuch a exhibited for that purpole there be a clause or particular words difabling clause inserted inserted to declare, that such person shall not thereby be enabled

to be of the privy council, or a member of either house of parliament, or to take any office or place of trust, either civil or military, or to have any grant of lands, tenements, or heredita-Nor shall any billbereceived ments from the crown, to himself, or any other person in trust in either house for him; and that no bill of naturalization shall hereaster be reof parliament without such ceived in either house of parliament, unless such clause or words be first inserted or contained therein. clause.

### CAP. V.

An att for preventing tumults and riotous affemblies, and for the more speedy and effectual punishing the rioters.

13 H. 4. C. 7. 2 H. 5. C. 8. Rat. 2. c. 9. 8 H. 6. c. 14. 9 H. 7. C. 13 Cr. 292. 494. 2 Hale's Hist. Pl. Cr. 197.

I. TX THEREAS of late many rebellious riots and tumults have been in divers parts of this kingdom, to the disturbance of the publick peace, and the endangering of his Majesty's person and government, and the same are yet continued and fomented by persons dis-Hale's Hist. Pl. affected to his Majefty, prefuming so to do, for that the punishments provided by the laws now in being are not adequate to fuch heinous offences; and by such rioters his Majesty and his administration have been most maliciously and falsly traduced, with an intent to raise divifions, and to alienate the affections of the people from his Majesty: therefore for the preventing and suppressing of such riots and tumults,

Twelve perthe last of after commanded by one justice, mation,

and for the more speedy and effectual punishing the offenders therein : be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with fons or more, the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal and of unlawfully af the commons, in this present positionent of smbled, and by the fembled, after the commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That if any persons to the number of July 1715, and twelve or more, being unlawfully, riotoufly, and tumultuoufly not dispersing assembled together, to the disturbance of the publick peace, at any time after the last day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, and being required or com-&c. by procla-manded by any one or more justice or justices of the peace. or by the sheriff of the county, or his under-sheriff, or by the mayor, bailiff or bailiffs, or other head-officer, or justice of the peace of any city or town corporate, where such assembly shall be, by proclamation to be made in the King's name, in the form herein after directed, to disperse themselves, and peaceably to depart to their habitations, or to their lawful business, shall, to the number of twelve or more (notwithstanding such proclamation made) unlawfully, riotoully, and tumultuoully remain or continue together by the space of one hour after such command or request made by proclamation, that then such continuing together to the number of twelve or more, after fuch command or request made by proclamation, shall be adjudged felony without benefit of clergy, and the offenders therein shall be adjudged felons, and shall suffer death as in case of selony without benefit of clergy.

shall be adjudged felons without benefit of cleany.

H. And

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, How the pro-That the order and form of the proclamation that shall be made clamation shall by the authority of this act, shall be as hereafter followeth (that be made. is to fay) the justice of the peace, or other person authorized by this act to make the faid proclamation shall, among the said rioters, or as near to them as he can safely come, with a loud voice command, or cause to be commanded silence to be, while proclamation is making, and after that, shall openly and with loud voice make or cause to be made proclamation in these words, or like in effect:

OUR sovereign Lord the King chargeth and commandeth all per- The proclefons, being affembled, immediately to disperse themselves, and mation. peaceably to depart to their babitations, or to their lawful business, upon the pains contained in the act made in the first year of King George, for preventing tumults and riotous affemblies. God save the King.

And every fuch justice and justices of the peace, sheriff, under- justices, &c. sheriff, mayor, bailiff, and other head-officer aforesaid, within to refort to the limits of their respective jurisdictions, are hereby authorized, the place. impowered and required, on notice or knowledge of any fuch unlawful, riotous and tumultuous affembly, to refort to the place where such unlawful, riotous, and tumultuous assemblies shall be, of persons to the number of twelve or more, and there to make or cause to be made proclamation in manner aforefaid.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,
That if such persons so unlawfully, riotously, and tumultuously Persons so asassembled, or twelve or more of them, after proclamation made sembled and not dispersing in manner aforesaid, shall continue together and not disperse within an themselves within one hour, That then it shall and may be law- hour, to be ful to and for every justice of the peace, sheriff, or under-sheriff seized. of the county where such assembly shall be, and also to and for every high or petty constable, and other peace-officer within fuch county, and also to and for every mayor, justice of the peace, theriff, bailiff, and other head-officer, high or petty constable, and other peace-officer of any city or town corporate where fuch affembly shall be, and to and for such other person and perfons as shall be commanded to be affifting unto any fuch justice of the peace, sheriff or under-sheriff, mayor, bailiff, or other head-officer aforesaid (who are hereby authorized and impowered to command all his Majesty's subjects of age and ability to be affifting to them therein) to seize and apprehend, and they are hereby required to seize and apprehend such persons so unlawfully, riotously and tumultuously continuing together after proclamation made, as aforefaid, and forthwith to carry the persons so apprehended before one or more of his Majesty's justices of the peace of the county or place where such persons shall be so apprehended, in order to their being proceeded seainst for such their offences according to law; and that if the persons

And if they make relistfons killing them, &c, to be indemnified,

persons so unlawfully, riotously and tumultuously assembled, or any of them, shall happen to be killed, maimed or hurt, in the dispersing, seizing or apprehending, or endeavouring to disperse, ance, the per-feize or apprehend them, by reason of their relisting the persons so dispersing, seizing or apprehending, or endeavouring to disperfe, seize or apprehend them, that then every such justice of the peace, sheriff, under-sheriff, mayor, bailiff, head-officer, high or petty constable, or other peace-officer, and all and lingular persons, being aiding and assisting to them, or any of them, shall be free, discharged and indemnified, as well against the King's Majesty, his heirs and successors, as against all and every other person and persons, of, for, or concerning the killing, maining, or hurting of any fuch person or persons so unlawfully, riotously and tumultuously assembled, that shall happen to be so killed, maimed or hurt, as aforesaid. IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid,

That if any persons unlawfully, riotously and tumultuously as-

sembled together, to the disturbance of the publick peace, shall

unlawfully, and with force demolish or pull down, or begin to

Pulling down, &c. any church, &c. Felony without benefit of

clergy. 1 W. & M.

demolish or pull down any church or chapel, or any building for religious worship certified and registred according to the ftatute made in the first year of the reign of the late King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An act for exempting their Majesty's ÆL1. c. 18. protestant subjects diffenting from the church of England from the penalties of certain laws, or any dwelling-house, barn, stable, or other outhouse, that then every such demolishing, or pulling down, or beginning to demolish, or pull down, shall be adjudged felony without benefit of clergy, and the offenders therein shall be adjudged felons, and shall suffer death as in case of felony, without benefit of clergy.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the authority

Oppoling, &c. the making fuch prociamation, felony without benefit of clergy.

aforefaid, That if any person or persons do, or shall, with force and arms, wilfully and knowingly oppose, obstruct, or in any manner wilfully and knowingly lett, hinder, or hurt any person or persons that shall begin to proclaim, or go to proclaim according to the proclamation hereby directed to be made, whereby fuch proclamation shall not be made, that then every such opposing, obstructing, letting, hindering or hurting such person or persons, so beginning or going to make such proclamation, as aforefaid, shall be adjudged felony without benefit of clergy, and the offenders therein shall be adjudged felons, and shall suffer death as in case of felony, without benefit of clergy; and that also every such person or persons so being unlawfully, riotously and tumultuously assembled, to the number of twelve, as aforesaid, or more, to whom proclamation should or ought to have been made if the same had not been hindred, as aforesaid, shall likewise, in case they or any of them, to the number of twelve or more, shall continue together, and not disperse themselves within one hour after such lett or hindrance so made, having knowledge of fuch lett or hindrance so made, shall be ad-

judged

And persons so assembled, if the proclamation be bindred, shall nevertheles fuffer as felons.

judged felone, and shall suffer death as in case of felony, without benefit of clergy.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That If after the said last day of July one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, any such church or chapel, or any such building for religious worship, or any such dwelling-house, barn, stable, or other out-house, shall be demolished or pulled down wholly, or in part, by any persons so unlawfully, riotously and tumultuoully affembled, that then, in case such church, chapel, build- How the daing for religious worthip, dwelling-house, barn, stable or out- mages that be house, shall be out of any city or town, that is either a county made good, if of itself, or is not within any hundred, that then the inhabitants &c. be demoof the hundred in which such damage shall be done, shall be li-listed, &c. able to yield damages to the person or persons injured and damanified by fuch demolishing or pulling down wholly or in part; and fuch damages shall and may be recovered by action to be brought in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster. (wherein no effoin, protection or wager of law, or any impar-Jance (hall be allowed) by the person or persons damnified thereby, against any two or more of the inhabitants of such hundred. fuch action for damages to any church or chapel to be brought in the name of the rector, vicar or curate of such church or chapel that shall be so damnissed, in trust for applying the damages to be recovered in rebuilding or repairing fuch church or chapel; and that judgment being given for the plaintiff or plaintiffs in fuch action, the damages so to be recovered shall, at the request of such plaintiff or plaintiffs, his or their executors or administrators, be raised and levied on the inhabitants of such hundred, and paid to such plaintiff or plaintiffs, in such manner and form, and by such ways and means, as are provided by the statute made in the seven and twentieth year of the reign of Queen Eli- 27 Elis. c. 23. zabetb, for reimburfing the person or persons on whom any money recovered against any hundred by any party robbed, shall be levied: and in case any such church, chapel, building for religious worship, dwelling-house, barn, stable or out-house so damnified, shall be in any city or town that is either a county of itself, or is not within any hundred, that then such damages shall and may be recovered by action to be brought in manner. asoresaid (wherein no essoin, protection or wager of law, or any imparlance shall be allowed) against two or more inhabitants of fuch city or town; and judgment being given for the plaintiff or plaintiffs in such action, the damages so to be recovered shall, at the request of such plaintiff or plaintiffs, his or their executors or administrators, made to the justices of the peace of such city or town at any quarter-fessions to be holden for the said city or town, be raised and levied on the inhabitants of such city or town, and paid to such plaintiff or plaintiffs, in such manner and form, and by such ways and means, as are provided by the said statute made in the seven and twentieth year of the reign of Queen Elizabeth, for reimburling the person or persons on whom Vol. XIII.

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any money recovered against any hundred by any party robbed, shall be levied. VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,

This act to be read at the quarter-feffions, &c. Profecution. months.

That this act shall be openly read at every quarter-session, and at every leet or law-day. VIII. Provided always, That no person or persons that! be within twelve projecuted by virtue of this act, for any offence or offences com-

Sheriffs,&c. in Scotland to have the fame power as juflices, &c. have in England.

mitted contrary to the same, unless such prosecution be commenced within twelve months after the offence committed.

perions offending in Scotland.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the sheriffs and their deputies, stewards and their deputies, bailies of regalities and their deputies, magistrates of royal boroughs, and all other inferior judges and magistrates, and alfo all high and petty constables, or other peace-officers of any county, stewartry, city or town, within that part of Great Britain called Scotland, Thall have the fame powers and authority for putting this present act in execution within Scotland, as the justices of the peace and other magistrates aforesaid, respectively have by virtue of this act, within and for the other

Damages of any church, &c. pulled down, &c. in ed, and of whom.

Punishment of parts of this kingdom; and that all and every person and perfons who shall at any time be convicted of any the offences aforementioned, within that part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall for every such offence incur and soffer the pain of death, and confiscation of moveables: and also that all prosecutions for repairing the damages of any church or chapel, or any building for religious worthip, or any dwelling-house, barn, stable or out-house, which shall be demolished or pulled down in whole Scotland, how or in part, within Scotland, by any persons unlawfully, riotously to be recover- or thmultuously assembled, shall and may be recovered by summar action, at the instance of the party aggricued, his or her heirs or executors, against the county, stewartry, city or borough respectively, where such disorders shall happen, the magistrates being summoned in the ordinary form, and the several counties and stewartries called by edictal citation at the marketcrofs of the head borough of fuch county or stewartry respectively, and that in general, without mentioning their names and designations.

To what land this act fiall extend.

X. Provided, and it is hereby declared, That this act shall places in 8cot-extend to all places for religious worship, in that part of Great Britain called Scotland, which are tolerated by law, and where his majesty King George, the prince and princess of Wales, and their issue, are prayed for in express words.

· CAP.

#### CAP. VI.

An all for making perpetual an all of the seventh and eighth years of the reign of his late majesty King William the Third, intituled, An act that the iolemn affirmation and declaration of the people called Quakers, shall be accepted instead of an oath in the usual form; and for explaining and enforcing the said all in relation to the payment of tithes and church rates; and sor appointing the form of an affirmation to be taken by the said people called Quakers, instead of the oath of abjuration.

XTHEREAS an all made in the seventh and eighth years of 7 & 8 W. 3. bis late Majesty's reign, intituled, An act that the solemnic. 34. affirmation and declaration of the people called Quakers, shall be accepted infleed of an oath in the usual form, was made to continue for seven years, and from thence to the end of the next session of parliament, which all would have expired at the end of the next session of parliament after the two and twentieth day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand seven bundred and two; which session began the ninth day of November in the year of our Lord one thoufand seven hundred and three, and ended the third day of April in the year of our Lard one thousand seven bundred and sour; but by another act of parliament made in the thirteenth year of his said late Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for continuing an act, intituled, An act 13 & 14 W. 44 that the folemn affirmation and declaration of the people called c. 4-Quakers, shall be accepted instead of an oath in the usual form, was continued for the term of eleven years after the determination of the laid oft, and from thence to the end of the next session of parliament: and whereas the said several acts will expire at the end of the next session of parliament after the third day of April one thousand seven hundred and fifteen: now for the further avoiding of the inconveniencies in the faid first recited act mentioned, to the people called The act 7 & 8 Quakers, and their families, be it enacted by the King's most ex- W. 3. made cellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords perpetual. spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by authority of the same, That the said first re- & Geo. s. c. 6. cited act, and all the clauses and powers therein contained, shall continue and be in force for ever, as to all oaths by law required, or harcefter to be required, other than and except as in the faid first recited act is excepted.

II. And whereas by the faid aft made in the seventh year of the Clause for the reign of King William the Third, a remedy is provided for the reco-recovery of very of tithes and church-rates, where any Quaker should refuse to pay tithes, &c. the same: be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That such 7 & 8 W. 3. remedy shall be and is hereby extended, and the like remedy c. 34. shall and may be had and used against any quaker or quakers for the recovering of any tithes or rates, or any customary or other rights, dues or payments belonging to any church or chapel, which of right by law and custom ought to be paid for the stipend or maintenance of any minister or curate officiating in any church

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or chapel; and any two or more justices of the peace of the same county or place, other than such justice of the peace as is patron of any such church or chapel, or any ways interested in the said tithes, upon complaint of any parlon, vicar, curate, farmer or proprietor of fuch tithes, or any church-warden or chapel-warden, or other person who ought to have, receive or collect any such tithes, rates, dues or payments, as aforesaid, are hereby authorized and required to fummon in writing, under their hands and feals, by reasonable warning, such quaker or quakers, against whom such complaint shall be made, and after his or their appearance, or upon default of appearance, the faid warning or lummons being proved before them upon oath, to proceed to hear and determine the faid complaint, and to make fach order therein, as in the faid act is limited or directed; and also to order such costs and charges, as they shall think reasonable. not exceeding ten shillings, as upon the merks of the eause shall appear just; which order shall and may be so executed, and on fuch appeal may be reverled or affirmed by the general quartersessions of the county or place, with such costs and remedy for the same, and shall not be removed into any other court, unless the titles of fuch tithes, dues or payments, shall be in question, ih like manner as in and by the same act is limited and provided. III. And whereas several disputes have arisen concerning the effect

oath.

the solemans of the abjuration to be taken by the people called Quakers, upon their firmation to be taken by qua- Jolomn affirmation, as directed by an act of parliament made in the kers inflead of fixth year of her late Majesty's reign : now for preventing the like inthe abjuration conveniencies for the future, be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That in all cases where-ever the effect of the faid abiura-6 Annæ, c.23. tion oath may be legally tendred, or required of the faid people called Quakers, or any of them, he or they shall take the effect thereof in the following words (that is to fay,)

The affirmation.

TA.B. do truly and fincerely acknowledge, profess, testify and de-L clare, in the presence of Almighty God, the witness of the truth of what I say, That King George is lawful and rightful King of this realm, and of all other bis dominions and countries thereunto belonging. And I do Solemnly and sincerely declare, That I do believe the person pretended to be the prince of Wales, during the life of the late King James, and fince his decease, pretending to be, and taking upon himself the stile and title of the King of England, by the name of James the Third, or of Scotland, by the name of James the Eighth, or the file and title of King of Great Britain, bath not any right or title what soever to the crown of this realm, nor any other the dominisms thereunto belonging; and I do renounce and refuse any allegiance or obedience to him. And I do folemnly promise, That I will be true and faithful, and bear true allegiance to King George, and to him will be faithful against all traiterous conspiracies and attempts what sever, which shall be made against his person, crown or dignity. And I will do my best endeavour to disclose and make known to King George, and bis successors, all treasars and traiterous conspiracies which I shall know

to be made against him, or any of them. And I will be true and faithful to the succession of the crown against him the said James, and all other persons whatsoever, as the same is and stands settled by an act, intituled. An act declaring the rights and liberties of the subject, w. & M. and fettling the succession of the crown, to the late Queen Anne, fest. 2. c. 2. and the beirs of her body, being protestants; and as the same, by one ether all, intituled, An act for the further limitation of the crown, 12 & 13 W. 1 and better fecuring the rights and liberties of the subject, is and c. a. spends settled and intajled, after the decease of the said late Queen, and for default of iffue of the faid late Queen, to the late prince is Sophia, electorals and dutchess downger of Hanover, and the heirs of her body, being protestants. And all these things I do plainly and sincerely acknowledge, premise and declare, according to these express words by me spoken, and according to the plain and common sense and understanding of the same words, without any equivocation, mental evasion or fecret reservation whatsoever. And I do make this recognition, acanowledgment, renunciation and promise beartily, willingly and truly.

IV. Provided always, That so much of this act as relates to This act, as to the affirmations to be made by the people called Quakers, shall the affirmation, to exbe extended to that part of Great Britain called Scotland for ever, tend to Scot-And to the plantations belonging to the crown of Great Britain land for ever, for five years, and to the end of the next session of parliament and to the after the faid five years, and no longer.

### CAP. VII.

An aft for continuing the imprisonment of Robert Blackburn next section of and others, for the borrid conspiracy to affassinate the per- parliament. for of his late sacred Majesty King William the Third.

five years, and thence to the

VHEREAS by an act of parliament made in the first year of the Annæ, flat, i. the continuing the imprisonment of Counter, and others, for the horrid conspiracy to assassinate the person of his late sacred majesty King William the Third, the persons hereaster named (that is to fay) Robert Blackburn, John Bernardi, Robert Cassels, Robert Meldrum and James Chambers, then prisoners in Newgate for a detestable traiterous conspiracy to affassinate the royal person of his faid late Majesty, were to be detained and kept in custody, without how or mainprise, during ber said late Majesty's pleasure, and will now be fet at large, unless some further provision be made for the contimuance of their imprisonment for the said offence: be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and com-Robert Blackmones, in parliament affembled, and by the authority of the burn, &c. to be kept in prifame. That the faid Robert Blackburn, John Bernardi, Robert Caffels, fon during his Robers Meldrum and James Chambers, shall be detained and kept Majesty's in custody, without bail or mainprize, during his Majesty's pleasure. pleasure.

CAP. VIII.

An act to impower his Majesty to secure and detain such persons as his Majesty shall suspect are comparing against his person and government. EXP.

CAP.

#### CAP. IX.

An aft for the better preventing mutiny and defertion, by enforcing and making more effectual an act of this present parliament, intituled, As all for the better regulating the forces to be continued in his Majefy's service, and for the payment of the faid forces and their quarters.

s Gro.t. flat.4. Every person in his Majesty's service in the army, who, after August 2, 2715, and before March 25, 1716, shall mutiny or desert, shall fusier death; or such punishment as a court martial shall insict. The King may grant commissions to assemble courts martial. Such courts to consist of 13 commission officers. The president to be a field officer, &c. Field-officers not to be tried by any under captains. Such court may administer oaths: Officers or foldiers not exempted from process of law. Not to extend to the milltia. Every officer present in a court martial, where any offence may be punished with death, shall be sworn. Nine officers to concur in every sentence of death. Proceedings between eight in the morning and one in the afternoon. Acquittal or conviction shall be a bar to an indicament. Parsons prosecuted, &c. may plead the general issue, &c. The King may make articles for the better government of his forces. No soldier to be rGeo. 1. flat. s. discharged by virtue of t Geo. 1. c. 3. without giving three months notice to his coldnel. The King may quarter his forces in such places sub-

ject to the quartering of foldiers, as he shall think fit, during the consinuance of this act. EXP. CAP. X.

An att for making more effettual her late Majefty's gracious intentions for augmenting the maintenance of the poor çlergy.

XTHEREAS it is necessary for the governors of the downty of

Queen Anine, for the augmentation of the maintenance of the Aver clergy, in order to the more regular making proper augmentations, to be informed, as exactly as may be, of the clear improved yearly vadue of the maintenance of all fuch parsons, vicars, turates and ministers, officiating in any church or chapel within that part of Great Britain, solled England, the dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, where the liturgy and rites of the church of England, as now by law established, are or shall be used and observed, whose maintenque is intended to be augmented : be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parthe yearly vas liament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That the respective bishops of every diocese, and the guardians of the spiritualities fede vacante, shall be and are hereby impowered and required, from time to time, as they shall see occasion, and as may belt ferve the purposes of the faid bounty to the poor clergy, as well by the oath of two or more credible witnesses (which they, or others commissioned by them under their hands and feals, are hereby impowered to administer) as by all other lawful ways and means, to inform themselves of the clear improved yearly value of every benefice with cure of fouls, living and curacy, and of the true and clear improved yearly value of the maintenance of every parson, vicar, curate and minister, officiating in any such churches or chapels, as aforesaid, within their leveral dioceles, or within any peculiars or places of exempt

The bishops shall inform themselves of lue of every benefice, &c.

jurisdiction within the bounds and limits of their respective dioceses, or adjoining and contiguous thereunto, although the same be exempt from the jurisdiction of any bishop in other cases. and how fuch 'yearly values arise, with the other circumstances thereof, and the same, or such of them whereof they shall have: fully informed themselves, from time to time, with all convenient speed; to certify under their respective hands and seals; or and derify the seals of their respective offices, to the said governors of the bounty of Queen Anne, for the augmentation of the maintenance of the paor clergy, for their better information in the premiffes.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority afore. Certificatesrefaid, That where by certificates duly returned into her Majesty's turned into court of Exchequer at Westminster, pursuant to an act made in by virtue of the parliament held in the fifth year of the reign of her faid late 5 Annæ, c.24. Majesty, intituled, An all for discharging small livings from their and 6 Anna, first-fruits and tenths, and all arrears thereof, and one other act certain the vamade in the fixth year of the reign of her faid late Majesty, in- lue of livings tituled, An act to calarge the time for returning the certificates of all not exceeding ecclefiafined livings, not exceeding the yearly value of fifty pounds: as so l. per ann. also for discharging all livings of that evalue from the payment of firstfruits; and for allowing time to archbifbops and bifbops, and other dignituries for payment of their first-fruits, or either of them, or made good by this act, the yearly value of any livings, not exceeding the clear yearly value of fifty pounds, are particularly and duly expressed and specified, such certificates shall ascertain the yearly values of fuch livings, in order to their being augmented by the faid governors, and no new or different valuation thereof half be returned to the faid governors by virtue of this

prefentadi.

III. And subcreas by ber late Majesty's letters patent under bor All rules, magreat Jeak; bearing date the third day of November in the third year thode, Sec. aof bed veign, incorporating the governors of the bounty of Queen Anne, the governors, for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor clergy, the said and proposed governors were authorized to consider, consult, advise, agree upon, to his Majesty. drawing, prepare and propose in writing to her faid Majesty, her betra and approved under his figure and fucceffors, fuch proper and necessary rules, methods, directions, manual, that orders and conflitutions, as the faid governors, or any seven or more be valid. of them, with such quorum as is therein directed, should, in their discretions judge most convenient to be observed, for and towards the better-rule and government of the faid corporation, and the members thereof, and the receiving, accounting for, and managing all and every the revenues thereby granted or mentioned to be granted, and all arrears thereof, and also for and concerning the distributing, paying and disposing of the same, and all other gifts and benevolences that sould or might be given or bequeathed to the faid corporation for the charitable wads in the faid letters patent mentioned, for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor clergy oforefaid; and furth rules, methods, orders, directions and confitutions, as should be so proposed, and should be approved, altered or amended by her faid late Majefty, her being br fucceffors, and such as should be made by ber said Majesty, ber beirs and faccessors, and so signified and designed by her; her heirs or suitcellors.

ceffors, under her er their great sind, her sind late ildisesty thereby willed fooded be the rules, methods, directions, orders and conflictments. by which the governors of the boundy of Queent Aissic, for the authornsetion of the meintenance of the poor clergy and their fuscefors, Bould neceive, manage, govern, apply and dispose her said late Majesty's royal bounty, and other gifts and benevolences which should or might after that time be given or bequeathed to the faid corporation (where the denors thereof should not particularly ditest the epplication thereof) to and for the incrense of the maintenance of such parsons, vicars, curates and ministers officiating in any thursh or chapel within the hongdom of England, dominion of Wales or town of Berwick upon Tweed, where the liturgy and rites of the church of England, as then by law established were and should be used and observed, for robons s maintenance was not then sufficiently provided: and whereas purfuand to the faid letters patent of incorporation, the faid movemers did agree upon, prepare, and propose to her said late Majesty, certain. rules and constitutions for the better rule and government of the said corperation, and her said late Majesty, by letters patent under her great feal, bearing date the fifth day of March in the twelfth year of ber reign, did establish the said rules and constitutions, reserving to berfelf, her beirs and successors, power, from time to time, under her or their great feal, to alter the same, and to give and make in like manner such other rules and constitutions, according to the true intention of the faid letters patent of incorporation, as to her faid Mojefty, ber heirs or successors should seem meet: and whereas a more expedisinus and cafy method of making and altering the rules and constitutions, for the better rule and government of the faid corporation, may tend to the advancement of the faid charity; be it enacted and declared by the authority aforefaid, That all fuch rules, methods, orders, directions and constitutions, as shall, from time to time, be by the said governors agreed upon, prepared and proposed to his Mujefly, his heirs and successors, according to the true intention of the faid letters patent of incorporation, and by his Majesty, his heirs and successors, approved under his or their sign manual, shall be as good, valid and effectual rules, methods, directions, orders and conflitutions, for the purpoles aforelaid, as if the fame were made or established under the great seal of his Maje-Ry, his heirs or fuccessors.

IV. And whereas her faid late Majesty's royal bounty to the poor viergy was intended to extend, not only to parsons and vieurs who come in by presentation, or collation, institution, and induction, but like-wise to such ministers who come in by donation, or are only superationary preachers or curates, officiating in any charies or chapel where the lisurgy and rites of the church of England, is now by law established, are and shall be used and observed, most of which are not corporations, was have a legal succession, and therefore are incapable of taking a grant or conveyance of such perpetual augmentation as is agreeable to her said date Majesty's gracious intentions, and in many places it would be in the power of the impropriator, donor, parson, or vicar, to withdraw the allowance now or heretofore paid to the curate or minister serving the ture, on in cuse of a chapetry, the incumbent of the mother-ferving the ture, on in cuse of a chapetry, the incumbent of the mother-found.

church might refuse to employ a curate, or permit a minister duly nominated or licenfed to officiate in such sugmented thepel, and might officiate there himself, and take the denesis of the augmentation, though his hving be above the value of those which are intended to be first auga mented; and the maintenance of the curate or minister would thus be funk inflicted of being augmented: be it therefore enacted by the me. All augmentthority morefaid, That all fuch churches, curacies, or chapely ed churches, which theil at my time hereafter be augmented by the governors &c. thall be of the bounty of Queen And for the augmentation of the main perpetual besenance of the poor clergy, shall be, and are hereby declared and analished to be, from the time of such augmentations, perpetual cures and benefices, and the ministers duly nominated and the miniand licensed thereunto, and their successors respectively, shall here shall be be, and be esteemed in law, bodies politick and corporate, and tick, that have perpetual fuecession by such name and names as in the grant of such augmentation shall be mentioned, and shall have a legal capacity, and are hereby enabled to take, in perpetuity, and shall be to them and their faccessors, all such lands, tenements, tithes, enabled to and hereditaments, as shall be granted unto or purchased for take in perpethera respectively by the said governors of the bounty of Queen lands, &c. Anne for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor cler-Ey, or other persons contributing with the said governors as be- Impropriamemoters; any law or fluture to the contrary notwithflanding : tors, &c. of and that the impropriators or patrons of any augmented churches augmented or donatives, for the time being, and their heirs, and the rectors and the rectand vicars of the mother-churches whereto any fuch augmented ors, &c., of the curacy or chapel doth appertain, and their fuccessors, shall be motherand are hereby utterly excluded from having or receiving, di-churches, are rectly or indirectly, any profit or benefit by such augmentation, excluded from and shall from time to time, and at all times, from and after such augmenduch augmentation, pay and allow to the ministers officiating in tion, and shall any fuch augmented church and chapel respectively, such annual allow theusual and other pensions, salaries, and allowances, which by antient pensions, &c. custom, or otherwise, of right, and not of bounty, ought to be sters officiate by them respectively paid and allowed, and which they might, ing. by due course of law, before the making of this act, have been compelled to pay or allow to the respective ministers officiating there, and fuch other yearly fum or allowance as shall be agreed spon (if any shall be) between the said governors and such patren or impropriator, upon making the augmentation, and the fame are and shall be hereby perfectly vested in the ministers officiating in such augmented church or chapel respectively, and their respective successors.

V. Provided always, That no fuch rector or vicar of fuch Northern Ac. mother-church, or any other ecclefiastical person or persons, of motherhaving cure of fouls, within the parish or place where such aug-churches to be mented church or chapel shall be situate, or his or their successfrom cure of fors, shall hereby be divested or discharged from the same; but souls. the cure of fouls, with all other parochial rights and duties, Yfuch augmentation and allowances to the augmented church or chapel, as aforefaid, only excepted) shall hereafter be and re-

main

main in the same state, plight and manner as before the making of this act, and as if this act had not been made.

Augmented cures remaining void fix months, shall lapse to the bilhop, &c.

VI. And for continuing the succession in such augmented cures, hereby made perpetual cures and benefices, and that the same may be duly and conflantly ferved: be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That in case such augmented cures be suffered to remain void by the space of fix months, without any nomination within that time of a fit person to serve the same (by the person or persons having the right of nomination thereunto) to the bishop or other ordinary, within that time, to be licensed for that purpose, the fame shall lapse to the bishop, or other ordinary, and from him to the metropolitan, and from the metropolitan to the crown, according to the course of law used in cases of presentative livings and benefices, and the right of nomination to fuch angmented cure may be granted or recovered and the incumbency thereof may and shall cease, and be determined, in like manner, and by the like methods, as the prefentation to, or incumbency in any vicarage prefentative may be now respectively granted. recovered, or determined.

If persons intinate fuffer a lapfe, but nominate before advantage taken, such nomination thall be good.

VII. Provided always, That in case the person or persons cantled to nomi- titled to nominate in such augmented cure shall suffer lapse to incur, but shall nominate before any advantage taken thereof by the ordinary, metropolitan, or crown, respectively, that such nomination that be as effectual as if made within ax months, although so much time be before chapted, as that the sittle of

laple be vested in the crown.

VIII. And in as much as by the faid rules established by her said lets Majesty, under her great seal, for the management of the aforesaid royal bounty, her said late Majesty was pleased to manifest her gracious intentions to invite private contributions towards augmenting the mointenance of the poor clergy, by ordering, amongs other things, That to encourage benefactors from others, and thereby the fooner to complete the good that was intended by her faid late Majesty's bounty, the faid governors may give the fum of two bundred pounds (which is the stated sum allowed to each sure publish shall be augmented) to cures not exceeding thirty-five pounds per annum, where any person or persons will give the same or greater sum or value in lands or tithes: and in as much as the right of presentation, or womination to small livings, is of inconsiderable value, and yet it may be a great inducement to such benefactions, if the benefactors may have some right of presentation or nomination to the cure which bimself contributes to augment; be it therefore further enacted, That all agreements with such benefactor and benefactors, with the confent and approbation of the faid governors, touching the patronage or right of prefentation or nomination to any fuch augmented cure, made or to be made for the benefit of such benefactor and benefactors, his, her or their heirs or fuccessors, by the King's most excellent majesty, his heirs and successors, under his and their fign manual, or by any bodies politick or corporate, or by any person or persons being of the full age of twenty-one years, having an estate of inheritance either in fee-

simple,

All agreements with be-.ग्रह्मं असेर्गाः touching the epatronage of augmented cures, shall be good in.law;

simple, or fee-tail, in their own right, or in the right of their churches, or wives, or jointly with their wives, made before coverture, or after, or having an estate for life, or for years determinable upon his and their own life and lives, with remainder in fee-fimple or fee-tail to any issue of his or their own bodies, in such patronage, or right of presentation, or nomination, in policition, revertion or remainder, shall be respectively good and effectual in the law against his Majesty, his heirs and succeffors, or against all and every such bodies politick and corporate, or against the persons so agreeing, their wives, heirs and successors respectively, and every of them, and against all and every their issue, and against every other person and persons claiming in remainder and reversion after such estate-tail, as a and the adforesaid, according to the form of such agreement; and the ad-vowson, &c. vowsion, patronage, and right of presentation and nomination in such beneto such augmented churches and chapels, shall be vested in such factors. benefactors, their heirs and successors, as against his Majesty, his heirs and successors, or the said bodies politick and corporate, and their successors, or the said respective persons, as aforefaid, as fully, and in like manner and form, as if the fame had been granted by his faid Majesty, his heirs or successors, under his and their great seal, and as if such bodies politick or corporate had been free from any restraint, and as if such other persons so agreeing had been sole seized in his and their own right of fuch advowlon, patronage, right of prefentation and nomination, in fee-simple, and had granted the same to such benefactors, their heirs and fuccessors respectively, according to fuch agreements.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the agreements of guar- Agreements dians for and on behalf of infants or ideots under their guardians half bind inanship, shall be as good and effectual to all intents and purposes, fants, &cc. as if the faid infants or ideots had been of full age, and of found mind, and had themselves entred into such agreements.

X. Provided always, That in case of any such agreement, as Agreement by

aforesaid, by any parson or vicar, the same shall be with the a parson shall

confent and approbation of his patron and ordinary,

XI. Provided also, That in case of any such agreement, as fent of his paaforesaid, made by any person seized in right of his wife, the Where the wife shall be a party to the agreement, and shall seal and execute wife shall be a the fame.

XII. And in as much as fuch benefactors are to be considered, in agreement. some degree, as founders and patrons of churches; be it further en-Such agreeacted, That such agreements so made, as aforesaid, shall be as effectual for, effectual for the supplying cures vacant at the time of such aug-supplying vamentation made or proposed, as for the advowson or nomina- cant cures. tion to future vacancies.

XHI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, The estate set-That it shall and may be lawful, with the concurrence of the tled for augsaid governors of the bounty of Queen Anne for the augmenta-mentation tion of the maintenance of the poor clergy, and the incumbent, may be expanses, and ordinary of any sugmented living or cure, to exchange

be with conparty to the

Anno primo Georgii I. Stat. 2. C. 10.

change all, or any part of the estate settled for the augmentation thereof, for any other estate in lands or tithes, of equal or greater value, to be conveyed to the same uses. XIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid,

That all fuch donatives which are now exempt from all ecclesi-

affical jurisdiction, and shall be augmented by virtue of the pow-

ers given by this act, shall be subject to the visitation and jurifdiction of the bishop of the diocese wherein such donative is, to

Augmented donatives to be vifited by the bishop.

No donative augmented without the patron's con-

The govermors may agree with the patron, &c. of any dona-

tive, &c. for an allowance to the minister of fuch augtive, &c.

and feet arecent of Thall be effec.

And if fuch **Inipropriator** (other than the King) will governors may refule, fich augmen. tation.

all intents and purposes of law whatsoever. XV. Provided always, That no donative shall be augmented without the consent of the patron or patrons in writing, under

his or their hands and feals first had and obtained. XVI. Provided also, That where it shall fall to the lot of any donative, curacy, or chapelry, to receive an augmentation from the faid bounty, according to the rules already established, or hereafter to be established, it shall and may be lawfel to and for

the governors of the bounty of Queen Anne for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor clergy, and they are hereby impowered, before they make the same augmentation, to treat and agree with the patron of any donative, impropriator mented dona- of any rectory impropriated without endowment of any vicarage. or parson or vicar of any mother-church (as the case shall happen to be) for a perpetual yearly, or other payment or allowance to the minister or curate of such augmented donative, curacy,

> or chapelry, and his fuccessors, to be made in all succeeding times by such patron, impropriator, parson or vicar, and his and their heirs and successors, and for charging and subjecting the impropriate rectory, or the mother-church, or vicarage therewith, and thereunto, in such manner, and with such remedies as they shall be thought fit; and such agreements made with the King's most excellent majesty, his heirs and successors, under his or their fign manual, or with any bodies politick or

> corporate, or any other person or persons having any estate or interest, in possession, reversion, or remainder, in any such impropriate rectory in his or their own right, or in right of his or their churches or wives, or with the guardian or guardians of any person or persons having such estate or interest, or with any parson or vicar of any mother-church, shall be as effectual to all intents and purpoles with respect to such charges, as agreements made with his Majesty, his heirs and successors, or with the fame person or persons, bodies politick or corporate respectively, touching the patrenage or right of presentation or nomination to the fame cures, touching which fuch agreements shall be respec-

tively made; and in case such impropriator, other than the King's majesty, his heirs and successors, and such parson or vinot agree, the car, will not or shall not make such agreement with the said governors of the bounty of Queen Anne for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor clergy; it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid governors to refuse such augmentation, and to apply the money arising from the late Queen's said bounty, which . . .

which cought to have been imployed therein, for augmenting some other cure, according to the rules then in force.

XVII. And whereas the before-mentioned acts of parliament, of the Theoretificate fifth and fixth years of the reign of her faid late Majefly, were, for for the diocele the disselfe of Chichefter, not executed in due time, and in many di- of Chichefter, esefes not with that exact certainty of the yearly values and distinction dated Dec. 24.

of médiaties in the certificates, as regularly ought to have been; and maining in the Tome found pretends in cathedral churches were, by reason of their be- Exchaquer, ing dignities, smitted in some certificates, although they have the cure shall be an efof facils therete annexed, and are therefore livings with cure of fouls fectual as if it weathen the words and meaning of the faid acts: fer supplying the de-turned in due felt in the execution of the faid former alls of parliament; be it en-time, acted by the authority aforelaid, That the certificate for the dioccie of Chichester, dated the twenty-fourth day of December one thousand seven hundred and eight, which was received in the court of Exchequer at Westminster, and is now remaining there. thall be as effectual, to all intents and purpoles, as if the same had been sealed and returned into the said court of Exchequer. within the times limited by the faid respective acts of parliament. in that behalf made; and also that all and every the churches, vicarages and livings, in and by the faid certificate, or in and by the certificates made and returned in due time, or any of them, certified to be under fifty pounds per annum, and each medicty therein, shall be entitled to, and have the benefit of the faid respective discharges by the said several acts of parliament. as fully, to all intents and purpoles, as if the precise yearly vatue had been expressed, and the medicties distinguished in such certificate and certificates: and further, that it shall and may be And the golawful to and for the faid governors of the bounty of Queen vernors may Anne for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor cler-the Exchequer gy, under their common seal, to be affixed at a court of the said the prebends governors, and under the hands of the governors then present, under the to certify into the court of Exchequer the names of such pre-yearly value of bends in cathedral churches, under the yearly value of fifty not named in pounds, the prebendaries whereof have the immediate cure of any former souls of the respective parishes whereof such prebends are deno- certificate, minated, although the same were not named in any former certificate; and fuch certificate and certificates of the faid gover- and fuch certificates shall being returned into the said court of Exchequer, shall be effectual. as effectual to all intents and purpoles of the faid two beforementioned acts of parliament, as if the prebends therein named had been duly certified within the times in the faid acts limited, and by the persons, and in the manner therein directed.

XVIII. And whereas notwithstanding the utmost diligence of the Livings not bistops it inform themselves of, and certify into his Majesty's court of certified, which the bistoppeer, all the livings in their respective discesses under the clear shops may improved yearly value of fifty pounds, in pursuance of the said acts, certify before the source livings within the respective dioceses bereafter named, March 25m though supposed to be under the value of fifty pounds per annum, have 1716. visher met been vertified, or if certified, the certificates of them have been lest, or not duly entrud, or by some other mistakes it has so hap-

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sened that the faid livings have not yet bad the benefit defigued themby the faid act; be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That it shall and may be lawful for the bishops of the said dioceses, at any time before the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, to certify into the court of Exchequer the livings following, or such of them, as shall appear to the respective bishops to be under the value of fifty. pounds per annum, (viz.) in the diocele of York, the rectory of Saint Michael apud Pontem de Ouze in the city of York, the vicar. age of Skipwith, the vicarage of Kilham, the vicarage of North-Leverton, the vicarage of Norwell Overhall: in the diocese of Banger, the vicarage of Lanunda, the vicarage of Llanfair Hager, the vicarage of Llanor, the vicarage of Neviu, the vicarage of Abererch, the vicarage of Conway, the vicarage of Durgafalthe : in the diocese of Carlifle, the rectory of Kirkbride, the rectory of Dufton, the vicarage of Edenball: in the diocese of Chichester, the vicarage of Sela, the rectory of Beata Maria in Westout Lesves. the rectory of Chalton, the rectory of Winchelfey, the vicarage of Bernehill: in the diocese of Saint Davids, the vicarage of Merchir alias Mathre, the vicarage of Saint Winnock alias Saint Twinnells : in the diocese of Litchfield and Coventry, the vicarage of Hartington, the vicarage of Saint Mary's in Litchfield, the fouth mediety of Darleigh, the vicarage of Glossop: in the diocese of Lincoln, the rectory of Bellew alias Hellow, the vicarage of Ellow, the rectory of Normamby, the rectory of Snarford, the vicarage of Buckingbam, the rectory of Okeney, the vicarage of Mentmore, the vicarage of Missenden Magna, the vicarage of Swanburn: in the diocese of Norwich, the vicarage of South-Walson, the recory of Framlinghams, the vicarage of Burnbam-Overy, the vicarage of Scarning, the vicarage of Nections, the vicarage of Melton Parva, the rectory of Repham Medietas & altera Medietas, the vicarage of Thurston, the vicarage of Colkirke, the rectory of Catfields, the vicarage of Henly, the rectory of Newborn, the rectory of Culpho, the rectory of Dunwich Johannis, the rectory of Pakefields, the rectory of Melford Longa, the vicarage of Finborow Parva, the rectory of Willingbam alias Ellough, the rectory of Bromeswell in Wilford: in the diosese of Oxford, the vicarage of Stanton-Harcourt: in the diocese of Peterborough, the vicinize of Cranssy: in the diocese of Winchester, the vicarage of Shaland they thall fird, and the vicarage of Ellingham: and the faid livings force tified, shall have the benefit of the two fore-mentioned, acts of of 5 An. c.24. parliament, as effectually, to all intents and purpoles, marif and 6 An. c. 27. they had been duly certified within the time limited by the faid

fit of the acts

XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority afortsaid. That the courts and committees of the faid governors of the bounty of Queen Anne for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor clergy, shall have power and authority, and are hereby authorized and impowered, from time to time, to ad-, minister an oath to such person and persons as shall at any time. give them information, or be examined of or cancerning any matter

The gover: nors impowered to administer oaths.

matter of thing relating to the execution of this or the faid former acts of parliament, or any way concerning the trust in them repoled.

XX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaild, Augmenta-That all the augmentations, certificates, agreements, and exitions, &c. to changes hereaster to be made, by virtue of or in pursuance of the entries to this act, shall be carefully examined and entred in a book to be be taken as provided and kept by the governors for that purpole, the faid records; and entries being approved at a court of the faid governors, and at attefted copies tested by the governors then present, shall be taken to be as re-thereof shall cords, and the true copies thereof, or of the faid antice. be good evicords, and the true copies thereof, or of the faid entries, being dence in law. proved by one or more credible witnesses, shall be deemed, taken, and adjudged to be good and sufficient evidence in law, touching the matters contained therein, or relating thereto.

XXI. And to the end that churches and chapels may at all times Lands, &c. albe capable of receiving augmentations for the maintenance of the mini-lotted to any flers thereof; be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if church, &c. the governors of the bounty of Queen Anne for the augmenta- the governor's tion of the maintenance of the poor clergy, shall by any deed seal, shall go or instrument in writing under their common seal, allot or ap- in succession. ply to any church or chapel, any lands, tithes, or heredita- &c. ments, arifing from the said bounty of her said late Majesty, or from private contribution or benefaction, or from all or any the ways aforefaid, and shall declare, That the same shall be for ever annexed to such church or chapel, then such lands, tithes, and hereditaments, shall from thenceforth be held and enjoyed, and go in fuccession with such church and chapel for ever; and fuch augmentation to made shall be good and effectual, to all' intents and purpoles whatloever, whether such church or chapel, for which such augmentation is intended, be then full or vacant of an incumbent or minister; provided such deed or in- such deed befrument be enrolled in the high court of chancery within fix ing inrolled in months after the day of the date thereof.

Vide 3 Geo. 1. cap. 10.

## CAP. XI.

An all to restrain all waggoners, carriers, and others, for drawing any carriage with more than five harses in length.

THEREAS in and by one act of parliament made in the fixth 6 Ann. G. 29 year of her late Majesty, intituled, An act to repeal a clause in an act of the seventh year of the reign of his late Majesty (for amending and repairing the highways) which enjoins waggoners and others to draw with a pole between the wheel-horses, or with double shafts, and to oblige them to draw only with fix horses, or other beafts, except up hills, it is among other things enalled. That from and after the four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven bundred and eight, no travelling waggon, wain, cart er carriage, wherein any burthens, goods or wares should be carried or drawn, other than fuch carts and carriages as were or should be imAnno prime Georgii I. Stat. 2. C. 21.

bay, flraw, corn, coal, chalk, timber for shipping, moterials for building, flores of all forts, or fuch ammunition or artillery as should be for the fervice of her Majesty, her heirs or successors, should at any one time travel, he drawn, or go in any common or publick highway or road, with above fix horses, oxen, or beasts, upon and under the pains and penalties, and subject to the proviso therein mentioned: and whereas the exceffive weights or loads laid upon waggons or other carriages drawn by fix borfes, as aforefaid, are found by experience to be so beavy and burthensome, that the roads are thereby rendred almost impassable: for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the King's most excellent majefty, by and with the advice and confent of the

After Sept. 30, and after the thirtieth day of September one thousand seven hun-1715. no wag- dred and fifteen, no travelling waggon, wain, cart or carriage, wherein any burthens, goods and wares shall be carried and rayn with shows five hor- drawn (other than and except as in the recited act is excepted) shall at any one time be drawn or go in any common or pub-**Too, k**c. in the penalties in the acts 6 Ann. c. 49and 9 Ann.

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length, under lick highway or road with above five horses, oxen, or beasts in length, upon the like pains, penalties and forfeitures, and subject to the provisoes in the said recited act mentioned, or in an act made in the ninth year of her faid late Majesty's reign, to render more effectual the said recited act of the fixth year of her faid Majesty's reign; the said recited statute, or any clause therein contained, or any other statute to the contrary in any wife

lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That from

notwithstanding. II. Provided, and it is enacted by the authority aforesaid, The exception in the said acts That the said exception in the said acts, or either of them contained, or in any other acts whatfoever, shall not extend or be shall not extend to threshconstrued to extend to the excepting the carriage of threshed **ed** corn or

corn and coal. Altered and made more effectival by 5 Geo. I. c. 12. 16 Geo. 2. c. 29., 18 Geo. 2. c. 33. 24 Geo. 2. c. 43.

# CAP. XII.

An all for enlarging the fund of the governor and company of the bank of England, relating to Exchequer bills; and for settling an additional revenue of one bundred and twenty thousand pounds per annum upon his Majesty during his life, for the service of the civil government; and for establishing a certain fund of fifty four thousand six bundred pounds per annum, in order to raise a sum not exceeding nine bundred and ten thousand pounds for the service of the publick, by sale of annuities, after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, redeemable by parliament; and for satisfying an arrear for work and materials at Blenheim, incurred whilft that building was carried on at the expence of her late majesty Queen Anne, of blessed memory; and for other purposes therein mentioned.

MOST gracious Sovereign, Whereas in pursuance of an all of parliament made in the seventh year of the reign of her late majesty 7 Ann. c. 7. Queen Anne (of blessed memory) for enlarging the capital stock of the bank of England, several bills, commonly called Exchequer bills, were made forth, amounting in principal money to two millions and five bundred thousand pounds, for her Majesty's supply; and in pursuance of another all made in the faid seventh year of her faid late Majesty's reign (amongst 7 Ann. C. S. other things) for circulating a further sum in Exchequer bills; and of tertain tlasfes contained in an all of the eighth year of her reign in that 3 Ann. c. 136 bebalf, there were issued for her Majesty's supply more such bills, amounting to the further sum of four bundred thousand pounds in principal money; and pursuant to another all made in the twelfth year of her 12 Ann, flat. laid late Majesty's reign, (amongst other things) for circulating a fur- c. 11. ther sum in Exchequer bills, there were issued for her Majesty's supply more fuch bills, amounting, in principal money, to twelve bundred thoufand pounds; and it was provided by the said alls respectively, That all the said bills should bear an interest after the rate of two pence per centum per diem (saving the said interest upon such of the said bills as Should at any time or times be in the Exchequer, or in the bands or power of any receiver or collector of any taxes, aids, or revenues payable to ber Majesty, ber beirs or successors, during such time and times respectively as such bills should be or remain in the Exchequer, or in such hands or power, as aforesaid) and that the governor and company of the bank of England should have an allowance, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, for circulating all the said bills in the manner by the faid alls respectively prescribed, abating the same allowance proportionably as the bills should be cancelled: and whereas by an all made in a Ann. c. 7. the ninth year of her said late Majesty's reign, for better enabling the faid governor and company, and their successors, to exchange for ready money, upon demand, any of the bills made forth upon the said several alls of the seventh and eighth years of her said late Majesty's reign, it was enacted, That the full sum of forty five thousand pounds per annum should be paid to and for the use of the said governor and company, and

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their

their successors, by the several quays and means therein specified, for

and during such time only as in that all was expressed; and by the said all made in the twelfth year of her faid late Majesty's reign, for bester enabling the said governor and company, and their successors, to tireslate all Exchequer bills made forth and to be made forth on that and the former alts, by exchanging the same, from time to time, for ready money, upon demand, it was enacted, That the entire yearly sum of eight chouland pounds (over and above the said yearly fun of forty-five thoufand pounds) (bould be paid to and for the use of the said governor and company, and their successors, by quarterly payments; and that the said yearly fum of eight thousand pounds, together with the said yearly sum of forty five thousand pounds, should continue and be paid and payable to the faid governor and company, and their successors, until such time as no more than nineteen bundred thousand pounds of all the bills is used and to be issued, in pursuance of that and the said former alls (taken all together) should be standing out unconcelled in the authole: and whereas for making good as well the said interest, after the rate of two pence per centum per diem, and the faid allowance after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, upon all the bills iffned and to be iffued, as aforesaid, as also the said yearly sum of eight thousand pounds, until the subsidies, duties, surplus monies, remains and arrears, composing the general fund and security by the said former alts, or some of them, intended to be established, or so many of them as should be sufficient for those purposes, should have taken effect; it was by the said several acts of the seventh, eighth, and twelfth years of her said late Majesty's reign, or some of them, enalted, That the lord treasurer, or three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, should make out, or cause to be made out other Exchequer bills, for so much as should be computed to be due at the respective quarter days therein mentioned (over and above what should have been applied out of the subsidies, duties and Jums of money afore aid, for the said interest, and for such allowance of three pounds per centum per annum, and for the faid yearly fum of eight thousand pounds respectively) and that such quarterly bills should bear the like interest of two pence per centum per diem, and the said governor and company should have the like allowance of three pounds per centum per annum, for circulating thereof: and whereas in and by the said first mentioned all of the seventh year of her said late Majesty's reign, certain duties were granted, continued, or made payable to ber Majesty, ber beirs and successors for ever, that is to say, the duties called the two thirds of a subsidy of tonnage and poundage therein mentioned, which were to take effect, and did take effect by that act, from the seventh day of March one thousand seven bundred and eleven, certain duties upon coffee, cocoa-nuts, chocolate, cocoa-paste, tea, nut-megs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, pictures, and muslins, and certain increased duties upon coffee, cocoa-nuts, chocolate, cocoa-paste, tea, nutmegs; cinnamon,

7 Ann. c. 7. cloves, mace, and pictures, and certain further rates or duties upon all white callicoes, porcelan, commonly called China ware, and drugs, all which were to take effect, and did take effect by the act lest mentioned, from the twenty third day of June one thousand seven bundred and fourteen; and one balf of another subsidy of tonnage and poundage therein mentioned, which was to take effect, and did take effect by the same all, from and after the last day of July one thousand seven hundred and four-

12 Ann. stat. 1. teen; and by the faid aft of the twelfth year of her faid lote Majesty's C. 11.

reign, all the faid ducies so granted, continued, or made payable for overs together which the surplus which should from time to time arise of or from the other half of the subsidy of tonnage and poundage last mentioned (over and above eighty thousand pounds per annum, formerly charged thereupon for payment of annuities) and divers arrears and other sums of money or revenues, more largely described in the said first mentioned at 7 Ann. c. 7. of the seponth year of her Majesty's reign, are made a general fund or security, and appropriated as well for satisfying and paying, from time to time, all the monies which should be due or payable for interest, after the rate of two pence per centum per diem, and for the said allowance of three pounds per centum per annum, for all the bills made out, or to be made out, upon the faid all of the twelfth year, or any the former alls before mentioned, and all the monies which should grow due upon the faid yearly fums of forty five thousand pounds, and eight thousand pounds. as alfa for or towards raising such a yearly sum as is after mentioned, for paying off and concelling all the faid bills: and by the faid all of the twelfth year of her Majesty's reign, to was enacted, That after pay 12 Ann. flat. 16 ing or referving sufficient to pay, from time to time. So much as should c. 11. be groups due, or demandable for the faid interest of two pence per centum per diem, and allowance of three pounds per centum per annum, then the monies applied should, from time to time, he grown due to the faid governor and company, and their successors, upon their said other mearly allemances of eight thousand pounds, and forty five thousand pounds from the respective times therein mentioned, should quarterly be paid out of the monies arising by the said duties and revenues; and that after paying or rejerving sufficient to pay so much as should, from time to time, be incurred and grown due, for and upon the faid interest, after the rate af two pence per centum per diem, and the said several allowances after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, eight thousand pounds per annum, and forty five thousand pounds per annum, (which were abways to be preferred in point of payment) the full and ensire yearly fum of two bundred and seventy thousand nine bundred ninety nine pounds severe shillings (comprehending therein the yearly sum of two handred thousand pounds mentioned in the said former acts, or some of them) or so much of the said yearly sum of two bundred and seventy thoufend nine bundred ninety nine pounds seven stillings, as the remainder of the faid fund should from time to time produce for that purpose, should to, and is thereby appropriated for paying off all the principal money contained and to be contained in all and every the Exchequer bills, made forth, and to be made forth, by or in purfuance of that and the faid former alls, or any of them, and for cancelling the same, until all the said bills fball be difebarged and cancelled; and by the same aft it was provided and enacted. That from and after the complete paying off and discharging all the principal and interest which should be due on the said Excheques bills iffued and to be issued in pursuance of that and the said other acts, and concelling all the same bills, and full satisfaction made of all arreseases (if any should be then due) as well of the said allowance after the rate of three pounds per contum per annum, as also of the said yearly fums of forty five thousand pounds, and eight thousand pounds, or either of them, then, and not till then, the several subsidies, duties and revenues, settled or appropriated, as well for payment of the said interest of two pence per centum per diem, and the said allowance after the tote of three pounds pet contain pet annum, and the feld yearly func M 🕏 .

of forcy free theuland pounds and eight thousand pounds, as also for raifing the faid yearly fum of two bundred and seventy thousand nine bundred ninety nine pounds and seven stillings, and every of them, should be understood to be redeemed by parliament, and should not be iffued, paid or applied to any use, intent or purpose audatsoever, without the authority of parliament, as in and by the several alts above recited or mentioned (amongst divers other clauses, matters and things therein contained) relation being thereunto respectively had, may more fully appear: and whereas all the bills which were issued upon the said several alls (including the quarterly bills before-mentioned) did amount in the subale to four millions fix bundred seventy-fix thousand eight hundred and twelve pounds and ten shillings; and fince the said duties or revenues bave taken effect, as many of the bills so issued, as amounted to one bundred and fifteen thousand seven hundred eighty-seven pounds and ten shillings, have been (purfuant to the faid all of the twelfth year of her late 'Majesty's reign) paid off and cancelled, so that the bills made forth upon the said several acts which are standing out, or do remain uncancelled or undischarged, upon the eleventh day of July one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, do amount to the sum of four millions five hundred firsty-one shouland and twenty-five pounds, or thereabouts: and whereas we your Majesty's most dutiful and layal subjects, the commons of Great-Britain in parliament assembled, being justly sensible of the inestimable blessings which your subjects do enjoy under your Majesty's auspicious government, and the good prospect of continuing those bleffings to your said subjects, and their posterities, under your Majesty and your royal offspring, are defirous that a sufficient provision may be settled by the most easy and effeltual ways and means, for enabling your Majesty to support the dignity of the crown, and to make an bonourable provision for your soyal family, and have therefore resolved; that there he granted to your Majesty, during your life, (which God long preserve) an additional revenue of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds per annum, which together with the neat produce of the branches settled for the uses of your Majesty's civil government by the late all of parliament in that behalf, may make up the clear yearly sum of seven bundred thousand pounds, for the service of your Majesty's bousheld and family, and other your necessary expences and oceasions: and your said commons of Great Britain are also desirous, That a fum not exceeding nine bundred and ten thousand pounds may be raised · (by the like easy and effectual aways and means) as part of the necessary Supply by them granted for the service of your Majesty's newy and forces, and other your Majesty's publick occasions: and your Majesty's said commons finding, that upon enlarging or augmenting the faid present fund and security of the said governor and company of the bank of England, by such additional revenues and incomes as are berein after granted, continued and appropriated, and making such enlarged or augmented fund and security liable, in the first place, to satisfy all monies which shall, from time to time be incurred and grown due, as well for and upon the faid interest of two ponce per centum per diem, as the said allowance of three pounds per centum per annum; and in the next place, to fatisfy all monies which shall from time to time be incurred and grown due for and upon the faid other allowances of forty-five thousand pounds per annum, and eight thousand pounds per annum, (the said interest and several allowances being always to be preferred in payment, as aforefaid, according to the tenor and true meaning of this and the faid former alts) they

Additional revenue for the civil government.

the faid governor and company of the bank of England, are willing for accommodating your Majesty's affairs, that out of the residue or remainder of such enlarged or augmented fund, the yearly sum of one bundred 120,0001. per and twenty thousand pounds, by quarterly payments, shall and may be annum to be taken and applied for the service of your Majesty's housbold and family, applied for the and other your necessary expences and occasions; and that after paying or houshold, &c. reserving sufficient to pay such monies as shall, from time to time be incurred and grown due, for or upon the faid yearly fum of one hundred. and twenty thousand pounds, then the further yearly sum of fifty-four. thousand six bundred pounds, by like quarterly payments, shall and may be taken and applied out of the faid residue or remainder of the said. enlarged or augmented fund, in order to raise any sum or sums of money, not exceeding nine bundred and ten thousand pounds, for such publick fer- 910,000l. for vices, at eferefaid; and that after paying or reserving sufficient to pay publick serfo much as shall, from time to time, be incurred and grown due for or upon the last yearly sums of one bundred and twenty thousand pounds, and fifty-four thousand six bundred pounds, and either of them, out of the faid refidue or remainder of such enlarged or augmented fund, then the above faid yearly sum of two bundred and seventy thousand nine bundred ninety-nine pounds and seven stillings, or so much thereof, as the said refidue or remainder of such enlarged or augmented fund shall, from sime so time, produce for that purpose, shall and may be appropriated for paying off all the principal money contained in all and every the faid Exchequer-bills remaining, and which shall from time to time remain uncancelled or undischarged, and for cancelling the same, until all the said bills (ball be cancelled and discharged. Provided always, That in case at Deficiencies, any time or times there shall happen to be any deficiency or deficiencies to how to be make good the payments of the original fund of one bundred thousand made good. pounds per annum of the faid governor and company, specified in the faid furst mentioned all of the seventh year of her late Majesty's reign, and of their yearly manuity of one hundred and fix thousand five hundred and one pounds thirteen shillings and five pence, in the same all specified, or either of them, then and so often, all and every such deficiency and deficiencies Shall and many, from time to time, be satisfied and made good out of the said residue or remainder of such enlarged or augmented fund, as aforefaid, with preference to any iffues thereafter to be made for cancelling any of the faid Exchequer-bills: now for the making up, settling and establishing a good, sure and complete fund, sufficient to answer all the ends and purpoles by this act intended, by making all the payments which shall, from tiene to time, be incurred or grown due (in the order and course bereby preferibed) as well for and upon the faid interest, and several allowences before-mentioned, as for and upon the said yearly sums of one bundred Sec 1 Geo. 1, and twenty thousand pounds, and fifty-four thousand fix bundred pounds, flat. 2. C. 19. and by making good such deficiencies as shall or may happen, as aforefaid, i. 1. and by producing a yearly sum to be applied quarterly, for or towards the cancelling and discharging the said bills; we your Majesty's said dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament assembled, so bumbly befeech your Majesty, that it may be enacted and declared; and be it enacted and declared by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That the aforesaid The two duties, called the two thirds of a subsidy of tonnage and pound, thirds subsidy, age, the duties on  $M_3$ 

Britain.

cocoa-paste, tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, pictures

coffee, &c. and age, and the faid duties upon coffee, cocoa-nuts, chocolate, the one half fublidy,7Ann.
c. 7. shall be part of the general fund for the ules of this act.

and muslins, and the said increased duties upon coffee, cocoanuts, chocolate, cocoa-paste, tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, and pictures, and the faid further rates or duties upon all white callicoes, porcelan, commonly called China ware, and drugs, and the aforefaid half subsidy of tonnage and poundage, which were all granted to her said late Majesty, her heirs and successors for ever, by the said first mentioned act of the seventh year of her reign, and the excess or surplus, which shall from time to time arise by the said other moiety or half of the said subsidy of tonnage and poundage, which was granted for the term of ninety fix years, from the last day of July one thousand feven hundred and twelve, and charged with eighty thousand pounds per annum, for payment of annuities, and all other revenues, remains and arrears whatfoever, which by the faid act of the twelfth year of her said late Majesty's reign were appropriated for payment of interest and allowances relating to the Exchequer bills, or towards cancelling the same, subject to such redemption as was thereby prescribed, shall be, and shall be deemed and taken, and are hereby enacted and declared to be part of the general fund, and fecurity by this act established and intended to be established, for all the uses and purposes in this act expressed, and shall be subject to such redemption as in this act is preferibed, and not otherwise; the faid former acts or any of them, or any clause, matter or thing in them, or any of them, contained to the contrary in any wife notwithstand-II. And to the end there may be no failure or defect in the faid

Duties on wines and merchandizes,

.6 Ann. c. 11.

general fund hereby intended to be established, his Majesty's said dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament affembled, have given and granted, and by this act do give and grant to bis Majesty, his heirs and successors for ever, the several additional revenues and incomes herein after more particularly expressed, and do most humbly beseech his Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, in manner following, that is to say, Whereas by an act of parliament of the fixth year of her faid late Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for continuing one half part of the subsidies of tonnage and poundage, and other duties upon wines, goods, and merchandizes imported, which were granted to the crown in the twelfth year of the reign of King Charles the Second, and for settling a fund thereby, and by other ways and means, for payment of annuities, not exceeding eighty thousand pounds per annum, to be fold for raising a further supply to her Majesty, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and eight, and other uses therein expressed, it was enacted, That there should be raifed and levied, for and upon all wines, goods, and merchandizes, which at any time or times, from and after the faid last day of July one thousand seven hundred and twelve, within or during the term of ninety fix years, from thence next and immediately ensuing, should be imported or brought into Great

Britain, one moisty or half-part of the subsidies, duties, and Fums of money therein mentioned, or thereby referred to; (exeept as therein is excepted): now it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That there shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid to his Majesty, his heirs and successors for ever, for and upon all wines, goods and merchandizes, which at any time or times, from and after the determination of the faid term of ninety fix years, shall be imported or brought into Great Britain, the like moiety or half-part of the like subsidies, duties, and fums of money (except as in and by the faid act of the fixth year of her late Majesty's reign, or any other act or acts of parliament in relation to the faid half-fublidy, is excepted) and thall be collected, levied, and paid by fuck ways and means, and under such penalties and forfeitures, and subject to such drawbacks and allowances, and in such manner and form, as by the faid act of the fixth year of her Majesty's reign, or any other aft relating thereumo, is preferibed, for raising and levying the faid half-subfidy, during the term aforesaid; and that all the monies which, after the determination of the faid term of ninery fix years, shall arise, of or for the said moiety or halfpart of the faid subfidy and duties hereby intended to be continued, and all the arrears of the faid half-fubfidy which shall or may arise by virtue of the grant thereof, during the term aforesaid, after all the annuities and payments charged thereupon shall be fully paid off and determined, or money sufficient shall be reserved for that purpose (the necessary charges of management al ways excepted) shall be brought and paid; from time to time, into the receipt of the Exchequer, for the purposes in this act expressed, and subject to such redemption as is hereby prescribed concerning the fame.

III. And whereas by an act of parliament made and passed in the Additional feventh year of the reign of bis lose majefty King William the Third duties on (of glorious memory) intituled. An act for granting to his Majesty 7&8W.3.c.29. an additional duty upon all French goods and merchandizes, certain additional duties were laid on French wines, brandy, vinegar, and other goods of the growth, product, or manufacture of France, imported from and after the twenty eighth day of February one thousand six bundred ninety six, for the term of one and twenty years, and from thence to the end of the next session of parliament; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said Made perpeadditional duties upon French wines, goods, and merchandizes, tual, imposed by the act last mentioned, after the determination of that act, shall have continuance and be paid and payable to his Majesty, his heirs and successors for ever, and shall be collected, levied, and paid, by fuch ways and means, and subject to such penalties and forfeitures, and in such manner and form, as the faid additional duties by the act last mentioned, or by any other act relating thereunto, are appointed to be raised or levied; and that all the monies which, from and after the feaftday of Saint Michael the Archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sisteen, shall arise of or for the said additional M 4

additional duties upon French wines, goods, and merchandizes, by virtue of the faid act of the seventh wear of the reign of King.

7 W. 3. C. 20. William the Third, or by virtue of this present act, except the necessary charges of raising and paying the same, shall be brought and paid, from time to time, into the receipt of the Exchequer, for the purposes in this act expressed, and subject to such redemption as is hereby prescribed concerning the same...

Plantation. duties,

IV. And it is hereby also enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all the monies which, from and after the faid feast-day of Saint Michael the Archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, shall arise by the duties which in and by an act of parliament made and passed in the \$5 Car. 2, c. 7. five and twentieth year of the reign of King Charles the Second (of bleffed memory) intituled, An act for the encouragement of the Greenland and Eastland trades, and for the better securing the plantation trade, were granted to his Majesty, his heirs and succeffors for ever, commonly called the plantation duties (the necessary charges of raising and paying the same excepted) shall also be brought and paid, from time to time, into the said re-

ceipt of Exchequer, for the purposes in this act expressed, and

be liable to such redemption as is herein after prescribed in that behalf. Duty on-hops V. And be it likewise enacted by the authority aforesaid, 9Annæ, c. 12. That the several and respective duties, which in and by an act

continued for of parliament made in the ninth year of the reign of her faid late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for laying a duty upon hops, were imposed upon all hops, which at any time or times within or during the term of four years, reckoned from the first day of June one thousand seven hundred and eleven, should be imported or brought into the kingdom of Great Britain, and for and upon all hops growing in Great Britain, which, at any time or times within or during the faid term of four years, should be cured and made fit for use (which duties by an act of the present session of parliament are continued until the first day of August one thousand seven hundred and sisteen) shall be and are hereby further continued, and shall be paid and payable to his Majesty, his heirs and successors for ever, for and upon all hops which, at any time or times from and after the last day of July one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, shall be imported or brought into the kingdom of Great Britain, and for and upon all hops growing and to grow in Great Britain, which, at any time or times after the faid last day of July one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, shall be cured and made fit for use; the fame duties to be charged, ascertained, secured, collected, levied and paid, by fuch rules, ways, means and methods, and with fuch drawbacks and allowances, and under fuch penalties and forfeitures, and in such manner and form, as the said duties on hops by the two acts last mentioned, or either of them, or · by any other act or acts of parliament thereby referred unto, were enacted or directed to be charged, afcertained, fecured, collected, levied and paid; and that all and every the clauses,

.. .. ..

powlets, directions, penalties, and forfeitures, providoes, matters and things contained in the faid former acts concerning hops, or either of them, for fecuring, raifing or levying the duties on hops thereby granted or continued, or for encouraging the exportation of British hope for Ireland, or for restraining the use of bitter ingredients instead of hops, or touching or concerning hops of foreign growth, or otherwise relating to hops, shall be and are hereby revived, and shall continue for ever in full force and vigour, for fecuring, raising, and levying the duties upon hops, hereby granted and continued, and for encouraging the exportation of British hops to Ireland, and for restraining the use of bitter ingredients instead of hops, and for all other purposes whatspever in relation to hops, as if the same clauses, powers, directions, penalties, and forfeitures, proviloes, matters, and things were particularly repeated and again enacted in the body of this present act; and that all the monies which, from and after the faid last day of July one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, shall arise of or for the said duty upon hops hereby granted or continued (except the necessary charges of raising and paying the same) shall likewise be brought and paid, from time to time, into the receipt of the Exchequer, for the purposes by this act appointed, and subject to such redemption as is by this act prescribed in relation thereunto.

VI. And whereas by the said all of the ninth year of her said late 9 Anna, c. 12. Majefty's reign, intituled, An act for laying a duty upon hops, it is therein (among other things) enacted, That no person shall import, or cause to be imported into Ireland from Flanders, or any other parts subatsoever (other than from Great Britain) any hops whatsoever; nevertheless great quantities of foreign hops have been carried into Ireland, and there landed from Flanders, or other parts (other than from Great Britain) to the great prejudice of his Majesty's revenue, and discouragement of the trade of British hops: for prevention of the like abuses for the future; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid. That from and after the tenth day of September in the year After 10 Sept. of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sisteen, the master of hip, carryof every ship or vessel, which shall carry any hops whatsoever to ing hops to
Ireland, shall take from the collector or comptroller of the port Ireland, to in Great: Britain (where he shall lade any hops) a duplicate of take a dupliof his content in writing of all the hops taken or laden on cate of his board his ship or vessel, before he be permitted to sail out of content from the collector. the port, under the hand and feal of fuch collector or comp- &c. in Engtroller of the said port in Great Britain, which said duplicate land, shall be delivered to the master of every such ship or vessel; without fee or reward; and that every such master of such ship or to be delivervessel shall deliver, upon oath, such duplicate to the officer of ed to the prothe customs in such port in Ireland, where such ship or vessel Ireland on shall arrive, and intends to unlade, before he be permitted to oath, land any hops; and that in case any hops shall be unladen or landed in any part of Ireland, before such duplicate is produced on forfeiture to the officer, collector, or comptroller, as aforefaid, all such of the hops, hops, and ten shillings for every pound weight of the same, and ros, per

shall

and

shall be forseited; one moiety to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, the other moiety to the officer or officers, or any other person or persons who shall seize or sue for the same in any of his Majesty's courts of record in Dublin, to be recovered by action, bill, plaint or information, wherein no essoin, protection, privilege, or wager of law shall be allowed, or any more than one imparlance.

4 Ann. c. 6.

: VII. And whereas by an act of parliament made in the fourth year of the reign of her faid late Majefy, intituled, An act for continuing an additional subsidy of tonnage and poundage, and certain duties upon coals, culm and cynders, and additional duties of excise, and for settling and establishing a fund thereby, and by other ways and means, for payment of annuities, to be fold for raising a further supply to her Majesty, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and fix, and other uses therein mentioned, a sertain additional fublidy of tomage and poundage, commonly called the one third fublidy, payable for and upon all wines, goods and merchandizes imported, and thereby granted for the term of ninety eight years, which communed from the eighth day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fix, and the particular rates and duties of excise thereby granted for the term of ninety five years, from the seventeenth day of May one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, with other monies therein mentiened, are apprepriated and made hable to the payment of certain anmuities purchased thereupon, not exceeding one hundred eighty four thousand two hundred forty two pounds fourteen shillings per zamum, for ninety nine years, rechoning from Lady-day one thousand seven kundred and fix, and payable at the receipt of the Euchequer, and the overplus momes which might arife yearly upon that act, were aftermands enacted to be justly and duly computed at Lady-day yearly, or within fix days after: and by an all of parliament made in the fifth year of her faid late Majesty's reign, instituted, An act for continuing the duties on low wines, and spirits of the first extraction,

5 Ann. c. 191

and the duties payable by hawkers, pedlars, and petty chapmen, and part of the duties on stampt vellum, parchment, and paper, and the late duties on sweets, and the one third subsidy of tonnage and poundage, and for fettling and establishing a fund thereby, and by the application of certain overplus monies, and otherwise, for payment of annuities, to be fold for raising a further supply to her Majesty, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and seven, and other uses therein exprofied, certain ducies upon loss somes, and spirits of the sinft extraction, thereby continued from the three and twentieth day of June me thousand seven hundred and ten, for the term of ninety fix years from thence next enfuing, and eertain duties payable by bawkers, pedlars, petty chapmen, and others therein mentioned, and thereby continued for the like term of years, and fuch of the duties upon stampt vellum, parchmens, and poper, as are therein mentioned, and thereby contimuch for the term of ninety fix years, which commenced from the last

day of July one thousand seven hundred and ten, and the duties upon sweets, thereby laid for the term of ninety nine years, from the four

and twentieth day of March one thousand seven hundred and fix, and the said subsidy called the one third subsidy, by the same att granted and continued for one whole year, to commence from the expiration of the said ninety-eight years therein granted by the said former all, and all the overplus monies of the fublidies, rates, duties, 4 Ann. c. 6. and other monies contained in the said all of the fourth year of her said late Majesty's reign, after paying or reserving sufficient to pay so much as should be incurred or grown due upon the said annuities, by virtue of that act, at or before every feast of the annunciation of the bleffed virgin Mary respectively (the necesfary charges of paying and accounting for the same annuities purchased thereupon being excepted) are appropriated and made liable to the payment of certain annuities purchased upon the said act of the fifth year of her said late Majesty's reign, not exceeding in the whole 5 Ann. c. 19. the fum of Jeventy-two thousand one hundred eighty-seven pounds ten shillings per annum for ninety-nine years, from the five and twentieth day of March one thousand seven hundred and seven, payable also at the faid receipt of Exchequer: and thereby it was provided, that if at the end of any year of the faid term of ninety-nine years, for which the said annuities upon the said act of the fifth year of her said late Majesty's reign were to be purchased (the sirst computation to be made at Lady-day one thousand seven hundred and eight, or within fix days after) the monies arising at the Exchequer within such year by the faid rates, duties, subsidies, overplus monies, and other monies thereby appropriated for payment of annuities pursuant to that act, should exceed all the monies then due for or upon the same annuities, and all arrearages thereof then incurred, the excess or surplus should be disposeable from time to time for the publick use and service: and 6 Ann. c. 5. by an act of parliament made in the fixth year of her said late Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for raising a further supply to her Majesty for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and eight, and other uses, by sale of annuities, charged on a fund not exceeding forty thousand pounds per annum, to arise by appropriating several furplusses, and by granting further terms in the duties on low wines, and on hawkers, pedlars, and petry chapmen, the stamp-duties, the one third subsidy, the duty on fweets, and one of the branches of excise, and by inaking other provisions in this act mentioned, a certain fund or fum not exceeding forty thousand pounds per annum, is charged upon and payable out of all the overplus or surplus monies of the said rates, duties, fublidies and funds, settled for payment of the said several anmuities, purchased upon the said several acts of the fourth and fifth years of her said late Majesty's reign respectively, which should from time to time remain, after satisfying or reserving in the Exchequer, fufficient to satisfy so much as shall be incurred or grown due, from time to time, upon those annuities, and every of them, and which by the said att of the fifth year of her said late Majesty's reign, were left 5 Ann. C. 19 to be disposed, from time to time, for the publick use and service, as aforesaid, and is also charged upon, and payable out of all the overplus monies of the rates and duties of excise, granted by an act of parliament made in the fourth year of the reign of their late majesties

King William and Queen Mary, of glorious memory, intituled, W.&M.c. & An act for granting to their Majesties cortain rates and duties of excise upon beer, ale, and other liquors, for securing certain recompenses and advantages in the faid act mentioned, to such persons as shall voluntarily advance the sum of ten hundred thousand pounds, towards carrying on the war against France, for the term of ninety-nine years, from the five and twentieth day of January one thousand six hundred ninety-two, and by that and other alls relating thereunto, made liable to the payment of annuities, with benefit of survivorship, and other annuities charged thereupon; which overplus of the rates and duties of excise last mentioned, is by the said act of the finth year of ber faid late Majesty's reign, directed to be **S** Ann. c. 5. computed on the twenty-fourth day of June yearly: and by the same act of the fixth year of ber late Majesty's reign, the aforesaid duties upon low wines, or spirits of the first extraction, are continued from the expiration of the faid term of ninety-fix years before granted therein, for one whole year from thence next ensuing; and the said duties payable by hawkers, pedlars, petty chapmen, and others, as aforesaid, are continued from the expiration of the said term of ninetyfix years before granted therein, for the like term of one year from thence next ensuing; and such of the duties upon vellum, parchment and paper as are therein mentioned, are continued from the expiration of the said term of ninety-fix years before granted therein, for the like term of one whole year from thence next ensuing y and the said subfidy, called the one third subsidy (which was continued for one year from the expiration of a term of ninety-eight years, as aforesaid) is further continued from the expiration of the faid one year, for one year more from thence next ensuing; and the said duty upon sweets made for sale, is continued from the expiration of the said term of ninetynine years formerly granted therein, for the term of two years from thence next ensuing; and the rates and duties of excise last mentioned are continued from the expiration of the said term of ninety-nine years formerly granted therein, for the further term of fifteen years from thence next ensuing; and by the said act of the fixth year of her late Majesty's reign, it was enacted and declared, That the said overplus monies of the faid rates, duties, subsidies and funds, settled for payment of the said several annuities purchased upon the said several acts of the fourth and fifth years of her faid late Majesty's reign re-▲ Ann. c. 6. 5 Ann, c. 19. Spectively, and the said overplus monies of the said rates and duties of excise, granted in the said sourth year of their said late Majesties reign, and the seperal grants made of the faid duties upon low wines, or pirits of the first extraction, and of the said duties to be paid by bawkers, pedlars and petty chapmen, and of the faid duties upon velhum, parchment and paper, and of the faid additional subsidy, severally, for the further term of one year, as aforefaid, and of the faid duties upon sweets for two years, and of the said particular rates of

excise for fifteen years, as aforesaid, and other monies therein mentioned, or so much thereof as should be sufficient for making up the said fund, not exceeding forty thousand pounds per annum, are and shall be liable and appropriated thereunto, in order to answer the paymenit

ment of the annuities purchased on that all for ninety-nine years, reckoned from the five and twentieth day of March one thousand se- 6 Ann. c. g. ven bundred and eight, payable likewife at the faid receipt of Exchequer: and by the same act of the sixth year of her late Majosty's. reign, it is provided, That if at the end of any year of the faid term of ninety-nine years, for which the faid annuities upon that act were to be purchased (the first computation to be made at Lady-day one thousand seven hundred and nine, or within six days after) the monus arising at the Exchequer within such year, by that ast chargeable to make good the faid yearly fund not exceeding forty thousand pounds (except as therein is excepted) should exceed all the monies which as every such feast-day should be due, for or upon the same annuities, and all arrearages thereof, so that there should be an excess or surplus remaining in the Exchequer, such excess or surplus should be disposeable, from time to time, for the publick use and service, and not otherwise, as by the faid several acts of the fourth, fifth and fixth years of her faid late Majesty's reign (relation being thereunto respectively had) may more fully appear: now it is hereby further enacted and de- All the surplus clared by the authority aforesaid, That all the surplus monies monies of the which, upon any computation or computations to be made after annuity after the twenty-ninth day of September in the year of our Lord one thall be approthouland seven hundred and fifteen, pursuant to the said an-priated for the nuity act of the fixth year of her late Majesty's reign, shall from uses of this time to time, or at any time or times, appear to be or remain act. in the faid receipt of Exchequer, over and above so much as shall be sufficient to discharge all monies then incurred and grown due for or upon the faid annuities and payments charged thereupon by the faid several acts of the fourth, fifth and sixth years of her said late Majesty's reign, and over and above so much as pursuant to the true meaning of those acts, or any of them, is to be referved for payment of any of the annuities thereupon purchased (which surplus monies were intended by the faid act of the fixth year of her faid late Majesty's reign, to 4 Ann. c. 6. be disposed, from time to time, for the publick use and service, § Ann. c. 19. and not otherwise) and all the arrears of the said duties and re- 6 Ann. c. 5 venues charged with the faid annuities and payments by the same acts of the fourth, fifth and fixth years of her late Majesty's reign, which shall or may arise by virtue of the grants thereof, for the several terms aforesaid, after all the annuities

VIII. And whereas the duties and revenues contained in the said acts of the fourth, fifth and fixth years of her said late Majesty's reign, whereupon the said surplus or overplus monies are, from time to time, to arise for the uses and purposes in this act intended, are temporary,

and payments charged thereupon, shall be expired, determined, and fully discharged and paid off, shall from time to time be set apart, and the same are hereby appropriated, and shall be issued and applied to and for the several uses and purposes in this present act declared of and concerning the same, and to none other use, intent or purpose whatsoever, subject nevertheless to such redemption as is herein after provided in that

being

Anno primo Georgii I. Sest. 2. C. 12. being granted only for fuch terms of years as are before-mentioned:

now for the better establishing a sure and lasting fund to answer all the faid afes and purposes bereby intended, subject nevertheless to such redemption as is bereby prescribed: be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That such or the like additional subsidy of tonnage and poundage, and other duties commonly called the one The one third fublidy, which by the faid act of the fourth year of her faid subsidy 4 Ann. late Majesty's reign, was granted or continued for the term of

for ever. 5 Ann. c. 19.

6 Ann. c. 5.

Duties of excife, 4 Ann. c. 6.

wines, &c. I Geo. s. c.16.

6 Ann. c. 5.

Duties on hawkers and pedlars, Ann. C. 19. 9 & 10 W. 3. C. 27.

lum, &c. 5 Ann, c. 19.

c.6. continued ninety-eight years, from the eighth day of Marib one thousand seven hundred and fix, and by the said act of the fifth year of her faid late Majosty's reign, was continued for one year, to take effect after the expiration of the faid term of ninety, eight years, and by the faid act of the fixth year of her late Majesty's reign was further continued for one year, to take effect after the expiration of the faid term of one year last before-mentioned, shall after the expiration of the said several terms so grapted therein, have further continuance, and be paid and payable to his Majesty, his heirs and successors for ever: and that such or the like rates and duties of excise, which by the said act of the fourth year of her late Majesty's reign were granted for the term of ninety five years, commencing from the seventeenth day of

> May one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, shall after the expiration of the faid term of ninety-five years granted therein, have continuance, and be also paid and payable to his Majefty, his hears and fucceffors for ever: and that fuch and the

Duties on low like duties upon low wines, or spirits of the first extraction, as by the faid act of the fifth year of her late Majesty's reign were 5 Ann. c. 19. granted and continued for the term of ninety-fix years, from the three and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and ten, and by the faid act of the fixth year of her late Majosty's reign were continued for one year, to take effect after the expiration of the term of ninety-fix years last mentioned, shall after the expiration of the faid leveral terms to granted

> payable to his Majesty, his heirs and successors for ever: and that all and every fuch and the like duties and fugue of money to be paid by every hawker, pedlar, petty chapman, and others described in a former act of parliament for licensing bawkers and pedlars, and all the powers for granting such licenses, which by the faid act of the fifth year of her late Majesty's reign were granted for the term of ninety-fix years, from the three and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and ten, and by the faid act of the fixth year of her late Majesty's reign were contimued for one year, to take effect after the expiration of the term of ninety-fix years last mentioned, shall after the expiration

therein, have further continuance, and be likewise paid and

nuance, and be also paid and payable to his Majesty, his heirs Duties on vel. and fucceffors for ever: and that fuch of the duties upon vellum, pagehment and paper, so by the faid aft of the fifth year of her late Majesty's reign were continued for the term of minery-fix

of the faid leveral terms to granted therein, have further conti-

years, from the last day of Yuly one thousand seven hundred and ten, and by the faid act of the fixth year of her late Majesty's reign were continued for one year, to take effect after the expiration of the term of ninety-fix years last mentioned, shall after the expiration of the faid feveral terms fo granted therein, have futher continuance, and be paid and payable to his Majesty, his Duties on heirs and successors for ever: and that the duties upon sweets sweets, 5 Ann. made for fale, which by the faid act of the fifth year of her faid c- 19. fate Majesty's reign were granted for the term of ninety-nine years, from the four and twentieth day of March one thousand Feven hundred and fix, and by the faid act of the fixth year of her late Majesty's reign were continued for two years, to take asfeet after the expiration of the term of minety-nine years last mentioned, shall after the expiration of the said several terms to granted therein, have further continuance, and be paid and payable to his Majesty, his heirs and successors for ever: and that Duties of exthe several rates and duties of excise, which by the said act of the cise, 4 & 5 W. fourth year of the reign of their late majesties King William and & M. c. 3. Queen Mary, were granted for the term of ninety-nine years, From the five and twentieth day of January one thousand fix hun- 6 Ann. c. 5. dred ninety-two, and were by the faid act of the fixth year of her late Majesty's reign continued for the term of sisteen years, to take effect after the faid ninety-nine years last mentioned, shall, after the expiration of the several terms so granted therein, have further continuance, and be paid and payable to his Majesty, his heirs and successors for ever: and that the said several fublidies, rates and duties by this act made perpetual, as aforefaid, when and as the same respectively shall take effect, by virtue of this act, shall be raised and levied by such rules and methods, and under fuch penalties and forfeitures, and with fach distribution of the same penalties and forfeitures, and subject to fach power of mitigation, and with such respective drawbacks, allowances and repayments, and in such manner and form, as the like duties granted or continued by the faid former acts now in being respectively are prescribed, enacted or appointed to be raifed or levied.

IX. And it is hereby declared, That where any of the above- which of the mentioned duties now in being, or any proportions thereof, do faid duties extend to that part of Great Britain, called Scotland, by virtue of shall extend to any of the acts which granted the fame, or by virtue of the late Scotland. act of union, in all such cases the same respective duties hereby intended to be made perpetual, shall be understood to extend to Scotlatell in like manner.

X. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That in all cases All further where any further or other provision or alteration is made by provisions by any other act or acts of parliament now in being, touching or acts of parliaconcerning any the subsidies, rates or duties, which were granted for vertain terms, as aforefaid, fuch other provisions and alterations thall be observed and take place, in relation to the like fublishes, rates and duties by this act intended to be made perpetual.

XI, And

The money to: be brought into the Exchequer.

monies to arise by the said subsidies, rates and duties by this act made perpetual, as aforefaid, when and as the fame respectively (after the expiration of the respective terms formerly granted as aforefaid) shall take effect, by virtue of this present act (the necessary charges of raising the same excepted) shall likewise, from time to time, be brought into the faid receipt of Exchequer, for the uses and purposes in this act expressed; nevertheless the said duties and revenues hereby made perpetual, and the application thereof to the wies and purposes by this act intended, shall be subject and liable to such redemption as is herein after prescribed in that behalf.

4 & 6 W. & M. €, 20.

XII. And whereas by an act of parliament made in the fifth year of the reign of their said late majesties King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An act for granting to their Majesties several rates and duties upon tonnage of thips and veffels, and upon beer, ale, and other liquors, for securing certain recompences and advantages in the faid act mentioned, to fuch persons as shall voluntarily advance the sum of fifteen hundred thousand pounds towards carrying on the war against France, certain other rates and duties of excise were granted to their Majesties, their beirs and successors for ever, and the monies arising thereupon as thereby directed to be divided into five seventh parts, and two seventh parts, and by virtue of that and other acts in that behalf, the faid five seventh parts are liable to answer the original fund of one bundred thousand pounds per annum to the faid governor and company, and their fuccoffors, subject to such redemption as is provided for the same by laws now in force; and the said two seventh parts are liable to answer certain annuities for lives charged thereupon, and the faid five seventh parts, and two leventh parts have respectively produced, and are like to produce yearly more than sufficient to answer the said original fund, and all the annuities or payments by any all or alls of parliament charged thereupon respectively; and the overplus monies less mentioned are computable on the first day of June yearly; be it further en-The overplus acted by the authority aforesaid, That all the overplus monies of 5 & 6 W. of the said five seventh parts and two seventh parts.

& M. c. 20. appropriated ahis act.

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of the faid five seventh parts, and two seventh parts, which upon any computation or computations to be duly made, after the for the uses of said twenty-ninth day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sisteen, shall from time to time, or at any time or times, appear to be or remain in the faid receipt of Exchequer; that is to say, of the said five seventh parts sover and above so much as shall be sufficient to discharge all the monies then incurred and grown due for or upon the faid original fund of one hundred thousand pounds per annum) and of the said two feventh parts (over and above so much as shall be sufficient to discharge all monies then incurred and grown due for the said annuities or payments charged thereupon, or necessary to be referved for that purpose) and all the monies which shall arise by the faid five seventh parts of the said excise, after redemption of the faid original fund of one hundred thouland pounds per annum, in case it shall be redeemed before all the uses and purposes inintended

tended by this act shall be fatisfied, and all the monies which shall arise by the faid two seventh parts of the excise, after all the annuities for lives and other payments charged thereupon shall be determined, and fully discharged, shall also, from time to time be let apart, and the same are hereby appropriated, and shall from time to time, be issued and applied to and for the several uses, intents and purposes in this act expressed, and to none other use, intent or purpose whatsoever, subject nevertheless to such redemption as is hereby prescribed.

XIII. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority afore- All publick faid, That all other publick monies which, from and after the monies not faid feast of Saint Michael the archangel in the year of our Lord appropriated one thousand seven hundred and fisteen, shall come and be shall be applibrought into the faid receipt of Exchequer, not being appropri- of this act. ated or appointed to any use or uses, by any act or acts of parliament anade or to be made, and not being monies arising from any branch or branches of revenue, appointed or to be appointed for the service of his Majesty's civil government, or the expences thereunto belonging, shall likewife be fet apart, issued and applied, to and for the uses and services in and by this present. act declared and intended, and to no other use or purpose whatfoever.

XIV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and declared Proviso for the by the authority aforesaid, That nothing in this act contained the act Geo. 1. shall hinder or obstruct, or be construed to hinder or obstruct, the making good any deficiency or deficiencies, which at any time or times shall happen of or in the yearly fund of one hundred and fixteen thousand five hundred seventy-three pounds twelve shillings, mentioned in an act of parliament of the first year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for rectifying mistakes in the names of the commissioners for the land-tax for the year one 1Geo.1. Aat.10 thousand seven bundred and fourteen; and for raising so much as is c, a. wanting to make up the sum of fourteen hundred thousand pounds, in-tended to be raised by a lottery for the publick service in the said year, but that every such deficiency shall and may be made good, and fatisfied out of any publick unappropriated monies, as if this act had never been made; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XV. And be it enacted and declared by the authority afore- The leveral said. That all the said subsidies, duties and revenues, which by subsidies, &c. the faid act of the twelfth year of her faid late Majesty's reign, shall be one were appropriated for paying of interest and allowances relating sund, for the to the Exchequer-bills, issued upon that and the said former purposes of acts in that behalf, or towards cancelling the fame, and all are this act. rears thereof, and the several additional revenues and incomes by 12 Anu. stat. 1. this actigranted or continued, for the uses and purposes hereafter Made perpenual in and by this act expressed or intended, and all surplus monies, by 3 Geo. 1. arrears, and other monies whatfoever by this act directed to be c. s. f. 17. brought into the receipt of Exchequer, or to be fet apart or applied to or for the fame uses and purposes, as aforesaid, and likewife the overplus monies of the yearly, fum of feven hundred

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thousand pounds herein after-mentioned, from time to time arifing, are and shall be one general or aggregate fund and security for satisfying and paying all monies which are, and from time to time shall be incurred and grown due or payable for interest, after the rates of two pence per centum per diem, and for the faid allowance of three pounds per centum per annum, for all the Exchequer-bills abovementioned, or such of them as shall from time to time be uncancelled or undischarged; and all the monies which are or shall be grown due, from time to time, upon the faid sums of forty-five thousand pounds per annum, and eight thousand pounds per annum, for so long time as those yearly sums are to continue or be payable; and for supplying to his Majesty during his life (which God long preserve) the yearly fum of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds, from the feast of Saint Michael the archangel in the year of our Lord one thoufand seven hundred and fisteen, by quarterly payments, at the four most usual feasts of the year, by equal portions, or within ten days after every such feast-day, for the service of his Majefty's houshold and family, and other his necessary expences and occasions; and also for supplying the further yearly sum of fiftyfour thousand six hundred pounds for ever, by like quarterly payments, to commence from the faid feaft of Saint Michael the archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, in order to raile any furn or furns of money thereupon, not exceeding nine hundred and ten thousand pounds, for publick fervices, and for making good any fuch deficiencies as shall or may happen, as aforesaid, and likewise for or towards furnishing the said yearly sum of two hundred and seventy thoufand nine hundred ninety-nine pounds and seven shillings, for paying off and cancelling the faid bills, all which is to be done in luch order, manner and form, as are herein after prescribed: and that fuch of the faid fubfidies, duties, revenues, additional revenues, furplus monies, remains and arrears, as are already commenced or arisen, and the residue thereof, as they shall arife and take effect, shall be and are by this act appropriated, and ihall be applied thereunto accordingly; any other act or acts of parliament, or other matter or thing whatfoever to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

The allowances of 31. per cent. per ann. shall be paid to the bank weekly.

XVI. And it is hereby declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid. That the said allowances, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, and all arrears thereof, shall from time to time be paid and fatisfied at the receipt of Exchequer to the faid governor and company and their fucceffors, weekly, or as foon as the fame can be fatisfied, out of the monies of the said general or aggregate fund arising by the said duties and revenues thereof, already commenced, or hereafter to commence, or come in, as aforefaid, or by any of them, so as by such weekly or other payments, the whole of the faid allowances, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, due to the said governor and company, and their fuccessors, at the end of each quarter (reckoning the quarter to terminate at the four most

usual feasts of the year respectively) be not exceeded; and that And the 2d. the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, per cent. per cent the lord treasurer for the time being shall and they are here. or the lord treasurer for the time being, shall, and they are hereperson as
by impowered and directed, out of the monies of the said genethe treasury ral or aggregate fund, arising by the said duties and revenues intrust, by already commenced, or hereafter to commence, or come in, as way of imaforefaid, or by any of them, to issue unto such person or per- prest, &c. fons, as the faid commissioners of the treasury, or lord treasurer do or shall think fit to intrust in that behalf, and upon security given or to be given, to the good liking of the faid commissioners of the treasury, or lord treasurer, such sum and sums of money, by way of imprest, and upon account, from time to time, and by fuch proportions at a time, as the same commissioners or lord treasurer shall find necessary for discharging all the interest, after the rate of two pence per centum per diem, which is and shall from time to time be due or demandable upon the faid Exchequer-bills made forth upon the acts aforefaid, or any of them, the faid interest to be discharged at such time, and in such manner and form, as by the faid former acts, or any of them, were prescribed in that behalf.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, After satisfy.

That after paying or reserving sufficient to pay or satisfy, from ing the said allowances, then time to time, so much as is or shall be grown due or demand-the 45,000l. able for the said allowance of three pounds per centum per annum, and 8000l. and interest of two pence per centum per diem, then the monies per ann. to be which are or shall, from time to time, be grown due to the said paid to the governor and company, and their successors, upon their said other allowances of forty-five thousand pounds per annum, and eight thousand pounds per annum, during so long time as those allowances are to continue, as aforefaid, shall quarterly at the respective days and times before appointed for payment thereof, be paid and fatisfied to the faid governor and company, and their fuccessors, at the receipt of the Exchequer, weekly, or as soon as the same can be satisfied, out of the monies of the said general or aggregate fund, arising or to arise by the said duties and revenues already commenced, or hereafter to commence or come in, as aforesaid, so as by such weekly or other payments, the fums to be due to the faid governor and company, or their fucceffors, upon their allowances last mentioned, at the end of each quarterly day of payment thereof, be not exceeded.

XVIII. And it is hereby enacted, That after paying or re- After that the ferving sufficient to pay and satisfy, from time to time, so much yearly sum of as is or shall be grown due or demandable for the said allow\_120,000 l.shall ance of three pounds ber centum her connum, and interest of two ance of three pounds per centum per annum, and interest of two civil life. pence per centum per diem, and the said allowances of forty-five thousand pounds per annum, and eight thousand pounds per annum, then the faid yearly fum of one hundred and twenty thoufand pounds for the service of his Majesty's houshold and family, and other his necessary expences and occasions, shall grow due and be payable to his Majesty quarterly, from the said seast of Saint Michael the archangel in the year of our Lord one thou-

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fand seven hundred and fifteen, at the four most usual feasts in the year, by equal portions, during his Majesty's natural life, as aforefaid, out of the monies of the faid general or aggregate fund, arifing or to arise by the said duties or revenues already commenced, or hereafter to come in, as aforefaid; and that the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury, or lord treasurer, and under-treasurer of the Exchequer, for the time being, shall and may, and they are hereby authorized and required to cause the faid yearly fum of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds to be issued and applied, weekly, or as soon as the same can be satisfied, in the order and course aforesaid, for the same services, out of the faid monies of the faid general or aggregate fund, or any of them, so as by such weekly or other payments, the sum of thirty thousand pounds to be due thereupon at the end of each quarter be not exceeded. XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid,

Afterthat, the answer the perpetual annuities.

yearly sum of That after paying or reserving sufficient to pay and satisfy, from 54,600k shall time to time, so much as is or shall be grown due or demandable for the faid allowance of three pounds per centum per annum, and the interest of two pence per centum per diem, and the faid allowances of forty-five thousand pounds per annum, and eight thousand pounds per annum, and for or upon the said sum of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds per annum, then the faid fum of fifty-four thousand six hundred pounds per annum, from the feast of Saint Michael the archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, for ever, shall at the faid four usual feasts in the year, by equal portions, without any deduction or abatement, be separated and set apart in the faid receipt of Exchequer, out of the monies of the faid general or aggregate fund, arising and to arise by the said duties or revenues already commenced, or hereafter to come in, as aforesaid, and shall, from time to time, be issued and applied to answer and satisfy such perpetual annuities as shall be purchased thereupon, after the rate of six pounds per centum per annum, subject nevertheless to redemption by parliament, according to the true intent and meaning of fuch act or acts of parliament, as is, are, or shall be passed, for raising thereupon any fum or fums of money not exceeding the faid fum of nine hundred and ten thousand pounds, for the service of the publick.

The several preferences.

XX. And it is hereby declared to be the true intent and meaning of this act, That the said allowance after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, and the faid payments for interest, shall from time to time take place, and be preferred in point of payment, out of the said general or aggregate fund hereby established, before the said yearly sums of forty-five thoufand and eight thousand pounds, or either of them; and that the faid yearly fums of forty-five thousand pounds, and eight thousand pounds, shall from time to time take place, and be preferred in point of payment, before the faid yearly fum of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds; and that the said yearly ٠.٠.

fum of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds shall from time to time take place, and be preferred in point of payment, out of the faid general fund, before the faid yearly fum of fiftyfour thousand fix hundred pounds; and that the said yearly fum of fifty-four thousand six hundred pounds shall from time to time take place, and be preferred before any sums herein after mentioned, for making good deficiencies (when any fuch shall happen) of or in other funds of the said governor and company, and before the yearly fum herein after mentioned, for cancelling and discharging the said Exchequer-bills.

aforciaid, That after paying or referving sufficient to pay and ciencies shall satisfy, from time to time, so much as is or shall be grown due be made good. or demandable for the faid allowance of three pounds per centum per annum, and interest of two pence per centum per diem, and the faid allowances of forty-five thousand pounds per annum, and eight thousand pounds per annum, and for and upon the faid yearly fums of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds

XXI. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority How the defi-

per annum, and fifty-four thousand six hundred pounds per annum, then the faid deficiency and deficiencies for making good the payments, to be from time to time incurred and grown due, for or upon the said yearly sums of one hundred thousand pounds, and one hundred and fix thousand five hundred and one pounds thirteen shillings and five pence, and either of them (when and as often as any fuch shall happen) shall from time to time be satisfied and answered out of the monies of the said general or aggregate fund, arising or to arise by the said duties or revenues already commenced, or hereafter to come in, as aforesaid; and the commissioners of the treasury, or the lord treasurer, and under-treasurer of the Exchequer for the time being, are hereby authorized and required to cause every such deficiency or deficiencies so happening, to be satisfied and paid accordingly, with preference to any issues then to be made for cancelling the faid bills, which deficiencies (if any such be) shall

be annually computed at the Exchequer, from the produce of the faid respective revenues there (to wit) the deficiency of the faid original fund on the first day of June yearly, and the deficiency of the annuity last mentioned at Michaelmas yearly.

XXII. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted, That after How the prinpaying or referving sufficient to pay and satisfy, from time to cipal money of time, so much as is or shall be grown due or demandable for the Exchethe faid allowance of three pounds per centum per annum, and in- be paid off. terest of two pence per centum per diem, and the said sums of forty-five thousand pounds per annum, eight thousand pounds per annum, one hundred and twenty thousand pounds per annum, and fifty-four thousand six hundred pounds per annum, and so much as shall be demandable by virtue of this act, to make good such deficiency and deficiencies, as aforesaid, (all which are always to be preferred, as aforefaid) then the faid full and entire yearly fum of two hundred and seventy thousand nine hundred ninety-nine pounds seven shillings, or so much thereof,

as the remainder of the monies of the said general or aggregate fund, arising or to arise by the said duties or revenues already commenced, or hereafter to come in, as aforesaid, shall from time to time produce for that purpose, shall be, and is by this act appropriated for paying off all the principal money contained in all and every the faid Exchequer-hills made forth upon the acts aforesaid, or any of them, and for cancelling the same. until all the faid bills shall be discharged and cancelled, and shall be issued and applied to and/for that use and purpose, in fuch manner as the commissioners of the treasury, or lord treafurer for the time being, shall from time to time direct and appoint in that behalf; and that the issues thereof shall be made quarterly, or oftner, so as by the payments within any quarter, the fourth part of the yearly fum last mentioned for that quarter be not exceeded.

Overplus of any ÿear difpolable by parliament.

XXIII. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in case the produce of the said general or aggregate fund, to arise by all or any the subsidies, duties and revenues hereby appropriated for all the purpoles aforefaid, thall at the end of any year, reckoning from the faid feath of Saint Michael the archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand feven hundred and fifteen, exceed all the money due at the end of every such year for all the purposes aforesaid, so that there shall be an excess or surplus of the said general sund, such excels or surplus shall be disposable, from time to time, for the publick use and service by authority of parliament, and not otherwise; any thing herein, or in any other act or acts of parliament contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Deficiency to by parliament.

XXIV. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted by the aus be made good thority aforesaid, That in case the produce of the said general or aggregate fund, to arise by all or any the subsidies, duties and revenues hereby appropriated for all the purpoles aforefaid, shall at any time or times appear to be so deficient, that within any one year, reckoning from the faid feast of Saint Michael the archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, the same shall not be sufficient to answer and satisfy the faid several and respective purposes to which the same is hereby intended to be applied, Then and in every such case, and as often as any fuch deficiency of the faid general fund shall happen, the same shall be provided for, answered and made good by and out of the next aids to be granted in parliament.

Overplus of 700,000l for the civil lift, the aggregate fund. i Geo. 1. ftat, 1, c. 1.

XXV. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted by the author rity aforesaid, That if the revenues settled or appointed for the shall be part of service of his Majesty's houshold, and of the honour and dignity of his crown, by the late act of parliament of the first year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the better support of his Majesty's houshold, and of the honour and dignity of the crown of Great Britain, together with the faid additional revenue of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds per annum, intended by this act to be supplied, as aforesaid, shall from the said seast of Saint Michael the archangel in the year of our Lord one thous

fand seven hundred and fifteen, at any time during his Majesty's life, produce in clear money more than the yearly fum of feven hundred thousand pounds, that then the overplus of such produce (being more than the faid yearly fum of seven hundred thousand pounds) shall go to, and be deemed and taken to be part of the general or aggregate fund by this act intended to be collabilithed for the several purposes aforesaid, and be appropriated, iffued and applied accordingly, till all the faid Exchequer balls thall be paid off and cancelled; and from and after the cancelling and discharging of all the said Exchequer-bills, then the faid everplus which from thenceforth shall arise, exceeding the faid yearly furn of feven hundred thousand pounds, shall not be isficet, disposed, made use of, or applied to any use or purpose, or upon any pretext whatfoever, without the authority of par-liament; and that all grants and dispositions whatsoever here-safter to be made by his Majesty of such overplus, or any part without authereof, from time to time, without authority of parliament, thority of parshall be utterly void and of none effect; and the grantees, or liament, void. other persons to whom such grants or dispositions, or any of them, shall be made of such overplus, or any part thereof, shall be aljudged uneapable in law to take, hold, keep, detain, or enjoy the same; any law, custom or usage to the contrary notwithflanding.

XXVI. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted by the au- Deficiency to thority aforesaid, That if the said revenues settled or appointed be made good for the fervice of hie Majesty's houshold, and of the honour and aids. 1 Geo. 1. dignity of the crown, by the faid act of the first year of his Ma-stat. I. C. I. jetty's reign, and the faid additional revenue of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds per amum, taken together, shall at the end of any year successively during his Majesty's life, receiveding the first year from the said feast of Saint Michael the archange in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, appear to have produced in clear money, less than the faid funt of feven hundred thousand pounds for that year respedively, then and in every such case, as often as any such deficiency shall happen, the same shall be provided for, anfwered, and made good by and out of the next aids to be granted in parliament.

XXVII. And it is hereby enacted, That the fum of seventy- 77,6941.18.7d. seven thousand fix hundred ninety-four pounds one shilling and in the Excheseven pence, of publick unappropriated monies, which was june 1714. brought into the faid receipt of Exchequer before the twelfth day mail be apof June one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, and now re- plied to demaining there, be applied towards defraying his Majesty's ex- fray the civil tracedhistry expences relating to the civil government, from the lift till Mich. time of his accomion to the throne, until the faid feast of Saint Missist the archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, All the pow-That the faid former acts above-recited or mentioned, and ers in the reevery of them, and all the powers, authorities, privileges, ad- be in force

vantages during this

vantages and exemptions, and all rules, directions and precepts, and all pains of death, and other penalties and forfeitures, clauses, matters and things, in them or any of them contained (being now in force) touching or concerning the faid Exchequer-bills, issued as aforesaid, or the circulating or exchanging the said bills, or any of them, or touching or concerning any the subsidies, duties, or funds in the said acts, or any of them mentioned, or any way relating thereunto (such alterations as are therein made by this act only excepted) shall continue, and be used, exercised, inflicted, raised, levied, applied, and put in practice and execution, in relation to all and every the faid Exchequer-bills, and in relation to the subsidies, duties, and funds settled by this and the said former acts, as fully as if the said powers, authorities, privileges, advantages, exemptions, rules, directions, precepts, pains of death, and other penalties and forseitures, clauses, matters and things (except as aforesaid) were repeated and again enacted in the body of this prefent act: and that the faid governor and company, or any the members thereof, shall not incur any disability for or by reason of their doing any matter or thing in pursuance of this act.

The bank established. XXIX. And it is hereby enacted and declared, That the governor and company of the bank of England, and their fuccessors, shall continue a corporation, with all the powers, privileges and advantages thereunto belonging, until all the said Exchequer-bills, issued by virtue of the said acts, or any of them, shall be discharged and cancelled, notwithstanding the redemption of their other funds, in pursuance of the acts by which the same are established, or any of them; any thing in this or the said other acts contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

When the aggregate fund shall be understood to be redeemed by parliament.

XXX. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the complete paying off and discharging all the principal and interest which shall be due upon all the said Exchequer-bills, issued as aforeshid, and cancelling the same, and full payment made of all arrentages (if any shall be then due) as well for and upon the faid allowance after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, and for and upon the faid yearly fums of forty-five thousand pounds, eight thousand pounds, one hundred and twenty thoufand pounds, and fifty-four thousand six hundred pounds, and every of them, as also of such deficiency or deficiencies as shall then appear to be unfatisfied (if any fuch be) for or upon the faid original fund of one hundred thousand pounds per annum, and for and upon the faid annuity of one hundred and fire thoufand five hundred and one pounds thirteen shillings and five pence per annum, then, and not till then, the faid general or aggregate fund by this act established, or intended to be established, for the several purposes aforesaid, and the said subsidies, duties and revenues, contained or to be contained therein, and every of them, shall be understood to be redeemed by parliament, and shall not be issued, paid or applied, to any use, intent or purpose whatsoever, without the authority of parliament,

other than and except the faid duties called, the two thirds of a subfidy of tonnage and poundage upon goods and merchandizes imported, and other than and except the faid duties upon Exception. coffee, cocoa-nuts, chocolate, cocoa-paste, tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, pictures and muslins, and other than and except the faid increased duties upon coffee, cocoa-nuts, cinocolate, cocoa-paste, tea, nutmegs, einnamon, cloves, mace and pictures, and other than and except the faid farther rates and duties upon all white callicoes, porcelan called china ware, and drugs; all which faid subfidies and duties so excepted, are intended to be continued, and are hereby enacted to be continued, for answering and paying out of the same all the paysnents which shall after such redemption grow due for and upon the faid yearly fum of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds, by quarterly payments, for the service of his Majesty's houshold and family, and other his necessary occasions, during his Majesty's life, and also for answering and paying out of the same excepted subfidies, and other duties, all the payments which shall after such redemption grow due for or upon the said yearly fum of fifty-four thousand six hundred pounds, for payment of the faid annuities to be purchased, as aforesaid, which annuities are to continue for ever, unless the same be redeemed by parliament, according to the tenor and true meaning of the said other act or acts of parliament passed or to be passed in that behalf; and the faid excepted subsidies and duties so to be continued for answering the payments of the said yearly sums of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds, and fifty-four thousand fix hundred pounds, or so much thereof as shall be sufficient to pay the same, are and shall be appropriated, issued, and applied thereunto, during the continuance of the same yearly sums respectively; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXI. And it is hereby declared to be the true intent and Thisfund may meaning of this act, That the faid general fund by this act be redeemed established for the several purposes aforesaid, and all the said without re-fubsidies, duties and revenues comprehended, or intended to original bank be comprehended therein (except before excepted) may be re-fund. deemed in the manner and form prescribed in and by the foregoing proviso and condition, without redeeming the said original fund of one hundred thousand pounds per annum of the said governor and company, or their said annuity of one hundred and fix thousand five hundred and one pounds thirteen shillings and five pence per annum, which original fund and anmuity respectively shall and may be redeemed upon such notices, and in such manner and form, and upon such terms and conditions, as are prescribed by the respective acts of parliament now in force concerning the same, and not otherwise; any thing herein contained to the contrary in any wife notwith**flanding** 

XXXII. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted, That from Afterredempand after the redemption of the said original fund of one hun-tion of the oridred ginal fund,

&c. bank to cease.

dred thouland pounds per mount, and of the feld annuity of one hundred and fix thousand five hundred and one pounds thirteen faillings and five pence per annum, and from and after redemption shall likewise be made of the general fund chablished by this act for the several purposes aforesaid, (except before excepted) then, and not till then, the faid corporation of the governor and company of the bank of England shall cease and determine; but till then the faid governor and company that! contime a corporation, and shall have and enjoy all the powers and privileges they are entitled to, as aforefaid.

Deficiency on the hop act to be made good.

XXXIII. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted, That so much of the fum of one hundred and eighty thousand pounds, which was borrowed on the faid former act, which laid a duty on hops for four years, and the interest thereof, as is deficient and remains unpaid, shall be satisfied out of the said sum, not exceeding nine hundred and ten thousand pounds, so be raised as aforefaid.

XXXIV. And whereas in and by an act of parliament passed in

5 Ann. c. 4.

the fifth year of her late Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for settling upon John duke of Marlborough, and his posterity, a penfion of five thousand pounds per amum, for the more honourable support of their d'gnities, in like manner as his honours and dignities, and the honour and manor of Woodfock, and soule of Blenheim, are already limited and fettled, among ft other recitals therein, it was recited, That her Majefty was graticafty pleased, at her own expence, to erest the house of Blenhoim, as a monument of the glorious actions of the faid duke: and whereas also the building of the house of Blenheim, and making the gardens and other conveniencies thereunto belonging, were begun and carried on accordingly, at the expence of her said late Majesty, until the works at the expence thereof ceofed; the charge of which faid building and works, fo far as the same were carried on (except the debts remaining unsatisfied to artificers and others) was born by her Majesty but of the revenues 12 Ann, flat, which were appointed for the uses of her civil government: and whereas by an act of parliament made and passed in the twelfth year of the reign of her said late Majesty, she was enabled to raise five bundred thousand pounds on the revenues appointed for the uses of hercivil government, to be applied for or towards the payment of fuch debts and arrears owing to her servants, tradesmen, and others, as are therein mentioned; by which act it was provided and enacted, That the said sum of sive hundred thousand pounds should be applied and differed in aid of the revenues or branches which were appointed for support of her Majesty's houshold, and of the honour and dignity of the crown, for or towards the paying and discharging such arrears and debts, as aforefaid: Nevertheless for the clearing of any doubt that may arise, whether the debts which incurred and became due, and now remain unsatisfied to artificers and others, for work performed and materials delivered, for or upon account of the building and works aforesaid, whilst the same were carried on, as aforesaid,

ought to be paid and fatisfied by and out of the arrears of ber Maiefly's said revenues, due at the time of her demisso, and the monies

now

Clause for satisfying an arrear for work, &c. at Bleaheim, whilst carried on of her late Majesty. .

C. 14

now remaining of the fum by the last above recited att authorised to be raised; it is hereby declared, That all the debts which were actually incurred and grown due, and now remain unfatisfied to arrineers and others for work performed, and materials delivered for or upon account of the faid building, and other works at Blenbeim, on or before the first day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twelve (when her Majesty first equied the payments on account of the said building to be stopped) ought to be, and the same are hereby accordingly directed and enacted to be paid out of the monies now remaining of the aforefaid fum by the last recited act authorized to be raised, and out of the arrears of the said revenues granted to her Majerty for the uses of her civil government, as aforefaid, due at the time of her demise, in such and the like manner, and by fuch proportions only, as other her Majesty's debts are or ought to be paid and fatisfied.

### CAP: XIII.

An all for the further security of his Majesty's person and government, and the succession of the crown in the heirs of the late Princess Sophia, being protestants; and for extinguishing the hopes of the pretended Prince of Wales, and his open and secret abetters.

XIHEREAS by an act made in the twelfth year of the reign of Reciting 12 & his late majesty King William, of glorious and immortal 13 W. 3. C. a. memory, intituled, An act for the further limitation of the crown. and better securing the rights and liberties of the subject; it was exacted. That the crown and regal government of the kingdoms of England, France, and Ireland, and the dominions thereunto belonging, with the royal flate and dignity of the faid realms, and all honours, stiles, titles, regulities, prerogatives, powers, jurisdictions and authorities, to the same belonging and appertaining, after the decoase of his faid Majesty, and of the princess Anne of Denmark. and in default of iffue of the faid princess Anne of Denmark, and of his said Majesty respectively, should be, remain, and continue to the mest excellent princess Sophia, electoress and dutchess downger of Hanover, denghter of the most excellent princess Elizabeth, late Queen of Bottemia, daughter of our late sovereign lord King James the First, and the heirs of the body of the said princess Sophia, being protoftants: and whereas also an act was made in England in the 13 &14 W. 3. thirteenth and fourteenth years of the reign of the faid King Wil- c. 6. liam, intituled, An act for the further security of his Majesty's person, and the succession of the crown in the protestant line, and for extinguishing the hopes of the pretended prince of Wides, and all other pretenders, and their open and secret abettors, whereby, among other things, it was provided, That all and every person and persons, mentioned in the said last recited act, should take the eath therein mentioned, and subscribe the same, in the manner, at the times and places, and under the pains and penalties therein expressed; and upon the demise of his late majesty King William, there

2 Ann. fixt. 1. there was another all made in the first year of her late majesty Queen

Anne, intituled, An act to declare the alterations in the oath appointed to be taken by the act, intituled, An act for the further security of his Majesty's person, and the succession of the crown in the protestant line; and for extinguishing the hopes of the pretended prince of Walts, and all other pretenders, and their open and fecret abettors; and for declaring the affociation

to be determined; and for the same end there was another at passed in the fourth year of her said late majesty Queen Anne, inti-L Ann. c. 8. tuled. An act for the better security of her Majesty's person and government, and of the succession to the crown of England in the protestant line; and whereas by the treaty of union, and second article thereof, it is provided. That the succession to the monarchy of the united kingdom of Great Britain, and of the deminious there-unto belonging, after her faid late most facred majesty Queen Anne, and in default of iffue of ber faid Majesty, should be, remain, and continue to the most excellent princess Sophia, electoress and dutchess downger of Hanover and the heirs of her body, being proteflants, upon whom the crown of England flood feetled by the aforefaid all, made in England in the twelfth year of the reign of his late majefly 21 & 13 W. 3. King William; pursuant to which treaty and state of unione, there were sundry acts made in the reign of her said late majesty Queen Anne, for taking certain eaths and declarations for security of her Majesty's person and government, and settling the crown in the pretestant line: and whereas the said pretended prince of Wales bath assumed the stile and title of James the Third, King of England, Scotland and Ireland, in open defiance of the provisions made for the establishment of the title and succession of the crown by the said acts of

parliament, on which said acts the safety of your Majesty's royal person and government, the continuance of the monarchy of Great Britain, the preservation of the protestant religion, the maintenance of the churches of England and Scotland, as by law established, the security of the ancient and undoubted rights and liberties, and the future peace and tranquillity of this kingdom do (under God) entirely depend: and whereas the faid pretended prince of Wales, since the demise of the late Queen, in prejudice of your Majesty's just right and - title to the imperial crown of these realms, has continued to assume the faid name and title of James the Third, King of England, Scotland and Ireland, in manifest violation of your Majesty's most lawful and rightful title to the crown, and of the acts and treaty above-mentioned, made for settling, and further security of the same, and for extinguishing the hopes of him the said pretender, and of all other pretenders, and their open and secret abettors: and whereas also several wicked and evil-minded persons have, even since your Majesty's happy accession to the throne, in riotous, seditious, and treasonable manner, taken upon them to give to the said pretended prince of Wales the aforesaid name and title: to the intent therefore the said atts may be for ever inviolably preserved, and that all future questions and divi-

fions, by reason of any pretended titles to the crown, may be prevented, we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, do

bumbly

burnbly befeech your most excellent Majesty, that it may be enacted; All officers, and be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by, and civil or miliwith the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal tary, &c. and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by authority of the same, That all and every person and persons, as well peers as commoners, that shall bear any office or offices, civil or military, or shall receive any pay, salary, see or wages, by reason of any patent or grant from his Majesty, or shall have command or place of trust from or under his Majesty, or from any of his Majesty's predecessors, or by his, her, or their authority, or by authority derived from him, her, or them, within Great Britain, or in his Majesty's navy, or in the several islands in Great Briof Fersey and Guernsey, or shall be of the houshold, or in the tain, &c. service or imployment of his Majesty, or of his royal highness George prince of Wales, or her royal highness the princess of Wales, or their issue, and all ecclesiastical persons, heads or go- all ecclesiastivernors, of what denomination foever, and all other members cal perfons, of colleges and halls in any university, that are or shall be of &c. the foundation, or that do or shall enjoy any exhibition, (being of the age of eighteen years) and all persons teaching or reading to pupils in any university, or elsewhere, and all schoolmasters all schooland uthers, and all preachers and teachers of separate congre-masters, &c. gations, all constables, and every person that shall act as a ser-law, &c. jeant at law, counsellor at law, barrister, advocate, attorney, folicitor, writer in Scotland, proctor, clerk, or notary, by practifing in any manner as such in any court whatsoever, who shall inhabit, refide, or be within the cities of London or Westminster, residing within or within thirty miles distant from the same, on the first day of 30 miles of Michaelmas term next, at any time during the said term, shall take the folpersonally appear before the end of the said term in his Majesty's lowing oaths court of chancery, king's-bench, common pleas or Exchequer, in one of the and there, in publick and open court, between the hours of courts at Westnine of the clock and twelve in the foreneon, take the oaths minter. herein after mentioned; that is to fay, A. B. do fincerely promise and swear, That I will be faithful, 2. c. 23.

The oat

enlarged by 1 Geo. 2. ftat.

So help me God.

I A. B. do swear, that I do from my heart abhor, detest and abjure, as impious and heretical, that damnable doctrine and position, That princes excommunicated or deprived by the Pope, or any authority of the see of Rome, may be deposed or murthered by their subjects, or any other whatsoever. And I do declare, that no foreign prince, person, prelate, state or potentate, bath or ought to have any jurisdiction, power, Superiority, pre-eminence or authority, ecclefiastical or spiritual, within this realm.

So help me God.

A.B. do truly and fincerely acknowledge, profess, testify and declare, in my conscience, before God and the world, That our sovereign Lord King George is lawful and rightful King of this realm, and all other his Majesty's dominions and countries thereunto belonging. And I do solemnly and finitely declare, That I do believe in my conficence, that the person pretended to be prince of Wales. during the life of the late King James, and finte his decease pretending to be, and taking upon himself the stile and title of King of England, by the name of James the Ibird, or of Scotland, by the name of James the Eighth, or the stile and title of King of Great Britain, bath not any right or title whatfoever to the crown of this evalm, or any other the dominious thereunto belonging; and I do renounce, refuse, and abjure any allegiance or obedience to bim. And I do fivear, That I will bear faith and true allegiance to his majesty King George, and bim will defend to the utmost of my power, against all traiterous conspiracies and attempts subatfoever, which shall be made against his person, crown or dignity. And I will do my utmost endeavour to disclose and make known to his Majesty, and his fucceffors, all treasens and traiterous conspiracies which I shall know to be against him, or any of them. And I do faithfully promise, to the utmost of my power to support, maintain and defend the succession of the crown against him the faid James, and all other persons what-22 & 13 W. 3. Sweet, which succession, by an act, initialed, An act for the further limitation of the crown, and better securing the rights and liberties of the subject, is and stands limited to the princess Sophia, electoress and dutchess downger of Hanover, and the heirs of her body, being protestants. And all these things I do plainly and fincerely acknowledge and fwear, according to these express words by me spoken, and according to the plain and common sense and understanding of the same words, without any equivocation, mental evasion, or secret refervation subatfeever: And I do make this recognition, acknowledgment, renunciation and promise, beartily, willingly and truly, upon the true faith of a christian.

So help me God.

And fubscribe the fame.

G. 1.

Unto which oaths so taken, every such person so taking the fame, shall subscribe his name, or if he cannot write, shall make his mark, and during the time of taking the faid oaths, all pleas and proceedings in the faid respective courts shall cease; and all and every the said respective persons and officers, not having taken the faid oaths, and subscribed the same, as aforesaid, shall on or before the twenty-third day of January next, at the general or quarter-fessions for that county, riding, liberty, city, borough, town corporate or place, where he or they shall be, inhabit or reside on the first day of December next, take the faid oaths in open court, between the faid hours of nine and twelve of the clock in the forenoon, and subscribe his name, or if he cannot write, make his mark under the same.

Or in the quarter-feltions for the county, &c. where they relide.

II. And

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, All persons That all and every person and persons that shall be admitted, who before entred, placed or taken, into any office, or offices, civil or mis. Aug. 1715. litary, or shall receive any pay, salary, see or wages, by reason shall be adof any patent or grant from his Majesty, or shall have com-mitted into mand or place of trust from or under his Majesty, or by his au- any office, &ce mand or place of trust stom or under his available, or by authority derived from him, within that part of shall within thority, or by authority derived from him, within that part of shall within Great Britain called England, or in his Majesty's navy, or in the take the same several islands of Jersey and Guernsey, or that shall be admitted oath at Westinto any service or imployment in his Majesty's houshold or fa-minker or setmily, or of his royal highness George prince of Wales, or of her fions of the county where royal highness the princess of Wales, or their issue, and all ec- they reside. clefiaftical persons, heads or governors, of what denominations soever, and all other members of colleges and halls in any university, that are or shall be of the foundation, or that do or shall enjoy any exhibition, being of, or as soon as they shall attain the age of eighteen years, and all persons teaching or reading to pupils in any university, or elsewhere, and all schoolmasters and ushers, and all preachers and teachers of separate. congregations, high or chief constables, and every person who shall act as a serjeant at law, counsellor at law, parrister, advocate, attorney, folicitor, proctor, clerk or notary, by prace. tifing in any manner as such in any court or courts whatsoever. within that part of Great Britain called England, who shall, at any time after the tenth day of August one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, be admitted into, or enter upon any of the before-mentioned preferments, benefices, offices or places, or shall come into any such capacity, or shall take upon him or Repealed by them any fuch practice, imployment or business, as aforesiated, a Geo. s. c. 9s. shall within three months after he or they shall be admitted into, ther providence or enter upon any such preferment, benefice, office or place, or relating berete, come into such capacity, or take upon him or them such prac- 9 Geo.s. c. 26. tice, imployment or business, as aforesaid, take and subscribe. the same oaths in one of the said courts at Westminster, or at the general quarter-fessions of the county, city or place, where he or they shall reside.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Persons in That all and every person or persons, as well peers as com- sectiand to moners, who by virtue of any act or acts made since the union oath before of the two kingdoms, were bound to take and subscribe the Dec. 1, 1715, oath of allegiance, subscribe the assurance, and to take and sign and subscribe the oath of abjuration, for or on account of any office, civil or the assurance military, or any other cause or occasion, within Sectland, shall following. Ministers of the day of December one thousand seven hundred and sisteen, take and subscribe the oath of abjuration Sectland sabove-mentioned, and shall take and subscribe the said oath of voured in reallegiance, and subscribe the assurance in the words following, lation to this bath, by 5 Geo. 1.

c. 29. s. 6.

A. B. de fincerely promise and sweer, That I will be fait being L and bear true allegiance to bis Majesty King George. So help me God.

The affurance. T A. B. do, in the fincerity of my boart, affert, acknowledge and A declare, That his majesty King George is the only lawful and undoubted sovereign of the realm, as well de jure, that is, of right, King, as de lacto, that is, in the peffession and exercise of the government; and therefore I do fincerely and faithfully promise and engage, That I will, with heart and band, life and goods, maintain and defend his Majesty's title and government, against the person pretended to be prince of Wales, during the life of the late King James, and fince his decease, pretending to be, and taking upon himself the file and title of King of England, by the name of James the Third, or of Scotland, by the name of James the Eighth, or the stile and title of King of Great Britain, and his adherents, and all other enemies, who either by open or secret attempts, shall disturb or disquiet bis Majesty in the possession and exercise thereof.

> And that in such courts, and within such times limited, before fuch judges, in fuch manner, and to be certified as in and by the several acts generally above-mentioned is directed.

IV. And whereas certain doubts and scruples have arisen con-

6 Ann. c. 23 cerning the fense and meaning of the clause following, contained in an att made in the fixth year of her late Majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act to make further provision for electing and summoning fixteen peers of Swiland, to fit in the house of peers in the parliament of Great Britain; and for trying peers for offences committed in Scotland; and for the further regulating of voters in elections of members to serve in parliament; whereby it is enacted. That every person who shall refuse to take the oath last therein before recited, or being a quaker, shall refuse to declare the effect thereof upon his solemn affirmation, as directed by an act of parliament made in the seventh year of the reign of his late majesty King William, intituled, An act that the solemn affirmation and declaration of the people called Quakers, shall be accepted instead of an oath in the usual form, (which sath or declaration, the fiveriff, president of the meeting, or chief officer taking the poll at any election of members to serve in the bouse of commons for any place in Great Britain, or commissioners for choosing burgesses for any place in Scotland, at the request of any candidate, or other person present at such election, are bereby impowered and required to administer) shall not be capable of giving any vote for the election of any fuch member to serve in the house of commons for any place in Great Britain, or commissioners to choose a burgess for any place in Scotland; on account of which words, some have pretended to vote in the meetings of free elections in Scotland, at the choosing of the president and clerk: of the meeting, without taking the oath mentioned in the last recited act, whereby it has happened that rolls of electors have been unduly made up, and wrong returns made; and also whereas divers of his Majefly's

7 & 8 W. 3. C. 34.

Majefy's good subjects, who have given convincing marks of their loyalty to his royal person and government, have scrupled to take the faid outh, apprehending that the reference in the faid oath may be construed in some respects to be inconsistent with the establishment of the church in Scotland according to law, and to a clause concerning oaths to be imposed in Scotland after the union, contained in an act made, in the parliament of Sootland in the year one thousand seven hundred and feven, intituled, An act for securing the protestant religion, and presbyterian church government; which act is declared to be a fundamental and effential condition of the treaty of union; to the end Persons in therefore that the faid scruples, and all militakes and divisions Scotland reon account of the fame may cease, be it further enacted and de-fusing to take clared by the authority aforesaid, That every person who shall tion, incaparetuse to take the aforesaid oath of abjuration, or being a citated to vote quaker, shall refuse to declare the effect thereof upon his solemn at elections. affirmation, in manner aforesaid (which oath and declaration the member last elected for any county or stewartry in Scotland, or in his absence the sheriff or stewart's clerk, until a person be chosen to proceed (a) in the said meeting, according to the di-(a) Examined rections contained in the twenty-first act of the third parliament with the record. of King-Charles the Second, held in Scotland, intituled, Act concerning the election of commissioners for shires, and after such choice the person so chosen to proceed, or any person chosen to proceed in any meeting of any county or stewartry there, in which rolls for elections shall happen to be made up, is hereby authorized and required to administer, at the request of any candidate or other person present at such meeting for election, before or after the choosing of the president of the meeting, or making up of the rolls) shall not be capable of giving any vote for the election of a president of the meeting, making up of the rolls, or of any member to serve in the house of commons for any. place in Seetland, or commissioner to choose a burgels for any place there; and further, that by no words in the faid oath or

cording to law. V. And be it also further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Heads, &c. of That all heads, masters and members of colleges, halls, or colleges, &c. classes in the universities of Saint Andrew, Glasgow, Aberdeen, in Scottanu, to and Edinburgh, and also all probationers or licentiates of divinity, before they enter upon their trials, or obtain licences to preach, and all schoolmasters in Scotland, shall take and subscribe the aforesaid oaths, and subscribe the aforesaid assurance appointed: to be taken for offices, civil and military, and other, causes in Scotland, before such judges, and obtain such certificates, as in and by this act, or the acts whereunto relation is hereby had, directed.

oaths, formerly imposed, contained, it is or was meant to oblige his Majesty's said subjects to any act or acts any ways inconfistent with the establishment of the church of Scotland ac-

VI. Provided, That nothing in this act contained shall ex- Not to extend tend to any person now beyond the seas, who by virtue of this to persons beact ought to take the faid oaths, so as such person do, within you say three take the cathe Vol. XIII.

in three months after they return.

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Penalty of refusing the oaths.

this 2ct. VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all and every the person and persons aforesaid, that do or shall neglect or refuse to take the said oaths, and subscribe thereto, as aforesaid, in the said courts and places, and at the respective times aforesaid, shall be ipso facto adjudged incapable, and disabled in law, to all intents and purposes whatsoever, to have, occupy or enjoy the faid office or offices, imployment or imployments, or any part of them, or any matter or thing aforefaid, or any profit or advantage appertaining to them, or imployments, shall be void, and is hereby adjudged void.

three months after his return to Great Britain, take the said

oaths, and subscribe thereunto according to the appointment of

Fe talty of act-&c. not having taken the oaths.

any of them; and every fuch office or place, imployment or VIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every such ing as officers, person and persons who shall neglect and refuse to take the said oaths, within the times, and at the places aforefaid, and yet after such neglect or refusal shall, by himself or themselves, his or their deputy or truftee, execute any of the faid offices or imployments after the faid time is expired, wherein he or they ought to have taken the faid oaths according to the true intent and meaning of this act, and being thereof lawfully convicted in or upon any information, presentment or indictment, in any of the King's courts at Westminster, or at the assizes, upon profecution before the court of justiciary, or circuits in Scotland, every fuch person or persons shall be disabled from thenceforth to sue or use any action, bill, plaint or information in any court of law, or to profecute any fuit in any court of equity, or to be guardian of any child, or executor or administrator of any perfon, or capable of any legacy or deed of gift, or to be in any office within this realm of Great Britain, or to vote at any election for members to serve in parliament, and shall forfeit the fum of five hundred pounds, to be recovered by him or them that shall sue for the same, to be prosecuted by any action of debt, fuit, bill, plaint or information, in any of his Majesty's courts at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection or wager of law shall lie, or any more than one imparlance, and by way of fummar complaint before the court of sessions, or prosecution before the court of justiciary in Scotland. Persons taking

the oaths to pay 28. and a register to be kept to enter their names.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful, to and for the respective courts aforesaid, to give and administer the oaths aforesaid, to the person and persons aforefaid, and upon due tender of any person or persons to take the said oaths, the said courts are hereby required and enjoined to administer the same; for the taking and subscribing the said oaths the proper officer shall have, take and receive of every person, so taking and subscribing the said oaths, the sum of two shillings, and no more; of the taking and subscribing whereof a register shall be kept in a book to be provided for that purpose, by the proper officer, where the names of all such perions, who shall take and subscribe the said oaths, shall be fairly Written,

written, and when they took and fubscribed the same, to which faid register any person may resort, and inspect the same without fee or reward.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be law- Two justices. ful to and for two or more justices of peace, or any other per- &c. may tenfon or persons who shall be by his Majesty for that purpose der the oaths specially appointed, by order in the privy council, or by compersons, mission under the great seal, to administer and tender the oaths herein before appointed to be taken, to any person or persons whatfoever, whom they shall or may suspect to be dangerous or difaffected to his Majesty or his government; and if any perfon or persons to whom the said oaths shall be so tendred. shall neglect or refuse to take the same, such justices, or any other person or persons specially to be appointed, as aforesaid, tendring the faid oaths, shall certify the refusal thereof to the next quarter-feffions of the county, riding, liberty, city, borough, and certify the town corporate or place in which such refusal shall be made; refusal to the and the faid refusal shall be recorded amongst the rolls of that next sessions, sessions, and shall be from thence certified by the clerk of the peace of fuch county, riding, liberty, city, borough, town corporate or place, into his Majesty's court of chancery or king's to be thence bench, court of sessions, or court of justiciary in Scotland, there chancery, &c. to be recorded amongst the rolls of the said courts, in a roll or rolls there to be provided and kept for that purpose only, and that every person so neglecting or refusing to take the said oaths, and persons that every perion to neglecting of feduring to take the land oaths, refusing, to be shall be from the time of his neglect or refusal, taken, esteemed adjudged poand adjudged a popish recusant convict, and as such to forfeit pish recusants and be proceeded against.

XI. And to the intent and purpose, that no person may avoid taking the feveral oaths in this act particularly mentioned, upon any pretence what foever; be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Punishment of That it shall and may be lawful unto and for two or more just persons sumtices of the peace, or any other fuch person or persons, who mon'd by jusshall be by his Majesty for that purpose specially appointed, by fusing to aporder in the privy council, or by commission under the great pear and take feal, by writing under their hands and feals, to summon any the oaths. person to appear before them at a certain day and time therein to be appointed, to take the faid oaths, which faid summons shall be served upon such person, or left at his dwelling-house, or usual place of abode, with one of the family there; and if fuch person who shall be so summoned, neglects or resuses to appear according to fuch fummons, that then upon due proof to be made upon oath of the serving the said summons, which oath fuch juffices, or any other person or persons specially to be appointed, as aforesaid, are hereby enabled to administer, such justices, or any other person or persons, specially to be appointed, as aforelaid, are hereby required to certify the same to the next general quarter-fessions of the peace to be holden for fuch county, riding, liberty, city, borough, town corporate or place, there to be entred upon the rolls of the faid sessions; and

if such person who shall be so summoned to take the said oaths, as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to appear and take the said oaths at the said general quarter-sessions, the names of the persons so certified being publickly read at the first meeting of the said sessions, That then and in such case such person shall be taken, esteemed and adjudged a popish recusant convict, and as fuch, to forfeit and be proceeded against as if such person had actually refused to take the said oaths; and the same shall be from thence certified by the clerk of the peace of such county, riding, liberty, city, borough, town corporate, or place, into his Majesty's high court of chancery or king's bench, court of session, or court of justiciary in Scotland, there to be recorded amongst the rolls of the said courts, in a roll or rolls there to be provided and kept for that purpose only.

Heads, &c. of colleges, &c. Cambridge, not taking the oaths, and the person in whom the right of election is, not electing fome proper person in his place, the King may nominate, &c.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any head or member of any college or hall within either in Oxford and of the universities of Oxford or Cambridge, that are or shall be of the foundation, or that do or shall enjoy any exhibition, being of (or as foon as he shall attain) the age of eighteen years, shall neglect or refuse to take and subscribe the several oaths in this act mentioned, according to the true intent and meaning of this act, or to produce a certificate thereof, under the hand of some proper officer of the respective court, and cause the same to be entred in the register of such college or hall within one month after his having taken and subscribed the said oaths; and if the persons in whom the right of election of such head or member shall be, do neglect or refuse to elect some other fitting or proper person, in the place or stead of such head or member so neglecting and refusing to take and subscribe the said oaths, as aforefaid, by the space of twelve months after such neglect or refusal, That then, and from thenceforth, it shall and may be lawful unto and for the King's most excellent majesty, his heirs and successors, under the great seal or sign manual, to nominate and appoint some fitting person, qualified according to the local statutes of such college or hall, to succeed to the place of fuch person who shall neglect or refuse to take and subscribe the faid oaths; and that every person so to be nominated and appointed, shall have and enjoy such place, to which he shall be nominated and appointed, as aforesaid, to all intents and purposes whatsoever, and all benefits, privileges and advantages to the same belonging and appertaining, as if such person had been elected and chosen by the proper electors of such college or hall.

The King's fue a mandamus to comtion of a per-

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, bench may if- That if the head of any college or hall in either of the univerfities, or other person or persons lawfully authorized to admit, pel the admit. Shall refuse or neglect to admit such persons so nominated and appointed under the great feal or fign manual, as aforefaid, by son so named the space of ten days after such admission shall be demanded of him or them, who ought to make such admission, to such place as he shall be nominated to, as aforesaid. That then and in fuch

fuch case the local visitor or visitors of such college or hall is hereby authorized and required to admit and place fuch person so nominated and appointed, to such place as he shall be nominated to, as aforefaid, within the space of one month after the same shall be demanded of such visitor; and in case such visitor shall neglect or refuse to admit, as aforesaid, during the space of one month after the same is lawfully demanded of such visitor, That then it shall and may be lawful to and for the court of king's bench at Westminster, to issue out a writ of Mandamus to be directed to such visitor or visitors, to admit such person to fuch place, and to proceed upon the faid writ, according to the course of the said court in such cases.

XIV. Provided always, That any person who, by any neg-Officer having lect or refusal according to this act, shall lose or forfeit any of-forfeited may fice, may be capable of a new grant of the faid office, or of any have his office other, and have and hold the same again, such person taking again, on taother, and have and hold the same again, such person taking king the oaths. the faid oaths in such manner as aforesaid, so as such office be not granted to, or actually enjoyed by some person at the time of

regranting thereof.

XV. Provided also, That nothing herein contained shall be This act shall construed to extend to any person in his Majesty's service on not extend to board the fleet, or to any person whatsoever who shall go be-persons beyond the seas before the first day of November next, so as such shall take the person take the said oaths, and subscribe thereunto, as afore-oaths in three said, according to the appointment of this act, within three months after months after his return.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, After Sept. 29, That from and after the twenty-ninth day of September in the 1715. No year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sisteen, no member of eiperson that now is, or hereaster shall be a peer of this realm, or parliament member of the house of peers, shall vote, or make his proxy in shall be capathe house of peers, or fit there, during any debate in the said ble of voting, house of peers; nor any person that now is, or hereafter shall &c. till he has be a member of the house of commons, shall vote in the house juration. of commons, or fit there during any debate in the faid house of commons, after their speaker is chosen; until such peer or member shall, from time to time, respectively take the abjuration-oath aforesaid, instead of the oath of abjuration which before by law ought to have been taken, in such manner, and together with fuch other oaths, and declaration against transubflantiation, as the faid former oath of abjuration ought to have

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any person that Punishment of now is, or hereafter shall be a peer of this realm, or member of members prethe house of peers, or member of the house of commons, in suming to this or any fucceeding parliament, and after the faid twenty-vote, &c. ninth day of September presume to vote, or make his proxy, not having taken the faid oath, and subscribed the same, as aforefaid, every fuch peer or member so offending shall be disabled to fue, or use any action, bill, plaint, or information in any court of law, or to profecute any fuit in any court of equity, or

to be guardian of any child, or executor or administrator of any person, or be capable of any legacy or deed of gift, or to be in any office within this realm of Great Britain, or to vote at any election for members to serve in parliament, and shall forfeit the sum of sive hundred pounds, to be recovered by him or them that shall sue for the same, to be prosecuted by action of debt, suit, bill, plaint, or information, in any of his Majesty's courts at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, or wager of law shall lie, or any more than one imparlance, and by way of summar complaint before the court of sessions, or prosecution before the court of justiciary in Scotland.

This act not to extend to officers of inheritance, if a deputy be substituted who shall qualify himself, 25 Car. 2.

XVIII. Provided, That neither this act, nor any thing therein contained, shall extend, be judged, or interpreted to take away or make void any office of inheritance, so as such person or persons having an office of inheritance, do or shall substitute and appoint his or their deputy or deputies, and such deputy or deputies shall qualify him or themselves, according to a provisio in the act made in the sive and twentieth year of the reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for preventing dangers which may happen from popish recusants, and so as such deputy or deputies do likewise take and subseribe the oaths in and by this present act required and expressed, and so as such deputy or deputies be, from time to time, approved of by the King's majesty under his privy signet.

Such offices in Scotland not forfeitable, but according to the laws there. This act not to extend to the office of any tithing-man, &c.

XIX. Provided, That no office of inheritance in Scotland shall be forfeitable otherwise than according to the laws now in force there.

XX. Provided always, That this act, or any thing therein contained, shall not extend to the office of any tithingman, headborough, overseer of the poor, church-wardens, surveyors of the highways, or any like inferior civil officer, or to any office of forester, or keeper of any park, chase, warren, or game, or bailist of any manor or lands, nor to any like private offices, nor to any person or persons having only any the before-mentioned or the like offices, for or upon account of such offices only.

Nor to any who have taken the oaths fince his Majefty's acception, except on account of fome new office.

XXI. Provided always, That this act, or any thing therein contained, shall not extend to any person who hath, since his Majesty's happy accession to the throne, taken the oaths of allegiance and supremacy, and the abjuration oath, in any of the said courts at Westminster, or at the general quarter-sessions of the peace, or in either houses of parliament, unless by reason of such person's having some new office or imployment, or his coming hereaster under some of the qualifications which require the taking the oaths before-mentioned, by virtue of this act, or any other law now in being.

Persons obliged by any law to receive the facrament.&c. shall continue obliged.

XXII. Provided always, and he it declared and enacted, That all persons whatsoever, who, by virtue of any law now in being, are or would be obliged, if this act was not had or made, to receive the sacrament according to the usage of the church of England, and to make and subscribe the declaration against transubstantiation

Mantiation or either of them, on any occasion whatsoever, shall continue obliged, in all such cases, to receive the said sacrament, and make and subscribe the said declaration, together with the oaths appointed by this act, in such manner, and under such penalties in case of neglect, as is required by any former law.

XXIII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the autho- Personstaking rity aforesaid, That all and every person or persons, who shall, the oaths, &c. on or before the first of *December* next, take and subscribe the before Dec. 1. oaths in such manner as is appointed in this act, and also re-indemnify'd from all penal. ceive the facrament of the Lord's supper according to the usage ties, &c. of the church of England, and make and subscribe the declaration against transubstantiation, in those cases where the sacrament ought to have been received, and the said declaration ought to have been made and subscribed, and has been neglected, shall be and are hereby indemnified from and against all penalties, forfeitures, incapacities, and disabilities incurred by any former neglect or omission of taking or subscribing the oaths, or receiving the facrament, or subscribing the aforesaid declaration, according to any former act or acts concerning persons in offices or places of trust, and is, are and shall be fully and actually recapacitated and restored to the same state and condition as before such neglect or omission.

XXIV. Provided also, That all and every person who has, Likewise all at any time fince his Majesty's happy accession to the crown, who have taken the oaths, and taken and subscribed the abjuration, and taken the oaths since his also subscribed the declaration, and received the sacrament, in Majesty's acfuch cases where the sacrament ought to have been received, and cession. the faid declaration ought to have been subscribed, according to any act or acts concerning persons in offices or places of trust, shall likewise be, and are hereby indemnified, as aforesaid, though the same has not been within the time appointed by law.

XXV. Provided always, That no person or persons, who by No person who reason of any such neglect or omission hath or have left or for-any office, &c., feited any office, benefice, place, dignity, or imployment what- fhall be reftosoever, to which any other person or persons hath or have been red if another preferred or promoted, shall be restored to such office, benefice, be promoted. place, dignity, or imployment; any thing herein contained to

the contrary notwithstanding.

XXVI. Provided always, That any person or persons who Popish recushall become popish recusants convict, by virtue of any thing in sants convict this act contained, and shall at any time thereafter take and sub-fcribe the oaths, and make and subscribe the declaration, and charged on subscribe the assurance, in such manner, and in such place, as taking the is appointed by this act, shall be and are hereby, from such oaths. time, discharged from such conviction.

XXVII. Provided always, That the oath of abjuration, and This abjuration to be the affarance in this act contained, shall in all cases be taken taken in lieu to be in lieu of the oath of abjuration, and the affurance for- of the formermerly appointed.

XXVIII. And whereas in and by an all of parliament made in Reward for the last sessions of parliament, and in the first year of his Majesty's taking the reign,

pretender 1 Geo. 1. stat.

reign, intituled, An act for the better support of his Majesty's houshold, and of the honour and dignity of the crown of Great Britain, it is enacted. That the lord high treasurer of Great Britain, or commissioners of the treasury for the time being, should, and are thereby authorized and required, out of any monies granted or to be granted by parliament, for the use of the publick, forthwith to issue and pay the fum of one bundred thousand pounds, to any person or persons, who should seize and secure the person of the presender, whenever he should land, or attempt to land in any of his Majesty's dominions; to the end that the encouragement and reward for a fervice so important, may be rendered sure and effectual; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the lord high treasurer of Great Britain, or the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, shall and are hereby authorized and required, out of any monies granted, or to be granted by parliament, to the use of the publick, forthwith to iffue the fum of one hundred thousand pounds to any person or persons, being natives or foreigners. who shall seize or secure, alive or dead, the person of the pretender, whenever he shall land, or attempt to land in Great . Britain or Ireland, or any other his Majesty's dominions; and if any of the persons who have adhered to, or assisted, or who shall adhere to, or affist the said pretender, shall seize and secure him, as aforefaid, he or they who shall so seize and secure him, shall have his Majesty's gracious general pardon, and shall also receive the said reward, to be paid in manner aforesaid.

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XXIX. And be it further enacted, That in case any person executors, &c. or persons, natives or foreigners, shall happen to be killed in kill dintaking feizing or fecuring, alive or dead, the person of the faid pretender, as aforefaid, That then their executors or administrators, or such person or persons, to whom the right of admini-Aration of the personal estate of each person so killed shall belong, shall have and receive respectively, the same share and proportion of the said one hundred thousand pounds, as their several and respective testators or intestates would have been en-

titled unto had they been living,

TheKing may impower perto officers, feamen, &c. whose names shall be regifter'd and returned into the petty bag office before Fcb. 1. 1715.

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XXX. And it is further enacted. That it shall and may be by commission lawful for his Majesty to grant a commission or commissions, unfons to admi- der the great seal of Great Britain, to such person or persons as nister the oaths to him shall seem meet, to impower him or them to administer the oaths of allegiance and supremacy, and of abjuration, in this act mentioned, to all and every officer and officers in his Majesty's service, either by sea or land, and all and every seaman and seamen, and private soldiers; and such sea and land officers, and feamen and foldiers, are hereby enjoined and required to take the same, upon the pains and penalties in this act mentioned in case of refusal thereof; and that upon taking the faid oaths such officer and officers, seamen and soldiers, do subscribe the same upon a roll to be kept by the person or persons who shall administer the same, which roll such person as hath or shall have the keeping thereof shall, on or before the twelfth day of February one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, deliver into

the office of the petty-bag in the court of chancery, there to be kept upon record.

XXXI. Provided always, That no seaman or soldier, under No seaman, the degree of a commission or warrant-officer, shall be obliged &c. to pay any

to pay any fee or reward on taking the faid oaths.

XXXII. Provided always, That nothing in this act contain- Not to extend ed shall extend to the office of the lord great chamberlain of to the office of England, so as the lord great chamberlain for the time being do lord great or shall substitute and appoint his sufficient deputy, who shall chamberlain. have taken the oaths aforefaid; any thing in this act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted by the authority afore- The same abfaid, That from and after the nine and twentieth day of Septem-juration to be ber one thousand seven hundred and sisteen, the same oath of taken in Ireabjuration by this act appointed to be taken in Great Britain, Sept. 29, 1715. shall be the oath of abjuration to be taken in the kingdom of Ireland, and no other; and that the indemnities above-mentioned be and are hereby extended to the faid kingdom of Ireland.

#### CAP. XIV.

An act for making the militia of that part of Great Britain called England more useful, and for obliging an annual account to be made of trophy-money.

HEREAS by an act of parliament made in the thirteenth Reciting the year of the reign of the late King Charles the Second, inti- 13 & 14 Car. 2. tuled. An act for ordering the forces in the several counties of this kingdom, it was (amongst other things) enacted, That in case of invafions, infurrections or rebellions, whereby occasion should be to draw out the foldiers mentioned and appointed in and by the faid act, into actual fervice, the persons charged by the said att with horses, horsemen and arms, or with foot soldiers and arms, should provide each their soldiers respectively with pay in hand, not exceeding one month's pay, as should be in that behalf directed by the respective lieutenants of the several counties, and in their absence, or otherwise by their directions, by their deputies, or any three or more of them; for repayment of which said monies, and for satisfaction of the officers for their pay during such time, not exceeding one month, as aforesaid, as they shall be with their soldiers in actual fervice; it was thereby declared, That provision should be made for the same by his said Majesty, his heirs and successors, out of his or their publick treasury or revenue; nevertheless, it was thereby further provided and enacted, That in case a month's pay should be provided and advanced, as aforesaid, no person who should have advaneed his proportion thereof, should be charged with anyother like month's payment, until he or they should be re-imbursed the said month's pay, and so from time to time, the said month's pay by him or them last provided and advanced, as aforefaid: and whereas in the late war it was found necessary for the publick defence and safety, to draw out the said soldiers into actual service, and to charge the said persons to provide each their soldiers respectively with pay in hand, although the month's pay by several of them before that time provided and advan-

ced

ted toas not nor could be reimburfed: and whereas it may be necessary

at any time order the militia in England to be drawn out into actual fervice.,

The persons charged to provide their foldiers with pay, not exceeding one month's pay. C. 3.

The militia of any city, &c. to march, for 'suppressing infurrections,

The pay ad. vanced to be repaid in fixmonths.

for the publick safety and defence of this realm, to draw out the said forces into actual service, more particularly at this time, when tumults and rebellions are fomented at home, supported by hopes of as-The King may fiftance from a foreign invasion, be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That if at any time or times hereafter it shall be found necessary by his Majesty, his heirs or successors, for any of the purposes in the faid recited act mentioned, to draw out the faid foldiers into actual fervice, and the fame shall be declared and fignified to the respective lieutenants or deputy lieutenants of the several counties, ridings, cities and places of that part of Great Britain called England, and to the lord-warden of the cinque-ports, two ancient towns and their members, or in his absence, to his lieutenant or heutenants, by his Majesty, his heirs or successors, it shall be lawful for the said lieutenants, or their deputies, or for any two or more of them, and for the lord-warden of the cinque-ports, two ancient towns, and their members, or in his ablence, for his lieutenant or lieutenants, in pursuance of such orders from his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and in the manner prescribed by the aforesaid act, notwithstanding one or more month's pay already advanced, be not reimburfed, to raife and draw out the said soldiers into actual service, and to cause the persons charged, as aforesaid, to provide each their soldiers with pay in hand, not exceeding one month's pay, in such manner as if all their pay already advanced and provided had been fully reimburfed and paid; any thing in the faid act of the thirteenth year of King Charles the Second, or in any other 13&14 Car. 2. Subsequent act to the contrary hereof in any wise notwithstanding.

II. And whereas it may so happen that the entire militia of any county or counties, within that part of Great Britain called England, cannot be affembled and got ready to march in fo fort a time, as necessity may require, for the suppressing of insurrections and rebellion, or for repelling of invasions: be it further enacted by the autho-That it shall and may be lawful, from time to rity aforefaid, time, and at all times hereafter, for the proper persons impowered, as aforefaid, to raife, draw out and march such part of the militia of any city, town, borough, riding, district or county, as they shall judge most ready, proper and convenient for the purpoles aforesaid; and the pay and expence advanced and laid out by the persons chargeable to and for such part of the militia so imployed, shall be repaid and made good to them, within the space of fix months after such money is advanced, by such persons chargeable to such part of the militia of any county, city, riding or place so imployed, by an affessment according to an equal pound-rate, to be laid and affeffed throughout the whole county, riding, city or place to which they belong, for the bearing the charge of such part of the militia so called out, the said poundpound-rate to be afferfed upon and paid by such persons, and in fuch proportions as they are chargeable to the militia, according to such directions as shall be given, from time to time, by the faid respective lieutenants, or their deputies, or any two or more of them, who are hereby impowered and required to make and levy, and to cause to be made and levied such affestment. under the like penalties and forfeitures, and by the like ways and means, as the commissioners appointed in an act of this prefent fession of parliament, for collecting the land-tax granted to his Majesty, are impowered to make and levy the assessment for the faid land-tax.

III. And suhereas the arms and accoutrements directed to be pro. Accoutrevided for borse and soot soldiers of the militia, by former acts of ments and arms to be parliament, are in a great measure become useles; be it further enpoovided.
acted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be law- By 9 Geo. 1. ful for the several lieutenants, and their deputies, in that part c. 8. s. 7. the of Great Britain called England, to cause and oblige the several lieutenants, &c., persons chargeable to the militia, to provide for every horse and the length, &c. horseman, a broad sword, a case of pistols, the barrels whereof of the muskets, to be twelve inches long, and a carabine with belt and bucket, &c. a great saddle or pan with burrs and straps, a bitt and bridle with pectoral and crupper; and for every foot foldier a musket, the barrel whereof to be five foot long, the gage of the bore for bullets of twelve to the pound, with a bayonet to fix on the muzzle thereof, a cartouch-box, and a fword, under the fame penalties, and by the fame ways and means, as they might have compelled the faid persons to have provided arms before for their soldiers, by virtue of any former act or acts, any thing in any former act or acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That such money as Receivers of hath been or shall be raised as for trophy-money, by virtue of trophy-money any law relating to the militia of England, the person or per- to account for the same. fons receiving the fame shall and are hereby required to account for the same, before the justices of the peace at some general quarter sessions of the peace in the respective county, riding, division, city or place, (that is to say) For such money as is already received on or before the first day of February next, and for fuch monies as shall be received hereafter, within twelve months after the receipt thereof, and to pay the balance which shall be found due by the justices on such account within the space of one month then next ensuing, to the treasurer or treafurers, clerk or clerks, for the time being, appointed to receive and pay the monies to be levied by virtue of any the faid acts relating to the militia, or in default thereof the person or per- Penalty for fons to receiving such money shall forfeit and pay treble the sum not accountunaccounted for or unpaid, the one moiety to the use of the re- ing. spective county, riding, division, city or place, as such justices shall appoint, the other moiety thereof to such person or perfons as shall sue for the same, by action of debt, bill, plaint or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at West-

minster,

Anno primo GEORGII I. Stat. 2. C. 14. 1714: 204

minster, wherein no protection, essoin or wager of law shall be

allowed, nor any more than one imparlance.

Treafurers to give lecurity.

V. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That fuch person or persons who shall be appointed treasurer or treasurers, to receive and pay the monies to be levied by virtue of this act for the use of the militia, shall within three months after his or their faid appointment, give such security for the due execution of the faid office before three or more deputy lieutenants of the respective county, riding, division, city or place, as shall be by them approved; and such person or persons as are already appointed treasurer or treasurers for the said purposes, shall give the like security on or before the first day of November, one thousand seven hundred and fifteen.

VI. And whereas since the thirteenth day of February which was in the year of our Lord one thousand six hundred and eighty eight, feveral clerks have been employed under the lieutenants, or their deputy lieutenants, in affairs relating to the militia, which clerks or others have in their hands or power respectively, several books or other papers concerning the same, and which are or may be of use in execution of the powers contained in this act: be it therefore enacted Former clerks, by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to

&c. to deliver and for the lieutenants, and the deputy-lieutenants of any counbooks, &c.

ty, city, riding, town or place in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, or any two or more of them, upon information that any fuch books or papers are in the hands or power of any fuch former clerk or other person, to issue their warrant, requiring such former clerk or other person or persons, to deliver the Penalty of re- be named; and if such former clerk or person so required shall

fuling to deliver them.

fame to fuch clerk or person as in such warrant or warrants shall refuse or neglect to deliver such book or books, paper or papers, according to such warrant, within ten days after such demand thereof, or do not within ten days after such demand make oath before some justice or justices of the peace, affirming, that such book or books, paper or papers, are not in his, her, or their power, or if such clerk or person, being a Quaker, do not make an affirmation to the same purpose, which oath and affirmation shall be delivered to the lieutenant, or deputy lieutenants who fign the faid warrants, or one or more of them, then every fuch person so refusing or neglecting shall forfeit the sum of one hundred pounds, the one moiety to the use of the respective county, riding, division, city or place, in such manner as such justices shall appoint, the other moiety to the person or persons who shall sue for the same, by action of debt, bill, plaint or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no protection, effoin, wager of law, nor any more than one imparlance shall be allowed.

Warden, &c. of cinqueports thall have the same tenants of counties.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the lord warden of the cinque-ports, two ancient towns, and their members, and in his absence his lieutenant or powersaslieu-lieutenants, shall and may put in execution within the faid ports, towns and members, all the powers and authorities given and granted

granted by this act, and to execute and perform all and every the things therein contained, in the like manner as the respective lieutenants of the counties, and their deputies may do; and Inhabitants of that the inhabitants of the faid ports, towns and members, be-the cinqueing in regard of their fituation on the fea-coast, charged with a ports shall not be charged in greater proportion of arms and armed men than other parts of the counties the kingdom, shall not be charged with arms or armed men in for their ethe counties adjacent for their estates there lying, save only for states there. fuch proportion as they are liable unto, and either are not, or shall not be charged with within the said ports, towns and members; any thing in this act contained to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

VIII. Provided nevertheless, That nothing in this act con-This act shall tained shall extend to take away any right of the lieutenants of not take away the city of London, of affeffing, levying and collecting of all rates the lieutenants and affessments upon the inhabitants of the said city, and the of London; liberties thereof, or any other right or power which is now vested in the lieutenants of the faid city by any former act or acts

of parliament.

IX. Provided nevertheless, That nothing in this act contain-Nor charge ed shall extend or be construed to extend to make any person any persons chargeable to the militia, that is not already chargeable by law not already to the same, or to enlarge the power of the lieutenants, or their chargeable, deputies, in any kind beyond the authority already given them nor enlarge by the acts of the thirteenth, fourteenth and fifteenth years of lieutenants. King Charles the Second relating to the militia, saving only in the particular cases expressly directed and provided for by this prefent act; and that no person who is by this act chargeable to the No person to militia, shall be obliged at any time or times hereafter to advance advance above more than one month's pay to any horse or foot soldier, till such one month's time as the month's pay by fuch county, city, riding or place, so to be advanced, shall have been repaid and made good to such county, city, riding or place, by his Majesty, his heirs or succeffors, out of his or their publick treasury or revenue.

X. Provided always, That the power and authority hereby Part of the act given to raife, draw out or march part of the militia of any five years, &c. county, city or place, shall have continuance only for and during the space of five years, and from thence to the end of the then next session of parliament. By 9 Geo. 1. c. 8. f. 6. This att is revived for seven years. See 9 Geo. 1. c. 8. s. 7. et vide sta-

tutes Geo. 2. and Geo. 3.

#### CAP. XV.

An act to make an act of the tenth year of her late Majesty, intituled, An act for regulating, improving and encouraging of the woollen manufacture of mixt or medley broad-cloth, and for the better payment of the poor imployed therein, more effectual for the benefit of trade in general; and also to render more effectual an act of the seventh year of her said Majesty's reign, intituled. An act for the better ascertaining the lengths and breadths of woollen cloth made in the county of York.

where Ann. c. 26. Where As an act passed in the tenth year of her late Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for regulating, improving and encouraging the woollen manufacture of mixt or medley broad-cloth, and for the better payment of the poor imployed therein, hath proved ineffectual to prevent the abuses committed in making and measuring the said cloth, to the great disreputation of the said manufacture abroad, and discouragement of the good makers and fair dealers therein; for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the twentieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and sisteen, all mixt or medley broad-measured.

faid manufacture abroad, and discouragement of the good makers and fair dealers therein; for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the fame, That from and after the twentieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, all mixt or medley broadcloth shall at the instance and request of any buyer, for proof thereof, be put into water, (as by ancient custom they usually were) and then measured by any two indifferent persons to be appointed and chosen, one by the buyer, and another by the seller of the faid cloth, and in case they disagree in ascertaining the length and breadth of the said cloth, then the said admeasurement shall be made by a third person, chosen and nominated by the said two persons appointed as aforesaid; and in case the said two perfons shall neglect or refuse, within the space of two hours, to chuse or nominate such third person, or if such third person so chosen shall neglect or refuse to take upon him the admeasurement of the said cloth, at the request of the seller or buyer thereof, then such admeasurement (if in London) finally shall be made and determined by the keeper of Blackwell-Hall, who shall be fworn before some justice of the peace (which justice is hereby impowered to administer such oath) That he will well and truly perform such measuring, and be obliged to act for that purpose, and the admeasurement so made shall be conclusive on all parties, and accordingly be the rule of payment to the buyer; and if elsewhere than in London, the said cloth shall be measured by any two indifferent persons, as aforesaid, and in case they disagree therein, or refuse to make such admeasurement, or neglect or refuse to appoint a third person for such admeasurement, as aforesaid, then a fit person shall be nominated and appointed by the chief magistrate or chief officer of such city, town or place,

where the faid cloth shall happen to be fold, which said magistrate or chief officer, as aforefaid, is hereby authorized and required to appoint and swear such person, which person so appointed shall be and is hereby obliged to be sworn, and to act for the purpole aforefaid, which said person or persons deter-Forseiture for mining: the measure of the said cloth shall have and receive fix- a less quantity pence, and no more, for each piece of cloth which shall be by either in him or them so measured, to be paid by the buyer of the sid length or him or them so measured, to be paid by the buyer of the said breadth than cloth; and if upon such admeasurement, as aforesaid, there shall mentioned in be found a less or smaller content or quantity of cloth in length, the seal. or the greatest part of the breadth, than is mentioned in the seal or seals directed by the said former act, to be fixed to such cloth by the master, occupier or millman of the fulling-mill; in every such case, every clothier, owner or seller of such cloth, shall forfeit and pay the fixth part of the value of every such cloth to the uses as is afterwards herein provided for by this act; and the said forfeiture shall be paid by the buyer, and by him deducted out of the price of the faid cloth fo found to be wanting To be paid by in measure, as aforesaid, upon payment of the same, upon a the buyer, and certificate thereof made by any of the said persons or person of the price. measuring the same, and upon such persons or person aforesaid making oath thereof before any justice of peace, which oath such justice of the peace is hereby authorized and required to administer, and thereof to give the said person or persons a certificate without fee or reward; and all fuch fums of money which the To be repaid clothier, owner or feller of any fuch cloth, shall forfeit and pay by the master, upon account of fuch fraudulent feal of the mafter, occupier or &c. of the fulling of the fulling mill being fixed to the faid cloth, (ball ling-mill, who millman of the fulling-mill, being fixed to the faid cloth, shall fixed the seal. upon demand be repaid by the faid master, occupier or millman of the fulling-mill, who affixed the faid feal, to such clothier. owner or feller of fuch cloth; any thing to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Master of a from and after the twenty ninth of September one thousand seven fulling-mill hundred and fifteen, if any owner, master, occupier or mill-refusing to man of any fulling-mill, shall refuse or neglect to take the oath directed by by the said recited act directed to be taken by the owner, master 10 Ann. c. 16. or occupier of fuch fulling-mill, for his true performance of admeasurement of mixt or medley broad-cloth, or to fix a seal of or to fix a seal, lead at the head-end of every mixt or medley broad-cloth, be- &c. fore it is carried from the mill, mentioning his name, and the length and breadth of every such cloth in figures, or to enter in a book to be kept by such master, owner, occupier or millman, a fair and due register or entry of the marks, fort, number, length and breadth of every fuch cloth, or if any person or persons shall afterwards take off such seal, or deface, coun- and persons terfeit or alter the same, or add any other seal before the cloth taking off, or is fold, except the millman who milled the faid cloth, or fome altering, &c. other sworn millman, who is in that case also to register the same, such seal, in manner aforefaid, every person or persons so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted upon the oath of one or more cre-

dible

clerk

dible witness or witnesses, shall for every such neglect or tossence shall forfeit sol. forfeit the fum of twenty pounds, to be recovered and diffributed as is afterwards provided for by this act, which forfeitures shall be taken and accepted in discharge of the foresture of twenty shillings a cloth that may be incurred by such master, owner, occupier or millman, by virtue of the faid reclaid act, in case of such neglect or refusal of fixing or taking of fach feat, or defacing, counterfeiting or altering the figures thereof 3-many thing herein contained, or any law, custom or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

A table to be provided in Black well-Hall, for the mealuring of cloth in Lon-

III. And to the end there may be one and the same mushed or manner of measuring mixt or medley broad-cloth; be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That from and after the twenty-kingh of September one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, the master or hall-keeper of Blackwell-Hall, at the costs and charges of the governors of Christ's Hospital, shall have in some convenient place within the faid hall, one table or board, confifting of thirty yards in length, to each of which yards thall be added one inch. which shall be used instead of that called the thumb's breadth. fo that each yard shall consist of thirty-seven inches, and shall be distinguished by a nail, or other proper mark along the faid table or board, and three foot wide at least, whereon the faid cloth shall be doubled or cressed, and laid plain the full length. to prevent any dispute in respect of such admeasurement by the yard, where the faid admeasurement of any mixt or mediev. broad-cloth (if in London) by and upon the faid table to be. placed there, shall be made and determined, as aforefaid; and the faid cloth shall, at the request of the seller, or his agent, be there put into water, into proper cifferns to be provided for that purpose before such admeasurement shall be made.

The buyer to the feller, when the cloth is to be wetted.

IV. And to prevent all undue convictions by surprise, or otherwise: give notice to be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the buyer of mixt or medley broad-cloths, by himself, his agent or lervant, within fix days after delivery thereof to the buyer, shall give two days notice to the feller or his factor, of the time when fuch cloth is, for proof thereof, to be wetted and tried by the water, unless it be by the consent of the buyer and seller, or their respective agents, signified in writing, in which case, less. And if the sel- notice shall be fufficient; and in case the seller, or his factor ler do not at- or agent, doth not appoint an indifferent person, as asforesaid. tend, the buyer or doth refuse or neglect to attend the admeasurement of the said cloth, which shall be made some time within the space of eight cloth, and the days after delivery, as aforefaid, then the buyer or his agent, may proceed in the absence of the said seller or his agent, to prove the said cloth by the water at Blackwell-Hall: and then the faid keeper of Blackwell-Hall shall proceed to take the meaand give a cer- fure thereof on the table, as aforefaid, and finally to adjudge and tificate of the ascertain the true measure and contents of the same, and theretrue measure; of to make a certificate, which certificate as also the other certificates, which may be made in manner aforesaid, shall, within ten days after such admeasurement taken, be filed with the

may proceed to prove the keeper of Blackwell -Hall to meafure the fame, clerk of the peace for the county, city or place where such admeasurement shall be taken, which certificate or certificates such clerk of the peace is hereby required to file among the records of such county or place, and for so doing shall receive only one shilling; and such certificate or certificates being so filed, as a-which shall be foresaid; shall be the rule of payment to the buyer, and shall be a conviction deemed, adjudged and taken to be a sufficient conviction of the party offending. party or parties offending, so as to make him, her or them forfeit and pay, as aforesaid; and an attested copy of such certificate or certificates, such clerk of the peace, or his deputy, is hereby obliged to give to any person or persons demanding the same. for which he shall receive one shilling, and no more; which attested copy, as aforesaid, shall be, and is hereby declared to be a fufficient authority to enable the clothier, owner or feller of any mixt or medley broad-cloth, to demand of the master, owner or occupier, or millman, the forfeitures deducted out of the price of any the cloths aforefaid, for want of length or breadth, contained in the seal or seals, as aforesaid; and upon refusal of payment, the said master, owner, occupier or millman, shall be subject to the penalties and forfeitures, as afterwards is herein provided for by this act.

V. And be it further enacted and declared by the authority All broadaforesaid, That all mixt or medley broad-cloths which shall be cloths shall be exposed to sale in England (other than cloth made before the stamped with commencement of this act) shall be stamped with the watch-measure. measure thereof on the seal of the master, owner, occupier or millman of the fulling-mill, by whom the faid cloth was wetted, fulled and milled; and every clothier felling or putting to Clothiers felfale any of the faid broad-cloth, before such time as all and every ling before of the same cloths shall be sealed and stamped, as aforesaid, on sealed and which feal shall be specified the name of the said master, owner, stamp'd, to occupier or millman of the fulling-mill, together with the con- fixth part of tents of the faid cloth in length and breadth, and marked with the cloth. the distinguishing mark of a crown, which said mark shall be stamped on the rivet of the said seal, shall forfeit and pay the fixth part of the faid cloth, to be levied, paid and disposed of, as is afterwards herein provided for by this act, and to no other use, intent or purpose whatsoever; any law, custom or usage to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

VI. Provided also, and be it further enacted and declared by The buyer to the authority aforefaid, That all mixt or medley broad-cloths, pay no more made or to be made before the commencement of this act, may made before for proof thereof, be wetted and tried by water at the request of this act, than the buyer, as aforefaid; and if the same shall be found upon the the true conproof thereof, by any two indifferent persons to be chosen, one tents thereof, by the buyer, and another by the feller, or by the third person and the cloby them to be chosen, or by the faid keeper of Blackwell-Hall, to any penalty as aforesaid to contain a less or smaller content in length or for short meabreadth than is contained or specified in every the seal or seals of sure. the mafter, owner, occupier or millman of the fulling-mill or fulling-mills, then the faid buyer or his agent shall be obliged to Vol. XIII. accept

accept of the faid cloths, and pay no more than for the true coments thereof ascertained and settled by the faid measurement, as aforefaid, and the clothier, owner or feller, shall not be subject to any penalty for fach short measure; any law, eustom or

justices of the peace is and are hereby impowered and required to administer: and that all and every the faid penalties and for-

usage to the contrary notwithstanding. VH. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Offences to be determined by That all offences against this act shall be heard and determined justices of the by one or more justice or justices of the peace of the county, peace.

city, town or place where the fame final be discovered, or where fach offender doth inhabit, fuch justice or justices being not concerned in the matter of the faid complaint, upon the oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, which oath such justice or

How the for-

feitures, which shall happen by virtue of this act, shall be disfeitures shall tributed and paid, after the charges of such conviction being be disposed. first deducted, if in London, to the use and benefit of Christ's-Hospital, if in any other place, to the use of the poor of the parish, township or place where the offence shall be discovered;

and in case any offender shall neglect or refuse to pay any such To be levied penalties and forfeitures, being lawfully demanded, by the space by distress in of thirty days next after the conviction for such offence, as acale of retulal to pay. forefaid, or in case the owner, master, occupier or millman, fhall refuse or neglect to repay the forfeiture for want of sufficient

length or breadth of admeasurement, as aforesaid, that then (and not before) it shall and may be lawful for the justice or justices of the peace, before whom such conviction was made, or where fuch owner, master, occupier or millman doth inhabit, and fuch justice or justices is and are hereby required to issue out one or more warrant or warrants, under his or their hands and scals,

to the constable or constables of the parish, town or place where such offender shall inhabit or can be found, to levy the same by diftress and sale of the offender's goods, returning the overplus (if any be) to the owner, and where no sufficient diffress can be found, to commit the offender to the common gapl, or house of correction for the county or place where such offender shall be found, there to be kept to hard labour for and during the Ipace of three calendar months.

VIII. Provided always, That all offences committed against

Profecupion in 40 days.

this act, faving in the case of the owner, master, occupier or millman, upon refusal or neglect of repayment of the forfeitures for want of sufficient length or breadth in admeasurement, as aforesaid, shall be prosecuted within forty days after the offences are committed or discovered. IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That

Persons fued general issue. cofts.

may plead the if any action or fuit shall hereafter be commenced or profecuted against any person or persons, by this act authorized to put the same recover teeble in execution, all and every person or persons so sued or profecuted, may plead the general iffue, and give this act and the special matter in evidence; and if the plaintiff shall be nonsuited, or forbear further profecution, or fuffer discontinuance, or

'a verdict to puls against him, or judgment upon demurrer, the deferidant or defendants shall recover his or their treble cash. for which he and they shall have like remedy as in cases wherein costs by law are given to defendants; and this act shall be taken and allowed a publick act in all courts within this king. To be deemed dom; and all judges and justices of the peace are hereby requir- a publick act. ed to take notice thereof as fuch, without special pleading the fame.

X. Provided always, That if any person or persons find him Persons agor themselves aggrieved by any order or warrant made by any grieved by the justice or justices, upon any such conviction before him or them, justices order may appeal to the next get the sessions, neral quarter-fessions of the peace to be held for the county, whose deterriding of corporation, where such conviction shall be made, mination shall giving sufficient notice of such appeal; and the determination of they shall also such justices in such sessions shall be final, and the said justices low costs to thall allow fuch costs and charges to the party aggrieved, as they the party aga shall think reasonable, to be levied and paid in such manner as grieved. is usual in other cases of appeals from the orders of any justice or juffices of the peace to the quarter-fessions.

XI. Provided, That nothing herein contained, or any the Thie act that penalties or forfeirnes which by means of this act may be in- not affect any curred, shall extend or be construed to extend to affect any fac- factor. tor or his agent, who shall be only imployed in the sale of mixt

or medley broad-cloth.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Clothiers, &c. That from and after the twenty ninth day of September one to pay their That from and after the twenty miner day of deprendent worker in thousand seven hundred and fifteen, every clothier, cloth-worker, worker in money, on cord-maker, or any other person concerned in the trade of the forfesture of woollen manufacture, shall make payment in money to all and 40s. every person and persons any ways imployed or concerned in the faid woollen manufacture, for all work to be done in relation thereunto, and shall not in lieu of payment in money, impose upon or deliver to them, any or either of them, any fort of goods or wares whatfoever for fuch work; and in case any per-fon or persons shall in lieu of payment in money, so impose upon or deliver unto any workmen or poor labourers, any goods or wates whatfoever for, in lieu of, or instead of money, every person or persons so offending shall for every such offence forfeit the sum of forty shillings, to be recovered and distributed in such manner as in and by this act is directed.

XIII. And whereas by an act of parliament paffed in the eighth 8 & 9 W. 3' and ninth years of his late majesty King William the Third, intituled, c. 9. An act to restore the market of Blackwell-Hall to the clothiers, and for regulating the factors there, it is, amongst other things, provided and enacted, That if the owner of the cloth fall neglect to fue for any of the penalties and forfeitures he shall be entitled to by virtue of the faid act, by the space of fix months next after the offence None but the committed, then it shall and may be lawful for any other person to sue owner of the for and recover the same; and one moiety thereof shall be to the use of cloth unsatishis Majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other moiety to the in- fied shall sue

former ; not demand-

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ing notes, pur- former; which general liberty of faing hath, by experience, been found fuant to 8 & 9 to be very prejudicial: be it therefore enacted by the authority W. 3. c. 9. **Profecutions** for penalties za months after the offence.

by the faid act of not demanding notes pursuant to the faid act; any thing to be begun in therein contained to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding: and that no profecution shall be brought or commenced for any the penalties or forfeitures mentioned in the faid act, or by virtue thereof, by any person or persons, unless such prosecution shall be commenced or begun within twelve months next after the offence committed.

aforesaid. That no other person than the clothier, or owner of

cloth unfatisfied, shall be capable of suing the factor, on account

This act shall not extend to cloth made in Yorkthire, nor to repeal the the act of

7 Ann. c. 13. Length and breadth of Yorkshire cloths, kerseys, &c.

Forfeiture for felling cloths wanting in length, &c.

and for over-Aretching them.

XIV. Provided always, That any thing herein before contained shall not be construed to extend to any cloth made or manufactured within the county of York; or to repeal or any wife invalidate any of the authorities mentioned or contained in an authorities in act made in the seventh year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for the better ascertaining the lengths and breadths of woollen cloth made in the county of York. XV. And for making the same att more effectual, be it further en-

acted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the nine

and twentieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and

fifteen, all forts of Yorkshire cloths, called whole thick kerseys,

whole thick plains, huggabags and broken quilted kerseys shall

not be made under eighteen yards in length, and not less than three quarters and an half in breadth by the standard yard-wand, when fully wet, and shall be contented and sealed in such manner as Yorkshire cloths are directed to be by the same act, under the penalties therein mentioned; and that if any clothier or other person shall, after the said twenty-ninth day of September, offer or expose to sale any of the aforesaid Yorksbire cloths, which shall be made after the said twenty-ninth day of September, and not made according to the same length and breadth, and be thereof convicted in such manner as offenders against the same act are to be convicted, he shall, for every inch the said respective Yorkshire cloths shall be less than the said breadth, and for every half yard they shall be less in length than eighteen yards, as aforefaid, forfeit the fum of twenty shillings; and that if any person shall, from and after the said twenty-ninth day of September, stretch or strain any of the aforesaid Yorkshire cloths when wet, feoured and milled, more than one inch in every quarter of a yard in the breadth, or more than half-yard in every eighteen yards in length, and so proportionably, or shall offer or expose to fale any of the said Yorkshire cloths, or any other Yorkshire cloths mentioned in the same act, that shall not be contented or sealed in such manner as Yorksbire cloths are by the same act directed to be contented and sealed, every such person so offending in any of those cases, and being thereof so convicted, as aforefaid, shall for every such offence forfeit the sum of twenty shillings; and that if any maker of any Yorksbire cloth, or other person concerned in that manufacture, shall at any time after the faid twenty ninth day of September, fix, or cause to be fixed,

or fixing a mark other than his own. any mark upon his cloth, whereby to distinguish the maker, thereof, other than his own christian name and surname, and place of his residence, or the first letters of such christian and furname, and place of residence, every such person so offending, and being thereof convicted, as aforesaid, shall for every such offence forfeit the fum of forty shillings, all which said respective forfeitures in relation to Yorkshire cloths shall be levied and paid in such manner, and to such uses, as forfeitures incurred by the Forfeitures. same act are to be levied and paid, and any person offending in how to be reany of the cases aforesaid relating to Yorkshire cloths, upon whom covered. fuch forfeitures cannot be levied for want of fufficient diffress, shall be liable to such imprisonment and hard labour, for such time, and in such manner, as offenders against the same act are (for want of such distress) made liable to.

XVI. Provided always, That the penalties incurred by reason Penalties to be. of the same act, or of this act, in any matters relating to York- inflicted in an fbire cloths, be inflicted within twenty-one days next after the days after the offence. offences are committed or discovered; and that if any person finds himself aggrieved by any order or warrant made by any justice or justices of the peace upon any such conviction, as aforesaid, in any matters relating to Yorksbire cloths, such person may appeal to the justices of the peace at the next general quar- Appeal to the ter festions of the peace to be held for the county, riding or cor-festions, whose poration where such conviction shall be made, giving sufficient determination notice of such appeal, and the determination of such justices in fuch festions shall be final; and the said justices shall allow such with costs and costs and charges to the party, on whose behalf such appeal shall charges. be determined as they shall think reasonable, to be levied and paid in such manner as is usual in other cases of appeals from the orders of any justices of the peace to the quarter sessions,

shall be final,

## CAP. XVI.

An all for the attainder of Henry viscount Bolingbroke of high treason, unless be shall render bimself to justice by a day certain therein mentioned.

HEREAS Henry viscount Bolingbroke bath been impeach- Preamble. ed by the commons in parliament assembled, in the name of themlelves and all the commons of Great Britain, of high treason, and other high crimes and misdemeanors; to which said impeachment, now remaining upon record in the house of peers, the said Henry viscount Bolingbroke bath not answered, but bath withdrawn himself from justice, without abiding his legal trial: be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the consent and advice of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, That if the said Henry viscount Boling-Clause of atbroke shall not render himself to the usher of the black-rod at-tainder. tending the house of peers, or the constable or lieutenant of the Tower of London, for the time being, (who are hereby required to receive and keep him in safe custody) in order to his trial in parliament, at or before the tenth day of September next enfuing,

Anne prime George I. Stat. 2. C. 17, 18.

and also abide his legal trial for the treasons, high crimes and misdemeanors, whereof he stands impeached by the common of Great Britain, then the said Henry viscount Bolingbroke, not rendring himself, or not abiding his legal trial; as aforesait, small, from and after the said tenth day of September, stand and be adjudged attainted of high treason, to all intents and purposes whatsoever, and shall suffer and sorfeit as a person attainted of high treason by the laws of the land ought to suffer and sorfeit.

## CAP. XVII.

An all for the attainder of James duke of Ormande of high treason, unless he shall render himself to justice by a day certain therein mentioned.

Preamble.

WHEREAS James duke of Otmonde hath been impeached by the commons in parliament affembled, in the name of them-felves and all the commons of Great Britain, of high treasur, and other high crimes and missements; to which said impeachment, now remaining upon record in the house of poers, the said James duke of Ormonde hath not answered, but both shed from justice, &c.

# CAP. XVIII,

An all for the better preventing fresh fish taken by foreigness being imported into this kingdom; and for the preservation of the fry of fish; and for the giving leave to import lebsters and turbets in foreign bottoms, and for the better preservation of salmon within several rivers in that part of this kingdom called England,

the preservation and improvement of the fishery in that part of this kingdom called England, particularly an act of parliament made in the fifteenth year of the reign of his late majesty King Charles the 15 Car. 2. c. 7. Second, intituled, An act for the encouragement of trade; and one other act made in the eighteenth year of the reign of his said late Majesty, intituled, An act against importing cattle from Ireland, and other parts beyond the seas, and fish taken by soreigners,

and other parts beyond the seas, and fish taken by Wreigners,
many evasions have of late years been invented and practifed, whereby that useful design has been very much obstructed, and more effectallyby the fraudulant practices of divers persons trading in English smacks,
and other vessels, who when they are off at sea, buy great quantities
of sish caught by foreigners, and import and market the same in this
kingdom, to the great discouragement and impoverishment of his MaAfter 29 Sept. selfy's subjects, and manifest detriment of the sishery and navigation:

After 29 Sept. 1715: no fift taken by fureigners, except protestants inhabiting in England, shall be imported into

this kingdom.

for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the twenty ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and sisteen, no herring, codd, pilchards, salmon or ling, fresh or salted, dried or bloated, nor any gril, mackard, whiting, haddock,

addock, frats, coal-fain, guil-fain, congers, nor any fort of at-falls, not any other fort of fresh fish whatspever, shall be imorted into, fold or exposed to sale, in that part of this kingone called England, which thall be taken by, bought of, or regived from any foreigner or foreigners, or out of any stranger r Arangers bottom, except protestant strangers inhabiting withthis kingdom, nor shall any person or persons give or exhange any goods or other things in exchange for any fort of in so taken, as aforesaid.

II. And be it further enacted, That every maker or com-Every maker. nander for the time being, of any imack, hoy, yagur, boat, &c. of any up or other veffel, in which any fish shall be imported or smack, &c. in rought to shore, contrary to the true intent and meaning of shall be imais act, being thereof lawfully convicted upon his appearance, ported, fiall r desimile made after due sammons, before one or more justice forfeit 201. r justices of the peace of the county, city or place where the to be levied ffender thell raide on be found, by the oath of two or more by diffrent; redible witnesses, which outh such justice or justices are herey impowered and required to administer, shall forfeit for every ffence the fum of twenty pounds of lawful money of Great 3ritain, to be levied by diffress and sale of the offender's goods and chattels, by warrant under the hand and feal, or hands and exis of fueb justice or justices, rendring to the party the overplus, if any be; and in default of payment of the faid twenty sounds, or sufficient distress, the same justice or justices shall or suffer is commit every fuch offender to the common gool of fuch coun-months impriy, city or place, there to suffer imprisonment during the space somment. of twelve months.

III. Previded, That nothing herein contained shall extend, This act shall we be construct to extend, to prevent the importing, buying or not extend exposing to fale any eds, stock-fish, anchovies, sturgeon, he to prevent the targe, or cavear.

IV. And whereas of late years the breed and fry of fea fift has The melhes of been greatly prejudiced and destroyed by the using of nots of too small nets to be of lize or. mesh, and by other illegal and unwarrantable practices; be it the fize of 3 enacted by the authority aforesaid. That from and after the inches and an twenty fifth day of September one thousand seven hundred and halffrom knot fixteen, if any person or persons shall use at sea, upon the coast of that part of Great Britain called England, any traul-net, dragnet or let net whatloever, for the catching of any kind of fifth (except herrings, pilchards, forats or lavidnian) which hath any except for mesh or make of less size than three inches and half at least catching of from knot to knot, or which hath any false or double bottom, herrings, &c, cod or pouch, or shall put any net or nets, though of legal fize or meth, upon or behind the others, in order to catch and de- Nor shall any stroy the small fish which would have passed through any single net, tho of net of three inches and half meth, all and every fuch person legal size, be and persons so offending shall forfeit all and singular such person put behind and persons so offending shall forfeit all and singular such net or another, nets, to used contraty to the true intent and meaning hereof, on penalty and also for every such offence the sum of twenty pounds of law-forfeiture ful money of Great Britain, to be recovered and levied in such thereof,

importing of

manner 201. to 1 .c.

covered as abore.

manner and form: authorizedty above indicted upon the higher of any velicl, wherein full that be imported contrary to this act, is above directed to be recovered and levied; and in default of payment of the faid twenty pounds, or of fufficient diffress, the offender to be imprisoned in like manner, during the space of

the poor.

twelve months. · V. And it is hereby further enacted. That all penalties and One moiety to the informer, forfeitures mentioned in this act, except acts of illegal or false the other to bottoms, cods or pouches, as aforefaid, (all necessary charges.

> for the recovery thereof being first deducted) shall be distributed and disposed of in manner following, (that is to fay) one moiety thereof to the informer, and the other moiety thereof to the poor of the parish where such offence shall be committed.

be burnt.

Illegal nets to VI. And it is hereby further enacted and provided, That where any illegal nets of less mesh or moke than three inches and half at least from knot to knot, or of false or double bottom, cod or pouch, shall be proved, as aforesaid, to have been forfeited, such net or nets shall, by warrant of such justice or justices be publickly burnt. VII. And for the further preservation of the said fry of fish, be

Penalty of sel-

ling unitable it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons shall, at any time after the twenty ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, bring to shore in that part of Great Britain called England, sell, offer or expose to sale, or shall exchange for any other goods, matter or thing, any unfizable fish, that is to say, bret, turbet, brill or pearl, codlin, whiting, mullet, bass, place, soles or flounders, which shall not be of the feveral lengths or fizes following, from the eyes to the utmost extent of the tail, (viz.) every bret or turbet, sixteen inches; every brill or pearl, fourteen inches; every codlin, twelve inches; every whiting, fix inches; every base and mullet, twelve inches; every fole, eight inches; every place or dab, eight inches; and every flounder, seven inches; all and every person and persons so offending shall for every such offence forfeit all and every such unsizeable fish so brought on shore, sold, offered or exposed to sale, or exchanged, as aforesaid, to the poor of the parish or place where such offence shall be committed, and also shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay the fum of twenty shillings of lawful money of Great Britain, one moiety thereof to the informer, and the other moiety thereof to the poor of the parish or place where the offence shall be committed, and to be levied and recovered as other penalties by this act inflicted are directed to be levied and recovered; and in default of payment of the said forseiture, or of sufficient distress for satisfaction thereof, the offender shall, by warrant of one or more justice or justices of the peace, be sent to the next house or houses of correction, or other common gaol or prison of any county, city, town or place where such offence shall be committed, there to be severely whipt, and kept to hard labour for the space of six days, and not longer than fourteen days. VIII. Pro-

Will. Provided always, That where any perfon thall fuffer Perfons sufferimprisonment pursuant to this act, for any offence contrary here, ing imprisonunto, in default of payment of, or fufficient diffress for any pe- liable to such nalty hereby imposed; such person shall not be liable afterwards penalty. to pay fuch penalty.

IX. Provided also, That no person shall suffer any punishment prosecution in for any offence committed against this act, unless the prosecution one month. for the same be commenced within one month after such offence

withflanding.

X. And subereas by an act made in the tenth and eleventh years of King William the Third, intituled, An act for making Billing Jgate a free market for sale of fish, the importation of lobsters and turbets, in foreign weffels is probibited: and whereas the fuid probibitien has made labkers and turbets much dearer than they were before the puffing the faid act; for remedy whereof, and for the better Lobsters and fupplying this kingdom with lobiters and turbets at reasonable turbets may rates, be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That be imported it shall and may be lawful to and for any perfect whats as they might it shall and may be lawful to and for any person whatso-have been beever, as well foreigners as British, freely to import, bring in-sore the act to, and sell in the kingdom of Great Britain, in any ship or ves- 10 & 11 W. 5. fel whatfoever, any quantity of lobsters or turbets, whether they 6. 24. be of foreign or British catching, in the same manner they might have done before the faid recited act of the tenth and eleventh years of the reign of his late majesty King William was made; any thing in the faid act, or any other act fince made, or usage, to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

committed; any thing herein contained to the contrary not-

XI. And whereas in an act of parliament passed in the fourth and fifth years of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for the encrease and better preservation of salmon, and other fish in the rivers within the counties of Southampton and Wilts, there is contained a clause whereby it is enasted. That no person or persons (not being duly qualified) should thereafter kill, destroy, or wilfully hurt any salmon or salmon-kind, or any other fift, and that The clause in . neither they, nor any other person or persons whatseever, should or 4 & 5 Ann. might, at any time or times after the thirtieth day of June which to the catching should be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven bundred and six, of salmon, &c. take, kill or destroy any salmon, salmon-peal, or salmon-kind, by repealed, so hawks, racks, gins, nets, angles, or other devices what soever, until far as it relates hauks, racks, gms, nets, angles, or other actives unuaspecter, ume to the owners after the eleventh day of November in every year, or offer to fale of the filheries any of the faid fish so taken, under the pains, penalties, forfeitures therein menand imprisonments in the said act mentioned; be it enacted by the tioned. authority aforesaid, That the said clause, so far as the same doth and may concern the respective owners and proprietors of the fithery and fishing in the respective rivers in the said act mentioned, and every other person and persons entitled to fish in the fame, and every of them, and his and their respective servants

XII. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, After Nov. 15, That it shall and may be lawful for such owners, proprietors 171 still Augus,

and agents, and every of them, shall be and is hereby repealed,

and be deemed and taken to be hereby repealed.

and in every year,

**2118**7

fuch owners, &e. may take faimon, &c.

and persons, and his and; their forrants and agents, and every, or any of them, at any time or times hereafter, from the clevench day of November, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thoufand seven hundred and fistnen, until the first day of Angust in every year, to take, kill or deftroy any falmon, falmon-peal or falmon-kind, or offer to fale any of the faid fift to taken between the times aforefaid.

No fuch owner fhall, after following, or in any year year between those days, take any falmon, &c.

XIII. Provided, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That no fuch owner, proprietor or perfor aforefaid, or Aug. 1. 1716. any of his or their fervants or agents, shall or may at any time till Nov. 12. or times after the first day of August which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand feven hundred and finteen, and between that day and the twelfth days of November these next following, or at any time or times then after, between the first day of August and the twelfth day of November in any year, take, kill or doflroy, or wilfully hurt any falmon, falmon-peal or falmon-kind, by hawks, racks, gins, nets, angles, or other devices whatforer, on offer to fale any of the faid fift fo taken, under the like pains, penalties, forfeitures and imprisonments as are mentioned and contained in the faid recited act.

XIV. And subcreas the fourral acts of parliament heretefore made for the preservation of fishing within the rivers of this realm, have hitherts proved ineffectual in respect to the rivers Severn, Dee, Wye, Teame, Were, Tees, Ribble, Merley, Dun, Air, Oune, Swalle, Calder, Wharf, Eure, Darwent and Trent, for sums of a due exceuregement to be given to fuch perfons who could discover the many illegal practices and abuses done therein, and by reason of the dilateriness and expensionness of the fuits and proceedings directed by the said ails for punishing such abuses; wherefore for remedy thereas, and for the better fecuring the spawn, fry, and young breed of sal-Defireying the mon in the faid rivere, he it further enacted by the authority zforefaid, That if any person or persons whatsoever shall at any time hereafter, lay or draw any kind of nets, engines or devices, or wilfully do or commit, or cause to be done or committed, any other act whatfoover in the faid rivers, or in any of them, whereby the spawn, or small fry of salmon therein,

fry of falmon in the rivers, Severn, Dec.

and taking falmon in the faid rivers be-

of July and Nov. 12. with any other net, &c. than are allowed by 3 Eliz. c. 17.

whereby the falmon therein may be taken, or hindred from palfing or going up the faid rivers to foawn, or shall at any time hereafter, between the last day of July and the twelsth day of Nevember for ever, by or with any net, device, engine, ways tween the last or means whatfoever, take, kill, destroy, or wilfully hust any falmon of any kind or fize whatforever in the faid rivers, or shall at any time after the faid twelfth day of November fish there for falmon with any other net or nets than what is or are allowed of by an act of parliament made in the first year of the reign of

or any kepper or shedder-falmons, or any falmon not being in length eighteen inches or more, from the eye to the extent of the middle of the tail, shall be taken, and killed or defiroyed, or shall hereafter make, erect, or for any bank, dam, hedge or flank, net or nets cross the said rivers, or any part thereof,

[1784]

fry of fifty and by another not made in the thinnesh year of the and ya Gar. a. reign of our late fovereign lord: King Charles the Second, inti-flat. 1. C. 9. tuled; An all for the profescution of fifting in the river Severn; every person to effending in any of the laid cases, who shall be the offender convided thereof before any justice or justices of peace of the hall forfeit sl. country wherein the faid offence shall be committed, either up and nots; to on view of fuch justice or justices, by confession of such offender, he levied by or by one or more credible witness or witnesses upon outh (which diffress outh every fach justice of peace is hereby impowered to administer) shall forfeit the sam of five pounds for every fuch offence; bolides the fifth to taken, and the nets, engines and devices used in doing or committing the fame; one molety of the hid fum to he paid to the informer or informers, and the other moiety: thereof to the poor of the parish where the faid offence shall be committees, to be levied by diffress and fale of the offender's goods and chattele, by warrant under the hand and leaf of the justice or justices of peace before whom he shall be convicted, as afterofaid, rendring the overplus, if any be, over and above the charges of the diffress, to the person to distrained; and for and for want want of fuch diffres the offender shall be committed to the house thereof, be of correction, or other county gaol or prilon, for any time nobthe house of extereding three months, not less than one month, there to be correction, &c. kept to hadd labour, and fuffer fuch other corporal pumishment and the nets, as the faid justice or justices, upon consideration of the circum. dec. to be dofrances of such offence, shall think fit; and the said justice or justices of the peace, before when the person so offending shalk be convicted, shall order such note, engines and devices made use of in taking such fish, to be seized and immediately cut in pieces, or otherwise destroyed in his or their presence, and shall and banks, sec. also cause such banks, dams, hedges or stanks, made or crected removed at the crofs the faid river, to be demolished and removed at the charges offender. of fuch offender, fuch charges if not paid down on conviction, to be levied in the fame manner as the faid from of five pounds is speciented to be levied.

· XV. And whereas several fishmongers of London and other cities and towns, by themselves, or their agents, frequently buy and contract with the fishermen using the said rivers of Severn, Dee, Wye, Tekrito; Were, Tecs, Ribble, Menley, Dun, An, Ouse, Swhile, Calder, Wharf, Eure, Darwers and Trent, or others inployed by them, for great quantities of fallmon to be taken in the faid Sending to rivers; within gives great encouragement to the taking falmen there of Landon from inficiable length, and at unformable times; be in therefore fur, the faid rivers, or buying, ac. there enacted; That no fuch falmon shall be sent to London to any salmon. fach fiftimongers, or their agents, that faull weigh lefe than fix lefs than fix pounds each fish; and every person buying, felling or sending pounds weight any first falmon of less weight than fix pounds, who shall be each, convicted thereof in manner as aforefaid, shall forfeit the sum forseits 51. of five pounds for every fuch offence, belides the fish so to be bought and fold; one moiety of the faid fum and fish to be paid and diltributed to the informer or informers, and the other moiety thereof to the poor of the parish where such offence

charges of the

fhall

to be levied by shall be committed; the said sum, if not paid upon conviction, diffress,

to be levied by distress and sale of the offender's goods and chattels, by warrant under the hand and feal of the justice or justices of peace, before whom he shall be convicted, as aforesaid, rendring the overplus, if any be, over and above the charges of and for want, such distress, to the owner; and in default of sufficient distress, to be commit- the offender shall be committed by such justice or justices to the house of correction, or other county-gaol or prison, there to be kept to hard labour for the space of three months, unless the faid forfeiture shall be in the mean time paid.

ted for 3 months.

Offenders punished by this

act, thall not incur the penalty of any other law.

fions, whose

determination shall be final.

The owners of antient wears and locks, may cient wears or locks upon any rivers; but that it shall and may repair them, &c. notwithstanding this

made.

XVI. Provided, That where any offender in the faid rivers, or in any of them, shall be punished by force of this act, he shall not be prosecuted, nor incur the penalty of any other law or statute for the same offence. XVII. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted, That all per-

Appeal to fef- fons who shall think themselves aggrieved by any judgment of any justice or justices of the peace, in any of the cases aforesaid, may appeal to the justices of the peace of the county, city or place where such judgment shall be given, at their next general quarter session, who are hereby impowered to hear and finally determine the same. XVIII. Provided, That this act, or any thing herein contained, shall not extend or be construed to extend, to any an-

be lawful for the proprietors or owners thereof to repair, main-

tain, rebuild, remove or take down any of the laid wears or

locks, as they might have done in case this act had not been

## CAP. XIX.

An act for raising nine bundred and ten thousand pounds for publick services, by sale of annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, redeemable by parliament; and to authorize a treaty concerning private rights claimed by the proprietors of the sugar-bouses in Scotland.

tion of money ig by this £ 18. 1 Geo. 1. fat. 2. C. 12.

fund of the governor and company of the bank of England, read, Su I Geo. lating to Exchequer-bills; and for fettling an additional revenue of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds per annum upon his Majesty during his life, for the service of the civil government; and for establishing a certain fund of fifty four thousand fix hundred pounds per annum, in order to raise a sum not exceeding nine hundred and ten thousand pounds for the service of the publick, by fale of annuities, after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, redeemable by parliament, it is, among st other things enacted, That for raising a sum not exceeding nine bunared and ten thousand pounds, as part of the necessary supply for the service of your Majesty's navy and forces, and other publick occasions,

a certain yearly sum of sifty-four thousand six hundred pounds, from the feast of St. Michael the archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, for ever, shall, by quarterly payments at the four most usual feasts of the year, by equal portions, without any deduction or abatement what soever, be separated and set apart at the receipt of the Exchequer, out of the monies of a general or aggregate fund arifing and to arife by several duties and revenues in and by the faid att appropriated for that and other purposes therein particularly expressed; and that the said yearly sum of sisty four thousand fix bundred pounds, shall, from time to time be issued and applied to answer and satisfy such perpetual annuities as should be purchased after the rate of six pounds per centum per annum, subject nevertheless to be redeemed according to the true intent and meaning of such all or alls of parliament as should be passed in that behalf: and whereas it is by the aforesaid act provided. That from and after the complete paying off and discharging all the principal and interest which shall be due upon all the Exchequer-bills therein mentioned, and cancelling the same, and full payment of all arrearages (if any shall be then due) for and upon the allowances, yearly fums, and deficiencies therein expressed; then and not till then, the said general or aggregate fund by that all established for the several purposes aforesaid, and all the subsidies, duties and revenues contained therein, shall be understood to be redeemed by parliament, other than and except certain particular fublidies and duties therein described, that is to say, the subsidies and duties called the two thirds of a subsidy of tonnage and poundage, upon goods and merchandizes imported, and certain duties upon coffee, cocoa-nuts, chocolate, cocoa-paste, tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, pictures, and muslins, and certain increased duties upon coffee, cocoa-nuts, chocolate, cocoa-paste, tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, and pictures, and certain further duties upon all white callicoes, China ware, and drugs: and it is by the same aft also enacted. That all the said particular subsidies and duties so excepted, shall be continued for answering and paying out of the same (amongst other payments therein mentioned) all the monies which after such redemption shall grow due for and upon the said yearly sum of fifty four thousand fix hundred pounds for the payment of the said annuities, after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, intended to be purchased, as aforesaid, and that the same annuities should continue for ever, unless they be redeemed by parliament; and that the faid particular subsidies and duties so continued for answering such payments, or so much thereof as should be sufficient to pay the same, are and shall be appropriated, issued, and applied thereunto, in such manner as in and by the faid act in part before recited (relation thereunto being had) may more fully appear; and whereas it is conceived, That the said sum, not exceeding nine hundred and ten thousand pounds for the service of the publick, may be raised by sale of annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, and consequently that forty five thousand five hundred pounds per annum, part of the faid fum of fifty four thousand six hundred pounds per annum, will be a sufficient fund for answering the said annuities at that. rate, until fuch redemption: now for the encouragement of fuch perlons

Tons and corporations as are or shall be willing to advance, for the fervice of the publick, any sum or sums of money, not exceeding nieve hundred and ten thousand pounds, for purchasing amuities at the said rate of five pounds per centum per annum, to be fettled upon the faid yearly sum of forty-five thousand five hundred pounds, part of the faid yearly fum of fifty-four thousand six hundred pounds, until redemption by parliament, according to the tenor and true maching of this act: we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament affembled, do humbly befeech your Majefty, that it may be enacted and declared, and be it enacted and declared by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this prefent parliament affembled, and by the autho-

the yearly fund for paying the annuicent. See 9 Geo. 1. c. 5. 20 Geo. 1. C. 5. 2Geo.1. fat.2,

45,500l to be rity of the same, That the yearly sum of forty-five thousand five hundred pounds, part of the faid yearly fum of fifty-four thoufand fix hundred pounds, is and shall be a distinct and separate ties, at 51. per fund, and be iffued and applied as this act directs, for answering and paying the faid annulties, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, to be purchased upon this act, by quarterly payments, until the redemption thereof by parliament, according to the proviso herein after specified: any thing in this or in the faid recited act, or in any other law or statute whatfoever, to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding. II. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all of-

Officers, ca-9 W. 3.

thiers, &c. li- ficers, cashiers, and other persons whatsoever, who are or shall able to the act be concerned in railing, receiving, or accounting for the leveral duties or revenues, out of which the faid yearly fum of fortyfive thousand five hundred pounds, part of the said yearly sum of fifty-four thousand fix hundred pounds, is to be supplied, as aforefaid, or any of them, or in separating, paying, applying, or accounting for the laid yearly fum of fifty-four thousand fix hundred pounds, or any part thereof, during the continuance thereof, or any part thereof, shall perform their several duties in the premisses, as to them respectively shall appertain, under fuch and the like penalties, forfeitures and difabilities, for any offence or neglect therein, or for detaining, diverting or milapplying any part of the faid yearly fum of fifty-four thousand fix hundred pounds, or of the faid yearly fund of forty-five thoafand five hundred pounds to be supplied out of the fame, or the monies appointed for raising them, or either of them, or any part thereof, as are prescribed and to be inflicted by virtue of an act of parliament made and passed in the ninth year of the reign of King William the Third, of glorious memory, intituled, Ma act for raising a sum, not exceeding two millions, upon a fund for payment of annuities, after the rate of eight pounds per centum per annum, and for fettling the trade to the East-Indies, for the like

9 & 10 W. 3. C. 44.

> of the monies which were granted or appropriated by the act last mentioned. III. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid. That year-

offence or neglect, relating to the duties thereby granted or referred to, or for detaining, diverting, or milapplying any part

ly.

y and every year, from and after the feast of Saint Michael the Fund to take rchangel, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred place at Mich. rad fifteen, for ever, the faid yearly fum of forty-five thousand 1715. ive hundred pounds, arising as aforefaid, into the receipt of the Exchequer, shall be the whole and entire yearly fund; and inafe all the monies arising into the Exchequer, as aforesaid, shallnot in any fuch year amount to so much as forty-five thousand ive hundred pounds, then the monies so arising, so far as they will extend, shall be part of the yearly fund for or towards the rnfwering and paying all the annuities after the rate of five sounds per centum per annum, to be purchased upon this act: and that all and every deficiency and deficiencies of the faid Deficiency to whole yearly fum of forty-five thousand five hundred pounds, be supplied or any part thereof, which shall appear at the end of any one out of the first year, to be reckoned as aforefaid, for payment of such annui-aids in parliaties as shall be purchased upon this act at the rate aforesaid, for the same year respectively, shall be supplied or made up, from time to time, out of the first aids to be granted in parliament next after such deficiency shall appear, and shall, from time to time, be transferred thereunto, as foon as fuch aid shall be

IV. And it is hereby enacted, That all the monies by this or All the monies the said recited act, required to be brought into the Exchequer, to be entred in a book. or to be there fet apart, for or upon account of the faid yearly furn of fifty-four thousand six hundred pounds, shall be fairly and duly entred in one or more book or books to be kept in the offices of the auditor of the receipt, and clerk of the pells, for that purpose, to which all persons concerned at all seasonable times shall have free access without see or charge.

granted.

V. And for raising any sum and sums of money, not exceeding in Any persons the whole the said sum of nine hundred and ten thousand pounds for may be conpublick services as oforesaid: be it further enacted by the authori- tributors. ty aforesaid. That it shall and may be lawful to and for any perfon or persons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, to contribute, advance, and pay to the first or chief cashier of the governor and company of the bank of England, for the time being, at or before the respective days and times by this act limited in that behalf, any fum or fums of money, not exceeding in the whole the faid fum of nine hundred and ten thoufand pounds, for the purchase of any annuity or annuities, to commence from the said feast of Saint Michael the archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fisteen; and to be paid and payable to fuch contributor or contributors, or fuch as he, she, or they shall nominate, his, her, or their executors, administrators, successors, or assigns respectively, until the same shall be redeemed according to the tenor or true meaning of the proviso or condition herein after-mentioned in that behalf; so as such cashier or cashiers do first give security to the good liking of any three or more of the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury now being, or of the high treasurer or commissioners of the treasury, for the time being, for duly an-

swering and paying into the receipt of the Exchequer, for the publick use, the monies so to be advanced or contributed, and to account duly for the same; which annuities before-mentioned shall be computed at the rate of five pounds per contum per annum, for every one hundred pounds, and proportionably for any greater fum so to be advanced or paid; and the purchasemoney for every such annuity at the rate aforefaid, is hereby

appointed to be paid to the said cashier, as aforesaid, at or be-

fore the respective days and times herein after limited, that is ment.

Times of pay- to fay, one fifth part thereof on or before the twenty-ninth day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen; one other fifth part thereof on or before the twenty-ninth day of *November* in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen; one other fifth part thereof on or before the twenty-eighth day of January then next ensuing; one other fifth part thereof on or before the twenty-ninth day of March then next following; and the remaining fifth part thereof on or before the twenty-ninth day of May which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sixteen: all which annuities so to be purchased, shall not exceed in the whole the faid fum of forty-five thousand five hundred pounds per annum, and shall be paid and payable at the four most usual feasts or days of payment in the year, that is to say, the feasts of the birth of our Lord Christ, the annunciation of the blessed virgin Mary, the nativity of Saint John Baptist, and Saint Michael the archangel, by even and equal portions, or within fix days after every of the faid feast-days; the first payment thereof to be due at the feast of the birth of our Lord Christ, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, or within fix days after the same feast-day; nevertheless the faid annuities shall be redeemable according to the purport and true meaning of a proviso or condition herein after contain-Cashier to give ed in that behalf, and not otherwise; and the said cashier of the faid governor and company, for the time being, is hereby au-

him any such sum and sums of money, as aforesaid, forthwith

thereof; in which account the said cashier shall have just allow-

a receipt to contributors, thorized and required, upon the advancing and paying to

to give a receipt in writing, figned by himfelf, for each payment, to the contributor or payer thereof; and from time to time to and to pay in- pay into the receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer all the monies to the Exche- which he shall receive, of or for the said sum not exceeding nine quer, &c. hundred and ten thousand pounds, as fast as he shall receive the fame, or any part thereof, or within five days at the farthest; and to account for all the monies so to be advanced to him, in his Majesty's court of Exchequer, according to the due course

> ance of all monies which he shall have paid for prompt payments pursuant to this act.

VI. And it is hereby enacted, That in the office of the acgeneral of the countant general of the governor and company of the bank of bank to keep England, for the time being, there shall be provided and kept a a book of the book or books, in which there shall be fairly entred the names of &c.

of all who shall be contributors for such annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, as aforefaid, and of all performs by whose hands the said contributors shall pay in any of the faid frams upon this act, and also the furn so paid; to which book. it shall be lewful for the said respective contributors, their executors, administrators, successors and assigns, from time to time, at all feafonable times, to have refort, and to inspect the same without fee or charge; and the faid accountant general, for the time being, shall on or before the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and fixteen, transmit an attested duplicate, fairly written in paper, of the faid book or books into the office of the auditor of the receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer, there to remain for ever.

VII. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That Annuities all and every the annuities fo to be purchased at the rate afore-charged on faid, shall be and are hereby charged upon, and shall be paid and the fund of payable, from time to time, out of the monies arising and to a: 45,500 L&C. rile, of or for the said yearly fund of forty-five thousand five hundred pounds, or by other the provisions or supplies made or to be made by or in pursuance of this act, for the payment thereof, in the manner and form by this act prescribed in that behalf; and that all and every contributor and contributors upon this act, duly paying the confideration or purchase-money at the rate aforefaid, at or before the respective days and times in this act limited in that behalf, for fuch annuity or annuities, as aforesaid, or such as he, she or they shall appoint, his, her or their respective executors, administrators, successors and assigns, shall have, receive and enjoy, and be entituled by virtue of this act, to have, receive and enjoy the respective annuity and annuities so to be purchased out of the monies by this act appropriated or appointed, or to be supplied for payment thereof, as aforesaid, and shall have good and sure estates and interests therein for ever, subject only to the proviso or condition of redemption in this act afterwards contained concerning the same; and that all the said annuities to be purchased on this act, and the principal monies paid for the fame, and every of them, during the Taxifree. continuance thereof, shall be free from all taxes, charges and impolitions whatloever.

VIII. And for the more easy and sure payment of the said annui- Bank to imties, to be purchased, as aforesaid, according to the true meaning of ploy a chief this present all; it is hereby further enacted by the authority accountant forefaid, That the governor and company of the bank of Eng-general. land, and their fuccessors, shall from time to time, until the said annuities shall be redeemed by parliament according to this act, appoint and imploy one sufficient person, within their office in the city of London, to be their chief or first cashier, and one other The cashier to sufficient person, within the same office; to be their accountant receive the general; and that so much of the monies which shall or ought fund at the to be from time to time separated or set apart in the receipt of Exchequer Exchequer, for or upon account of the faid yearly fund of fifty quarterly, &ce. four thousand six hundred pounds, for answering the said annu-Vol. XIII. ities ...

isies to be purchased upon this act, as shall bear a full proportion to the whole fum, which shall be advanced or contributed upon this act, after the faid rate of five pounds per centum per annum, shall by order of the commissioners of his Majesty's treafury, or any three or more of them now being, or of the high treasurer, or commissioners of the treasury of his Majesty, his heirs and successors for the time being, without any further or other warrant to be fued for, had or obtained in that behalf, be from time to time, quarterly, as aforefaid, iffued and paid at the faid receipt of Exchequer, to the said first or chief cashier of the faid governor and company of the bank of England, and of their fuccessors for the time being, by way of imprest, and upon account, for the payment of the laid annuities to be purchaled upon this act, at such times, and in such manner and form as are by this act prescribed in that behalf; and that all and every such cashier or cashiers, to whom the said monies shall from time to time be iffued. shall from time to time without delay, apply and pay the same accordingly, and render his accounts thereof according to the due course of the Exchequer; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding. IX. And it is hereby also enacted, That the said accountant

Accountant eneral to inspect the receipts of the cathier.

Annuities a perional estate, &c.

Interest at 81. per cent, for prompt pay-

examine all the receipts and payments of the faid cafhier, and the vouchers relating thereunto, in order to prevent any fraud. negligence or delay; and that all and every person and persons whatfoever, who shall be entitled to any of the faid annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, and all persons lawfully claiming under them, shall be possessed thereof, as of a personal estate, and the same shall not be descendable to the beir, and shall not be liable to any foreign attachment by the custom of London, or otherwise; any law, statute or custom to

general for the time being shall, from time to time, inspect and

the contrary potwithstanding. K. And for the encouragement of the contributors to advance and say readily to the laid sasbier the sums by them intended to be advanted upon this act; it is provided and enacted by the authority aforesaid. That every such contributor who shall advance and pay to the said cashier within the times limited by this act, the purchafe-money payable for any annuity or annuities at the rate aforesaid, his, her or their executors, administrators, successors and affigns respectively, shall be allowed and paid out of the contribution-money arising by this act, interest, after the rate of eight pounds per centum per annum, for the prompt payment of the purchase-money, or of such proportions of the purchasemoney as shall be so advanced before the twenty-ninth day of September, one thousand seven hundred and fifteen: the said interest to be computed for the respective sums so advanced and paid to the faid cashier, from the time or respective times of the actual advancing and paying the same to the said cashier until the faid twenty-ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and fifteen.

XI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That

That all the monies to be advanced or contributed upon this as All the monies for or towards the faid fum, not exceeding nine hundred and ten advanced to thousand pounds, shall be deemed, reputed and taken to be one flock, &c. capital or joint flock, on which the faid annuities, after the rate 12 Geo.1. C, 20 of five pounds per centum per annum, shall be uttending; and that all and every person and persons and corporations whatsoever, in proportion to the money by him, her or them advance ed upon this act, shall have and be deemed to have an interest or there in the faid flock, and in the proportional annuity attending the fame, at the rate aforefaid, for the monies to by him, her or them advanced; and that the said capital or jointflock, or any fhare or interest therein, and the proportional annuity attending the fame, shall be assignable and transferrable as this act directs, and not otherwise; and that there shall be constantly kept at all reasonable times in the office of the faid chief A transfer accountant for the time being, within the city of London, a book book to be or books, wherein all affignments or transfers of the faid flock, kept by the or any part thereof, and the proportional annuity attending the chief accounts fame, at the rate aforefaid, shall be entred and registred, which entries shall be conceived in proper words for that purpose, and shall be figured by the parties making such assignments or transfers, or (if fuch party be ablent) by his, her or their attorney thereunto lawfully authorized by writing under his, her or their hands and feals, to be attefted by two or more credible witnesses: and that the person or persons to whom such transfer shall be made, do underwrite his, her or their acceptance thereof; and that no other method of affigning or transferring the faid stock and annuities attending the fame, or any part thereof, or any interest therein, shall be good or available in law.

XII. Provided always, That any person or persons possessed Devices of anof fuch flock, with the annuity or annuities attending the same, nuities to be or any estate or interest therein, may devise the same by will in entred in the writing, attefted by two or more credible witnesses, but that such devifee shall receive no payment thereupon, till so much of the faid will as relates to the faid flock or annuity, be entred in the faid office, and in default of fuch transfer or devise, the said flock and annuities attending the fame, shall go to the executors or administrators; and that no stamp-duties whatsoever shall be chargeable on the said transfers, or any of them; any No stamp-duother law or flatute to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIII. And it is hereby enacted and declared, That all per- Affignee of fons who shall accept any assignment or transfer of any stock stock liable to from any contributor, who shall have paid only part of the con- pay the resitribution-money for the same, to the use of the publick, shall due of contribe liable to pay the residue of the said contribution-money, and ney, &c. to fuch forfeitures for non-payment thereof, as the original contributor would have been liable if no such transfer had been made.

XIV. Provided always, That no person or persons whatsoe- No contribuver shall or may purchase or obtain, or be admitted to purchase tion after 29 or obtain any of the annulties at the rate aforefaid, upon this Sept. 2735.

Q 2

act, unless the whole or one fifth part at least of the consideration-money for the same, at such rate as aforesaid, be advanced and paid to the faid cashier on or before the said twenty-ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and listeen.

Penalty for not times appoint-

XV. Provided also, That in case any such contributor, as apaying by the foresaid, who shall on or before the said twenty-ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, have advanced to the said cashier one fifth part of his, her or their said purchale-money, or his, her or their executors, administrators, succeffors or affigns, do not advance and pay to the faid caffier, one other fifth part of his, her or their consideration-money to to be paid for such respective annuity or annuities, as aforesaid, on or before the twenty-ninth day of November then next enfuing; and one other fifth part thereof, on or before the twenty-eighth day of January then next coming; one other fifth part thereof, on or before the twenty-ninth day of March then next following; and the remaining fifth part thereof on or before the twentyninth day of May which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sixteen; then and in every such case respectively, so much of the consideration-money as shall have been actually paid for the first payment to the said cashier for fuch respective annuity, shall be forfeited for the benefit of the publick, and no interest, at the rate aforesaid, shall be payable for the faid first payment; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding. XVI. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the au-

Bank to conannuities are

tinue a corpo-thority aforefaid, That the faid governor and company of the ration till the bank of England, and their successors (notwithstanding the redemption of all or any their own funds, in pursuance of the redeemed, &c. acts for establishing the same, or any of them) shall continue a corporation, with all the powers, privileges and advantages thereunto belonging, for the purposes in this act expressed, till all the annuities to be purchased on this act shall be redemed by parliament, according to the proviso herein after contained in that behalf; and that the said governor and company, or any members thereof, shall not incur any disability for or by reason of their doing any matter or thing in pursuance of this act.

No fees to be . taken.

XVII. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That no fee or gratuity whatsoever shall or may be demanded or taken of any of his Majesty's subjects, for receiving or paying the faid contribution-monies, or any of them, or for any tallies, or other receipts concerning the same, or for isfuing the faid yearly fund, or any part thereof, or for paying the faid annuities, or any of them; and that no fee or gratuity shall be demanded or taken for any transfer of any fum great or fmall, to be made in pursuance of this act; upon pain that any officer or person offending, by taking or demanding any fee or gratuity contrary to this act, shall forfeit the fum of twenty pounds to the party grieved, to be recovered with full costs, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster.

XVIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the au-

thority

thorism shrefaid; That at any time upon one year's notice and When these repayment by parliament of the faid fum of nine hundred and annuities shall be redeemed. ten thousand pounds, or so much thereof as shall be advanced to Geo. 1. c. 5. upon this set, unto the respective contributors of the same, or to fuch person and persons, as by, from or under them, shall be then entitled to the faid annuities, after the rate of five Pounds her centum her annum, in respect of the money so advanced, according to such interests as they respectively shall then have in the same annuities, and also upon full payment and satisfaction of all arrears of the said annuities, after the rate of five pounds per sentum per annum, if any shall be then due, then and not till stien, the faid annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, shall cease and determine, and from thenceforth to much of the faid general or aggregate fund, and of the faid particular duties chargeable with the faid annuities, as aforesaid, as the same annuities shall amount unto, shall be underflood to be redeemed by parliament, but without prejudicing any other of the yearly fums or payments, by this or the faid recited act charged or intended to be charged on the faid general or aggregate fund, or upon the faid particular duties which shall then remain to be fatisfied out of the same; any thing herein contained to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding,

XIX. And whereas feveral exemptions from customs and excise have been, and are claimed as private rights by the proprietors of the sugar- Clause for a bauses in Scotland, touching which exemptions several questions have treaty conarisen, not as yet decided: and whereas it is evidently prejudicial to his vate rights Majesty's revenue, and to all other traders in sugars, and distilling of claimed by the spirits; that such exemptions should subsist and continue; and yet ne- proprietors of vertbeless it is just that reasonable satisfaction should be made to the the sugarfaid proprietors for any fuch private rights; be it therefore enacted houses in Scotland. by the authority aforesaid, That the commissioners of the trea- By 8 Geo. 1. fury, or any three or more of them, or the lord high treasurer c. 4. f. 6, 7, for the time being, shall be and are hereby impowered to treat 8. Such propriwith the proprietors of the fugar-houses aforesaid, for such a duties after furn or furns of money as may be a reasonable satisfaction for March 1722. such private rights of exemption from custom and excise, to which the proprietors are entitled.

XX. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That the commiffioners of the treasury, or high treasurer for the time being, The cashier shall have power to allow to the cashier or cashiers, who shall re- and accountceive the faid contribution or advance-money, not exceeding nine ant general's hundred and ten thousand pounds, as aforesaid, for his or their pains and charges in receiving and accounting for the same, a sum not exceeding five hundred pounds, out of the contribution or advance-money aforefaid, and shall also have power (out of the remainder of the faid yearly furn of fifty-four thousand fix hundred pounds, to arise over and above so much as shall be sufficient, from time to time, to discharge all monies which shall be due on the annuities to be purchased on this act) to allow and pay to the said cashier for the time being, a salary or allowance not exceeding two hundred and fifty pounds per annum, for receiving the mo-

Anno-prints Georgia I, But s. e. 20.

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ney to pay the annuities spon this act, and applying the fame to that use, and for his pains and charges in keeping and sendring his accounts thereof; and a falary or allowance her discoeding two hundred pounds per amount to the faid accountains general for the time being, for his service and charge in performing the duty and trust incumbent upon him by this adig any dising in this or any other act contained to the contrary motivities standing.

## CAP. XX.

An all for encouraging all faperiors, vuffals, landlords and tenants in Scotland, who do and fall continue in their duty and loyalty to bis majesty King George; and for discouraging all superiors, vassals, landlords and tenants there, who have been or shall be guilty of rebellions proctices against bis said Majesty; and for making weid all fraudulent entails, tailzies and conveyances made there, for barring or excluding the effect of forfeitures that may bave been, or shall be incurred there on any such account; as also for calling any suspected person or persons, whose effates or principal refidence are in Scotland, to appear at Edinburgh, or where it shall be judged expedient, to find buil for their good behaviour; and for the better defarming disaffetted persons in Scotland.

XIHEREAS the person who, in the life of the late King V James, pretended to be prince of Wales, and force his decoase bas taken upon him the stile and title of King of England, by the name of James the Third, and King of Scotland, by the name of James the Eighth, or the stile and title of King of Great Britain, being bred in the principles of popery and tyranny, bay profused to declare his intention to make an invasion upon Scotland, or some other part of his Majesty's kingdom of Great Britain, or his other dominions, meaning to seduce bis Majesty's subjects from their duty and allegiance, and to overturn the settlement of the succession in the protestant line, upon which the subversion of the reformed religion in these kingdoms, and ruin of the liberty of the subject must follow of necesfary consequence: and whereas in such conjuncture aspecially, it is most just to punish rebellious subjects, and at the same time to reward such as continue firm and loyal to his Majesty's person and government; therefore be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by authority of the same, That if any of his Majesty's ing lands, &c. subjects of Great Britain, having lands or tenements in Scotland, in property or superiority, has been or shall be guilty of high treason, by holding, entertaining or keeping any intelligence or

Persons holdin Scotland, in property or fuperiority, and adhering correspondence in person, or by letters, messages, or otherwise, to the preten- with the faid pretender, or with any person or persons imployed of exchange or otherwise, remit or pay any sum or sums of mo- liable to the new for the use or service of the said pretender, knowing such high treatm, money to be for such use or service, and that whether the said facts or things be done within or without this realm, or has been or shall be adherent to the said presender in this realm. giving him aid or comfort in this realm, or elsewhere, every such offender, who shall be thereof duly convicted and attainted, shall be liable to the pains, penalties and forfeitures for high treason, all and every vassal and vassals in Scotland, who And peacea-shall continue peaceable and in dutiful allegiance to his Majesty, ble vassals shall continue peaceable and in dutiful allegiance to his Majesty, bolding lands his heirs and successors, holding lands or tenements of any such of such offenoffender who holds such lands or tenements immediately of the der shall hold crown, shall be vested and seized, and are hereby enacted and them of the ordained to hold the faid lands or tenements of his Majesty, his crown. heirs and successors, in fee and heretage for ever, by such man-ner of holding as any such offender held such lands or tenements of the crown at the time of the attainder of fuch offender; And if fuch and where lands or tenements belonging to any such peaceable lands lie withand dutiful subjects to his Majesty, his heirs or successors, lie in any regality or constabulary in Scotland, the same shall be dissolved be and they are hereby diffolved from every fuch regality or therefrom. conflabulary for ever; and in like manner all and every tenant 20Geo. 2.C 43, and tenants in Scotland, who shall continue peaceable and in du. Temants contiful allegiance to his Majesty, his heirs and successors aforesaid, ful to his Majesty, his heirs and successors aforesaid, ful to his Majesty. bruicking and occupying any lands, milns, mines, woods, fish- jefty shall hold ings or tenements, as tenant or tenants, taxman or taxmen, their lands, from and under any such offender shall, and they are hereby &c. of persons ordamed to bruick and occupy all and every such lands, mines, attainted without paymilns, woods, fishings and tenements, for the space of two ing any rent, years or crops, to be accounted from and after such attainder, &c. for two freely, without payment of any rent, duty or service for the years. faid two years or crops; and the court of Exchequer in Scotland Exchequer in is hereby authorized and required, on production of any such Scotland to attainder, to revise, compound and pass signatures, and that in favour of without paying any composition in favours of every such vassals such vastals or vaffals, and his, her or their heir or heirs of the faid lands without any and tenements above-mentioned respectively, to be holden of compositions his Majesty, his heirs and successors, in see and heretage for ever, and by such holdings as is above-mentioned, with clauses of neva damus, and (where such lands or tenements hold waird or few rum maritagio, or with clauses irritant) with change of holdings from waird to taked waird, according to the rules now observed in the court of Exchequer in Scotland, dispensing with recognition and clauses irritant in favours of the crown in time coming, in the most ample and best form, to the end that chartours and infeftments may be thereupon duly exped.

. II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That The lands of if any subject of Great Britain, holding lands or tenements of a tenants guilty subject superior in Scotland, has been or shall be guilty of such recognosce high treason or treasons, as aforesaid, every such offender, who into the handa

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Anno primo Georgii I. Stat. 2: 8:20: 1714 of the superi-shall be thereof duly convicted and attainted, shall be liable to

*By* 5 G∞. 1. C. 22. f. 10. superiors, &c. are to pay a proportionable sbare of the debts of at-

the pains, penalties and forfeitures for high treason, and his lands or tenements held of any subject superior in Scotland; shall recognosce and return into the hands of the superior, and the property shall be and is hereby consolidated with the superiority, in the same manner as if the same lands or tenements had been by the vallal refigned into the hands of his superior and perpetainted persons, tuam remanentiam; and in case any tenant or tenants, taxman or taxmen, bruicking and occupying any lands, mines, milns, woods, fishings or tenements, being guilty of such high treason or treasons, as aforesaid, and shall be thereof duly convicted and attainted, the title by which all and every fuch tenam or tenants, taxman or taxmen, does bruick or occupy, as aforefaid, shall cease and become void; and the lands, mines, milns, woods, fishings and tenements so bruicked or occupied, together with the single and life-rent escheat of such tenant or te-. nants, taxman or taxmen, shall return to and be enjoyed and possessed by the person or persons from or under whom such title is derived respectively, who shall continue peaceable and dutiful to his Majesty, his heirs and successors. III. And for preventing of frauds or collusion in order to evade this act; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That

if the superiors, vassals or tenants, to whom the lands, mines,

milns, woods, fishings and tenements above-mentioned, are

declared and ordained to belong, shall not within fix months,

to be reckoned from the time of the attainder of the offenders

respectively, obtain themselves inseft, or do diligence really and

without collusion for attaining possession, in every fuch case the forfeitures shall belong to his Majesty, his heirs and successors.

Superiors, &c. shall obtain themselves infeft within fix months, otherwife the forfeitures shall belong to the crown.

Who shall have the benefit of this æä.

IV. Provided always, That none of his Majesty's subjects, whether superior, vassal or tenant, shall have the benefit of this act, excepting such who being lawfully called out or required to join with his Majesty's host in opposition to the said pretender or his adherents, shall do the same, or who (not being so called out or required) shall continue peaceable and dutiful to his Ma-

jesty, his heirs and successors.

Tailzies, &c. miade after Aug. 1. 1714. tainted shall

be void.

V. And whereas there is reason to believe that several persons intending to commit high treason or treasons, as aforesaid, bave made by persons at tailzies, entails or settlements of their effates, in favours of their children, or other heirs of tailzie, or conveyances, securities or alienations, with a fraudulent intent to avoid the punishment of the law due to the offences above-mentioned; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all tailzies, entails, settlements and conveyances in favours of the grantees children, or other heirs' of tailzie, or trufts, fecurities, or alienations of any effactes or inheritances made in Scotland, in the name of whatfoever person or persons, since the first day of August one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, or that shall be made there in time coming by any person or persons who shall be convicted and attainted of any such high treason or treasons aforesaid, shall be, and they are hereby declared void and null to all intents and purpofes, excepting

excepting futh deads, fecurities and alienations as have been made fince the time aforefail, or fhell be made there in time coming; for just and onerous causes, the said onerous causes being always otherwise infirmeted than by the writings them-

Cires. · V1. And whereas also at this juncture it is necessary for the publick fafety, and for the safety of every particular subject, to prevent their being seduced to rebellious, sedimous and unlawful prassices against bis Majesty's sacred person, government, and the laws, and that by such methods as may be most easy to the subjects; be it therefore further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from and after the first After Sept. 1. day of September one thousand seven hundred and sifteen, and un-1715 till Jantil the twenty-third day of Yanuary one thouland seven hundred and lord justice fifteen, the King's advocate, or in his or his deputy's absence, general, &c. his Majosty's solicitor in Socilard, may and shall, upon a war-to issue letters, rant under his Majesty's hand or sign manual, or warrant from commanding fuch person or persons as his Majesty shall impower under the ing estates in feal appointed by the treaty of union to be kept in Scotland in Scotland, to place of the great scal, for that effect, apply to the lords justice appear at Bgeneral, justice clerk, or lords commissioners of justiciary in dinburgh, &co. Scotland, craving that letters may be iffued, and (upon production of fuch warrant) the faid lords justice general, justice clerk, or lords commissioners of justiciary there, are hereby authorized and required to cause letters to be issued in his Majefly's name, and at the instance of his advocate, or in his or his' deputy's absence, his Majesty's solicitor in Scotland, for his highness's interest, in common form, commanding and charging fuch person or persons as have their estates or ordinary residence: within sectiond, to appear at Edinburgh, or any other place or: places in Scotland, and at such times as his Majesty, or the perfons to impowered shall think fit to appoint; and if his Majeity, or fuch person or persons impowered in manner aforesaid. shall think fit, then and there to find sufficient bail and caution and find bail. for the loyal and peaceable behaviour of every such person or &c. perions, and to appear when and where such perion or perions shall be appointed; and in case of contempt or wilful disobedi-Penalty of not. ence, every fuch person or persons being charged by authority appearing. of fuch letters as is herein above directed, shall incur the penalty of fingle and life-rent escheat, to be brought in for his. Majesty's use, and shall be further fined in the sum of five hundred pounds sterling, and be liable to one year's imprisonment; which letters are to contain a warrant for citing of the How the perhis person or persons, being within Scotland, personally, or at son shall be their dwelling-houses; and in case of any disturbance or oppo- of disturbance fition made to the messengers or witnesses imployed in such ser-icc. vice, to cite in the fame manner as by the law of Scotland (where there is no tutus accessus) is directed, upon seven free. days where the charge is against any person or persons living upon the fouth fide of the river of To, to appear at Edinburgh; and upon fifteen free days, where the charge is against any person or persons living upon the north side of the said river;

and

and when fuch person or persons are not in Scaland, upon fixty days, according to the forms used for citing persons who are ablent out of Scotland.

The heirs of persons whose lands are held waird of the crown, and in his Maje-· fty's fervice against the pretender, fhuli befree of waird, &c: But the King or superior may appoint fuch waird, &c. for a provision for the wife, &c. ٠.,

VII. And for the further, encouragement of becoming real and bravery in his Majesty's and the country's service, against the said pretender and his adherents; be is also further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That is it shall happen any subject of Grace who are killed Britain having lands or estate in Scotland held waird of the crown, or of any subject superior there, as well valid as subvaffal, to be killed in his Majesty's service against the faid protander and his adherents, or to receive wounds whereof any such person or persons shall afterwards die, the heir of every such person or persons shall be and is hereby enacted and ordefined to be free of the duties and califalties of waird, relief and marriage, for and on account of such lands or estate: excepting only. That it shall and may be lawful to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, where the lands of such person or perfons hold immediately of the crown, and to the immediate fuso Geo. s.c. so perior, where such lands hold of a subject, to appoint the laid galualties of maird, relief and marriage, to be applied for prevision of the wife, or younger child or children unprovided for. er not competently provided for a due confideration being always had to the condition of the beir.

No attainder shall exclude the right of a peaceable creditor.

VIII. And because it is hard that any treditor, remaining in peaceable and dutiful allegiance to his Majefty, his heirs and successors, should fuffer by the rebellion of his debtor; he it therefore further embeded by the authority, aforefaid, That no conviction or attainder, on account of the high treason or treasons abovementioned, shall hurt or exclude the right or diligence of any fuch ereditor remaining peaceable and dutiful, for focurity or payment of any true, just and lawful debt, contracted before the commission of any of the forelaid crimes.

None shall be a witness against any, by whose attainbenedit.

IX. Provided always, and he it enacted by the authority aforefaid. That no person or persons, who may reap or have any benefit or advantage by the attainder, conviction, or forfeidie hereceives ture of any person or persons by virtue of this act, shall be capable of being a withels or withelles against any person or persons, by whose attainder, conviction or forfeiture, any benefit shall or may accrue to such withers or witheres.

Lieutenants to grant warrants to feize arms, &t. of perions dans gerous.

X. And for the better securing the peace of the kingdom, be it further enacted and ordained. That the respective seutenants in that part of Great Britain called Stotland shall, over and above their power of commanding the militial and fensible sace, and constituting deputy-licutenants, and other officers, be hereby enabled and authorized by themselves, or any two or more of their depaties, to grant warrants under their hands and feals, appointing such person or persons, as they shall think sat (of which a commissioned officer; and the constable or his deputy, or in the absence of the constable and his deputy, some other person bearing office within the shire or stewartry where the fearch shall be, shall be two) to search for and seize all arms,

animanition, and other walther horse, in the canddy or persofficial of any perfets or persons, whom the said lieutenants, or any two or more of their deputies, that judge dangerous to the peace of the kingdom, and to fecure fuch arms, shown thoughton, or other warring flores for the publick fervice, and thereof, from the toutime, to give accounts to the faid tespective liensembers, and in their absence, or otherwise by their directions, to their deputies, brany two or more of them:

MI. Provided That no fuch fearth be made in any house or When the houses botween fun-ferting and fun-rising, other than in cities fearch may be and their fuburbs, boroughs royal, boroughs of regulity and made.... of bareny, where it shall and may be lawful to search in the right-sine by warrant, as afteriald if the warrant fhall to direct: and that no dwelling house of any peer of this realm be House of fearches by virtue of this act, but by immediate warrant from peers not so the Manual by interest and the statement of the st his Majefty, under his fign manual, or in the profence of the but by warlicutorsant, or one of the deputy licutematts of the faire thire or rant of the stewartry; and that in all places and houses whatsoever where King, &c. search is to be made, as aforefaid, it shall and may be lawful, Entry by force in ease of refilimet, to enter by force; and that the arms to in case of reseized may be restored to the former owners again, if the faid Arms seized lienteriants, or in their ablence, as aforefald, their deputies, or may be reany two or more of them thall to think fit.

XII. And be it further enacted, That all magistrates, and owners. other officers within the faid thires or stewartries, cities, bo- Magistrater, roughs or places aforesaid, be and are hereby required to be acc to affift. aiding and affifting to the faid respective lieutehants and their depeties; or any of them, in execution of the premises; and that all and every person and persons, who shall act or do any thing in electrica thereof, thail be hereby laved harmless and

indettailled. XIII. Provided also, That from and after the shift day of No peer capa-Officer next to come, no person being a peer of this realing ble of being a fittil be capable of acting or ferving as lieuterant or deputy lieutenant, lieuterant, in that part of Great Britain called Scotland, walless the oaths of he er they shall first, before fix lords of his Majesty's privy allegiance, &c. eventuil for the time being, or Rich other persons as still be authorized by his Majesty by order in council, to administer the fame, take and subscribe the oaths of allegiance and abjuration, and subscribe the assurance appointed by law for persons having offices or places of truff; and that from and after the Noranyunder faid fight day of Ottibes no period under the degree of a peer of the degree of this roules, shall be capable of afting as lieutement, deputy a peer, unless, liestenant, or other officer, in that pare of Greet Britain called &c. Scotland, unless he or they shall first take and subscribe the ouths, and subscribe the assurance aforesaid, which eaths and assurance any one justice of the peace of the respective shires or stewartries is hereby enabled to administer; and the said lientenant, or any one justice of the peace of the respective shires or stewartries aforefaid, is enabled to administer to the respective depury lieumants, not being peers; and the faid respective lieu-

flored to the

tenants.

tenants, and in their ablence, or otherwise by sheir directions when they are not ablent, their deputies, or any two of them shall, and are hereby enabled to administer the said oaths and assurance to the said officers.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That fuch person or persons

who shall, in pursuance of this act, have taken and subscribed

Persons having taken the oaths, exempted from taking them again.

the oaths, and subscribed the assurance aforesaid, shall not be further obliged to do the same for the said matter or cause by virtue of any other law or statute; and the said person or persons, their taking and subscribing the said oaths, and their sub-Tobe certified scribing the said affurance, shall be certified into the next quarto the sessions, ter-sessions of the peace which shall be held for such thire or stewartry, together with the original subscription or subscriptions of the same.

Perialty of

XV. And be it further enacted, That all and every fuch perneglecting to fon or persons who shall act as lieutenant, deputy lieutenant, or other officer, after three months neglect to take or subscribe the oaths, or to subscribe the assurance, as asoresaid, shall be liable to all penalties and disabilities, as persons executing offices or places of trust, after three months neglect of taking and sub-

The act 1 W. & M. feff. 1. c. 15. extended to Scotland.

scribing the oaths as appointed by law. XVI. And be it further enacted by the authority afore [aid,

now in being in Scotland.

an act made in the parliament of England in the first year of the reign of the late King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An all for the better securing the government, by disarming papists and reputed papifts, shall be in force in that part of Great Britain called Scotland, excepting only that in lieu of the declaration. mentioned in the faid act, the oaths of allegiance and abjura-

That from and after the tenth day of September next to come,

tion shall be taken and subscribed, and the declaration called the Formula, recited in an act of the parliament of Scotland, paffed. in the year one thousand seven hundred, intituled, Att for preventing the growth of popery, shall be likewise made and subscribed; and also that the counties, ridings, and divisions, mentioned in the aforesaid act, shall be construed and understood in Scotland to be thires or stewartries; and nothing in the said act contained shall be construed to establish any office which is not

Exception.

## CAP. XXI.

An all for enlarging the capital stock and yearly fund of the South-Sea company, and for supplying thereby eight hun-dred twenty-two thousand therey-two pounds four shillings and eight pence to publick uses; and for raising one bundred fixty-nine thousand pounds for the like uses, by fale of annuities upon divers encouragements therein mentioned; and for appropriating several supplies granted to bis Majesty.

AY it please your most excellent Majesty. Whereas the capital or joint-stock of the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas, and other parts of America,

rica, and for encouraging the fifbery, being adjusted and settled, pursuant to an act of parsiament made and passed in the ninth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Atme, of bleffed memory, intituled, 9 Ann. C. 21. An act for making good deficiencies, and fatisfying the publick, debts; and for erecting a corporation to carry on a trade to the South-Seas, and for the encouragement of the fishery; and for liberty to trade in unwrought iron with the subjects of Spain; and to repeal the acts for registring seamen, deth amount to the fum of nine millions one hundred seventy-seven thousand nine hundred fixty-seven pounds officen soillings four pence, and the yearly fund payable in respect thereof, to the said governor and company, and their fucceffors, after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, at the receipt of the Exchequer, until the same shall be redeemed purfuant to that, and an act of the tenth year of her faid late Majefty's 10 Ann. C. 20. reign, intituled. An act for continuing the trade to the South-Seas, granted by an act of the last session of parliament, although the capital flock of the faid corporation should be redeemed, doth amount to five hundred and fifty thousand six hundred feventy-eight pounds one shilling and four pence, besides the sum of eight thousand pounds per annum for and towards the charges of the said company for management: and whereas the said governor and company of merchants for accommodating your Majesty's publick affairs, are willing that the fum of eight hundred twenty-two thousand thirtytwo pounds four shillings and eight pence may be added to the present capital or joint-flock of the faid governor and company, whereby the whole capital or joint-stock of the said governor and company will amount to the sum of ten millions, and whereby the slock for the said fum of eight hundred twenty-two thousand thirty-two pounds four shillings and eight pence may be disposable for such publick uses and services as are herein after prescribed, so as the sum of forty-nine thousand three bundred twenty-one pounds eighteen shillings and eight pence per annum (being after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum for the faid fum of eight bundred twenty-two thousand thirty-tecto pounds four shillings and eight pence) may also be added to the faid yearly fund of five hundred and fifty thousand six hundred seventy-eight pounds one shilling and four pence, from the feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist in the year of our Lord one thousand seven bundred and fifteen, whereby the increased fund of the said governor and company of merchants, from and after the feast-day last mentioned, will amount in the whole to fix hundred thousand pounds per annum (besides the said yearly sum of eight thousand pounds for charges of management) and so as the said increased yearly fund be continued unto them until the fame shall be redeemed by parliament, as is herein after mentioned, and so as the monies due to them upon their present yearly fund, and to grow due to them on their said increased yearly fund, and the monies due and to grow due to them upon the faid eight theusand pounds per annum (until such redemption) be paid and secured, according to the tenor and true meaning of this present act; now we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament affembled, being desirous to aid your. Majesty with such supplies as may be least burthenfome

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thenforme or vexatious to your subjects, do bumbly pray your Majesty that it may be enacted and declared; and be it enacted and declared by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by authority of the same, That the faid sum of eight hundred twentyad to be added two thousand thirty-two pounds four dillings and eight pence, is added and united, and by force and virtue of this act shall be, and be deemed and taken (as from the faid feaft of the na-

> tivity of Saint John Baptist in the year of our Lord one thoufand seven hundred and fifteen) to be added and united to the

\$22,032]. 45. to the capital of the South-Sez stock.

Treasurer of the navy to write the faid fum in the company's book by Mich. 1715.

faid capital or joint-stock of the governor and company before named; and that the faid capital or joint-Rock, with the fame addition, from the feaft-day last mentioned, thoth amount, and shall be esteemed to amount in the whole to ten millions sterling; and that the treasurer of his Majery's many now being, or the treasurer thereof for the time being shall, before the feast of Saint Michael the Archangel in the year of our Lord one thoufand seven hundred and sikeen, write and be admitted to write the faid furn of eight hundred twenty-two thousand thirty-two pounds four shillings and eight pence in the proper book of the said governor and company, as part of the capital or jointflock of the same; and that the said stock of eight hundred twenty-two thousand thirty-two pounds four thillings and eight pence, so to be written in, shall be transferrable, and from the faid feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist shall have the fame dividends, benefits and privileges, and be subject to the same rules, directions and powers, as the rost of the capital Rock of the faid corporation from that time is to have, enjoy or be subject unto.

And to transof the company 583,339l. 8d. part of the said stock so written in, &c.

II. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesid, That fer for the use the said treasurer of the navy, who shall write in the said sum of eight hundred twenty-two thousand thirty-two pounds four shillings and eight pence, as aforefaid, shall immediately thereupon transfer and affign (in due form) to the cathier of the (aid governor and company, or whom the court of directors of the laid governor and company shall appoint, for the use of the faid governor and company, the full fum of five hundred eightythree thousand three hundred thirty-nine pounds and eight pence, part of the faid stock which shall have been to written in, as aforefaid, that is to fay, two hundred feventy-five thousand three hundred thirty-nine pounds and eight pence, part thereof, in full fatisfaction of their faid original fund for the half-year, reckoning from the feaft of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, and ended at the said feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen inclusively; three hundred thousand pounds more thereof in full fatisfaction of their faid increased fund for the half-year, reckoning from the faid feaft of the nativity of Saint John Baptist in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, and to end at the

feast of the birth of our Lord Christ in the same year one thous fand seven hundred and fifteen inclusively; and the remaining eight thousand pounds thereof in full satisfaction of the said allowance of eight thousand pounds per annum, for their charges of management for one whole year, beginning from the faid feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, and to end on the like feast-day in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and afteen inclufively.

III. Provided always, and it is hereby declared to be the true At Christmas intent and meaning of this present act, That the said governor 1715. an acand company, or their cashier for their use, shall and may (not-count to be withstanding any provision made by this act) proceed to receive made up of all for much of the money arising by the particular duties on falt, by the duties rock-falt, and candles, and by the feveral rates on monies given on falt, canwith clerks, apprentices, and fervants, mentioned in the said dles, &c. of act of the ninth year of her late Majesty's reign, as they might ? Anne, c. 27, have received if this act had not been made; but that within ten days after the feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one thoufand seven hundred and fifteen, an exact account shall be made up by the auditor of the receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer, of all the monies, which, within the whole year ending at the fame feast, shall have been received by the said governor and company, or their cashier, of those particular duties or rates, and the furn total of the monies so received or to be received by them within the faid year, shall go and be reckoned and accounted as part of the faid increased fund, which shall first grow due to the said governor and company, after the said seaft of the birth of our Lord Christ in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, and shall be deducted out of the same increafed fund accordingly; any thing in this or any former act or acts of parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the The remainfum of two hundred thirty-eight thousand fix hundred ninety-ing 238,6931. three pounds and four shiflings, residue of the said sum of eight 45 transferrahundred twenty-two thousand thirty-two pounds four shillings ble for the use and eight pence, to be written in, as aforefaid, for the use of &c. the publick, shall be, from time to time, transferrable as any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury now being, or the high treasurer, or commissioners of the treasury for the time being, by any warrant or warrants under his or their hands shall direct, for the use of his Majesty's navy or land-forces, or

other publick fervices, and not otherwise.

V. And it is hereby enacted, That all the several duties, All the duties, revenues and furplus monies, which, by the said act of the &c. 9 Annæ, ninth year of her late Majesty's reign, were settled, appropri-priated to ated, appointed, or intended, for answering the yearly fund make good which was to be adjusted by that act, and the said yearly sum the increased of eight thousand pounds, that is to say, such of the same du-fund. ties, revenues and furplus monies as are already come into poffestion, and the rest of them as they shall severally take estood,

Anno primo Gedrolli I. Stat. 2. C. 21.

**740**.

are hereby appropriated, and shall be applied to and for the answering and making good all the payments which, after the faid fealt of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, shall grow due, for or upon the faid increased fund, amounting to six hundred thousand pounds per amum, as aforefaid, and the faid yearly furn of eight thousand pounds for or towards charges of management, as aforefaid, and to none other use, intent, or purpose whatsoever, under fuch and the like penalties, forfeitures, and disabilities to be incurred and inflicted for diverting; milapplying, or detaining any the monies applicable to the payments by this act directed, as by the faid act of the ninth year of her late Majesty's reign, or by any other act or acts relating thereunto, were is the like case intended to be inflicted or incurred for diverting, misapplying, or detaining any the monies which were to be paid in purfuance thereof.

A quarterly to pay the fund.

VI. And to the end there may be no failure in the payment of the account to be said increased fund of six hundred thousand pounds per annum, and Exchequer of the faid fum of eight thousand pounds per annum, from er after the monies arising faid feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, until the redemption thereof by parliament, according to the proviso herein after contained; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury now being, or the high treasurer or commissioners of the treasury for the time being, shall, from and after the said feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, quarterly, at the four most usual feasts in every year, that is to fay, the feafts of the annunciation of the bleffed virgin Mary, the nativity of Saint John Baptist, Saint Michael the Archangel, and the birth of our Lord Christ, or within twenty days next after every of the faid feast-days, cause a true and exact account to be made of all the monies which, on or before the said respective quarter-days within the quarter then ended, shall have come, or was brought into the receipt of Exchequer, of the faid duties and revenues, and furplus monics, or any of them, for or towards payment of the faid increased fund, and the faid yearly fum for charges; and if upon making Deficiency to every or any fuch account, the monies fo come or brought in be made good shall appear to fall short of one fourth part of the said yearly by the treasu- sum of fix hundred thousand pounds, and eight thousand rer of the na- pounds, for the preceding quarter of a year, then, and so of ten, and in every such case, all and every sum and sums of

vy, &c.

money, so deficient, shall, upon demand to be made by the faid governor and company, or their cashier, by writing under the common seal of the said governor and company, or figner by the said cashier, and to be left with or for the treasurer the navy of his Majesty, his heirs or successors, for the time being, at or in the house or place used by such treasurer of the navy for the time being, for making payments for the use the navy, or within twenty days after such demand, be answer ed, made good, and fatisfied by the treasurer of the navy, for

the time being, of his Majesty, his heirs and successors, out of any monies then in his hands or power, or first coming to his hands or power, for the fervice of the navy, or the victual. ling thereof sall which monies are hereby charged to make good the faid payments which shall be incurred and grown due to the said governor and company from time to time, with preference to any other payments to be made out of the same for any ofe or fervice whatfoever; and the faid payments to the faid governor and company, or their cashier for their use, shall be made without fee or charge, and without any further og other warrant to be fued for, had or obtained from his Majesty, his heirs or successors, or any other person or persons whatsoever; and the faid treasurer of the navy for the time being, is hereby authorized and required (in default of specifical money to answer the payment of any such deficiency or deficiencies, as aforefaid) forthwith to dispose so much of any tallies, orders, annuities, or other parliamentary securities, which then or afterwards shall or may be in his hands or power, for the service of the navy, or the victualling thereof, as will be sufficient to enable him to discharge the deficiency then due to the said governor and company; and within twenty days after such demand, as aforefaid, to pay the fame in money without any deduction, discount or abatement to be borne or fustained by them; and fugh treasurer of the navy, from time to time, shall be allowed upon his account in the Exchequer all such payments so made by him; and the said treasurer of the navy shall also be allowed all such loss as shall happen by disposing such securities, upon the oath of the said treasurer (which the proper auditor hath hereby power to administer) verifying the truth thereof.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if Treasurer of the treasurer of the navy of his Majesty, his heirs or successors, the navy not shall at any time or times refuse or delay to make such payment paying forfeits and applications, as aforefaid, of any of the publick monies which shall be in or come to his hands or power, or (in default of specifick money) to sell and dispose of any the tallies, orders, annuities, or other parliamentary securities, which shall be in or come to his hands or power, and to apply the money arising by such sale or disposition, or so much thereof as shall be sufficient for that purpole, for or towards making good such deficiency or deficiencies of the faid annual fums of fix hundred thouand pounds, and eight thousand pounds, or either of them, as thall have incurred or become due, according to the true meaning of this present act, when and as often as any such deficiency shall happen, such treasurer of the navy shall forseit his office or place, and shall be liable to pay unto the said governor and company, and their successors, the value of all and every sum and furns of money to refuted or neglected to be paid, with treble damages and full costs of suit; the same to be recovered by the faid governor and company, and their successors, by action of debt, or of the case, bill, plaint or information founded upon Vol. XIII.

Anno primo Georgii I. Stat. 2. C. 21.

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this act, in any court of record of his Majesty, his heirs or succellors, wherein no effoin, protection, privilege of parliament, or other privilege whatfoever, wager of law, or more than one imparlance shalf be granted or allowed.

Treasury to make an annual estimate of the fund.

VIII. And to the end the service of the navy or victualling may not be prejudiced by fuch application of the money or disposition of any of the produce parliamentary securities, which shall be applied to make good any such deficiency or deficiencies, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the twenty fifth day of December one thou-Yand seven hundred and fifteen, tall such redemption by parliament, as aforefaid, there be annually within twenty days after

the twenty-fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, an estimate in writing made by the commissioners of the treasury, or high treasurer for the time being, by a medium of the three preceding years, of how much the revenues settled for payment of the said yearly fund of six hundred thoufand pounds, and the faid yearly fum of eight thousand pounds,

This sund reduced to 500,000 l. by Geo. 1. c. 9. L 1, 2, 3.

to be laid before the parliament.

will produce for the year commencing from the twenty-fifth day of December preceding such account, and ending the twentyfifth day of December succeeding such account, and how much the same are like to fall short of answering and paying thereof; and shall cause such estimate to be laid before the commons in parliament at their then session (if then actually sitting) or if the parliament shall not be then sitting, in such cale, at their first or next session, to the end a sufficient provision may be made for the service of the navy, and victualling thereof for that year; but the delay of making such provision shall not be any stop or detriment to the making good, in the manner aforefaid, the deficiencies which shall happen in the payment of the faid yearly fund of fix hundred thousand pounds, or the said yearly fum of eight thousand pounds, but the same shall from time to time, and at all times, until fuch redemption as herein after is mentioned, be answered, paid and made good by the treasurer of the navy, as aforesaid; any thing herein, or in the faid former acts, or any of them contained, or any custom or usage of the navy, or other matter or thing to the contrary 'notwithstanding.

On one year's payment, duties to cease.

See 7 Geo. 1. c. g. L 1, 2, 3, 4, 5. 10. 19.21, 22. 9 Ann. C. 21.

IX. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the authonotice and re-rity aforesaid. That at any time upon one year's notice, after the twenty-fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and fixteen, upon repayment by parliament of the faid fum of ten millions, and of all arrears of the faid yearly fums of fix hundred thousand pounds, and eight thousand pounds, or upon

payment thereof by and out of the furplus monies of the faid duties and revenues lettled for payment of the faid yearly fums; then, and not till then, all the impositions and duties by the faid act of the ninth year of her late Majesty's reign, or by this present act appropriated, shall and may be disposed of by parliament; and the faid yearly fund of fix hundred thousand pounds, and all annuities out of the lame, and the faid yearly fum of eight

ight thousand pounds shall cease and determine; but that the aid corporation by the name aforefaid, after fuch redemption of he faid yearly fums, shall continue for ever, and have perpetual uccession, and shall hold and enjoy all such forts, factories, acquisitions, lands, tenements and hereditaments, and all such beactite of trade, and other benefits, profits, powers, privileges; and advantages whatfoever, whereunto they would be entitled by the said act of the tenth year of her late Majesty's reign, in :a se the redemption of their yearly fund were made pursuant to hat act; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithita ading.

X. And it is hereby enacted, That the faid several former But corporaacts of the ninth and tenth years of her late Majesty's reign, tion to conti-arid all the powers, privileges, advantages, exemptions, rules, &c. directions, penalties, forfeitures, clauses, matters and things therein contained (being now in force) touching or concerning the faid corporation, or the faid duties and revenues by the faid acts or either of them fettled, and the faid yearly or other fums to be paid out of the same, or any of them (such alterations as are made therein by this act always excepted) shall continue and be put in execution in relation to the faid corporation, and the faid duties or revenues appropriated by this act, and the yearly or other sums hereby charged thereupon, as fully as if Acts of Annithe same powers, privileges, advantages, exemptions, rules, c. 18. confirmedirections, penalties, forfeitures, clauses, matters and Abina, c. 30. confirmed directions, penalties, forfeitures, clauses, matters and things ed. (except as aforefaid) were repeated and re-enacted in the body of this act.

XI. And whereas by an act of this sossion of parliament, intituled, An act for raising nine hundred and ten thousand pounds for publick services, by fale of annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, redeemable by parliament; and to authorife a treaty concerning private rights claimed by the proprietors of the sugar-houses in Scotland, the yearly sum of fortyfive thousand five hundred pounds, part of the yearly sum of fifty-four thousand for hundred pounds therein mentioned, is enacted to be a distines and separate fund for answering and paying certain annuities. after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, to be purchased upon that act, by quarterly payments, until the redemption thereof by parliament, according to a proviso in that act contained in that iGeo. tat.s. behalf: now for the encouragement of fuch persons and corporations as are or shall be willing to advance for the service of the publick, any fum or fums of money, not exceeding the farther fum of one hundred fixty-nine thousand pounds, for purchasing annuities at the said rate of five pounds per centum per annum, to be settled upon the yearly sum of eight thousand four hundred and fifty pounds, other part of the faid yearly sum of fifty-four thousand fix hundred pounds, in the manner herein after mentioned; it is hereby further enacted and declared by \$4501 to be a the authority aforesaid, That the said yearly sum of eight thounuities at 51 fand four hundred and fifty pounds, is and shall be a distinct per cent. and loparate fund, and be iffued and applied (as this act directs) Of these, part

for were Subjeribed

z.c.5. 10 Geo. 1. C. 5.

56 Geo. 1. C.4 for answering and paying the annuities, after the rate of five and the refi repounds per centum per annum, to be purchased upon this act,
deemed. 9 Geo. by quarterly payments, until the redemption thereof by partiaby quarterly payments, until the redemption thereof by parliament according to the proviso herein after specified, and under the same penalties, forfeitures and disabilities, for any offence or neglect touching the faid fund of eight thousand four hundred and fifty pounds per annum, or the payments to be made out of the same, as are by the said act to be incurred for the like offence or neglect, in relation to the faid yearly fund of forty-five thousand five hundred pounds, or to the payments charged thereupon; any thing in this or the faid recited act, or in any other law or statute to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

XII. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That

Fund to take place at Mich. yearly and every year, from and after the feast of Saint Michael 1715.

the Archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, for ever, the faid yearly fum of eight thoufand four hundred and fifty pounds, other part of the faid yearly fum of fifty-four thousand six hundred pounds, arising into the receipt of Exchequer, shall be the whole and entire yearly fund; and in case all the monies arising into the Exchequer, as aforefaid, shall not in any one year amount to so much as eight thoufand four hundred and fifty pounds, (over and above the faid yearly fum of forty-five thousand five hundred pounds) then the monies so arising, so far as they will extend, shall be part of the yearly fund, for or towards the answering and paying all the annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, to be purchased upon this act; and that all and every deficiency and deficiencies of the faid whole yearly fum of eight thousand out of the first four hundred and fifty pounds, or any part thereof, which shall appear at the end of any one year, to be reckoned as aforefaid, for payment of such annuities as shall be purchased upon this act, at the rate aforesaid for the same year respectively, shall be supplied or made up, from time to time, out of the first aids to

Deficiency to be made good aids in parliament.

Any persons may be contributors.

fuch aid shall be granted. XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any person or persons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, to contribute, advance and pay to the first or chief cashier of the governor and company of the bank of England for the time being, at or before the respective days and times by this act limited in that behalf, any fum or fums of money, not exceeding in the whole the faid fum of one hundred fixty-nine thousand pounds for the purchase of any annuity or annuities, to commence from the faid feast of Saint Michael the Archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand feven hundred and fifteen, and to be paid and payable to fuch contributor or contributors, or such as he, she or they shall nominate, his, her or their executors, administrators, successors or assigns respectively, until the same shall be redeemed accord-

be granted in parliament next after such deficiency shall appear, and shall from time to time be transferred thereunto, as soon as 17147

ing to the tenor or true meaning of the proviso or condition herein after-mentioned in that behalf, so as such cashier or eashiers do first give security to the good liking of any three or more of the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury now being, or of the high treasurer or commissioners of the treasury for the time being, for duly answering and paying into the receipt of the Exchequer for the publick use, the monies so to be advanced or contributed, and to account duly for the same; and the purchase-money for every such annuity at the rate aforesaid, is hereby appointed to be paid to the said cashier, as aforesaid, at or before the respective days and times herein after limited, that is to say, one fifth part thereof on or before the twenty-ninth day of September in the year of our Lord one thoufand leven hundred and fifteen; one other fifth part thereof, on or before the twenty-ninth day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen; one other fifth part thereof on or before the twenty-eighth day of January thence next ensuing; one other fifth part thereof on or before the twenty-ninth day of March then next following; and the remaining fifth part thereof on or before the twenty-ninth day of May which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fixteen; all which annuities so to be purchased shall not exceed in the whole the said sum of eight thoufand four hundred and fifty pounds per annum, and shall be paid and payable at the four most usual feasts or days of payment in the year, (that is to say) the feasts of the birth of our Lord Times of pay. Christ, the annunciation of the bleffed virgin Mary, the nati-ment. vity of Saint John Baptist, and Saint Michael the Archangel, by even and equal portions, or within fix days after every of the said feast-days; the first payment thereof to be due at the feast of the birth of our Lord Christ which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sisteen, or within six days after the same feast-day; nevertheless the said annuities shall be redeemable according to the purport and true meaning of a proviso or condition herein after contained in that behalf, and not otherwife; and the faid cashier of the said governor and Cashier to give company for the time being, is hereby authorized and required, a receipt to upon advancing and paying to him any such sum and sums of and to pay money, as aforefaid, forthwith to give a receipt in writing, into the Exfigned by himself for each payment, to the contributor or payer chequer, &c. thereof, and from time to time to pay into the receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer all the monies which he shall receive of or for the faid fum, not exceeding one hundred fixty-nine thoufand pounds, as fast as he shall receive the same, or any part thereof, or within five days at the farthest; and to account for all the monies so to be advanced to him in his Majesty's court of Exchequer, according to the due course thereof; in which account the faid cashier shall have just allowance of all monies

which he shall have paid for prompt payments pursuant to this act. XIV. And it is hereby enacted, That in the office of the Accountant accountant general of the governor and company of the bank of general of the R 2 England, bank to keep **R** 3

a book of the England, for the time being, there shall be provided and kenta book or books, in which there shall be fairly entred the names of all who shall be contributors for such annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, as aforesaid, and of all persons by whose hands the said contributors shall pay in any of the faid fums upon this act, and also the sum so paid; to which book it shall be lawful for the said respective contributors, their executors, administrators, successors and assigns, from time to time, at all scasonable times to have refort and inspect the same, without see or charge; and the said accountant general for the time being shall, on or before the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, transmit an attested duplicate fairly written in paper, of the said book or books into the office of the auditor of the receipt of his Majefty's Exchequer, there to remain for ever.

Annuities charged on the fund of 8450l. &c.

XV. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all and every the annuities so to be purchased at the rate aforesaid, shall be and are hereby charged upon, and shall be paid and payable from time to time out of the monies arising and to arise of or for the said yearly fund of eight thousand four hundred and fifty pounds, or by other the provisions or supplies made or to be made by or in pursuance of this act for the payment thereof, in the manner and form by this act prescribed in that behalf; and that all and every contributor and contributors upon this act, duly paying the confideration of purchase-money at the rate aforefaid, at or before the respective days and times in this act limited in that behalf for such answity or annuities, as aforesaid, or such as he, she or they shall appoint, his, her or their respective executors, administrators, successors and asfigns, shall have, receive and enjoy, and be entitled by virtue of this act, to have, receive and enjoy the respective annuity and annuities so to be purchased, out of the monies by this act appropriated or appointed, or to be supplied for payment thereof, as aforefaid, and shall have good and sure estates and interests therein for ever, subject only to the proviso or condition of redemption in this act afterwards contained concerning the same; and that all the said annuities to be purchased on this act, and the principal monies paid for the fame, and every of them during the continuance thereof, shall be free from all taxes, charges and impositions whatsoever.

Tax-free.

Bank to imploy a chief cashier and accountant general.

XVI. And for the more easy and sure payment of the said annuities to be purchased, as aforesaid, according to the true meaning of this present all, it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the governor and company of the bank of England, and their successors, shall from time to time, until the said annuities shall be redeemed by parliament according to this act, appoint and imploy one sufficient person within their office in the city of London, to be their chief or first cashier, and one other sufficient person within the same office to be their accountant general; and that so much of the monies that shall or ought to be, from time to time, separated or set apart in the receipt of

Exchequer, for or upon account of the said yearly fund of eight Cashier to rethousand four hundred and fifty pounds, for answering the said ceive the fund annuities to be purchased upon this act, as shall bear a full proquer quarterportion to the whole fum which shall be advanced or contributed ly, &c. upon this act, after the said rate of five pounds per centum per annum, shall by order of the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury, or any three or more of them now being, or of the high treasurer, or commissioners of the treasury of his Majesty, his heirs and successors for the time being, without any further or other warrant to be fued for, had or obtained in that behalf, be from time to time, quarterly, as aforesaid, issued and paid at the faid receipt of Exchequer, to the faid first or chief cashier of the faid governor and company of the bank of *England*, and of their successors for the time being, by way of imprest and upon account, for the payment of the said annuities to be purchased upon this act, at such times, and in such manner and form, as are by this act prescribed in that behalf; and that all and every such cashier or cashiers, to whom the said monies shall from time to time be iffued, shall from time to time without delay apply and pay the same accordingly, and render his. accounts thereof according to the due course of the Exchequer; array thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVII. And it is hereby also enacted, That the said account- Accountant ant general for the time being shall, from time to time, inspect general to in-and examine all the receipts and payments of the said cashier, spect the reand the youchers relating thereunto, in order to prevent any cathier. fraud, negligence, or delay; and that all and every person or Annuities a persons whatsoever, who shall be intitled to any of the same an-personal erauities to be purchased on this act, and all persons lawfully state, &c. claiming under them, shall be possessed thereof as of a personal estate, and the same shall not be descendable to the heir, and shall not be liable to any foreign attachment by the custom of London, or otherwise; any law, statute or custom to the con-

trary notwithstanding.

XVIII. And for the encouragement of the contributors to advance Interest at \$1. and pay readily to the said cashier the sums by them intended to be ad- per cent. for vanced upon this act, it is provided and enacted by the authority prompt payaforesaid, That every such contributor who shall advance and pay to the said cashier within the times limited by this act, the purchale-money payable for any annuity or annuities at the rate aforesaid, his, her or their executors, administrators, successors and assigns respectively, shall be allowed and paid out of the contribution-money arising by this act, interest after the rate of eight pounds per centum per annum, for the prompt payment of the purchase-money, or of such proportions of the purchasemoney as shall be so advanced before the twenty ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and sisteen; the said interest to be computed for the respective sums so advanced and paid to the faid cashier, from the time or respective times of the actual advancing and paying the same to the said cashier, until

the faid twenty ninth of September one thousand seven hundred and fifteen.

All the monies advanced to be a jointstock, &c.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That all the monies to be advanced or contributed upon this act, for or towards the faid fum, not exceeding one hundred fixty-nine thousand pounds, shall be deemed, reputed and taken to be one capital or joint stock, on which the said answities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, shall be attending; and that all and every person and persons and corporations whatfoever, in proportion to the money by him, her or

them advanced upon this act, shall have and be deemed to have an interest or share in the said stock, and in the proportional annuity attending the same, at the rate aforesaid, for the monies so by him, her or them advanced; and that the said capital or joint stock, or any share or interest therein, and the proportional annuity attending the same, shall be assignable and trans-

Stock transferrable.

the faid monies, not exceeding nine hundred and ten thousand pounds, is by the faid act affignable and transferrable or deviseable, and not otherwise; and in default of such transfer or devise, the faid stock and annuities attending the same, shall go to the ex-And free from ecutors or administrators; and that no stamp-duties whatsoever

XX. And it is hereby enacted and declared, That all persons

ferrable or deviseable, in the same manner as the joint stock for

stamp-duties. shall be chargeable on the said transfers, or any of them; any

Affignee of pay the relidue of contriunpaid.

stock liable to who shall accept any assignment or transfer of any stock from any contributor, who shall have paid only part of the contribubution-money tion-money for the same upon this act, shall be liable to pay the residue of the said contribution-money, and to such forseitures for non-payment thereof, as the original contributor would have been liable, if no fuch transfer had been made.

other law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

No contribution after 29 Sept. 1715.

XXI. Provided always, That no person or persons whatsonver shall or may purchase or obtain, or be admitted to purchase or obtain any of the annuities, at the rate aforesaid upon this act, unless the whole, or one fifth part at least of the confideration-money for the same, at such rate as aforesaid, be advanced and paid to the said cashier, on or before the said twenty-ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and sisteen.

Penalty for the times limited.

XXII. Provided also, That in case any such contributor, as not paying by aforefaid, who shall, on or before the faid twenty-ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, have advanced to the said cashier one fifth part of his, her or their said purchase-money, or his, her or their executors, administrators, successors or assigns, do not advance and pay to the said cashier one other fifth part of his, her or their confideration-money to to be paid for such respective annuity or annuities, as aforesaid, on or before the twenty-ninth day of November then next enfuing; and one other fifth part thereof on or before the twentyeighth day of January then next coming; one other fifth part thereof on or before the twenty-ninth day of March then next followfollowing; and the remaining fifth part thereof on or before the twenty-ninth day of May which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand'seven hundred and sixteen; then and in every fuch case respectively, so much of the consideration-money as Thail have been actually paid for the first payment to the said ca-Thier for fuch respective annuity, shall be forfeited for the use of the publick, and no interest, at the rate aforesaid, shall be payable for the faid first payment; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the Bank to contiauthority aforefaid, That the faid governor and company of the nue a corporabank of England, and their successors (notwithstanding the re-tion till the demption of all or any their own funds, in pursuance of the redeemed, &c. acts for establishing the same, or any of them) shall continue a corporation, with all the powers, privileges and advantages thereunto belonging, for the purpoles in this act expressed, till all the annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, to be purchased on this act, shall be redeemed by parliament, according to the proviso herein after contained in that behalf; and that the faid governor and company, or any members thereof, shall not incur any disability for or by reason of their doing any matter or thing in pursuance of this act.

XXIV. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, No sees to be

That no fee or gratuity what soever shall or may be demanded taken. or taken of any his Majesty's subjects for receiving or paying the faid contribution monies, or any of them, or for any tallies or other receipts concerning the same, or for issuing the said yearly fund of eight thousand four hundred and fifty pounds, or any part thereof, or for paying the faid annuities, or any of them; and that no fee or gratuity shall be demanded or taken for any such transfer, as aforesaid, of any sum great or small, to be made in pursuance of this act, upon pain that any officer or person offending, by taking or demanding any see or gratuity contrary to this act, shall forfeit the sum of twenty pounds to the party grieved, to be recovered with full costs, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster.

XXV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the au-When these thority aforesaid, That at any time upon one year's notice, and annuities shall repayment by parliament of the sum of one hundred fixty-nine to be redeemthousand pounds, or so much thereof as shall be advanced upon ed. See this act, unto the respective contributors of the same, or to 9 Geo. 1. c. 5. such person and persons as by, from or under them, shall be to Geo. 1. c. 5. then entitled to the faid annuities to be purchased on this act, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, in respect of the money so advanced, according to such interest as they respectively shall then have in the same annuities, and also upon full payment and fatisfaction of all arrears of the same annuities, after the rate of five pounds per tentum per annum, if any shall be then due, then and not till then, the said annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum to be purchased on this act, shall cease and determine, and from thence-

forth

forth so much of the general or aggregate fund in the said recited act mentioned or referred unto, and of the said particular duties chargeable with these annuities, as aforesaid, as the same annuities shall amount unto, shall be understood to be redeemed by parliament, but without prejudicing any other of the yearly sums or payments by this or any other act charged or intended to be charged on the said general or aggregate sand, or upon the said particular duties which shall then remain to be fatisfied out of the same; any thing herein contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

The cashier and accountant general's salary, &c.

XXVI. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted. That the commissioners of the treasury, or high treasurer for the time being, shall have power to allow to the cashier or cashiers, who shall receive the said contribution or advance money, not exceeding one hundred fixty-nine thousand pounds, as aforesaid, for his or their pains and charges in receiving and accounting for the same, a sum not exceeding one hundred pounds, out of the contribution or advance money aforesaid; and shall also have power (out of the remainder of the faid yearly fum of fiftyfour thousand six hundred pounds, to arise over and above so much as shall be sufficient, from time to time, to discharge all monies which shall be due on the annuities to be purchased on this and the said former act) to allow and pay to the said cashier for the time being, a falary or allowance, not exceeding one hundred pounds per annum, for receiving the money to pay the annuities upon this act, and applying the same to that use, and for his pains and charges in keeping and rendring his accounts thereof; and a falary or allowance, not exceeding one hundred pounds per annum to the said accountant general for the time being, for his service and charge in performing the duty and trust incumbent upon him by this act; any thing in this or any other act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Additional allowance for prompt payment.

XXVII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That all and every person and persons, who have or hath contributed or advanced any fum or fums of money upon the faid former act for an annuity, after the rate of five pounds per contum per annum, and hath paid to the faid cashier the whole, or one fifth, or any greater part of the contribution-money for purchasing fuch annuity; and all and every person and persons who shall contribute or advance any fum or fums of money upon this or the said former act for the like annuity, and shall, on or before the twenty-ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, pay to the faid cashier the whole, or one fifth, or any greater part of the contribution or consideration money for fuch annuity, shall, over and above all other encouragements before by this or the faid former acts given or allowable, be repaid out of any monies which are or shall be in the hands of the faid cashier, arisen, or to arise by contributions, for the use of the publick, as aforefaid, not only so much as an additional allowance after the rate of twenty shillings per centure, to be computed upon the whole contribution or confideration money,

activanced and to be advanced by such person or persons, doth or shall amount to, but also so much as another additional al-Lowance, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, Abail amount unto, to be computed upon every fum advanced, or to be advanced before the days limited in this or the faid former act (the first payment excepted) from the time of actual payment thereof to the faid calhier, until the respective days when the fame by the limited days aforelaid would become due.

XXVIII. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That Appropriaall the monies lent and to be lent to his Majesty, upon one act tion of the seof this session of parliament, intituled, An all for granting an aid veral supplies to his Majesty, to be raised by a land-ton in Great Britain, for the festion. service of the year one thousand seven hundred and sisteen, and so I Geo. 1. much money, if any such be, of the tex thereby granted, as stat. 2. c. s. Chall arise and remain after all the loans made or to be made on that act, or thereby transferred or directed to be transferred theseunto, and the interest thereof, and the charges thereby allowable for raising the said tax, shall be satisfied, or money sufficient shall be reserved to discharge the same; and all the mo- 1 Geo. 1. mies lent and to be lent unto his Majesty upon the duties on stat. 2. C. 2. malt, mum, cyder and perry, charged and continued by another act of this fession of parliament, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, and so much money of the faid duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry, thereby granted or continued, as shall arise and remain (if any such be) after all the loans made or to be made on that act, or thereby transferred or directed to be transferred thereunto, and the interest thereof, and the charges thereby allowable for raising the faid duties thereby granted, thall be fatisfied, or monies sufficient shall be reserved to discharge the same; and all the mo- 1 Geo. 1. nies advanced or contributed, or to be advanced or contributed flat. 2. c. 19. upon an act of the present session of parliament, for raising any from not exceeding nine hundred and ten thousand pounds for publick services, at the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, the allowances prescribed by that act only excepted; and all the monies not exceeding one hundred fixty-nine thousand pounds, authorized to be advanced for the like services, and at the like rate, upon this prefent act, and all the proceed of the faid stock by this act added, and intended to be added to the capital flock of the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South Seas (the flock for the faid fum of five hundred eighty-three thousand three hundred thirty-nine pounds and eight pence, to be transferred to or for the use of the said governor and company in manner as aforefaid, only excepted) shall be appropriated and applied, and are hereby appropriated for or towards the several uses, intents and purposes herein expreffed, fubject nevertheless to such restrictions as are herein after prescribed: that is to say; it is hereby enacted and declared, That out of all or any the aids or supplies provided as aforesaid, there shall and may be issued and applied any fum or sums of money, not exceeding in the whole the fum of one million one hundred

The navy.

pounds and eleven pence, for the naval fervices following, that is to fay, for defraying the charges of the ordinary of his Majefty's navy, and for half-pay to fea-officers, and for victual, wages, wear and tear of the navy, and victualling thereof, performed and to be performed, and for fea-fervice in the office of

ordinance performed and to be performed, and for or towards the extraordinary repairs of the navy, rebuilding of ships, and other extraordinary works of the navy performed and to be performed, and for or towards completing the furniture and stores of his Majesty's ships in repair or to be repaired; and any fam or fums of money, not exceeding in the whole the fum of

Office of ordnance.

ninety-three thousand six hundred twenty-nine pounds nineteen shillings and nine pence, for services relating to his Majesty's office of ordnance herein after mentioned, that is to say. for the charges of the said office for land-services performed and to be performed, and to complete half-pay for the year one thousand seven hundred and sisteen, to the military officers and chaplains who served in the train of artillery in Flanders and

Spain, and on feveral expeditions; and any fum or fums of mo-

Land forces.

ney, not exceeding in the whole the fum of one million twentyfour thousand nine hundred and seven pounds five shillings and two pence half-perry, for maintaining his Majesty's land-forces, and other services herein after expressed, that is to say, for maintaining his Majesty's guards and garrisons in Great Britain, Fersey and Guernsey, and his forces in America, and twelve companies of invalids, and three independent companies in North Britain, for one year, from the twenty-fourth day of December one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, to the twenty-fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and sisteen; and for maintaining his Majesty's forces and garrisons in Minerea, for the same year: and for maintaining his Majesty's forces and garrison in Gibraltar, for the same year; and for the charge of the officers fervants of the regiments in Minerca and Gibraltar, from the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, to the twenty-fourth day of December one thousand seven hundred and sourteen; and for maintaining the three regiments of Harrison, North and Grey, and Sterne, (in Flanders or elsewhere) from the twenty-ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, to the twenty-fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and fifteen; and for maintaining feven battalions, confishing of the royal regiment of foot, and the regiments of Webb, Forfar, Hill, Orrery, and Sutton, (in Flanders or England) from the twenty ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, till the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, (at which time they were transferred to the establishment of Ireland;) and for bounty-money to difbanded men of feveral regiments which were reduced in order to transferring those regiments to the establishment of Ireland; and for maintaining the additional forces, confifting of three thousand dragoons, and

and four thousand foot, (including commission and non-comanxillion officers) and four companies of foot added to the Cold-Pream regiment of foot-guards, for one whole year, and to de-Fray the levy-money for the faid additional forces; and for support of the royal hospital at Chelsea, and pay of the out-pen- Chelsea hos. Fioners for one year, from the twenty-fourth day of December pital. one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, to the twenty-fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and sisteen, (over and above the feveral poundages and days pay applicable thereamto;) and for defraying such pay or half-pay as his Majesty Half-pay offihath allowed, or shall think fit to allow to the officers of the cers. land-forces and marines difbanded, being his Majesty's naturalborn subjects, or naturalized, including such officers of lieutenant general Hamilton's regiment of foot, and excepting fuch officers as are or shall be otherwise provided for, from the time of making such other provision for them respectively; and for answering other extraordinary services or augmentations relating to his Majesty's land-forces; and any sum not exceeding two hundred and fifty thousand pounds, towards satisfying the momies due for subsidies and arrears or other debts upon account of Subsidies and the land-forces; and any fum not exceeding fifty-three thou-arrears. fand three hundred and twenty-two pounds, for supplying the deficiency of the fund for the classis lottery of the year one Deficiency of thousand seven hundred and eleven, for the year ended at Mi- the classic local chaelmes one thousand seven hundred and sourteen; and any tery, 1711. fum not exceeding fifty-two thousand nine hundred thirty-eight pounds nine shillings and eight pence, for supplying the deficiency of the fund for the classis lottery in the year one thousand feven hundred and twelve, for the year ended at Michaelmas Deficiency of one thousand seven hundred and fourteen: and that the aids or the classis lotsupplies provided, as aforesaid, (except before excepted) shall tery, 1712. not be issued or applied to any use, intent or purpose whatsoever, other than the uses and purposes before mentioned. Provided always, That fuch fums as by any other act of this fession of parliament shall be payable to any commissioners of accounts, Commission. for their falaries, or for their clerks, or other incident charges, ers of acshall and may be paid out of the aids or supplies aforesaid, or counts, &cc. any of them; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding. Vide 3 Geo. 1. c. 9. & 6 Geo. 1. c. 17.

## CAP. XXII.

An all for enabling his Majesty to settle a revenue for supporting the dignity of her royal highness the princess, in case she shall survive his royal highness the prince of Wales.

MOST gracious soversign, We your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament assembled, being truly sensible how acceptable it will be to your Majesty, that a good, certain and competent revenue be settled for supporting the bonour and dignity of her royal highness the princess, in case

tiffe she shall survive her royal consort the most excellent prince of Wales, your Majesty's most dearly beloved son; and considering the happiness which this kingdom, by the hieffing of Almighty

God, cannot fail to enjoy, by a long succession of princes derived from ber most illustrious royal highness the princess, who has, with a conformal and greatness of mind peculiar to herself, given early and never to be forgotten instances of her meal for the protostant religion: and

twell knowing, that by an act made in the first year of the reign of
Ann. flat. 1. her late majesty Queen Anne, (of blessed momory) for preserving
the inheritance of several revenues of the crown, instance. An act
for the better support of her Majesty's household, An act
nour and dignity of the crown, all grants thereof (other than such
Ann. C. 10.

nour and dignity of the crown, all grants thereof (other than fuch as are therein expressed) are declared to be word; and that by the act made in the ninth year of her faid late Majefty's reign, incitated, An not for establishing a general post-office for all her Majesty's dominions; and for fettling a weekly fum out of the revenues thereof for the fervice of the war, and other her Majetty's ocvalions, it was enacted. That fuch part of the duties and revenue arising in or by the general letter-office or post-office, which was thereby vefted in her Mojefty, her beirs and successive, and therein mentioned to be undeterminable, should not be alienable, chargeable or grantable for any eftate, term or time whatfiever, to endure longer than the life of the King or Queen that should make such alteration, tharge or grant respectively; and that all gifts, grants, allenations and affurances what soever, to be had or made of, and tharges upon the same duties or revenues, or any part thereof contrary to the provifion of that act, should be mult and void; do nevertheless most bumbly, cheerfully and unanimously befeech your Majesty that it may be

His Majefly, by letters patent, may grant to the princes of Wales an aunuity of 50,000l. per annum, in case the survive the prince, to be paid quarterly, viz. 40,000l. per annum out of the post office. 9 Anna, c. 10. The remaining 10,000l out of the hereditary excise. 12 Car. 2. C. 3. His Majesty, by letters patent, may assure to the princess Samerfet-house, &c. His Majesty's grant of 100,000l. per annum to the prince of Wales, to be paid without fees, and free from taxes. This annuity may be specially charged on such branches of customs and excise as are applicable to the civil lift, &c. E X P.

enacted, &c.

#### CAP. XXIII.

An att for making provision for the ministers of the fifty new churches, which are to be built in and about the cities of London and Westminster, and suburbs thereof; and for rebuilding and finishing the parish-church of Saint Mary Woolnoth in the said city of London.

Ann. c. 22. MOST gracious Sovereign, Whereas by an act of parliament made in the ninth year of the reign of her late majefty Quen Anne, intituled, An act for granting to her Majefty feveral duties upon coals, for building fifty new churches in and about the cities of London and Westminster, and suburbs thereof, and other

other purpoles therein mentioned, it was enacted, That for all forts of coals and culm, subish from and after the fourteenth day of May one thousand seven hundred and surteen, and before the nine and twentieth day of September one thanfond seven hundred and twentyfour, should be imported and brought into the port of the city of London, or the river of Thames, within the liberty of the faid city upon the same river, there should be paid to her said late Majesty, her heirs and successors, by way of imposition thereupon, over and besides all other impositions and duties, according to the rates therein and berein after mentioned; that is to say, from and after the faid fourteenth day of May one chanfond seven hundred and fixteen, and before the nine and twentieth day of September one thousand seven bundred and sixteen, for all such sorts of roals and culm as are usually fold by the chalder, for every chalder thereof, containing thirtyfix bushels Winchester measure, the sum of two skillings; and for fuch fort of couls as are fold by the tan, for every tun thereof, containing swenty hundred eneight, the fum of two shillings; and from and after the night and twentieth day of September one thousand. seven bundred and fixteen, and before the eight and twentieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and twenty-four, there should be paid for every fuch faid chalder of coals and culm, and two of coals, the sum of three shillings, the same to be raised, levied, collected and paid to her faid late Majesty, her beirs and successors, as therein in mentioned: and it is thereby further enacted. That all and every fuel. from and froms of money, which should be raised, collected and levied by virtue of that all (the necessary charges of raising, managing and accounting for the same, excepted) should, from time to time, be brought and paid into the receipt of Exchequer, and by force and virtue of that all were and should be appropriated, issued, applied and disposed, for the building of fifty new churches of stone and other proper materials, with towers or fleeples to each of them, whereof one was by the said all directed to be erested in the parish of East Greenwich in the county of Kent; and for purchasing of sites of churches, and church yards, and burying places, in or near the cities of London and Westminster, or the futurbs thereof; and for making furth chapels, as were then already built and capable thereof, parify churches, and for purchasing houses for the habitations of the ministers of the said churches; and for applying the sum of four thoufend pounds per annum, out of the faid duties and impositions, towards the repairing and finishing the collegiate church of Saint Peter Westminster, and the chapels of the same; and also for applying the fun of fix thousand pounds per annum out of the faid duties and inpositions writing by that well, towards the sinishing Greenwich-Hospital, and the chapels thereunto belonging, and to and for none other use, intent or purpose what soever: and it was thereby surther mattell. That it should and might be lawful, to and for her faid late Majefly, by letters putent under the great seal of Great Britain, to nominate, constitute and appoint such persons as her said late Majesty should think fit to be commissioners for the purposes in that act mentioned; which said commissioners, or so many of them as should by the faid commission be authorized, are by the said act directed to enquire

and inform themselves, in what parishes the said new churches (except that for Greenwich) were most necessary to be built, and of proper places for the fites of the faid respective new churches, and also a semetery or church-yard for each of the said churches, for the buriel of christian people, to be purchased; and also which of the said chapels were fit to be made parish-churches; and to ascertain the several houses, lands, tenoments and hereditaments, and the hounds and limits which in their judgments or opinion might be fit to be made distinct parishes; and to enquire and inform themselves, by the best means they could, of the value of such houses, lands, tenements and hereditaments, and of the respective estates and interests therein, which they should think necessary to be purchased far the said sites and cenuserus, and for boules for the habitations of the respective ministers; and the faid commissioners were by the said all required, on or before the four. and twentieth day of December one thousand seven hundred and eleven, to report or certify to her faid late Majesty in writing, under their hands; and feals, such matters and things as should appear to them upon their enquiries aforesaid, with their opinions thereupon, and present a duplicate of such report or certificate to each of the two bouses of parliament, to the end such further directions might be given thereupon, as might be purfuant to her said late Majesty's pives intentions in the premisses: and whereas by one other act of parlia-20 Ann. c. 11. ment, made in the tenth year of her said late Majesty's reign, intituled. An act for enlarging the time given to the commissioners

appointed by her Majesty, pursuant to an act for granting to her Majesty several duties on coals, for huilding fifty new churches in and about the cities of London and Westminster, and fuburbs thereof, and other purposes therein mentioned; and also for giving the said commissioners further powers for the better effecting the same; and for appointing monies for rebuilding the parish-church of Saint Mary Woolnoth in the city of London; reciting therein in part the said recited act, and that in purfuance thereof her said late Majesty, by letters patent under the great feal of Great Britain, did nominate, constitute and appoint several

9 Ann. c. 11.

commissioners for the purposes in the said first recited all mentioned, with fuch powers and authorities as in the same act are expressed; and further reciting, that the said commissioners did apply themselves to the execution of the powers therein mentioned, but could not perfect within the time limited what was by the said aft intended; it was therefore enacted by the said act of the tenth year of the reign of her faid late Majesty, That notwithstanding the time limited by the said letters patent was expired, it should and might be lawful, to and for the faid commissioners so appointed by the said letters patent, or any five or more of them, and they were thereby authorized and required to meet, from time to time, as often as there should be occasion, either with or without adjournments, and to enquire and inform themselves

Ann. c. 22. of all and every the matters and things therein committed to them, or any five or more of them, in or bythe said first recited act, or by that present act intended to be by them performed, until they should have completed and finished the same: and it was thereby surther provided and

and matted. That it should and might be lawful, to and for her said late Majesty, her beirs and fuctessors, at any time before the twentyninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and twelve, by letters patent under the great seal of Great Britain, to nominate, constitute and appoint such persons to be commissioners to execute all and every the powers in the said several acts mentioned, as her said late Majesty should think sit; and from such appointment so made, the powers granted by the faid all of the tenth year of the reign of her 10 Ann. c. 11. said late Majesty, to the commissioners in the former letters patent, should determine: and whereas her said late Majesty did, in pursuance of the faid last recited act, by letters patent under the great seal of Great Britain, bearing date on or about the seven and twentieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and twelve, nominate, conflitute and appoint several persons to be commissioners for the purposes in the faid recited acts mentioned; and that they, or any five or more of them, Rould do, perform and execute all and every the powers, matters and things in and by the faid recited acts, and either of them, appointed to be done and performed: we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament assembled, being zealous to provide such supplies as may enable your Majesty to pursue your pious and gracious intentions, to provide for the maintenance of the ministers who are to attend the service of God in the new churches to be erected, pursuant to the said recited acts of parliament, in or about the cities of London and Westminster, and suburds thereof, for the honour of the church of England, and the advancement of our holy religion, do most humbly present to your Majefly the several impositions, rates and duties berein after mentioned, and de beseech your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it Additional enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the imposition on advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and com-culm brought mons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the autho- into the port rity of the same, That for all fort of coals and culm which, of London, from and after the twenty-seventh day of September one thousand &c. from Sept. from and after the twenty-leventh day of September one this distinct and feven hundred and twenty-four, and before the twenty-eighth Sept. 28, 1725. day of September one thousand seven hundred and twenty-five, For the flashall be imported and brought into the port of the city of tutes relating London, or the river of Thames, within the liberty of the faid to these ducity upon the same river, there shall be paid to his Majesty, ties, fee the his heirs and successors, by way of imposition thereupon, over W. 3. c. 18, and besides all other impositions and duties, according to the rates hereafter mentioned, that is to fay, For all such forts of coals and culm as are usually fold by the chalder, for every chalder thereof, containing thirty-fix bushels, Winchester meafure, the furn of three shillings; and for such fort of coals as The rates. are fold by the tun, for every tun thereof, containing twenty hundred weight, the fum of three shillings: which said respect To be raised. tive sums of three shillings for every chalder of coals and culm, &c. as by any and run of coals, shall from time to time, during the term be- act now in fore-mentioned, be raised, levied, collected and paid to his force. Majesty, his heirs and successors, in the same manner, method and form, and at such places, and by such rules, ways Vol. XIII, and

and means, and under fuch penalties and forfeitures as are mentioned, expressed and referred unto, in and by any act, law or statute, acts, laws or statutes now in force, for pairing, levying, collecting or answering any other duty or duties now payable to his Majesty for or upon any coals or culm whatsoever, imported or brought coastwife into the said port of London; and that all and every the powers, authorities, penalties, forfeitures, disabilities, articles, rules and clauses in the fame acts, laws and statutes, or any of them, mentioned or contained (except such and so much of them for and concerning which it is otherwise provided in this present act) shall be of fuch force and effect, to all intents and purposes, for the raising, levying, collecting and answering the impositions hereby granted, for and during the faid term herein before limited, as if the fame were particularly and at large fet down and enacted by this act.

The money to be brought into the Exchequer, and appropriated for the maintenance of the minifters. · Part of this money bow to be applied. g Geo. 2. C. 10, **€**€€ 1.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all and every such sum and sums of money, which shall be raised, collected and levied by virtue of this act (the necessary charges of raising, managing and accounting for the same excepted) shall, from time to time, be brought and paid into the receipt of Exchequer, and by force and virtue of this act, and and shall be appropriated for and towards the providing due maintenances for the ministers to attend the service of God in the new churches to be erected in and about the cities of London and Westminster, and suburbs thereof, pursuant to the said recited acts of parliament, and shall for that purpose be issued, applied and disposed in such manner, as shall hereaster be directed by parliament.

Not to extend hospital.

III. Provided, That this act, or any thing therein contained. to coals for the shall not extend, or be construed to extend to charge or lay any use of Chelsea- of the duties or impositions hereby imposed upon such coals, (not exceeding one hundred chalders by the year) as shall be brought into the port of London from Nowcastle upon Time, or any other place, for the only use and service of the royal hospital at Chelfea; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding. .

The King may appoint commillioners to execute the powers in the former acts.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That it shall and may be lawful, to and for his Majesty, his heirs and successors, by letters patent under the great seal of Great Britain, from time to time, to nominate, conflict and appoint such persons as his Majesty, his heirs and successors, shall think fit, to be commissioners, who, or any five or more of them, shall have power to execute all and every the powers. matters and things in and by the faid recited acts, or either of them, appointed to be done and performed; any thing in the acts before recited, or in any other act or acts to the contrary And to inform not with standing: and also to enquire and inform themselves in what manner, by and out of the duties hereby granted, and nance may be otherwise, a due maintenance may be provided and settled for

themselves how a mainte. provided for the ministers who are to attend the service of God in the faid

new churches, to be erected and built in and about the cities the faid minifof London and Westminster, and suburbs thereof; which said ters, commissioners, or any five or more of them, shall, on or be-foreMarch 25, fore the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred 1716, certify and fixteen, report or certify to his Majesty, his heirs and suc-their enquiries ceffors, in writing under their hands and feals, such matters to his Majesty, and things as shall appear to them upon their enquiries as afore-plicate to each said, with their opinions thereupon, and present a duplicate of house of parfuch report or certificate to each of the two houses of parlia-liament. ment, to the end fuch further directions may be given thereupon, as may be pursuant to his Majesty's pious intentions in the premisses; and from such appointment of new commissioners The former so to be made, the powers granted to, or vested in the commissioners fioners in the faid last recited letters patent named, shall de-termine. termine; but nevertheless all contracts and agreements, which But their conwere made and perfected by the said commissioners, in the said tracts before last recited letters patent named, on or before the twentieth Aug. 20,1715 day of August one thousand seven hundred and sisteen, shall be to be in force, of the fame force and effect as they would have been, if this present act had not been made.

V. And whereas the provision made by the faid recited act of the Clause for retenth year of her said late Majesty's reign, for rebuilding the parish-building the eburch of Saint Mary Woolnoth, London, is at present ineffec- parish church tourch of Saint Mary Woolnoth, London, is at present ineffect of St. Mary tual, by reusen of the great charges and incumbrances upon the duty Woolnoth, and revenue from which the faid provision was to issue; and it is ab-London. solutely necessary that the said church should be immediately rebuilt: be to Ann. c. 11. it therefore enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the faid parish church of Saint Mary Woolnoth, and the tower thereof, shall be rebuilt and finished in such manner as the said commissioners already authorized, or the commissioners to be authorized by virtue of this act, shall direct, out of the duties granted by the faid recited act of the ninth year of her faid late Majefty's reign; and that the monies to be imployed for that 9 Annic said purpole shall be replaced and made good out of, and by the monies applicable by virtue of the said act of the tenth year of her said late Majesty's reign, to the rebuilding and finishing the said church and the tower thereof. Vide 4 Geo. 1. c. 5. & 4 & 5 Geo. 1. c. g. 1 Geo. 2. flat. 2. c. 8.

CAP. XXIV.

An act for appointing commissioners to take, examine and state the debts due to the army. EXP.

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#### CAP. XXV.

An att to prevent disturbances by seamen, and others; and to preserve the stores belonging to his Majesty's navy royal; and also for explaining an act for the better preventing the imbezilment of his Majesty's stores of war, and preventing cheats, frauds and abuses in paying seamens wages; and for reviving and continuing an all for the more effellual suppression of piracy.

THEREAS divers fightings, quarrellings and disturbances, de

often happen in and about his Majesty's offices, yards and flores belonging to his Majesty's royal navy, and frequent differences and disorders are occasioned in and about the office of his Majesty's treasury of the navy, on pay days in London, Portsmouth, and other places of meeting for the service of the said navy, by the unreasonable turbulency of seamen, and others, attending on or relating to that service, or their creditors, or by the rudeness of the afficers intrusted with his Majesty's stores on land, or in his royal ships, when they are questioned by the principal officers and commissioners of the faid navy, either for neglect or imbezilment of his Majesty's provisions, ammunition, or other equipage of the navy under their charge, not only to the disturbance of the peace, but sometimes to the danger and hindrance of his Majesty's service, both in point of husbanding his Majesty's revenue, and also in the dispatch of the ships, on which the honour and safety of his Majesty and kingdom so much depends, which inconveniencies require a speedier remedy than the ordinary 'course of justice; the parties accused or offending being many times bound to sea, and the principal officers and commissioners for want of

authority to suppress such insolencies and disorders, and bear, determine and punish such offences, being necessitated to pass by many offences in which his Majesty might be righted, if their necessary at-

tendance on that important service would permit the prosecution of the Treasurer, &c. offenders before other ordinary judicatures: for remedy whereof, be of the navy impowered to turbances in

it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the punish persons advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and comwho make dif- mons, in parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That the treasurer, comptroller, surveyor, clerk of the the yards, &c. acts, and the commissioners of the navy for the time being, or any one or more of them shall, from and after the twenty-ninth day of September next enfuing, have power and authority, by warrant under any one or more of their hands and seals, to cause such offenders to be apprehended and brought before him or them, and to examine and punish all such person and perfons whom he or they, upon their enquiry and examination of witnesses upon oath, (which oath he or they are hereby impowered to administer) or upon confession of the party or parties accused, or on view in his or their presence, shall find to

> ·make, or have made any fuch disturbance, fighting or quarrelling in any the yards, stores, offices or places aforesaid, at

pay-days, or on other occasions relating to the naval services, in fuch manner as followeth (that is to fay) that they, or any one car more of them, may punish any the said offences by fine, imprisonment, or either of them, the fine not exceeding twenty 1hillings, and imprisonment not exceeding one week; and have power in such cases to commit such person to the next gaol, or to the cultody of the messenger or messengers for the time beang attendant on them, who respectively are to receive and detain such person so offending; and that the said principal officers and commissioners, or any one or more of them then prefent, have hereby power and authority to discharge such fine or imprisonment, if they think fit, and for nonpayment of the fine so imposed and not remitted, to imprison the party offending until payment thereof, or otherwise to cause such offender or offenders to be sent to the next house of correction to the place where fuch offence shall be committed, there to be kept at hard labour for the space of two months, without bail or mainprize, which faid fines shall be paid to the clerk of the chest at Chatham for the use of the maimed seamen.

II. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority afore- And may bind. faid, That the faid officers and commissioners, or any one or the offenders more of them (in cases where greater example or punishment is to good behave the state of them to state of them to good behave the state of the stat needful) may also bind the person or persons so offending, to appear at the their good behaviour, and to answer the offences whereof they affizes, &c. shall be accused, at the next assizes or general quarter-sessions of the peace for the county or place where such offence shall be committed, with or without securities, as occasion shall be; and in default of fuch securities, where the same shall be required, to commit the person or persons offending, as aforesaid, to the common gaol of the county or place where such offence shall be committed, in order to their being profecuted for such offence or offences at the next affizes or general quarter-fessions of the

peace for such county or place.

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III. And whereas divers of his Majesty's stores and ammunition, The said of-pertaining to his navy and shipping, or service thereof, are often pri-ered to en-vately imbezilled or silched away: for the more effectual discovery quire of the of fuch stores and ammunition, it is hereby further enacted by imbezilment the authority aforesaid, That the said principal officers and com- of naval missioners of his Majesty's navy, or any one or more of them, punish the ofshall have hereby power to enquire, and by warrant under his fenders. or their hands and feals, to impower any person or persons to fearch for the fame in all places, in like manner as justices of peace may do in case of felony, and punish the offenders by such fine and imprisonment, as aforesaid, the value of the goods so imbezilled or filched away, not exceeding the sum of twenty shillings, and cause the goods to be brought in again; and if the offence be of such nature as doth require an higher and severer punishment, then that they, any one or more of them, may commit such offender to the next gaol, or to the custody of their messenger or messengers aforesaid, till he or they offending, enter into recognizance with furety or fureties, according

to the nature of the offence, to appear and answer to the fame in his Majesty's court of Exchequer, or other court where his Majesty shall question him or them for the same, within one year following, on process duly served for that purpose on such offender or offenders.

IV. And whereas diviers ill-disposed persons upon presence of carrying bis Majesty's naval goods, provisions, victuals, stores and emmunition from his Majesty's yards, ubarfs, storebouses, or other places, to bis Majesty's sbip or sbips, or to such ship or ships as are imployed in his Majesty's service, or such persons as are imployed to recarry or remove from the faid ship or ships such naval stores, goods, provisions, victuals, stores and ammunition, to such his Majesty's yards, wharfs, storehouses, or other places, do frequently imbezil, take and carry them away, where they cannot be found, and remove themfelives to places unknown, before they can be apprehended or convicted by due process of law, by reason that those witnesses that should prove the said saits are bound forth to sea, or otherwise imployed elsewhere, and it is found necessary that justice be more speedily done in fuch cases, than by ordinary course of law it can be: be it therefore enacted by goods embez- the authority aforesaid, That the treasurer, comptroller, furilled are under veyor, clerk of the acts and commissioners of the navy, for the

time being, or any one or more of them, where the goods fo

When the the value of nos, the offender shall be imbezilled, taken or carried away, shall be under the value of aned.

twenty shillings, shall have full power and authority, upon the oath of one or more witnesses (which they or any of them have hereby power to administer) or confession of such party so offending, as aforesaid, or other legal proof thereof, to convict the party or parties so offending, by writing under his or any of their hands and feals, and to impose such fine or fines upon all or every such person or persons so offending and convicted, as sforesaid, as to the said treasurer, comptroller, surveyor, clerk of the acts and the commissioners of the navy, for the time being, or any one or more of them, shall in his or their diferetion feem meet; the faid fine or fines not exceeding double the value of the naval goods, provisions, victuals, stores or ammunition fo imbezilled or carried away; which fine or fines shall be levied by diffress and sale of the goods of such offender, by virtue of the warrant of such officer or officers who shall so convict the imprisonment said offender, directed in manner aforesaid, to the person or persons aforesaid, returning the overplus, if any be, to the owner of such goods; or in case no sufficient diffress can be found, as aforefaid, the party or parties so offending shall, by virtue of the warrant of such officer before whom such person or persons shall be convicted, be imprisoned in the next gaol for any space of time, not exceeding three months, without bail or mainprize.

. Fine to be levied by diftrefs, and for want thereof for a months.

> V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the faid treasurer, comptroller, surveyor, clerk of the acts and commissioners of the navy for the time being, or any one or more of them, upon oath of one or more credible witnesses (which he and they have hereby power to administer) testifying,

> > That

1714.] Anno primo Georgii I. Stat. 2. C. 23.

That his Majesty's naval goods, stores, ammunition, or naval Naval stores provisions, or any part thereof, are conveyed into any ship or imbezilledand vessel whatsoever, and mentioning the name of such ship or board shall be yessel being at anchor, and not ready to sail that tide, within seized by warany of the roads, harbours, creeks or rivers within his Majesty's rant off the dominions, or any person or persons by their or one of their said trea-warrant or warrants (in which warrant or warrants the quantity or quality of fuch goods shall be specified) thereunto authorized and appointed, in the day time, shall have full power and authority to go on board any such ship or vessel whatsoever, being within any of the places aforesaid; and in case resistance or refusal be made upon demand, to enter and break open the hatches and cabbins, or other places of such ship or vessel, and learch therein for any fuch naval goods, stores, ammunition or provisions belonging to his Majesty's navy, which have been imbezilled, purloined and taken away; and the same to seize, take and carry away to any of his Majesty's yards or storehouses, to be applied to his Majesty's use, unless the said officers and commissioners, upon hearing the matter, shall find they were unduly seized, and thereupon restore them to the party claiming the same, which they are hereby impowered to do.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Punishment of That every person or persons who shall counterfeit the hands of counterseiting the treasurer, comptroller, surveyor, clerk of the acts, or of the the hand of commissioners of the navy, or of any of them, or the hand or hands of the figning or vouching officers of his Majesty's navy, ships or yards, or the hand or hands of any one or more of them, to any bill, ticket, or other papers, by virtue whereof his Majesty's naval treasure is or may be paid or disposed of, or shall knowingly produce any such counterfeit ticket, bill, or other paper, every such person or persons so offending, shall or may be lawfully committed to prison by the said officers or commissioners, or any one of them, until he shall find surety to appear at the next general affizes or quarter-fessions of the peace for the county, town or place where such offender shall be so committed to prison, to be there proceeded against according to law.

VII. And whereas by an act made in the ninth and tenth years of 9 & 10 W. 34 the reign of his late majesty King William the Third, intituled, An c. 41. act for the better preventing the imbezilment of his Majesty's stores of war, and preventing cheats, frauds and abuses in paying seamen's wages, among other things therein contained, reciting, That forasmuch as divers wicked persons for sucre and gain, had personated seamen who had really served, or were supposed to have served on hoard of his Majesty's ships, and thereby had received divers sums of his Majesty's money at the pay-office, or essewhere, of his Majesty's species appointed for payment of his Majesty's steet and ships, in deceit as well of his Majesty's ships; and had also for such wicked purposes forged and counterfeited divers letters of attorney, or hills of sales

had really served, or were supposed to have served on board his MI

jefty's faid ships; and had and did also procure daily divers men or women to personate, and divers wicked persons did of their own a cord personate the wives, relations or creditors of fuch feamen, w had or were supposed to have served on board of his Majesty's ship and thereby had falfly taken out letters of administration to feech second or seamen, having served or supposed to have served on board of hi Majesty's ships, or had forged and counterfeited letters of attorney bills of fale, or other authorities, in the names of the executors or all ministrators of such seamen, for the receipt of such wages as were de or supposed to be due to such seamen, having served or supposed to beve ferved, as aforesaid: for the prevention of which said wicked proctices, it was thereby enacted, That all and every such person or perfons, bis, her or their aiders or abettors, that should be convicted of the said crimes and effences committed, from and after the twentyfourth day of June which was in the year of our Lord one thousand fix bundred ninety-eight, should for every such offence, over and about the penalties to be inflicted by any laws then in force, forfeit the fum of two hundred pounds, together with cofts of profecution: and whereas some doubts have arisen, whether any offender or offenders, who shall or may be convicted of some or one of the crimes or offences mentioned in the said act, and shall not be convicted of all the same crimes and offences, shall, as the said act is penned, be subject and liable to the penalties in the said act imposed on such offenders: for explaining whereof, be it enacted and declared by the authority aforefaid, That all and every person and persons, his, her or their aiders or abettors, aider or abettor, that shall be convicted of all or any the crimes or offences aforefaid in the faid last recited act mentioned shall, for every such crime or offence, over and above the penalties to be inflicted by any other law now in force, be subject and liable to the pains and penalties inflicted by the faid last mentioned act, to be recovered and distributed as in the same

Persons convicted of any the crimes in the recited act, shall be liable to the punishment thereby inslicted.

The judge may mitigate the penalties imposed by the said act.

recited act is mentioned.

VIII. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the judge, justice or justices, before whom such offender or offenders shall be tried or convicted of all or any the crimes or offences before mentioned, to mitigate the said penalties and forfeitures by the same act imposed, according to his or their discretion, or in lieu thereof, to punish such offender or offenders in the premisses corporally, by causing him, her or them, to be publickly whipped and committed to some publick workhouse, there to be kept to hard labour for the space of three months, or less time, as to such judge, justice or justices, shall in his or their discretion seem meet; any thing in the said act contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

The admiralty, &c. may administer paths in cases relating to the receiving.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the lord high admiral of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being, or the commissioners for executing the office of lord high admiral of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being, or any one or more

of them, the fecretary or fecretaries of the faid lord high ad- &c. his Maniral, or commissioners for executing the office of lord high jesty's treaidmiral for the time being, and to and for the treasurer, compatite, ecc, roller, surveyor, clerk of the acts, and the commissioners of his Majesty's navy for the time being, or for any one or more of them, to administer an oath or oaths, in any case or cases relating to the receiving, keeping, issuing and accounting for any part of his Majesty's treasure, victuals, stores or provisions of his Majesty's navy, or for the preservation of due order and disciplime therein, or in any other matter or thing relating to his Majesty's navy, or the affairs thereof.

X. And it is hereby further declared and enacted by the au- The treasurer thority aforesaid. That the said treasurer, comptroller, survey- of the navy, or, clerk of the acts, and the commissioners of the navy, for &c. may exethe time being, or any one or more of them, may execute all cute the powand every the powers hereby, or by any other law given them, ers hereby or any of them, on all and every the offenders aforesaid, in all as well within places as well within liberties as without; any law, statute, or-liberties as

dinance, charter or privilege to the contrary notwithstanding. XI. Provided always, and it is hereby declared, That no This act shall clause, sentence, or other matter in this act contained, shall re- not repeal, &c. peal, alter, change, or be interpreted to make void any of the the act of an clauses, matters or things, specified or contained in one act of Car. a. c. 5. parliament made in the two and twentieth year of the reign of his late majesty King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for taking away the benefit of clergy from such as steal cloth from the rack, and from fuch as shall steal or imbezil his Majesty's ammunition and flores; but that the same act shall remain in full force and virtue, for and notwithstanding any thing herein contained.

XII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That all and The admiralty every the powers hereby given to any officer or commissioner of may execute the navy, may be exercised by the lord high admiral of Great the powers in Britain and Ireland for the time being, or the commissioners for this act. executing the office of lord high admiral of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being, or any one or more of them.

XIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no per- None shall be fon or persons who shall be punished by virtue of this act, shall again punishbe punished by force of any other law for the same offence.

XIV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That this present act, and also the said act made act 9 & 10 W. in the ninth year of the reign of his late Majesty King William 3. C.41. shall the Third, shall be deemed, construed, allowed and taken no be deemed tice of in all courts of law and equity, and by all judges and ju-publick acts. stices whatsoever, and in all other places and jurisdictions whatfoever, without pleading or fetting forth the same, as and for publick acts to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

XV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Convictions That all and every the convictions and judgments which shall on this act to be had, made or given in pursuance of this act, shall be final, be final, and not subject to any appeal or certiorari, nor be removed, superfeded or suspended thereby, or by any of them; any law,

fiatute or provision to the contrary thereof in any wife mpewishstanding.

Persons fued general issue,

XVI. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority 2may plead the forefaid. That if any person or persons shall at any time be sued or profecuted for or on account of any matter or thing by him or them done or executed in pursuance of this act, or the faid act made in the ninth year of the reign of his late Majesty King William the Third, he or they shall or may plead the general issue, and give this act and the said last mentioned act, and the special matter in evidence for his or their desence, and if upon a trial a verdict shall pass for the desendant or desendants, or the plaintiff or plaintiffs shall be nonsuit, or discontinue his or their action or fuit, or judgment shall otherwise pass for the defenand thall reco-dant or defendants therein, then such defendant or defendants shall have double costs to him or them awarded against such plaintiff or plaintiffs, to be levied in such manner as costs in other actions may be levied.

ver double cofts.

The acts of 21 & 12 W. 3. c. 7. and 5 Ann. c. 34. to be in force during this act,

XVII. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That an act made in the eleventh year of the reign of his faid late majesty King William the Third, intituled, An all for the mere effectual suppressing of piracy, which was thereby to be in force for seven years, and from thence to the end of the next fession of parliament, after the expiration of the said seven years, and which by an act made in the fifth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for continuing the lagus therein mentioned relating to the poor, and to the buying and felling of cattle in Smithfield, and for suppressing of piracy, was enacted to remain in full force for feven years, and from thence to the end of the next fession of parliament, shall from and after the faid twenty ninth day of September next enfuing, be revived, and the same is hereby enacted to be in force during the continuance of this act.

Duration of this act.

XVIII. Provided, That this act shall be in force for five years. and to the end of the next fession of parliament, after the expiration of the faid five years, and no longer. Made purpetual in 9 Geo. 1. c.8. f. 3.

## CAP. XXVI.

An all for continuing several laws therein mentioned relating to coals, bemp and flax, Irish and Scotch linen, and the affize of bread; and for giving power to adjourn the quarter-sessions for the county of Anglesea, for the purposes tberein mentioned.

HEREAS divers temperary laws which by experience have been found beneficial and useful, are expired or near expiring; therefore for continuing the same, be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That an act made in the session of parliament held in the ninth year **:**...

of the reign of the late Queen Anne, intituled, An all to dissiple The act of the present, and prevent the future combination of coal-owners, lighter- 9 Ann. c. 28. men, mosters of ships, and others, to advance the price of coals, in made perpeprojudice of the navigation, trade and manufactures of this kingdom, and for the further encouragement of the cool trade, which was to continue for three years, and from thence to the end of the next fession of parliament, which act was further continued by an act made in the first year of the reign of his present majesty King George, which will expire at the end of this fession of parliament, shall be made perpetual.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That The act of 12 an act made in the fession of parliament, held in the eleventh & 12 W.3. and twelfth years of his late majesty King William the Third, in- c. 16. made tituled, An all for the better ascertaining the tithes of hemp and flan, perpetual. which was to continue for feven years, and from thence to the end of the next fession of parliament; which act was further continued by an act made in the fixth year of her faid late ma- 6 App. C. 25. jesty Queen Aure, for seven years, from the expiration thereof; which act was further continued by an act made in the first year of his present majesty King George, and will expire at the end of this present session of parliament, shall be made perpetual.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, The act of 3 & That so much of the act made in the third and fourth years of 4 Ann. c. 8. the reign of her said late majesty Quoen Anne, intituled, An ast Farther contito permit the exportation of Irish linen cloth to the plantations, and to nued by 3 Geo. probibit the importation of Scotch linen into Ireland, as relates to 1. C. 21. the liberty of exporting Irifo linen to the West-Indies, shall continue and remain in full force for the term of one year, and from

thence to the end of the next session of parliament.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, The act of That are act made in the fession of parliament held in the eighth 8 Ann. c. 18. year of the reign of her faid late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, continued. An act to regulate the price and affixe of bread, which was to coati- 12 Geo. 2. C. 13. pue for three years, and from thence to the end of the next fel-asGeo.2. c.46. sion of parliament; which act was further continued by the faid act made in the first year of the reign of his present majesty King George, and will expire at the end of this present session of parliament, shall be, continue and remain in full force for the term of three years, and from thence to the end of the next session of parliament.

V. And whereas by the faid act made in the eighth year of the reign & Ann. c.th. of her late majefty Queen Anne, intituled, An act to regulate the price and affize of bread, a penalty of forty shillings is laid upon all persons baking or making bread for sale, or exposing to sale any breed wanting the due weight, or that should not be marked according to the direction of the said act; which said penalty hath by experience, been found to be too great a hardflip, and tended very much to the oppreffion of the bakers, sometimes for very minute and inconsiderable defaults, and such as they (through the many accidents the faid trade is hebjett to) cannot always prevent fame small diminution of weight, by being everbaked, Sale, or one last flicking to another, while the other bath

hath the over-weight; and the mark put upon bread, by reason of the fermenting of the yest, becoming very often impersect, and sometimes not apparent: for remedy of which hardships for the future, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said penalty of The penalty in 8Ann. c.18. forty shillings, mentioned in the said act for want of weight of repealed.

After I Sept. 1715. Bakers deficient in weight shall for every ounce forfeit

When profecution to be.

Forfeiture to the informer, and to be re-

Peck loaves, according to the affizetable in 8 Annæ, c. 18.

3715. the prices of oath before the lord mayor, &c.

bread, or not being marked, and upon no other account, according to the directions of the faid act, shall from and after the first day of September one thousand seven hundred and sisteen be repealed; and that from and after the faid first day of September. making bread if any baker, or other person or persons, baking or making bread for fale, or exposing bread to fale, shall bake, make, sell or expole to sale any bread which shall be deficient in weight (according to the affize of bread to be fet pursuant to the directions of s. and want- the faid recited act) to the amount of one ounce or more, he. ing less 25. 6d. she or they so doing, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall for every offence forfeit and pay the fum of five shillings for every ounce of bread so wanting, and for any bread wanting any

weight less than an ounce, the sum of two shillings and six pence; fuch bread being complained of and weighed before a magistrate; or justice or justices of peace, or before any person by him or them appointed, within twenty-four hours after the same shall be baked or exposed to sale within the cities of London and Westminster, and bills of mortality, and within three days in all other cities, towns or places, within that part of Great Britain called England, Wales, and town of Berwick upon Tweed; the faid forfeiture and forfeitures to be given to the use of the informer or informers, and to be adjudged, levied and recovered in such covered as by manner as the faid penalty of forty shillings is by the faid act of 8 Ann. c. 18. the eighth year of her faid late Majesty's reign, to be adjudged, levied and recovered.

peck, half-peck, quartern, and balf-quartern loaves, which some magistrates, pursuant so the power and authority to them given by the Said act, have thought fit to allow of and licence in some places, while others have thought fit not to allow of or licence the same: and forasmuch as several of his Majesty's subjects, are desirous to have such fort &cc. to be made of bread, be it therefore further declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every baker or bakers shall and may, from and after the faid first day of September, one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, make, bake, fell, and expose to sale, peck, half-peck, quartern, and half-quartern loaves, so as the same are made and fold, both as to weight and price, in proportion to the affize-table contained in the said former act.

VI. And whereas in the faid recited all of the eighth year of her faid Majesty's reign, there is no provision made for making and selling

VII. And to the intent that the affixe of bread may be truly set, at-After Sept. 1. cording to the real prices of wheat, meal, or flour, whereof fuch bread is made; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the faid first day of September one thousand seven grain, &c. to from and after the faid first day of September one thousand seven be certified on hundred and fifteen, every time the affize is or shall be altered, according to the powers by the faid recited act given, the prices of grain, meal, and flour in the adjacent markets where fuch allize

affize shall be set (the said prices to be ascertained according to the Winchester measure) shall, from time to time, be given in and certified upon oath before the faid lord mayor and aldermen of the city of London, or to the said chief magistrate or magistrates, or justices, who by the said act are respectively authorized and impowered to let such assize, by the clerk or clerks of the respective adjacent market, or such other person or persons as the said magistrate shall appoint; fo that they may set the assize accordingly, and make such a reasonable allowance to the bakers for The affize of their charges, pains, and livelyhood, as heretofore has been ac- bread for customed; and that the affize of bread for the city of London and London, &c. weekly bills of mortality (the city of Westminster and liberties &c. excepted) thereof, the borough of Southwark and weekly bills of mortality to be fet by in the county of Surrey, excepted) shall, from time to time, be the court of fet by the court of lord mayor and aldermen of the city of Lon-lord mayor and, or by the lord mayor of the faid city, for the time being. by order of the faid court; any thing in the faid former act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. And whereas by an act of parliament made in the second year of the reign of King Edward the Sixth, intituled, An act for keeping of the great fessions, quarter-sessions, and county-courts at the town of Beaumaris in the county of Anglesea: it was enacted, That as well the great sessions of the said county of Anglesea, as all Dyer 133. and every shire, and county-day or days, and sessions of the peace, to Pl. 24. be holden for the said county of Anglesen, shall be bolden and kept within the faid town of Beaumaris, and within the liberties of the fame town, and not elsewhere, except as in the said act is excepted; any grant, law, usage, or prescription theretofore had, obtained, or used; in any wife to the contrary notwithstanding: be it nevertheless hereby enacted, That it shall be lawful for the justices of the The justices peace of the faid county of Anglesea, to adjourn the quarter-sel- may adjourn sions to be holden for the said county, from time to time, to the quarterany other part of the faid county, as to them shall seem meet sessions of Anand convenient, for the ease and benefit of such as shall be obligg ease of such as ed to take the oaths appointed by law to be taken to his Maje-shall take the fty, his heirs and fuccessors, and to and for no other use, in-oaths. tent, or purpole whatfoever.

## CAP. XXVII.

An all for taking and stating the debts due and growing due to Scotland by way of equivalent in the terms of the union; and for relief of the creditors of the publick in Scotland, and the commissioners of the equivalent.

HEREAS by the fifteenth article contained in the acts for Reciting the union of the two kingdoms of England and Scotland, it is rethe union aft.

cited or mentioned, That by the terms of the treaty for the said union,
5 Annæ, c. 8. the subjects of Scotland, for preserving an equality of trade throughout the united kingdom, would be liable to several customs and excises then payable in England, which would be applicable towards payment of the debts of England contracted before the union; and it was e-

Preed, that 8 cotland sould be ve an equivalent for what the subjects thereof should be so charged towards payment of the said debes of England, in all particulars what seever, in manner therein mentioned, viz. That the sum of three hundred ninety-eight thousand eightyfive pounds and ten shillings should be granted to ber late Majesty by the parliament of England, for the uses therein mantioned, being the equivalent to be answered to Scotland, for fuch parts of the faid cufloms and excises upon all exciseable liquors, with which that kingdom was to be charged upon the union, as would be applicable to the payment of the said debts of England, according to the proportions which the then present customs in Scotland, being thirty thousand pounds per annum, did bear to the customs in England, computed at one million three hundred forty-one thousand five hundred fifty-nine pounds per atnum; and which the then present excises on exciseable liquors in Scotland, being thirty-three thousand five bundred pounds per annum. alid bear to the excises on exciseable liquors in England, computed at mine hundred forty-seven thousand six bundred and two pounds per annum; and in regard that after the union, Scotland becoming &able to the faid cuftoms and duties payable on import and export, and to the same excises on all exciseable liquors, as in England, as well upon that account, as upon the account of the encrease of trade and people, the faid revenues would much improve beyond the before-mentioned annual values thereof, of which no estimate could then be made: yet nevertheless, for the reasons asoresaid, it is in the said article declared, That a proportionable equivalent ought to be answered to Scotland; and it was thereby agreed, That after the union there should be an account kept of the faid duties arising in Scotland, to the end it thight appear what ought to be answered to Scotland, as an equivalent for fach proportion of the faid encrease as should be applicable to the payment of the debts of England: and for the further und more effettual answering the several ends mentioned in that article; it was ogreed. That from and after the union the whole encrease of the revemues of customs and duties on export and import, and excises upon exeiseable liquors in Scotland, over and above the annual produce of the faid respective duties, as above stated, should go and be applied for the term of seven years to the uses therein mentioned; and that upon the faid account there should be answered to Scotland annually, from the end of seven years after the union, an equivalent in proportion to such parts of the said encrease, as should be applicable to the debts of England; and generally that an equivalent should be answered to Scotland, for fuch parts of the English debts as Scotland might thereafter become liable to pay by reason of the union, other than such for which appropriations had then been made by parliament in England, of the customs, or other duties on export and import, or excises on all exciseable liquors; in respect of which debts, equivalents were therein before provided: and by the said fifteenth article it was provided. That the said sum of three hundred ninety-eight thousand eighty-size pounds and ten shillings, and elso the whole increase of the faid revenues of customs, duties and excises, above the then present value, which should arise in Scotland during the said term of seven years; together with the equivalent which should become due upon the improvemene thereof in Scotland after the faid term; and also as to all other fums which, according to the agreements therein mentioned, should betome payable to Scotland by way of equivalent for what that kingdom should thereafter become liable towards payment of the debts of Enghand, should be applied to the respective uses therein mentioned; and ber late Majesty was thereby impowered to appoint commissioners for the purposes therein mentioned; which commissioners should be impowered to call for, receive and dispose the monees aforesaid, and to inspect the books of the several collectors of the said revenues, and of all other duties from whence an equivalent might arise; and the collectors and managers of the said revenues and duties were thereby obliged to give to the faid commissioners subscribed authentick abbreviates of the produce of futb revenues and duties arising in their respective districts : and that the said commissioners, should have their office within the limits of Scotland, and Ibould in such office keep books containing accounts of the amount of the equivalents, and how the same should have been disposed of from time to time, which might be inspected by any of the subjects desiring the same: and whereas the said sum of three bun-Ared minety-eight thousand eighty-five pounds and ten shillings was duly paid to Scotland, to be applied to the faid uses, according to the act of union, and other acts of parliament fince made in that behalf; and ber said late Majesto, by letters patent under the great seal of Great Britain, did appoint commissioners for the purposes aforesaid, but the faid commissioners, by reason of several difficulties, and particularly for want of the proper wouchers and accounts, whereby the debts of England incurred before the union, and for solich provision has been made since the treaty of union, might be distinguished from the charges and service of the several following years, could not keep such books as the faid article directed: for remedy whereof be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and con- The King ferit of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this may appoint prefers parliament affembled, and by the authority of the fame, commissioners That commissioners shall be appointed and authorized to the for stating the purposes after mentioned; which commissioners his Majesty is hereby impowered to nominate and appoint under the great feal of Great Britain, with such salaries to the commissioners, and allowances for clerks, and incident charges, as his Majesty shall think fit, for taking, examining and stating the debts due and growing due to Satland, by way of equivalent; which commisfloners are hereby impowered and authorized to iffue their precepts to all officers whatfoever, imployed or to be imployed in The committhe managing, collecting, receiving or paying the publick reve- somers may nue, or in rendring, controlling or auditing the accounts of the iffue precepts fame, to give such accounts and abbreviates duly figured, as so of the publick these commissioners shall appear necessary for that purpose; and revenues. particularly the faid commissioners are hereby authorized to take and flate the accounts of what equivalents and increase have And flate the become due to Scotland, according to the agreements in the faid accounts from treaty, from the commencement of the union to the first day of the union to May 1, 1714. plication of the monies levied in Great Britain, in the several

wears fince the union, distinguishing the parts which have been applied for payment of the debts of England incurred before the union, from such parts as have been for the service of the united kingdom in the several subsequent years, and of all publick monies that by any ways or means whatfoever have arisen and were the and payable in Statland, during the first seven years after the union, according to the faid treaty of union, and of all arrears yet standing out proper to the account of that time; and also of the publick money due and payable for the fervice of the year one thousand seven hundred and seven, or before that time. which has since been paid, or is still standing out; and of the civil and military establishment for that year; and in like manner of what monies have been advanced and paid out of the treafury of England towards making up the actual expence which Thould have been provided for by the parliament of Scotland, and of the state of the revenues of both nations, as computed at the time of the treaty, and for the several years since; as also to take and state what proportion of the increase of the sustoms and excise of Scotland, over and above the annual produce of these respective duties, as stated in the fifteenth article of union, are and will, after the expiration of the term of feven years mentioned in that article, be applicable to the payment of the debts of England contracted before the union; and to take and state an account of what parts of the duties imposed fince the union, are and will be applicable to the payment of the like debts incurred before that time, and generally to specify the parts and proportions of the revenue of Scotland, and every branch thereof, which are and will be applicable to the payment of the faid debts in · England, in consequence of the appropriations made since the treaty of union and the time of the continuance of these appropriations, to the end that a true and just state and account of all these matters may be made up pursuant to the agreements in the faid treaty of union, according to the true meaning and intent thereof, and a report thereof may be laid before the King and both houses of parliament, for their final determination thereupon.

Commissioners may adminifter oaths.

communon

in force.

II. And it is further enacted, That the said commissioners, or any two of them, shall and may, and are hereby impowered and authorized to administer an oath to the proper officers from whom they receive any accounts or abbreviates, as to the truth and justness of such accounts, to the best of their knowledge,

III. And it is hereby declared, That this commission, toge-How long the ther with the powers hereby granted, shall continue in full force and virtue from the issuing thereof, during the space of one, whole Chall continue year, and till the end of the then next session of parliament, to the intent and purpose that the accounts between the two nations, upon the agreements in the treaty of union, may be fully flated, and laid before his Majesty and both houses of parliament, as aforesaid.

IV. Provided always, That none of the faid officers or perobliged to tra. fons, who are hereby required to obey such precepts of the said

com:

commissioners, as aforesaid, shall be obliged, for doing thereof, vel farther to travel further than the cities of London, Westminster, and Edin-than London or Edinburgh. burgh, or any of them.

V. Provided also, That if the said commissioners, in the ex-Difficulties in ecution of this act, shall meet with difficulties in points of law, point of law to the same shall be specially stated in their report for determination be stated by

in parliament.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That sioners. any two of the faid commissioners, before they enter upon the Commissionexecution of this act, shall take an oath before the lord high ers to be chancelier of Great Britain, or master of the rolls, (which oath sworn: they, or either of them, are hereby respectively authorized and required to administer to them;) the tenor whereof shall be as followeth;

the commis-

A. B. do swear, That, according to the best of my skill and know- The oath. ledge, I shall faithfully, impartially and truly demean myself, in taking, examining and stating the debts due and growing due to Scotland, by way of equivalent, according to the agreements in the treaty of union, and in all matters and things, brought, or to be brought before me, in execution of an act, intituled, An act for taking and stating the debts due and growing due to Scotland, by way of equivalent in the terms of the union, and for relief of the creditors of the publick in Scotland, and the commissioners of the equiva-

And every other of the faid commissioners to be appointed by his Majesty, pursuant to this act, before he enters upon the execution of the said act, shall likewise take the same oath before the faid commissioners, who are hereby authorized and required to administer the same to them, after having taken the said oath themselves, as aforesaid.

VII. And for the relief of the creditors of the publick in Scotland, and of the commissioners of the equivalent, until the accounts herein after mentioned are taken and stated, according to the true meaning of this act: be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That the lords commissioners of the treasury, or lord high treasurer The treasury for the time being, shall and may, on or before the first day of may issue November one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, issue their or 15,822 l. 8 s. his order or orders for the payment of a sum not according of his order or orders for the payment of a fum not exceeding fif-commissioners teen thousand eight hundred twenty-two pounds eight shillings of equivalent and seven pence three farthings, to the commissioners of equiva- in Scotland. lent in Scotland for the time being, or any person or persons to be appointed by them, or any two of them, out of any monies anisen or to arise by the said revenues of customs and excise of Scotland, or either of them; which sum of fifteen thousand eight hundred twenty-two pounds eight shillings and seven pence for payment three farthings, shall be applied by the said commissioners of of one year's equivalent, and they are hereby directed and required to apply interest, the same, for payment of one year's interest, viz. from the twenty-third of June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, Vol. XIII.

to the twenty-fourth of June one thouland seven hundred and

thousand five bundred and nine pounds fifteen shillings and ten pence

Anno primo Georgei I. Stat. 2. C. 28.

fifteen, of the capital fum of two hundred thirty thousand three hundred and eight pounds nine shillings and een pence, and sive flated due to fixth parts of one peny, flated the to the faid creditors of the the creditors publick in Scotland on the twenty-fourth of June one thousand of the publick seven hundred and sourteen, by an act of the twelfth year of her in Scotland, late Majesty's reign, intituled, An act to discharge and acquit the by 12 Ann. commissioners of equivalent for the fam of three hundred southey one

And for payment of the commissioners falaries :

Rat. 2. C. 53.

27**₹**′

half-peny, by them duby issued out of the sum of three hundred minereight than sand eighty-five pounds and ten shillings, which they received; and for the payment of the falaries of the faid commissioners of equivalent, and of the fees and falaries of their fervants, and necessary charges, from the faid twenty-third day of June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, to the twenty-fourth

day of June one thousand seven hundred and fifteen; which sum The faid fum to be brought so to be advanced and paid to the said commissioners of the equiinto account. valent for the purpoles aforefaid, shall be brought into the accounts to be taken and flated by the faid commissioners to be appointed by this act, and chargeable upon any monies which

now are or hereafter shall be found due to Scotland.

Commissioners shall incur no penalties, &c.

VIII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority aforelaid, That none of the commissioners to be appointed purfuant to this act, shall incur any penalties, forfeiture, incapacity or disability whatsoever, for putting this act in execution. Vide 3 Geo. 1. 1.14. & 5 Geo. 1. 1. 20.

CAP. XXVIII.

An att for repealing an att, intituled, An act for repealing part of an act passed in the parliament of Scotland, intituled, Att for discharging the Yule vacance.

10 Ann. C. 13. TYTHEREAS by an act passed in the tenth year of her late majesty Queen Anne, of blessed memory, intituled, An act for repealing part of an act palled in the parliament of Scotland, intituled, An for discharging the Yule vacance, it was enacted and declared, That the Christmas vacation of the fession or college of justice, and all other inferior courts of justice in that part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall yearly, in all time caming, continue and endure from the twentieth day of Decomber to the tenth of January, beto inclusive: and whereas also the said vacation has been by experient

The act 10 Ann. c. 13. repealed.

tion of justice, and greatly prenedicial to the subjects of that part ! Great Britain: be it therefore enacted by the King's moltercellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent withe lost spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same. That the aforesed act passed in the tenth year of her late majesty Queen Aur. shall be and is hereby repealed and made void.

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found to be a great interruption to the course of business and administra-

## CAP. XXIX.

An act for allowing a time for two hundred and thirteen families of protestant Palatines, now settled in Ireland, to take the oaths, in order to intide them to all the benefits intended them by the act of the seventh year of her late Majesty's reign, for naturalizing foreign protestants. EXP.

# Anno Regni GEORGII I. Regis Magnæ Britanniæ, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ, primo.

A F the parliament begun and bolden at Westminster, Note; The the feventeenth day of March, Anno Domini one stile of the thousand seven hundred and sourteen, in the first year of the sollowing acts reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE, by the Grace of is the same as God, of Great Britain, France and Ireland, King, defender in page 137, without any of the saith, &c. being the first session of this present partial alteration. ment: and from thence continued by several adjournments to the ninth day of January one thousand seven hundred and sistem, in the second year of his Majesty's reign.

#### CAP. XXX.

An act for continuing the act of this present session, intituled, An act to impower his Majesty to secure and detain such persons as his Majesty shall suggest are confiring against his person and government. EXP.

#### CAP. XXXI.

An act for granting an aid to his Majesty by a land-tax in Great-Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and sixteen. EXP. 4s. in the pound, EXP.

## CAP. XXXII.

An act to attaint John earl of Mar, William Murray, Eq.; commonly called marques of Tullibardine, James earl of Linlithgow, and James Drummond, Eq.; commonly called lotd Drummond, of high treason.

## CAP. XXXIII.

An act for the more easy and speedy trial of such persons as bave levied or shall levy war against his Majesty.

WHEREAS a borrid and unnatural rebellion and war has been openly and traiterously raised and levied against his Majesty within tois realm, and is still continued, with design to depose and murder his most sacred Majesty, and to set a popula pretender, bred up and instructed in Rowalla superstition and arbitrary principles, on the through of these realms: and whereas great numbers of such as have joined in the said rebellion, have been, by his Majesty's vigilance and case, detaily seized, and for safer custody necessarily distributed into several prisons in different counties: and whereas many of the chief of the said rebells have been, in order to lay open and discover the soundations and causes of the said rebellion and treasons, with much trouble and expense to the crown, brought up to London, and parts adjacent,

in order to be examined: and foresmuch as bills of indistment, as the law now stands, are to be found in the counties where the faid treases are committed; but as it will be very inconvenient to the publick justine of the nation, that the judges should remain so long in the faid counties as will be necessary for the trying of the said offenders, so it will ke very burthensome and grievous to the freeholders of the same counties to attend so many trials as may be necessary to be had for the safety of the publick: to the end therefore that the faid offenders may not conceive any hope of impanity from the distance of the several counties where the faid treasons are committed, or from any power or interest they may have therein, and that justice may more speedily and securely be administred against the said offenders, and proper examples made, in fuch seasonable time as may be a means to suppress the remains of the faid rebellion, and preserve the peace and tranquillity of these kingdoms: be it enacted. &c.

All persons in custody for high treason before Jan. 23, 1716, may be tried in such shire as his Majesty shall direct. And no challenge for the shire shall be allowed. Peers shall be tried by their peers. The place of indiament or trial not to be altered, unless the persons indicted have been in actual rebellion. EXP.

### CAP. XXXIV.

An act for preventing mutiny and defertion, and for the better payment of the army and their quarters. EXP.

#### CAP. XXXV.

An act to appoint a commissioner for taking, examining and stating the debts due to the army, in the room of Thomas Smith, Esq; deceased; and for continuing the former act until the tenth day of March one thousand seven hundred and sixteen. EXP.

#### CAP. XXXVI.

An act for charging and continuing the duties on malt, mum, cyder and pervy, for the service of the year one thousand seven bundred and sixteen; and for compelling several receivers to finish and clear their accounts; and for making duplicates of Exchequer-bills, lottery-tickets and orders, lost, burnt or destroyed; and for enlarging the time for adjusting claims to certain benefit-tickets; and for allowing the charge of executing the lottery-act, for the fervice of the year one thousand seven bundred and ten; and for recovering monies of several land-taxes, resting in the bands of collectors or constables at St. Albans; and for preventing frauds in the duties upon sope; and for limiting a time for persons who have certain annuities for life or lives, to demand the payments thereupon at the Exchequer; and for preventing frauds in the duties relating to printed and painted paper, callicoes, and other things therein mentioned,

For preventing frauds in

ND whereas by an all made in the tenth year of the reign of our late sovereign lady Queen Anne, amongst etber the duties up- things, for laying several duties upon all sope made in Great Britain,

or imported into the same: it is enacted, That if any makers of sope 10 Ann. c.190 shall fraudulently hide or conceal, or cause to be hid or concealed, any lect. 18. Sope chargeable by the said act, or any the materials for making the fame, to the intent to deceive her Majesty of the just duties by the said ast granted, that then, and in every fuch case, the party so offending shall forfeit for every such offence the sum of twenty pounds: and whereas by one other act made in the twelfth year of the reign of her faid late Majesty, amongst other things, for laying additional duties on 12 Ann. stat. s. sope, farther duties are granted upon sope; and by the said last men- c. 9. tioned all it is amongst other things enacted, That all the powers, authorities, rules, directions, penalties and forfeitures, claufes, matters and things what soever, contained in the said act of the tenth year of ber said Majesty's reign, for raising, receiving, levying, recovering, fecuring and paying the faid duties on sope, as are by the said last mentioned all charged with new or additional duties thereupon, should be continued, practifed and put in execution, for raifing, receiving, levying, recovering, securing and paying the same new or additional duties by the said last mentioned att granted, and all arrearages thereof, as fully and effectually, to all intents and purposes, as if they were particularly and at large repeated in the body of the faid laft mentioned all; except in such cases only where any alteration therein is specially made by the faid last mentioned act, as by the said several acts more at large may appear: and whereas the penalties by the before-mentioned acts provided, to prevent the biding and concealing of sope, have by experience been found ineffectual, and not sufficient to prevent or restrain the fraudulent biding and concealing thereof, in regard the duties of one boiling of sope so bid and concealed, may and often do amount to fifty pounds or more, whereby some ill-disposed persons have been encouraged and induced to hide and conceal several great quantities of fope, to the great diminution of the revenues arifing by the duties laid upon sope, and to the great discouragement of other fair traders and makers of sope, who duly pay the full duties upon sope, according to the true intent and meaning of the faid several recited acts: for remedy whereof, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That After 16 April if at any time after the fixteenth day of April in the year of our 1716. conceal-Lord one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, any maker of ing sope, &c. lope shall fraudulently hide and conceal, or cause to be hid or and the lope. concealed, any sope chargeable by the said several recited acts, or any the materials for making the same, to the intent to deceive his Majesty of the just duties by the said acts granted, that then and in every fuch case the party or parties offending, shall forfeit the fum of five hundred pounds for every such offence, and also all the sope so hid and concealed.

XV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Penalty how That the penalties for hiding and concealing of sope, and ma- to be sued for, terials for making of lope, by this act imposed, shall and may acc. be fued for, recovered, levied and mitigated by fuch ways and means and methods, as any penalty or forfeiture imposed by any of the laws of excise may be sued for, recovered, levied and mitigated; and that one moiety of such penalties and forseitures shall be for the use of his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and

the other moiety for the use of the person or persons that shall

inform or sue for the same.

Clause for lie

XVI. And whereas by an act possed in the third year of the reign mixing a time of her late majesty Queen Anne, instituted, An act for raising monomorphisms by sale of several annuities, for carrying on the present war, nuities for life it was enabled, That it should and might be lawful to and for any perocitives, to de-sen or persons, natives or foreigners, to contribute, advance and pay mand the pay-into the receipt of her then said Majesty's Exchequer for her Majesty's then thereof at the Exchequer for her persons, and repetitive days and sinus in the said act timised in that heldelf, any sum or sums of money, hot exceeding in the lawful of the said of the sa

in that behalf, any sum or sums of money, hot exceeding in the tobole 3& 4Ann. c. 2. the sum of eight hundred seventy-seven thousand it in the hundred and thirty pounds minteeen shillings and three pence, for purebasing such several and respective annuities for ninely-nine years as are therein mentioned: and whereas liberty was given by the said act of the third year of her said late Majesty, That any person or persons being at ariginal contributors, or by mesne assessments, or by any other laws such and means, entitled to any estantiand when or three sinces in

ginal contributors, or by mefne affiguments, or by any other lanoful ways and means, entitled to any estate for one, two or three lives in 2 & 3 Ann. c. 3. being, of or in any annuity purchased or obtained upon an att of the second year of the reign of her said late Majesty, intituled, An act for granting an aid to her Majesty for carrying on the war, and other her Majesty's occasions, by selling annuities at several rates, and for such respective terms or estates as are therein mentioned, for changing or converting the said estate for one, two or three lives, into a certain term for ninety-nine years, upon and for the confederations therein expressed: and whereas some of the nominices for bubose lives some of the said annuities are held, are foreigners, or live in foreign or remote parts of this kingdom, so as that they cellinat be found or heard of; and that the parties that are or were entitled to Juch annuities do not come or fend to demand the said annuities, subereby it is become uncertain whether such nominees be living of dead, or were so at the time of purchasing such reversions, whereby the titles of the parchasers of such reversions are become, and will become disputable: for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That in case any of the said annuity or annuities (whereupon the reversion or reversions were or shall be purchased, as aforesaid) have not, or shall not be demanded at the Exchequer for the space of two years next after the same did become, or shall become payable; and in case certificates of the life and lives of any nominee or nominees, upon whose life or lives any annuifies do depend, have not been, or shall not be produced to the officers of his Majesty's Exchequer, or sufficient proof made thereof, according to the rules prescribed by former acts, within two years next after the laid annuities have or shall from time to time become payable; then and from thenceforth, and from and after the expiration of the faid two years, fuch nominee and nominers, of whole life or lives no fuch certificate hath been or shall be produced, or proof made, as aforefaid, shall be taken to be dead, and the perion or perions that hath purchased, or shall hereafter purchase such reversion or reversions of such anpuity or annuities, expectant upon the death of such nominee or nominees, of whole life or lives no fuch certificate bath or shall

shall be produced, or proof made, as aforesaid, shall receive the said respective annuity and annuities, from time to time, until such certificates thall be produced, or proof made, and thall not be accountable for such part of the said annuity as he shall then have actually received for default of such certificate or proof; any thing in this, or in any former act or acts of parliament contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVII. And for the more effectual preventing frauds relating to After 1 June. the duty laid upon printing, pointing, or staining paper to serve for 1716. before bangings or other uses: be it further enacted by the authority a- paper be forefaid. That from and after the first day of June one thouland cer to take acseven hundred and fixteen, before any such paper shall be print-count of the ed, painted or stained, the officers for the said duties on such quantities and printed, painted or stained paper, as aforesaid, shall be permit-dimensions, ted to take accounts of the quantities and dimensions of all pa- and stamp the per for printing, painting or staining, which at any time or times shall be in the custody or possession of any such printer, painter or stainer, and upon taking such account thereof, shall mark or stamp every sheet and piece thereof with a stamp or seal already provided, or hereafter to be provided, in pursuance of the act to Ann. c. 19. for granting of the faid duties for the marking or stamping of filks, callicoes, linens or stuffs, printed, painted, stained or died, thereby to denote that such account has been taken of such paper per; and in case any officer or officers shall mile any quantity missing, officer or quantities of such paper whereof he had before taken such act to charge it counts, and shall not upon reasonable demand receive satisfac with the dution what is become of the same, then and in such case it shall and may be lawful for fuch officer to charge fuch printer, painter or stainer of paper, with the duties of such paper so missing, as if the same were actually printed, painted or stained.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Paper remov-That no person or persons, who shall print, paint, stain or dye ed before any paper chargeable with the faid duty, shall remove, carry stamping. or fend away, or suffer to be removed, carried or sent away, any paper by him, her or them printed, painted or stained respectively, until such time as the proper officer shall have taken an account of every particular quantity of fuch paper fo to be carried away, and until every particular piece and parcel of fuch paper shall be duly marked with such stamp or seal, as aforesaid, denoting the charging of the faid duty, on pain to forfeit twenty pounds for every such offence; and that all the printed, forfeits 20% painted or stained paper, so carried away without being marked &c. with fuch stamp or seal denoting the charging the said duty, and being found in the possession of any stationer, or other trader or dealer therein, or of any other person or persons for the use of fuch stationer, trader or dealer for sale, shall and may be seised and recovered, one moiety thereof for the use of his Majesty, his heirs and fuccessors, and the other moiety for the use of the seisor or informer.

XIX. And whereas several stationers, merchants, and other traders Dealers in and dealers in paper, have or may have on the first day of June one theu- painted paper land

particular of their stock in hand to r June 1716.

respective stocks or quantities of such printed, painted or fained paper. which have already been duly charged with the faid duty, but are not marked with any flamp or feal, denoting the charging thereof. be it therefore further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and every merchant, stationer, trader and dealer in such paper, having on the said first day of June one thousand seven hundred

and fixteen, in his, her or their custody or possession, or in the custody or possession of any other person or persons, for his, her or their benefit, use or account, any stock, parcel or quantity of paper so printed, painted or stained, being for sale, shall On penalty of (upon pain of forfeiting for every neglect the fum of thirty

pounds) deliver or cause to be delivered, on or before the faid 301. first day of June one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, at the office for the faid duties, next to the place and places respectively, where such stock shall or may happen to be, a particular in writing figned by themselves or their appointments, of their feveral stocks before-mentioned, describing the whole quantities and kinds thereof distinctly, to the end and intent that the same

may be duly stampt and marked with such stamp or seal, denoting the charging the faid duties; and the officers for the faid Officers may enter into any duties are hereby authorized and impowered to enter into any thop, &c. to shops, warehouses, or other places whatsoever, belonging to or View, used by such merchants, stationers, and other traders and dealers in such printed, painted and stained paper, as aforesaid, there to view the same, and to take an account thereof; and upon doing thereof, are hereby impowered and required to mark or stamp the same, with such stamp or seal, denoting the charging the faid duties; and all and every fuch merchants, stationers, and to ftamp

the lame.

and other traders and dealers in such printed, painted or stained paper, shall be obliged by force and virtue of this act (if thereunto required) to permit and suffer the proper officer and officers for the faid duties, to make such entrance and view, as aforesaid, and to take such account and accounts, and so to mark Refuting enfuch paper; and if any person or persons shall refuse to permit trance forfeits fuch officer or officers to enter into their shops, warehouses and 100l. other places (being thereunto required) there to view and take fuch account and accounts, and to mark and stamp such stocks

Penalties how

part thereof, then every such person, for every such refusal, shall forfeit the sum of one hundred pounds. XX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all fines, penalties and forfeitures by this act imposed, relating to the faid duties on paper, shall be sued for, levied, and recovered, or mitigated, by fuch ways, means and methods, as any fine, penalty or forfeiture, is or may be recovered or

of fuch printed, painted or stained paper, as aforesaid, or any

to be fued for. mitigated by any law or laws of excise, or by action of debt,

bill, plaint or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, or the court of session, court of justiciary, or court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively; and that one moiety of every such sine, penalty and forseiture, shall be to his Majesty,

Majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other moiety to him, her or them, that shall discover, inform or sue for the same.

XXI. And whereas several persons do travel in several parts of Persons printthis kingdom, and print, paint, stain or dye filks, callicoes, linens and ing silks, &c. suffer, but remove from the places where they so print, paint, stain or place than the dye the same, to parts remote, without paying any duty for the same, place of their by means whereof the said duties are lost and cannot be recovered: for usual resiremedy whereof, he it forther enacted by the authority afore-dence, to make a particiald, That from and after the first day of June one thousand cular entry of seven hundred and sixteen, where any person or persons shall the sike, &c. take upon him, her or them, to print, paint, stain, or dye any before printfilks, callicoes, linens or stuffs, at any other place than the place ingo of his, her, or their usual residence, or exercise of his, her or their trade, all such persons shall, before he, she or they print, paint, stain or dye any such silks, callicoes, linens or stuffs, make a particular entry of all fuch filks, callicoes, linens, or stuffs so by him; heror them intended to be printed, painted, stained or dyed, with the officer for the faid duties of the division or place where he, she and pay down or they shall fo intend to print, paint, stain or dye the same, and the duties. pay down to the faid officer all the duties charged, or which would be due for fuch goods so intended to be printed, painted, stained or dyed, upon printing, painting, staining or dying the same, before he, the or they proceed to print, paint, stain or dye such goods, or any part thereof; and if such person or persons shall print, paint, stain or dye any such filks, callicoes, linens or stuffs; without making fuch entry, and paying down the duties thereof, as aforefaid, the person or persons offending therein shall for every such offence forfeit the sum of fifty pounds, to be re- On penalty of covered and levied as aforefaid; and moreover all fuch filks, 50 L callicoes, linens and stuffs so printed, painted, stained or dyed, without fuch entry and payment of duty, as aforesaid, shall be, and may be seised immediately by such officer; one moiety of such penalties and forfeitures to be paid to his Majesty, his heirs and fuccessors, and the other moiety to the person or persons that shall fue or inform for the same.

CAP. XXXVII.

An act to enable his Majerty to grant the regalities and lands now remaining in the crown in North Wales and South Wales, and county of Chefter, to his royal highness the prince of Wales, in such manner and form as the principality of Wales and earldom of Chefter have formerly been granted to the princes of Wales; and also to enable his said royal highness to make leases of lands, parcel of his royal highness's dutchy of Cornwall, or annexed to the same.

It shall be lawful for his Majesty to grant to the prince, all the honours, castles, &c. belonging to the crown, in Wales, Monmouth, and the county palatine of Chester. His Majesty may grant to the said prince the like pursistion, &c. as King James I. granted to Prince Henry, &c. The prince may make leases, &c. of the premises, for 31 years or three lives. All leases and grants made by his royal highness, of any manors, &c. in the dutchy of Cornwall shall be good. Proviso, that such leases, &c. be made only for 31 years or three lives, and not dispunishable of waste, and that the usual rent be referved, and where there has been no such rent, the aoth part of the value shall be reserved. EXP.

### CAP. XXXVIII.

An all for enlarging the time of continuance of parliaments, appointed by an all made in the finth year of the righ of King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An act for the frequent meeting and calling of parliaments.

W.&M. c.s. W HEREAS in and by att of parliament made in the fixtbyor of the reign of their late Majesties King William and Quen May (of ever bleffed memory) intituled, An act for the frequent meeting and calling of parliaments: it was, among other things malled, That from thenceforth no parliament subatfeever, that fould at on time then after be called, affembled or held, should have any continuous longer than for three years only at the farthest, to be accounted sim the day on which by the writ of summens the faid parliament should k appointed to meet: and whereas it has been found by experience, that the faid clause bath proved very grieveus and burthensome, by wisfirming much greater and more continued expences in order to election of members to serve in parliament, and more violent and lasting beau and animofities among the subjects of this realm, then were ever know before the faid clause was enacted; and the faid provision, if it had continue, may probably at this juncture, when a refiles and population faction are defigning and endoavouring to renew the rebellion with this kingdom, and an invafion from obroad, be destruction to the pour and fecurity of the government: be it enacted by the King's mok excellent majefty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in parliament a sembled, and by the authority of the same, That this present hall have con- parliament, and all parliaments that shall at any time hereafter be called, affembled or held, shall and may respectively have continuance for seven years, and no longer, to be accounted from the day on which by the writ of summons this prefent parliament hath been, or any future parliament shall be, appointed to meet, unless this present, or any such parliament hereafter to be summoned, shall be sooner dissolved by his Majesty, his heir or succeifors.

Farliaments tinuance for feven years, uniess sooner dissolved by the King.

#### CAP. XXXIX.

An att to indemnify such persons who have atted in desence of bis Majesty's person and government, and for the presavation of the publick peace of this kingdom, in and about the time of the late unnatural rebellion, from vexations suits and prosecutions.

WHEREAS in the year of our Lord one thousand seven himdred and fifteen, as well in the time of, as before the unnatural rebellion, which begun in or about the months of September " October in the same year, divers lard lieutenants, deputy lieutenants, justices of the peace, mayors, bailiffs of corporations, constables, and other officers and persons well-affected to bis Majesty and bis govern ment, in order to preserve our present bappy establishment, and the

peace of this kingdom, and to suppress and put an end to the said rebellion, apprehended and put into custody, and imprisoned several criminals, and several persons, who they suspected might disturb the publick peace, or foment or promote riots, tumults, rebellions, or evil defigns against the government; and also seized and used several borses, arms, and other things, and also pressed divers horses, carts and carriages, for the service of the publick; and did for the purpoles aforofaid enter into the houses and possessions of several personn; and did quarter and cause to be quartered divers soldiers and others in the houses of divers persons; and did divers acts which could not be justified by the strikt forms of law, and yet were necessary, and so much for the fervice of the publick, that they englit to be justified by all of parliament, and the persons by whom they were transacted ought to be indemnified; be it therefore enacted by the King's most All personal excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords actions, &c. spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament for any thing affembled, and by the authority of the same, That all personal done in order actions and suits, and all molestations and prosecutions whatso-rebellion in ever, and judgments thereupon (if any be) for or by reason of 1715. shall be the premisses, or of any other matter or thing advised, com-dicharged. manded, appointed, or done in the faid year of our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, in order to suppress the said unnatural rebellion, or for the prefervation of the publick peace, or for the service or safety of the government, be, are, and shall be discharged and made void by virtue of this act: and if any And if comaction or fuit heroby discharged, or intended to be discharged, menced again shall be commenced or prosecuted, every person so sued may the person sued the plead the general issue, and give this act and the special matter general issue, in evidence; and if the plaintiff shall become nonsuit, or for- &c. bear further profecution, or suffer discontinuance, or if a verdict pris against him, the said defendant shall recover his double Double costs, costs, for which he shall have the like remedy as in case where costs by law are given to desendants.

# CAP. XL.

An act for the free importation of cochineal, during the time therein limited. B X P.

For nine months after March 32, 1926. Cochineal may be imported in any vellel and from any port.

CAP. XLI.

An act for giving liberty to persons who have served their apprenticeships to my part of the veccilen manufacture in Colchester, to work at their said trades, and at the making bays within the said town.

Perfors having farved apprenticeships in Colchester, in any branch of the woollen manufacture, may follow the trade of baymaking in the said towas swring to the governors of the Dutch bay-hall there, their rights, see, Perfors having used the trade for seven years may continue to use it.

# CAP. XLII.

An act for the attainder of George earl of Marifchall, William earl of Scaforth, James earl of Southefour, James earl of Passauir, and others, of high treason, unless they shall render themselves to justice by a day ferfam therein mentioned.

#### CAP. XLIII.

An all to continue duties for encouraging the coinage of meney; and to charge the duties on senna as a medicinal drug; and for the appropriating several supplies granted to bis Majesty.

MAY it please your most excellent Majesty, Whereas great how-IVI fit and advantage did accrue to England by one all of parliement passed in the eighteenth year of the reign of his majesty King 28 Car. 2. c. 5. Charles the Second, intituled, An act for encouraging of coinage, and continued by another act made in the twenty fifth year of the rays of his said majesty King Charles, intituled, An act for continuing a former act concerning coinage; both which faid alls were n-1 Jac. 2. C. 7. vived by an act made in the first year of the reign of his majely 4 & 5 W. & M. King James the Second, and were continued by an act made in the fourth year of King William and Queen Mary, of bleffed memory, 12 & 13 W. 3. and were further continued by an all made in the twelfth year of the C. II. reign of the said late King William, and were further continued by 7 Ann. c. 24. an all made in the seventh year of the reign of her late majesty Quen Anne, of bleffed memory, to be in force for feven years from the first

day of March one thousand seven hundred and eight, and until the end of the first session of parliament then next following, and no longer; fo that unless the said acts be revived and continued, the encourage ment given thereby will cease, and this kingdom be deprived for the future of fo great a good as it hash for many years last past enjoyed: now we jour Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of

Great Britaln in parliament affembled, do give and grant unto your Majesty the rates, duties, and impositions herein after mentioned, for and during the term and time herein after expressed, and do bumby pray that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most ties continued excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords

spiritual and temporal and commons, in the present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That such and the like rates, duties, and impositions, as by the faid act of parliament of the eighteenth year of the reign of King Charles the

Continued from Second were granted, and by the faid subsequent acts were continued, for and upon the importation of wines, vinegar, cyder, for feven years, beer, brandy, and strong waters imported, during the respective terms therein mentioned, shall be further continued, and be ther by 19 Geo. paid and payable to his Majesty, his heire and successors, for

and upon all wines, vinegar, cyder, beer, brandy, and frong waters, which hall be imported or brought into Great Britain within or during the space of seven years, to commence from the first day of March one thousand seven hundred and sisteen and until the end of the first session of parliament then next sol-

lowing, and no longer; and that all the faid former acts, and all other acts of parliament concerning coinage, and every of them, and every clause, article, and sentence in them or any of them contained, now being in force, shall be and are by virtue

of this act revived and continued, and shall be in force, and be

Coinage dufor 7 years.

18 Car. 2. c. 5. March 1730. by 4 Geo. 1. C.12. and far-2. C. 14.

duly put in execution, for and during all fuch term and time as are before-mentioned, as fully and effectually as if the same were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the body of this prefent act.

II. And to the end the importers of gold and filter into the mints Deficiency in of England and Scotland respectively, may not be discouraged by any the coinagedeficiency of the revenue by this act settled for defraying the coinage duty, how to thereof; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That be supplied. it shall and may be lawful to and for the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them now being, or the lord high treafurer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treafory for the time being, out of the monies arifing by this act, or out of any other the publick supplies granted or to be granted by parliament, to cause so much money to be applied, as shall be necessary for defraying the expences of the said mints of England and Scotland respectively, by way of imprest, and upon account, for that service, so as the same, together with the coinage-duties arising by this act, do not exceed, in any one year, the fum of fifteen thousand pounds, and so as the said monies be issued out of the Exchequer of Great Britain to the master of the mint in England, and the general of the mint in Scotland respectively, for the said purposes.

III. And whereas in the book of rates annexed to an act made in the 12 Car. 2. C. 4. twelfth year of the reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, A fubfidy granted to the King of tonnage and poundage, and other fums of money payable upon merchandize exported and imported, a rate is fixed upon senna under the title of drugs, in order to pay the duty charged thereon by the said act; which act has been continued by several subsequent acts now in force: and whereas the faid duty is by a subsequent all increased, and further duties are by several other acts laid upon the importation of all drugs, all which acts are still in force: and whereas by several of the said last mentioned acts, drugs used in dying are exempted from payment of the respective duties thereby granted; and for the better adjusting the duties upon goods used in dying, by an act of the third year of the reign of her 3 & 4 Ann. late Majesty, for continuing duties on low wines and other things c. 4. feet. &. therein mentioned; it is declared what goods are meant to be used in dying, among ft which senna is contained; nevertheless it being notoriones that fenna is not or ever was used in the dying trade, but was inferted in the faid last mentioned act, by mistake, to the great loss of his Majefty's revenue in the duties intended to be paid for the same : for After 9 May prevention thereof for the future, be it enacted and declared by 1716. Jenna to the authority aforesaid, That all senna imported into Great Bri- pay as a metain, after the ninth day of May one thousand seven hundred dicinal drug. and fixteen, shall be subject and liable to the payment of the ed by Mr. Verduties charged by the faid act of tonnage and poundage, and by min is excepted the several acts for increasing and continuing the same, and to by 6 Geo. z. all and every other the respective duties laid, or intended to be c.11. 1,53. laid by other respective acts, as if the said exemptions in the several acts for goods or drugs used in dying had not been therein

inferted; any law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. And

Stock in hand to pay, if excteding 20 pounds weight.

IV. And whereas several marebouts and other synders and dealers in fames, have, or may have, on the ninth day of May one thousand feven bundred and fixture, several stocks or quantities of fewer : is hereby further enacted, That all merchants, druggers, or cohor persons who do sell or retail somma, having in his, her, or their authody or pollettion, or in the authody or pollettion of any asher person or persons in trust for him, her, or thorn ar for his, her, or their are, hencit or account, any flock or quantity of forms (fuch shock or quantity respectively exceeding swenty pounds weight) within the realm of Great Britain; being for fale, shall yield and pay unto his Majesty for every pound of such found, so much as will make up she detice thereof equal to the duties intended to be payable for lenns by kirthe of this act discreminer to be imported; which faid duties shall be paid withan three months after the faid minth day of May one thousand seven hundred and fixteen.

V. And to the end the faid flocks of fame may be known, and the duties thereupon duty of certained and secured: it is hereby enacted. That all and every the faid merchants, drugsture, and other per-

Drugters, &c. I was an and every me and encromants, drugtums, and other perto make a just fons felling or retailing fenns, shall, on or before the awenty entry of their fifth day of June one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, make fenns by 25 a just entry thereof at the custom-house nearest the place where June 1716 &c. tuch Jenna doth remain, as aforesaid, and permit the proper

a just entry thereof at the custom-house nearest the place where June 1716 fee fuch Jenna doth remain, as aforesaid, and permit the proper officers of the cultoms thereunto to be appointed by the commissioners of the customs in England and Scatland respectively, at any time before the twenty fifth day of June one shouland leven hundred and fixteen, to enter into his, her, or their marghouses or other places where such stocks of fenna, exceeding the enanvity of ewenty pounds, as aforefaid, are to be found, and so view weigh, and take account of the same; and if any such merchant, drugster or other person selling or retailing some shall enegled to make such entry at the custom-house within the cinter aforefaid, or shall refuse to permit such officer or officers to ender into his, her or their ware-houses, or other places, (if thereunto required) there to view the faid stock, as aforesaid, or any part thereof, or shall hide, semove, or convey away the said tienna with intent to defraud his Majesty, or shall not may his -Majesty's dues for the same, according to the true intent and meaning of this act, then for every or any fuch offence, the merchant, drugster, or other person selling or retailing senne

Penalty 40 l.

so l. per cent for prompt payment. On exportation duty difcharged. The revelue menths en-

of the penalties and forfeitures for the non-payment of the disties due on the importation of fenna are to be recovered and distributed by any act or acts of parliament now in force at lating thereunto: provided, That is such persons to chargeable for any flocks of fenna, shall pay his Majeshy's duties due for the fame, by virtue of this act, before the end of these months, then he, the, or they shall be allowed for such prompt payment after the rate of ten pounds per contum per annual tit quity fun to advanced; and in case of emportation thereof, ar stay, part thereof,

respectively, so offending, shall forseit and lose the sum of forty

pounds, to be recovered and differbuted in like manner as any

thereof, within twelve months after entry made, as aforefaid, larged to three the faid duties payable by this act for fuch stocks of senna shall years by 7 Geo. 2. stat. 2.

be discharged or repaid.

VI. And be it onacted by the authority aforciaid, That all the Clause of apmonies lent, and to be lent to his Majorly upon one act of this fel-propriation of sion of purfiament, intituled, An all for granting an aid to his Majefty the monies of by a land-last in Great Britain, for the forvice of the year one thousand this leftion. from hundred and finteen, and is much money (if any fach be) of z Geo. z. flat. the tax thereby granted as shall unife and remain after all the the tax thereby granted, as shall arise and remain after all the loans, made or to be made on that act, or thereby transferred, or directed to be transferred thereunto, and the interest thereof, and 2 Geo, 7, flat. 2. the charges thereby allowable for raising the faid tax, shall be fatis- c. 36. fied, or money sufficient shall be reserved to discharge the same; and all the monies lent, and to be lent to his Majetty upon the duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry, charged and continued by another act of this fession of parliament, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and so much money of the faid duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry thereby granted or continued as shall arise or remain (if any such be) after all the loans made or to be made on that act, or thereby transferred, or directed to be transferred thereunto, and the interest thereof, and the charges thereby allowable for raising the faid duties thereby charged, shall be fatisfied, or monies sufficient shall be referved to discharge the same; shall be appropriated and applied, and are hereby appropriated for or towards the feveral uses, intents and purposes herein expressed, subject nevertheless to fuch restrictions as are herein after prescribed: that is to fay, it is hereby enacted and declared, That out of all or any the aids or supplies provided as aforesaid, there shall and may be issued and applied any sum or sums of money, not exceeding in the whole the fum of nine hundred eighty four thousand four hundred seventy two pounds nineteen shillings and six pence, for the naval fervices following, that is to say, for defraying the Naval services. charges of the ordinary of his Majesty's navy, and for half-pay to lea-officers, and for victual, wages, wear and tear of the navy, and victualling thereof, performed and to be performed, and for fea-fervice in the office of ordnance performed and to be performed, and for extraordinary repairs of the navy, and other fervices of the navy and transports performed and to be perdormed; and any fum, not exceeding one hundred twenty-two Thousand four hundred ninety fix pounds eighteen shillings and Ordnance. two pence half-penny, for the charge of the office of ordnance for hand fervices performed and to be performed, including half-Pays in that office; and any furn or furns of money, not ex-'ceeding in the whole the firm of one million five hundred tweny thousand eighty two pounds mineteen shillings and eight pence half-perany, for maintaining his Majesty's land-forces, and other fervices herein after expressed, that is to say, for maintaining grands, garrifons, and other his Majesty's land forces in Great Land forces Britain, Jerfey, and Guernsey, and twenty eight companies of Wallie, and three independent companies in North Britain, for

c. 21. £ 10.

the

the year one thousand seven hundred and sixteen; and for maintaining his Majesty's forces in his Majesty's plantations in America, for the year one thousand seven hundred and fixteen; and for maintaining his Majesty's forces and garrison in Minerce, for the year one thousand seven hundred and sixteen; and for maintaining his Majesty's forces and garrison in Gibraliar, for the year one thousand seven hundred and sixteen; and for the pay of six thousand men taken into his Majesty's service from the statesgeneral of the united provinces, and for the charge of the general officers belonging to the same for one year; and to make good several expences for the service of his Majesty's land forces in the year one thousand seven hundred and sisteen, over and above the sum of one hundred thirty two thousand five hundred fixty three pounds nine shillings and fix pence, saved by the pay of thirteen regiments of dragoons, eight regiments of foot, and four companies of the Coldstream regiment, from the one and twentieth of July one thousand seven hundred and sifteen, to the twenty fourth of December following; and for several extraordinary expences for the service of his Majesty's land forces, for the year one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and to make up the half-pay to the officers of the land forces and marines disbanded (being his Majesty's natural born subjects, or naturalized) full pay for one year, from the twenty-fixth day of July one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, to the twenty fifth day of July one thousand seven hundred and sixteen; and for halfpay for the year one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, upon account, to the officers of the land forces and marines disbanded, being his Majesty's natural-born subjects, or naturalized; and to defray feveral extraordinary charges relating to the demo-

Deficiencies of lition, and other charges at Dunkirk, and for answering other iupply'd.

grants in 1715. extraordinary services or augmentations relating to his Majefty's land forces; and any fum not exceeding fifty thousand eight hundred eighty fix pounds eleven shillings and ten pence halfpenny to make good the deficiency of the grants for the year one thousand seven hundred and fifteen; and any sum not exceeding three thousand seven hundred and two pounds eight shillings and seven pence, to discharge one year's interest, after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, of the fum of fixty one thousand seven hundred and seven pounds three shillings and two pence, or thereabouts, remaining due and unsatisfied, of the fum not exceeding feven hundred thousand pounds, which

was borrowed on an act made in the third year of the reign of

& Ann.c. her late majesty Queen Anne, of blessed memory, for laying

duties upon low wines, and other things therein mentioned, and .. towards the repayment whereof another act passed in the fixth 6 Ann. c. as. year of her faid late Majesty's reign, charging coffee and other merchandizes for the term of four years, which expired on or about the twenty third day of June one thousand seven hundred

and fourteen; and any fum not exceeding eighteen thousand eight hundred fifty three pounds three shillings and fix pence, to discharge one year's interest, after the rate of six pounds per

CERLUM

wo pence farthing, or thereabouts, remaining due and unfatifed of the principal fum, not exceeding five hundred thousand ounds, which was borrowed on the act of parliament of the ighth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, of 8 Ann. c. 9. leffed memory, for laying duties upon candles, and other duies, for five years, which expired on the first day of May one houland seven hundred and fifteen; and any sum not exceeding orty two thousand six hundred sixty and sive pounds thirteen hillings and fix pence, for supplying the deficiency of the fund f one hundred fixty eight thousand and three pounds per annum, Deficiencies of make good the payments of the ten pound lottery of one the 101 lottehousand seven hundred and twelve, for the two several years good. nded at Michaelmas one thousand seven hundred and sourteen; nd that the aids or supplies provided as aforesaid, shall not be flued or applied to any use, intent or purpose whatsoever, other

han towards the uses and purposes before-mentioned.

houfand two hundred and nineteen pounds eleven shillings and

That no appropriation, or other matter or thing in this act tions not to ontained, shall obstruct or hinder any payment or payments, obstruct make which by and in pursuance of an act made in the first year of ficiencies to is Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for enlarging the capital the South Sea lock and yearly fund of the South Sea company, and for supplying company, by hereby eight hundred twenty two thousand and thirty two pounds four virtue of the billings and eight pence to publick uses; and for raising one hun- Rat. 2. C. 21. red fixty nine thousand pounds for the like uses, by sale of annuities, pon divers encouragements therein mentioned; and for appropriating iveral supplies granted to bis Majesty, are or shall be required and uthorized to be made by the treasurer or paymaster of the navy or the time being, or by any other persons to be intrusted with he publick monies for the service of the navy, out of such sublick monies, tallies, orders or parliamentary securities in heir hands or power respectively, as are or shall thereby be harged or chargeable to make good any deficiency or deficienies to the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain rading to the South Seas, and other parts of America, and for ncouraging the fishery, or to their treasurer, for their use; any hing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

his session of parliament shall be payable to any commissioners to the comor taking, examining and stating the debts due to the army, missioners of accounts, &c. or their salaries, or for their clerks, or other incident charges,

VIII. Provided also, That such sums, as by any other act of Or the salaries

hall and may be paid out of the aids or supplies aforesaid, of ny of them; any thing herein contained to the contraty not- Continued by rithstanding.

VII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and declared, Appropriaact i Geo. 1.

9 Geo.1, c. 19,\*

# CAP. XLIV.

Continued by 9 Geo. 2. č. 32. An act for the continuing the duty of two pennies Scots, a one fixth of a penny Sterling, on every pint of ale and be that shall be vended or sold within the city of Glasgon and privileges thereof, for the benefit of the faid city.

THEREAS the preserving and encouraging the cities and is roughs eminent by their situation, and usefulness in trades. manufactures, bas been at all times, and in all kingdoms and flatt. the care of the legislaters, more especially in Great Britain: as whereas the city of Glasgow, being a place distinguished for these is vantages, but yet more considerable for their loyalty and zeal for the reformed religion, constitution and liberty of the people; whereif all proper occasions, that city has given undeniable proofs, more part cularly by furnishing, at the charge of the inhabitants, confiderable nur. bers of men well armed and disciplined, not only for defence of that in but even for the support and defence of the government in other place fince the revolution, on divers very remarkable occasions, and lately a most cordial and cheerful manner, in opposition to the most unjust fiable rebellion, begun and carried on by a popish pretender to the crown and dominions of his most excellent Majesty: and whereas the ser revenues, or common good of the faid city, are scarce sufficient for in annual necessary charge of the government of so great, populous, a useful a place, much less for payment of the debts of that corporation which have lately been greatly encreased by very considerable sums had out for furnishing a battalion of foot to serve at Sterling, and s putting themselves into a posture of defence against the above-mention ed rebels and traitors: and whereas their late majesties King William and Queen Mary, and her late majesty Queen Anne, and the fait of the parliament of Scotland, did, in consideration of their first loyalty at the revolution, and during the reigns of the faid print and towards enabling them to pay their debts, beautify their tous and improve trade there, by two acts severally passed in the parties ments held in Scotland in the years one thousand six bundred the ninety three, and one thousand seven bundred and five, grant and continue to the said city the duties after-mentioned, viz. an imposition two pennies Scots, over and above the duties then payable to the crown, upon each pint of ale and beer to be brewed, inbrought, vered, tapped, and fold, within the faid city and other places thereit mentioned, to continue for the space of sixteen years, from and after the first day of November, one thousand seven hundred and six, it the uses, and under the burdens and regulations therein also expressed; which number of years is now near expired, though the coufes of the faid grants remain, and are rather greater: to the end therefore that the faid city of Glasgow may be enabled to pursue the ends and uses expressed in this and the former grants above-mentioned, and that the faid city and others, feeing that just encourage ment is provided as a reward of duty and loyalty, while the merit of laudable service is fresh in memory, may be excited by their example to adhere stedfastly and cheerfully to his Majesty's

royal person, and to the succession as by law established: be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That such and the like rates, du-The rates, &c. ties, and impositions, as by the said act passed in the parliament imposed on of Scotland, upon the fifteenth day of June, one thousand fix beer and ale hundred and ninety three, and continued by another act of the gow, by the parliament held in Scotland, upon the twenty first of September, acts of Juners. one thousand seven hundred and five, upon each Scats pint of 1693, and Sept. ale and beer, to be either brewed or brought in, vended, tap-21.1705.con-ped, and fold within the faid city, liberties, and suburbs thereof Nov. 1. 1738. except ale and beer that shall be brewed and vended in the Gorbals, or any other lands within the faid city's privileges, that are taxed to the publick within the shire) shall be further continued. and be paid and payable to the magistrates and town council of the faid city of Glasgow, and their successors in office, for their use and behoof; and that from and after the expiration of the years contained in the above-mentioned act, passed in the parliament of Scotland, upon the faid twenty first day of September. one thousand seven hundred and five, until the first day of November, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and thirty eight, the said two former acts severally passed in the parliaments in Scotland, in the years one thousand fix hundred and ninety three, and one thousand seven hundred and five, and every clause, article and sentence in them, or any of them, contained, now being in force, shall be and are, by virtue of this act, revived and continued, and shall be in force, and be duly put in execution, for and during all such term and time, as is before-mentioned, as fully and effectually as if the same were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the body of this present act, with the alterations following only, Overseers viz. That whereas the late deceased James duke of Hamilton, appointed. and also John Walkingshaw of Barrowsield, were appointed overfeers of the said duties granted, and managers thereof: be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in the place of the said Tames duke of Hamilton, and John Walkingshaw of Barrowsield, John duke of Argyle, Sir James Campbell of Arakinlas, Daniel Campbell of Shawfield, and Henry Cunninghame of Boquhan, efors; shall be, and they are hereby appointed overseers.

II. Provided also, and it is further enacted by the authority This and the aforesaid, That if it shall happen so many of the overseers shall former acts to die, as there shall not remain a quorum, yet this and the former force, the no acts hereby continued, as to all other clauses, articles and sen-quorum of the tences, shall be and continue in full force.

III. And laftly, Whereas the building of a key upon the river main alive. of Clyde, at the faid city of Glasgow, from the place commonly called the Broomielaw, to a place called Ducket Green, would greatly improve the navigation of the said river of Clyde, and be a conveniency in loading and unloading of goods: be it therefore also enacted by the authority aforesaid, That out of the

overfeers re-

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Anno primo Georgii I. Stat. 2. C. 45,46.

A key to be built on the river Clyde.

monies arising by the said impositions, the magistrates of the faid city of Glasgow, and their successors in office, shall be, and they are hereby impowered and required to advance such sum or fums as shall be judged necessary by the merchant and tradeshouses of the said city of Glasgew for building the said key, from the faid place commonly called the Brownielaw to the faid place called Ducket Green.

## CAP. XLV.

An act for holding the affise for the county of Cornwall at a convenient place within the faid county.

HEREAS the justices of assis, of Nisi prius, Oyer and Terminer, and general goal-delivery for the county of Cornwall, have, for many years past, constantly held and kept the assist for the faid county at Launceston in the faid county; which conftant holding has been oftentimes found inconvenient: for remedy whereof, be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by Cornwall shall and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and the commons, in this present parliament assembled, 'and by authority of the same, That from and after the twentieth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fixteen, the holding of the affifes and general goal-delivery for the faid county shall not be confined to the faid town of Launceston, but that it shall and may be lawful to and for the lord high chancellor, or lord keeper of the great feal of Great Britain, for the time being, with the advice of the justices of affile, from time to time, to appoint a convenient place within the faid county of Cornwall for the holding and executing all and every commission and commissions of assiste, and Niss prius, Oyer and Terminer, and general gaol-delivery for the said county, in fuch manner as he is by law authorized to do for any other county within that part of the kingdom of Great Britain called England; any law, statute, custom or other matter or thing to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

The affifes for. not be confined to the town of Launceston.

#### CAP. XLVI.

. An all to prevent the mischiefs by manufalluring leaves or other things to resemble tobacco, and the abuses in making and mixing of snuff.

[THEREAS tobacco is one of the chief products of Virginia and Maryland, upon which their welfare and subfiftence detb much depend; and by the importation thereof the navigation and trade of this kingdom, and the publick revenues of the same, are very much increased: and whereas it is found by experience, that of late several evil persons have cut, cured, manufactured and sold walnut-tree leaves. hop leaves, sycomore leaves, or other leaves, herbs, plants, or materials, refembling tobacco of the growth or product of the British plantations, to the prejudice of his Majesty's plantations in America, and of the navigation and trade of this kingdom, and of the publick revenues arising upon tobacco: for remedy whereof for the future, be it enacted

enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the After June 200 advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and com- 1716, walnutmons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the autho-fhall not becut rity of the same, That all and every person and persons what- with tobacco. soever, who at any time or times after the twentietli day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fixteen shall cut, or cause or procure to be cut, any walnut-tree leaves, hop leaves, fycomore leaves, or any other leaves, herbs, plants or materials whatfoever, (not being tobacco leaves or plants) into the form or in imitation of any the usual sizes or cuts which tobacco has been or shall be cut into, for sale, or shall colour or cure, or cause or procure to be coloured or cured any fuch leaves, herbs, plants or materials, to make the fame refemble tobacco, for fale, or shall fell, or cause or procure to be fold, or agree or offer to fell knowingly, any fuch leaves, herbs, plants or materials, mixed or unmixed with tobacco, as if the same were tobacco, shall, for every pound weight of such leaves, herbs, plants or materials so cut, coloured, cured, fold or agreed for, or knowingly offered to fale, and for every pound Penalty of 5 s. weight of such mixture as aforesaid, forfeit and lose the sum of for every five shillings, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity; pound offered that is to say, one moiety or half part thereof to the use of his to sale, to Majesty, his heirs and successors, the or they bearing the charge King and proof profecution out of the moiety fo accruing to the crown, and not otherwise) and the other moiety or half part thereof to the use of such person or persons as will inform or sue for the same. to be recovered (with full costs of suit) by action of debt, bill, plaint or information in any his Majesty's courts of record at West minster, or in the Exchequer of Scotland, wherein no essoin. protection, wager of law, or more than one imparlance shall. be allowed.

II. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all Like penalty and every person and persons whatsoever, who at any time or for exportatimes after the faid twentieth day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fixteen shall export or cause to be exported, or shall lade or put on board, or cause or procure to be laden or put on board for exportation, any fuch leaves, herbs, plants or materials, or such mixture as aforesaid. or endeavour to obtain a drawback for the same, as if the same were tobacco which had paid or secured his Majesty's duties thereupon, shall, for every such offence, forfeit and lose the fum of five shillings for every pound weight, and proportionably for a greater or lesser quantity, over and above all other penalties which may be inflicted for fuch offence by any law now in force, to be recovered and distributed in such manner as aforafaid.

III. And be it also enacted by the authority aforesaid, That such leaves, all the leaves, herbs, plants and materials so cut, coloured, &c. may be cured or manufactured, fold, contracted for or knowingly offered fearched for to fale as aforesaid, and all such mixtures as aforesaid, and all and seized. engines, utenfils and tools made use of in the cutting, colour-

ing, curing or manufacturing the same, or prepared for such use, shall and may be searched for and seized by any officer of the customs, or by any person or persons thereunto specially authorized by writing under the hands and feals of the commisfioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or of the lord treasurer for the time being, or of the commissioners of the cuttoms in England or Scotland respectively, or any three or more of them for the time being.

Search to be made at seaand not without warrant from two juftices. seized to be brought to the custom-house, or secured by order of the

Juftices.

IV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That me house or warehouse whatsoever shall be opened to search for or seize sonable hours, such leaves, herbs, plants, materials or mixtures, or such engines, utenfils or tools, but at feasonable hours, and not without a special warrant first had and obtained from two or more justices of the peace of the county or place where such search is Theleaves, &c. to be made; and that the leaves, herbs, plants and materials, and the faid mixtures, engines, utenfils and tools, which shall, at time or times, be found and seized within the limits of any port, or within fix miles of the fame, shall be brought to the next custom-house warehouse; and if found and seized at any greater distance from any port, shall be secured by order of any two justices of peace of the county or place where they shall be found, at the King's charge, till the cause of such seizure shall

The cause of feizure to be quarter-felfions; to be burnt.

be determined by the justices of the peace in their quarter-seffions; and that the cause of every such seizure shall be heard and determined at the next quarter-sessions, or (at farthest) at determined by the second quarter-sessions after such seizure made; and all such leaves, herbs, plants, materials, mixtures, engines, utenfils and and leaves, &c. tools, (after condemnation or recovery by judgment of fuch sessions) shall be openly burnt or destroyed by order of the same at his Majesty's charge.

Punishment of fervants, &c. employed in ling fuch leaves.

V. And it is hereby further enacted, That all servants and labourers which shall be employed in the cutting, colouring, curing or manufacturing any fuch leaves, herbs, plants or macutting or fel-terials, to refemble tobacco, or in the making any such mixture as aforefaid, or in knowingly vending the same, and shall be convicted thereof by the oath of any one or more credible persons, before any two justices of the peace of the county or place where the offence shall be committed, shall or may, by order of fuch justices, be committed to the common gaol or house of correction, there to remain and be kept to hard labour for any time not exceeding fix months, without bail or mainprize.

Persons sued may plead the general iffue, and shall recover treble €ofts.

VI. And be it likewise enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons shall be sued or prosecuted for what he or they shall do in pursuance or execution of this act, fuch person or persons may plead the general issue (not guilty) and after iffue joined may give this act and the special matter in evidence; and if the plaintiff or profecutor shall be nonfuit, or forbear further profecution, or fuffer discontinuance, or if a verdict pass against him, the defendant shall recover treble costs, for which he shall have the like remedy as in cases where costs by law are given to defendants,

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Mixing or co-That if any person or persons shall, at any time after the said souring snuff twentieth day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand with oker, &c. seven hundred and sixteen, make, mix or colour, or cause to be made, mixed or coloured, any fort of fnuff with any fort of oakers, umber or any other kind of colouring, except with water tinged with the colouring commonly called Venetian Red only; or shall mix or cause to be mixed with any fort of snuff, any fusick or yellow chony, touchwood or any other fort of wood, or any dirt, or dust sisted from tobacco; or shall knowingly fell, or expose to sale, any snuff so made, mixed or co-Forfeits the loured as aforefaid, every such person so offending shall, for eve-snuff, and 3L ry pound-weight of fauff so made, mixed or coloured, forfeit for every the faid fouff, and likewife the fum of three pounds, and pro- by 5 Geo. r. c. portionably for any greater or leffer quantity, to be recovered by 11.lect. 22. this action of debt, bill, plaint or information, in any of his Maje-act is extended Ry's courts of record at Westminster, or in his Majesty's court of to other abuses Exchequer in Scotland, wherein no essoin, privilege, protection fours. or wager of law shall be allowed, nor any more than one im-How to be re-parlance; one moiety of which forfeitures shall be to the use of covered and his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other moiety to disposed. the use of such person or persons who shall seize, inform, or suc tor the fame.

#### CAP. XLVII.

An act for the more effectual and exemplary punishment of such persons as shall seduce soldiers to desert, or who, being papists, shall inlist themselves in his Majesty's service in Great Britain or Ireland, or in the islands of Jersey or Guernsey.

WHEREAS a pernicious and dangerous practice has been in-dustriously carried on in these kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland, by papists and other evil-disposed persons, disaffected to his Majesty's title and government, under false and groundless pretences, to delude his good subjects, who had engaged themselves as soldiers in the service of his Majesty and their country, and to prevail with them by corrupt and direct means to defert the same, oftentimes in order to Procure their affistance for a popilib pretender, the avowed enemy of the protestant religion, and the laws and liberties of these kingdoms; for which wicked purposes the said papists and other evil-disposed persons bave with great diligence frequented the publick-houses, and other places where the said soldiers used to resort, or are quartered, and by entertainments, seditious speeches and vain promises, have often seduted his Majesty's said subjects from their duty and allegiance; for remedy whereof for the future, and for the more effectual and After June a exemplary punishment of all offenders in that behalf, be it en- 1716. Persons acted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the ad-perswading, vice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and com-defert shall formons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority feit 40l. of the same, That if any person or persons whatsoever (other

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than such as are or shall be inlisted as soldiers, against whom sufficient remedy is already provided by law) shall, from the first day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fixteen, in Great Britain or Ireland, or the isles of Jersey or Guern/ey, by words or other means whatfoever, directly or indirectly, perswade or procure any soldier or soldiers in the service of his Majesty, his heirs or successors, to desert or leave such service, or shall go about and endeavour in manner asoresaid, to perswade, prevail on or procure such soldier or soldiers to desert or leave such service as aforesaid, every such person or persons so offending as aforesaid, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall, for every such offence, forseit to his Majesty, his heirs or fuccessors, or to any other person or persons who shall sue for the fame, the sum of forty pounds, to be recovered by bill, plaint or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at West-

And not having fufficientto pay it, to be months without bail, and stand in the pillory.

minster, wherein no essoin, protection, or wager of law shall be allowed; and if it shall happen that any such offender, so convicted as aforefaid, hath not any goods and chattels, lands or imprisoned six tenements, to the value of forty pounds, to pay and fatisfy the same, or that from the circumstances and hainousness of the crime it shall be thought proper and convenient, the court, before which the faid conviction shall be made, as aforesaid, shall award the said offender to prison, there to remain for any time not exceeding fix months, without bail or mainprize, and also to stand in the pillory for the space of one hour, in some markettown next adjoining to the place where the offence was committed, in open market there, or in the market-town itself where the faid offence was committed. II. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority afore-

Profecution in fix months.

faid, That no fuch action shall be brought, or prosecution carried on by virtue of this act, unless the same be commenced within fix months after the offence committed.

Punishment of papilts lifting themselves in his Majesty's fervice.

III. And whereas to carry on the service of the said pretender, and for other wicked purposes, many papists pretending themselves protestants, and taking the oath of abjuration, and subscribing the test, when thereunto required, being so allowed to do by the pope, and their other spiritual superiors, the better to disguise and conceal their designs, do inlist themselves in his Majesty's troops, whereby the greater danger may arise to these kingdoms, if not timely prevented: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That any person or persons having professed the popish religion, who since the first day of February one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, have been inlisted in his Majesty's troops, and who shall not, after the first day of June one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, in Great Britain or Ireland, or in the isles of Guernsey or Jersey, produce a testimonial of his having publickly renounced the same, or shall not, at the time of his inlisting, declare to the officer or soldier who so inlisteth him, that he hath been, or at present is of the popish religion, shall in such case be liable to, and receive such corporal punishment, not extending to loss of life, as a court martial shall inslict for the same, who are hereby impowered to to do.

### CAP. XLVIII.

An act to encourage the planting of timber-trees, fruit-trees and other trees, for ernament, shelter or profit, and for the better preservation of the same; and for the preventing the burning of woods.

XIHEREAS the raising and planting of timber-trees, fruit-This act is extrees and other trees is of very great profit and advantage to plained and athe kingdom of Great Britain: and whereas divers lewd and difor- 6 Geo. 1. 5. 16. derly perfons, and others, have riotously, and sometimes in a clandestine and malicious manner, broke down, cut up or otherwise destroyed such timber-trees, fruit-trees and other trees, to the great discouragement of the planters and owners thereof, and the parties whole trees are so destroyed are remediless, for lack of knowing the parties so offending: therefore for the better encouraging of persons to raise, plant and preserve timber-trees, fruit-trees, and other trees, in fields, ... hedge-rows, gardens and walks, and elsewhere, either for ornament, shelter or profit, and for the preventing the malicious destroying or spoiling the same, and to give remedy to such persons. for making them satisfaction for all damages to be occasioned by such breaking down, cutting up, spoiling, or otherwise destroying the same; be it enacted by the King's most excellent Timber trees, majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiri- &c.maliciously tual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament as-broken down, sembled, and by the authority of the same, That if any person &c. shall make or persons whatsoever, from and after the twenty-fourth day of good the da-Tune in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and mage to the fixteen, shall maliciously break down, cut up, pluck up, throw owner. down, bark, or otherwise destroy, deface or spoil any timbertree or trees, fruit-tree or trees, or any other tree or trees, the person or persons, body politick or corporate, that is, are, shall or may be damaged by the fame, shall receive such satisfaction and recompence of and from the inhabitants of the parish, town, How the dahamlet, vill or place, where such tree or trees shall be so malici- mages shall be outly broken down, cut up, pluckt up, thrown down, barked, recovered in destroyed, defaced or spoiled, and to be viewed, and damages 13Ed. 1. stat. 1. and costs to be recoverable and recovered against such parish, c. 46. town, hamlet, vill or place, by the person or persons, whose tree or trees shall be so maliciously broke down, cut up, pluckt up, thrown down, barked, destroyed, defaced or spoiled, in the same manner and form as hedges and dikes overthrown by persons in the night, in and by an act of parliament made in the thirteenth year of the reign of King Edward the First, intituled, Lords may approve against their neighbours: usurpations of commons during the eflate of particular tenunts, are to be levied, and damages yielded; and where such offence or offences shall be committed in that How in Scotpart of Great Britain called Stotland, to be recoverable and re-land. covered by way of summar action, and in the same manner and form as damages in other cases of riot are to be recovered by the laws there, unless the party or parties so offending shall by such parish, town, hamlet, vill or place, be convicted of such offence,

with-

within the space of fix months from the committing such offence or offences; any law or construction to the contrary in any wife

notwithstanding.

Two justices or quarter-lefoffences.

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victed to be fent to the house of correction for three months, or to the gaol for 4 months, and to be whipt.

II. And be it further enacted and declared by the authority aforefaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any two or sions finally to more justices of the peace of the county, riding, division, stewdetermine the artry, regality, city, town, borough or corporation, wherein any such offence or offences shall be committed, or the justices in open sessions, upon complaint to them made by an inhabitant of the aforesaid parish, hamlet, vill or place, or of the owner of fuch tree or trees, or of any other, to cause such offender or of-Offenders con. fenders to be apprehended for the trespasses and offences aforefaid, or any of them, and to hear and finally determine and adjudge all and every the offence and offences aforefaid; and if fuch justices shall convict any person or persons of all or any the trespasses or offences aforesaid, then such justices, immediately after such conviction, shall commit such offender and offenders to the house of correction, there to continue and be kept to hard labour for the space of three months, without bail or mainprize; and where there are no houses of correction in any county, riding, division, stewartry, regality, city, town or borough where such offender or offenders shall be convicted, the faid justices shall commit such offender or offenders to such prison as is appointed for other criminals, there to continue for the space of four months; and shall also order and adjudge that fuch offender and offenders shall be publickly whipt by the master of such house of correction, once every month, during fuch three months, in fuch borough or corporation, if the offence be committed therein, and not otherwife; or in the markettown where such house of correction stands, or in the next marhet-town next adjacent to such house of correction, and in the county where fuch offence shall be committed, on the marketday of such town, between the hours of eleven and two of the clock; and in such places where there is no house of correction, the faid justices shall order and adjudge that such offender or offenders shall be publickly whipt by the hand of the common hangman or executioner once every month, during fuch four months, on the market-day of any borough or corporation where such offender shall be committed, or on the market-day of fome town, between the hours of eleven and two of the clock.

And before discharged shall find sureties for good two years.

Setting any fire, felony. 15 Car. 2. c. 2.

III. And it is hereby further enacted, That before any such offender or offenders shall be discharged, he, she and they shall find sufficient sureties for his, her or their good behaviour for behaviour for the space of two years thence next ensuing; any law, custom or construction to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. And whereas divers woods, underwoods and coppices have been wood, &c. on heretofore, and lately set on fire, or burnt, to the great discourage. ment of planting: be it therefore enacted and declared by the 22 & 23 Car. 2. authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons shall, from and after the laid twenty-fourth day of June one thouland seven hunhundred and fixteen, maliciously set on fire, or burn, or cause to be burnt, any wood, underwood or coppice, or any part thereof, such malicious setting on fire, burning or causing to be burnt, shall be and is hereby declared and made selony, and the offender and offenders shall suffer, and be liable to all the penalties and forseitures, as other selons by the law now are; and where Offenders in such offences are committed in that part of Great Britain called Scotland to be Scotland, such offender and offenders shall suffer and be liable as punished as wilful sire-raisers, according to an act passed in the seventh year ers by the act of her late majesty Queen Anne, installed, An act for improving 7 Ann. c. 21. the union of the two kingdoms; any thing in this act contained, or in any other law or statute to the contrary in any wise not-withstanding.

# CAP. XLIX.

An act to revive and continue an act of the eighth and ninth years of the Continued by reign of his late majefty King William, for repair of the piers of Bridlington, alias Burlington, in the East Riding of the county of York.

The act 8 & 9 W. 3. c. 29. revived and continued to June 24. 1730. Trustees appointed, and to have the same powers as the trustees in the said act.

#### CAP. L.

An act for appointing commissioners to exquire of the estates of certain traitors, and of popish recusants, and of estates given to superstitious uses, in order to raise money out of them severally for the use of the publick. EXP.

All casses, honours, lordships, manors, lands, &c. of persons since 29 June 1715. attainted, or before 24 June 1718. to be attainted of high treason committed before 1 June 1716. shall be forfeited to his Majesty, for the use of the publick. Estates tail vested in the crown in see simple. Commissioners named. General meeting of commissioners to be by 3 July 1726, May agree upon rules, &c. May subdivide so as six reside in Scotland, and seven in England. May appoint a commissioner to travel into any parts where forfeited estates lie. In case of dispute the King to make orders. Commissioners may appoint a register and other officers. Who are to be fworn. Commissioners to proceed in a fummary way, &c. and to keep a register, &c. Perfons discovering concealed debts, and paying two thirds thereof by 24 Nov. 1716. into the Exchequer, discharged of the intire debts. All claims to be entred before 24 June 1717. All claims to be entred in a book. All conveyances made by persons convicted, after 1 Aug. 1714. fraudulent. Commissioners to give an account' in writing to the King and both houses. Commissioners to enquire of the citates of popula reculants, and how much the two third parts amount to, and whether registred. Estates given to superstituous uses, vested in the crown, for the use of the publick. Commissioners in a summary way to enquire of all fuch estates, and to fend for trustees, and for deeds, &c. Trustees discovering such estates before 24 Nov. 1716. to have one fourth part. Each commissioner to have a salary of 1000l. per annum. Salaries for clerks and incident charges to be paid by the Exchequer. All the monies ariting by this act appropriated to the use of the publick. EXP.

XXXI. And whereas several of the traitors, whose estates are to Heritable jube enquired of, as above, were on the said twenty-fourth day of June risdiction for one thousand seven hundred and sisteen in possession of heritable jurished to be suppressed, to be suppressed, admiralties, stewarties or sheriff bips; all which heritable interested.

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1714. jurifdictions to possessed by particular families, without any immediate commission from the crown, have been found by experience to occasion great obstruction to justice, and to prevent the influence and use of the 20Geo. 2. C. 43. many good and laudable laws of this realm: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all the said heritable jurisdictions, commonly called constabularies, regalities or admiralties,

which were in the possession of the above-mentioned traitors on the faid twenty-fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and sisteen, and which are or shall become forseited within the times above limited, shall from and after the first day of November in the year one thousand seven hundred and sixteen be suppressed and extinguished, and so remain in all time to come; so that it shall not be lawful at any time after the said first day of November in the year one thouland seven hundred and fixteen, to fell or grant any manner of way, nor by any title of conveyance whatfoever, any of the aforefaid forfeited heritable jurisdictions, commonly called constabularies, regalities or admiralties, to any person or persons, family or families, nor to erect any such heritable jurisdictions in the room of the faid forseited heritable jurisdictions.

Forfeited theriffships and stewartries annexed to the crown, &c.

XXXII. Provided always, That the several forfeited sheriffships and stewartries shall subsist and remain with the same powers and privileges which belonged to them at the time of the faid forfeiture; and that the faid forfeited sheriffships and stewartries be, and they are hereby declared to be annexed to the crown, so as not to be alienated by any gift or grant, otherwife than to fuch person or persons as his Majesty, his heirs and fuccesfors shall think fit to grant them, during pleasure only. XXXIII. Provided also, That the several places, towns, vil-

Suppressed constabularies or regalities Subjected to &c. where they lie,

lages and bounds, which were subject to the said jurisdictions, commonly called constabularies or regalities, to be suppressed, as the theriffthips above, shall, and they are hereby ordained and appointed to become subject to the several sheriffships or stewartries within the bounds of which they lie, in the same manner that the other places, towns, villages and bounds which were not erected in or made subject to constabularies or regalities, are and were subject to their respective sheriffships or stewartries; and that the places and bounds subject to the admiralties or vice-admiraities, which are forfeited and suppressed, as above, shall and they are hereby ordained and appointed to become subject to and under the immediate jurisdiction of the court of admiralty court of admi-established in Scotland, and reserved by the articles of union;

And forfeited admiralties, &c. to the raity in Scotland.

notwithstanding.

Commissioners not incapacitated to sit in parliament, &c. General issue. Proviso for the wives of the late duke of Ormond, earl of Marr, and yil count Bolingbroke. EXP,

any thing herein, or any other act contained to the contrary

# CAP. LI.

An all for repealing so much of the all of the twelfth and thirteenth years of the reign of King William the Third, intituled. An act for the further limitation of the crown; and better fecuring the rights and liberties of the fubject, as enacts, That no person who should come to the possession of the crown, shall go out of the dominions of England, Scotland or Ireland, without consent of parliament.

XIHEREAS it has pleased Almighty God to place his Maiesty on the throne of his ancestors, and farther to bless these nations with a numerous progeny of his said Majesty's royal family, and in particular with a prince endowed with all virtues and qualifications requisite to render posterity flourishing and happy: and whereas it is agreeable to the ancient constitution of these kingdoms, that the person of the King or Queen should freely enjoy all and every the just and undoubted rights, liberties and privileges of the crown: and whereas by an all of parliament passed in the twelfth and thirteenth years of the reign of our late sovereign lord King William the Third (of glorious 12 & 13 W. 3. memory) intituled, An act for the farther limitation of the crown, c. 2. and better fecuring the rights and liberties of the subject, it was (amongst other things) enacted, That no person who should thereafter come to the possession of the crown, should go out of the dominions of England, Scotland or Ireland, without confent of parliament, which restriction may prove inconvenient with regard to the service of our fovereign lord the King, (by God's mercy now possessed of the crown) and of bis heirs and successors: be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and The clause in consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in the act 12 W. this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the no person who same, That the clause in the said recited act contained, which should come provided and enacted, That no person who should come to the to the crown, possession of the crown, should go out of the dominions of Eng-should go out of England, of England, Scotland or Ireland, without consent of parliament, and the &cc. without restriction by the same clause meant or intended, are and shall consent of be repealed, and shall for ever be and be deemed and taken to parliament, be void and of none effect; any thing in the faid recited act, or shall be void. any other act to the contrary notwithstanding.

# CAP. LII.

An all for making the laws for repairing the highways more effectual.

THEREAS there are some defects in the laws for the better repairing of highways, and also some neglects in the execution of the same, so that they are not so effectual to the end for which they were made: be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament allembled,

affembled, and by the authority of the same, That all the laws All the laws for repairing and statutes now in force, for or concerning the repairing of highways shall common highways, and not hereby altered or repealed, shall be put in exebe duly put in execution according to the tenor of the faid

II. And be it enacted, That all surveyors of the highways, Surveyors appointed by the appointed or that shall be appointed by virtue of an act of the act 3 & 4W. & third and fourth of King William and Queen Mary, intituled, M. c. 12. shall view theroads, An act for the better repairing and amending of highways, and for fettling the rates and carriage of goods, shall within fourteen days after the acceptance of their office, and so from time to time, every four months or oftner, if required thereto by warrant of

any two or more justices of the peace, view all the roads, common highways, bridges, causways, pavements, hedges, ditches, and water-courses appertaining to such highways, together with all nufances or incroachments made or committed in or upon any of them, within the parish, township, village, harnlet, pre-

cinct or tithing where they are furveyors, and give a particular

and give an account on oath of the condition

and true account in writing upon oath of the state and condition of all fuch highways, and more especially of such faults and defects in any of them as want to be amended or repaired, thereof, &c. to and of the neglects of labourers, and of those that are obliged the special sef to find labourers or teams for the repair of the highways, as fions. required by law, to the justices at their next special sessions to be holden for the amendment of the highways, according to the

3&4 W.&M. said recited act, to the end that the said accounts may be carefully preserved, and that at all future sessions the justices of the C. 12. faid division may have full information of, and may be able to examine into the particular state and condition of all the roads, bridges, causways, pavements, hedges, ditches, and watercourses, as aforesaid, and may the better execute the powers in the laws relating to highways; and all furveyors neglecting to give fuch account, as aforefaid, shall fuffer the same penalty as if they refused to execute the said office, to be levied and disposed of as by the aforesaid act is directed, unless they shall have some reasonable excuse for omitting the same, to be

Justices to appoint the reparations.

their special sessions.

III. And it is hereby further enacted and declared, That the justices of the peace at such their special sessions, by writing under their hands and seals, may order and appoint the reparation of those great roads which do most want repair within the hundred or division where such session is held, to be first amended, and at what time or in what manner the fame shall be performed, according to which order, if such there be, all and fingular the respective surveyors of the said highways are hereby required to proceed within their respective liberties.

allowed by the justices of the peace of the same division at such

IV. And it is hereby further enacted and declared, That all The highways to be repaired surveyors of highways shall take the first most convenient and before harvest seasonable time of the year, for repairing and amending the highways within their respective liberties, and take care as far as is possible, that the said work may be perfected before the time of harvest; and that they accordingly summon the teams and labourers, by law obliged to work at the faid highways, to come in upon such most early and seasonable days as the year shall afford, and to repair such ways in priority, as the justices of the peace at such their special sessions shall direct and order, in manner as is herein before expressed; and in case of no such order from the faid justices, then to repair such highways as to the faid surveyors shall seem most needful of reparations.

V. And be it enacted, That if any fine, penalty or forfei-Penalty of ture shall be laid upon any surveyor or other person or per-misapplying fons, for not doing his or their duty for the amendment of the fines, &c. any highways, and the faid fines, penalties or forfeitures shall be any ways misapplied by any person or persons whatsoever, or by his or their order or direction, upon proof thereof, upon oath before the justices at such their special sessions, every perfon so offending shall forfeit the sum of five pounds to such person or persons as shall give information thereof to the justices as aforefaid, to be levied by distress and sale of the offenders goods, rendring the overplus to the owners; and the said justices at such their special sessions are hereby impowered to examine upon oath all persons who can give any account of any money that ought to be applied for the amendment of highways, and levy the penalties, and dispose of the forfeitures as aforefaid.

VI. And whereas it is enacted by an act made in the third and 3&4W.&M. fourth of King William and Queen Mary, That where the justices of C. 12. the peace of any county, city, borough, or other place, at their general quarter-sessions, shall be fully satisfied, that the common highways, causways, bridges, streets, or other places within any parish, township, hamlet, or other place within their respective jurisdictions, cannot be sufficiently repaired, amended, paved, cleansed and supported, without the help of the said act, that they then may cause affessments to be made. and the money raised to be disposed of as by that all is directed; by the general construction or execution of which all, it is usually construed and understood, that no money can legally be raised by affessment towards the repair of any highways, causways, or parish bridges, till all and every the teams and labourers appointed to work at the faid ways bave fully performed their fix days duty as by law directed: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforefaid, That upon ap-Quarter-felplication of the surveyor or surveyors of the highways for any source affest-parish or township to the justices of the peace for the county, cause affest-ments to be city, borough, riding or division of the county wherein such made for raisparish or township lieth, at their general or quarter-sessions of ing money to the peace holden for the faid county, city, borough, riding or repair the division, the said justices being satisfied that the highways, caus- highways, &c. ways, and parish-bridges belonging to the said parish or township are so far out of order, that they cannot be repaired as they ought to be, without further power than what the laws have hitherto directed and appointed, may at their fessions, if they fee fitting, cause assessments to be made and money to be raised,

not exceeding the proportions limited by the faid act, in any parish or parishes, townships or hamlets, as aforesaid, and the money to be disposed of as by the said act is directed, for the better repairing of the faid highways, though the fix days work have not been performed; but the raising money by assessments not to excuse the work of any teams or labourers, by law ap-

Justices in cities, &c. may put in execution the acts ' relating to highways.

pointed to work at the faid ways. VII. And it is hereby enacted and declared, That the justices of the peace of all cities, corporations, boroughs, and other places, are hereby impowered to put in execution any part of this, or any former act or acts relating to any highways within their respective jurisdictions.

VIII. And whereas divers broad as well as narrow highways are much prejudiced and annoyed by watering lands adjoining or near to the same, and by stopping up ditches, and diverting usual watercourses, or drawing water-courses to the prejudice of the bighways, or neglecting to scour and keep open such ditches and water-courses, or by leaving the earth of such ditches so scoured in the highways, is

scouring ditches, removing annoyances, &c.

the annoyance of them: be it therefore enacted by the authority Penalty of not aforesaid, That from and after the twenty-ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, if any person or persons, who ought to scour and keep open such ditches and usual water-courses adjoining or near to the said highways, and effectually to amend such water-courses, and to remove such other annoyances to the highways, shall, by the space of thirty days after due notice thereof given by the surveyors of the highways (which notice the faid furveyors are hereby required

to give) neglect or delay to do the same, or shall leave the earth of ditches scoured in the highways for the space of eight days, oath being thereof made by the faid furveyors before the justices of the peace at such their special sessions for the hundred, division, or place where such ways do lie, such person so offending shall, for every eight yards of ditching so not scoured and kept open, forfeit the fum of two shillings and six pence, and Forfeitures to for each other offence aforefaid any fum not exceeding five

be applied for amendment of the ways.

pounds, nor under twenty shillings, to be levied by warrant under the hands and seals of the said justices, by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of such person so offending, rendring the overplus, if any be, to the owner: which forfeitures shall be duly accounted for and applied by the faid surveyors to and for the amendment of the faid highways: and the furveyors of the highways are hereby authorized and required with their workmen to scour and keep open such ditches and watercourses, and to remove all annoyances to all and every the highways, and (where the ditches and drains already made are not fufficient to carry off the water that lies upon or annoys the highways) to make new ditches and drains in and through the lands next adjoining or near to the highways, and to keep them scoured, cleansed and open; and the said surveyors are authorized to come upon the faid lands to make fuch ditches or four the

the same with workmen, for all and every of the purposes aforesaid.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Juffices in ci-That where the justices of the peace in any city or market-ties, &c. to town (not having already particular provision made for them appoint scatherein by any former law) or the major part of them, at their vengers, general or quarter sessions, shall judge it necessary to appoint a sect. 3. scavenger or scavengers for cleansing the streets, the said justices shall and may, from time to time, nominate and appoint such person or persons as they shall think fitting for that purpose, and also to order the repairing of such streets therein as they shall judge necessary; and for defraying the charges thereof, an and order the affeffment or affeffments, not exceeding fix pence in the pound repairing of in one year, shall and may, from time to time, be equally made fireets, and lay upon all and every the occupiers or owners of houses, lands, affefinents on the owners, the owners, tenements, and hereditaments in such cities: and such assess. of houses, ment or affestments shall and may, from time to time, be made &c. by fuch person or persons, and levied and collected in such manner as the faid justices by their order at such sessions shall direct and appoint in that behalf; and the money thereby raised shall be imployed and accounted for, according to the orders and directions of the faid justices for and towards the repairing and cleanling the faid streets, from time to time; and the said affestments being allowed under the hands and seals of such justices, shall and may be levied, by warrant under their hands To be levied and seals, by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of such by distress, &c. persons (not paying the same within eight days after demand) rendring the overplus, if any be, to the owner, the necessary charges of making, keeping, and fettling fuch diffress being first deducted.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Surveyor negif any surveyor of the highways shall neglect his duty in any lecting his duthing required of him by this act, he shall forfeit, for every ty to forfeit such offence, the sum of forty shillings, to be levied and dispo-408. fed of, as aforesaid.

XI. And be it further enacted, That no clerk, or fervant to No juffice's any justice of the peace shall receive any sum of money or see clerk to rewhatsoever, of any surveyor or surveyors of the highways, for ceive any see, the oath taken, or accounts given by them at such their special on forfeiture sessions, as aforesaid; and if any person or persons shall receive any such sum of money or see, he shall forfeit the sum of ten pounds, to be recovered in any of his Majesty's courts of record, as aforesaid.

XII. Provided always, if any person or persons shall find him Persons agor themselves aggrieved by any thing that shall be done in the grieved (execution of this act (except as to such persons who shall negencept such as lect to scour their ditches, and carry away the earth taken out scour their of the same, or who shall not carry away stone, timber, straw, ditches, &c.) or dung left in the highways, or who shall not remove any the quarter-other annoyances by water-courses to the said highways) that sessions may take order the it shall be lawful for the justices of the peace at the next therein.

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general quarter-fessions, or the greater number of them, to make fuch order therein, as to them shall be thought convenient, and the fame to conclude and bind all persons.

General issue.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any action or fuit shall hereafter be commenced or prosecuted against any person or persons for putting in execution the authority of this act, every person or persons so sued may plead the general iffue, and give this act and the special matter in evidence; and if the plaintiff shall become nonsuit, or forbear further profecution, or suffer discontinuance, or if a verdict pass against him or her, the said defendant or defendants shall recover his or her double costs, for which he or they shall have the like remedy as in cases where costs by law are given to defendants.

**Profecution** within fix months.

XIV. Provided also, That no person or persons shall be punished for any offence against this act, unless such offender be profecuted for the same within six months after the said offence committed; and that no person who shall be punished for any offence by virtue of this act, shall be punished for the same offence by virtue of any other act or law whatfoever.

Lord mayor, may execute the powers by 22 🎎 23 Car. 2. c. 17.

XV. And be it-further enacted by the authority aforefaid, &c. of London That the lord mayor, and the justices of the peace for the city of London and the liberties thereof, for the time being, and the vested in them commissioners appointed, pursuant to an act made in the twentysecond and twenty-third years of the reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for the better paving and cleanfing the firests and sewers in and about the city of London, shall and may from time to time, within the faid city of London and liberties thereof, use and execute all and every the powers and authorities vested in them respectively by the said act, or any other act, as if this act had not been made.

#### CAP. LIII.

An act for the attainder of Thomas Forster junior, Esquire, and William Mackintosh, Esquire, (commonly called Brigadier Mackintosh) of high treason.

#### CAP. LIV.

An all for the more effectual securing the peace of the Highlands in Scotland.

This act is enforced by

THEREAS the custom that has two long prevailed amongst the Highlanders of Scotland, of having arms in their cuf-11Geo.1.c.16. tody, and using and bearing them in travelling abroad in the fields, and at publick meetings, has greatly obstructed the civilizing of the people within the counties herein after named; bas prevented their applying themselves to husbandry, manufactories, trade, and other virtuous and profitable employments; has been the cause of many riets, robberies, and tumults; bath and does tend to disappoint the execution of the law, to the disbonour of government, and unspeakable loss of his Majesty's subjects; has in a peculiar manner been one of the fatal equies of the late unnatural rebellion, and may occasion the like or reater

greater calamity in time to come, if not prevented by a proper remedy: be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and remporal, and commons, in this prefent parliament affembled, and by the authority of the fame, That from and after the first day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fixteen, it shall not be lawful for any person or persons within the thires of Dunbartain on the north side of the Persons within water of Leven, Sterling on the north fide of the river of Forth, the shires of Perth, Kincardin, Aberdeen, Inverness, Naira, Cromarty, Argyle, Dunbarton, Forfar, Bamff, Sutherland, Caithness, Elgine, and Ross, to have &c. shall not keep or wear in his or their custody, use or bear broad sword, or target, poy- any arms. nard, whingar, or durk, fide-piftol or fide-piftols, or gun, or any other warlike weapons, in the fields, or in the way, coming or going to, from, or at any church, market, fair, burials, buntings, meetings, or any other occasion whatsoever, within the bounds aforefaid, or to come into the Low-Countries armed. as aforekid: and in case any of the said person or persons above Penalty for. described, shall have in his custody, use or bear arms, otherwise the first ofthan in this act directed, every such person or persons so offend-fence. ing, being thereof lawfully convicted before one or more justices of the peace, or before any other judge competent of the place furnmarily, shall, for the first offence, forfeit all such arms, and be liable to a fine, not exceeding the fum of forty pounds fterling, and not under the fum of five pounds sterling, and to be imprisoned till payment of the said fine; which if not instantly paid after commitment, the faid fine may and shall be levied out of the offender's goods and estate, by warrant of the judge who shall pronounce any such sentence, to be applied, the one half to the use of the informer, and the other at the fight of the justices of the peace where such offenders shall be convicted, towards repairing the publick works within the faid shire; and second of. further, liable to a month's imprisonment: and being convicted sence. for a second offence before the court of justiciary, or before the judges at their circuit, shall forfeit such arms and be liable to a fine, not exceeding the fum of eighty pounds sterling, and not under the fum of ten pounds sterling; and for every subsequent Every subseoffence, to a fine the double of the former, to be levied and quent offence. applied as above: and for want of payment of any fuch fine, or a sufficient distress to satisfy the payment of it, the offender shall be liable to be transported to any of his Majesty's plantations beyond the feas, there to remain for the space of seven years.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Trials of of-That all trials for the aforefaid offences shall be entred in a re-fenders to be gifter or record to be kept apart by the clerk of the court of jus-entred in a reticiary, or his deputies; and that where any offender or offen-gifter. ders shall be tried for the first offence before any inferior court, the clerk of every such court shall, and he is hereby required to Duplicates to exhibit full duplicates of every fuch trial and sentence following be exhibited thereupon, figned by his hand judicially, before the judge or to the judges judges at their circuits, in the very next court after fuch trials at their cir-X 2 shall

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as other de-

crees.

fhall have been, to be delivered to the clerk of the circuit; who is hereby required and commanded to enter the fame upon the book of register, which is appointed to be kept separate in manand shall have ner aforesaid: and that within forty days after such duplicus the same force shall be exhibited and delivered in manner aforesaid, extracts whereof, figned by the faid clerk of justiciary, shall have the same force and authority as extracts from other registers of decrees and acts in Scotland, by the laws there, have; and that the clerks of such inferior courts, within the jurisdiction of any separate court of justiciary general, shall in like manner forthwith transmit the duplicates aforesaid into the said court, then to be kept in a register apart, in order to the conviction of such persons who shall be guilty a second time, or ofmer, of the above-mentioned offence.

Clerks, &c. neglecting to make fuch duplicate shall forfeit iol.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any clerk or dets of any of the said inserior courts shall neglect to make and sign fuch duplicate, or to exhibit the same judicially in the circuitcourts, or to deliver the same to the clerk of the said circuit, or to transmit the same in the case above-mentioned; or if the faid clerk of justiciary, or his deputy-clerks of the faid circuits, shall neglect to enter the said duplicates upon the register appointed to be kept in manner before-mentioned, every huch clerk so offending shall be liable to a fine of ten pounds sterling, to be levied as aforefaid.

The said matters shall be point of dittay.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid That the matters above-mentioned shall be point of dittay, and that the judges at their circuits shall enquire concerning the profecutions that shall have been made upon this act, and the keeping of the duplicates of the trials in manner above directed.

The register into the court of hitticiary.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That to be exhibited the clerk of justiciary, or his deputy, shall exhibit into the faid court of justiciary the book of register above directed, at the find court that shall happen to be held after the return of the judge from their circuits, and the running of the forty days allowed for filling up the said register; to the end, that all negleds by not making, exhibiting, and delivering duplicates, or by ad entring the same, together with the proceedings had before the faid court of justiciary, or judges at their circuits, in manner above directed, may be punished, according to this act; with out delay.

This act shall not extend to peers, &c.

rity aforesaid, That the prohibition above-mentioned of keep ing, bearing or wearing any warlike weapons, and the pains and penalties aforesaid, shall not extend to the case of any peers of this realm, nor their fons, nor of any officers or their allifants, employed in the execution of justice; nor shall this act be construed to hinder any commoner, having the yearly income of Scots per ann. four hundred pounds Scots, or more, or who is otherwise que lified to vote at elections of parliament-men to ferve for any the above-named counties, to have in his custody or us, manner allowed by laws now in force, any number of arms no

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the autho-

Commoners having 400l. may keep two firelocks, &c.

exceeding two firelocks; two pair of piftols, two fwords; the magistrates of every burgh royal to have in their custody a suf- Magistrates of ficient number of arms for keeping guard within their burghs, burghs royal and the inhabitants of burghs royal to use the said arms in may keep arms in make the said arms in ma keeping guard, according to the directions of their respective gazines. magnifrates: provided always, That the arms in burghs royal be kept in magazines under the care of the magistrates, and not left in private houses; and that the whole number of arms so kept in any burgh royal shall not exceed the number of two hundred; nor hinder the officers of the army having his Majesty's commissions, and the soldiers under their command, to keep, use, or bear arms as formerly; nor the lieutenants of Lieutenants of counties, their deputies and the militia, and sensible men under counties may their command, to keep or receive out of his Majesty's maga-receive arms zines, arms, and to use the same during the time that their King's magamilitia and fensible men shall be called out by lawful authority. zines.

their deputies, militia and sensible men under their command,

VII. Provided always, That the faid lieutenants of counties,

return the arms received out of the King's magazines within But shall retwenty days after the expiration of the time for which they turn them to shall be called out, under the pains and penalties above-men-themagazines.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, After July 16, That from and after the sixteenth day of July one thousand se-1716, Search ven hundred and fixteen, when a warrant is granted by any may be made lord lieutenant, or two deputy lieutenants of any of the shires in the night. or bounds above-mentioned, to fearch for any ammunition or other warlike stores, which he or they shall judge dangerous to the peace of the kingdom, and kept or used contrary to the directions of this present act, in pursuance of an act passed this present session of parliament to that effect, the said search may be made within the faid shires or bounds between sun-setting and fun-rifing, if the warrant shall so direct; and in case of resistance or refusal of entry into the place where such search is to be made, Penalty of reor of the hiding, concealing or conveying away such arms, am- fifting such munition or other warlike stores, all and every person and per-search. fons wilfully aiding or abetting, or being guilty art and part of fuch relistance or refusal of entry, or the hiding, concealing or conveying away such arms, ammunition or other warlike stores, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifteen pounds sterling, and not under five pounds sterling, to be levied as above.

IX. And whereas it is just and reasonable, That all such persons as Such persons have continued faithful to his Majesty during the late unnatural rebel- as have relion, and who are by this att discharged from keeping or using arms, mained faith-should have the just and true value of all such arms as they are obliged jetty, shall be by this aft to lay afide: be it therefore enacted by the authority a- paid the full foresaid, That all persons within the limits aforesaid, who have value of the continued faithful to his Majesty, and who are hereby obliged arms they de-to lay aside their arms, shall deliver them up to the lords lieute. to lay aside their arms, shall deliver them up to the lords lieutenants of their respective counties, or their deputies, or such other persons as his Majesty shall be pleased to commission for that

purpose, and shall receive the true and just value of them in money in manner after-mentioned; that is to fay, The lords lieutenants of the several counties above-mentioned, or their deputies, or fuch other persons commissioned as aforefaid, are hereby commanded and required, before the first day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, to appoint, by proclamation to be made at the feveral marketcrosses and parish-churches, proper places and times, within their respective counties, where such arms shall be delivered; and to appoint five or more persons to receive and value the same upon oath, and grant receipts under their hands for them, bearing the names, number and value of the arms fo delivered; which oath, the said lords lieutenants, or their deputies, or such other persons commissioned as aforesaid, are hereby required and impowered to administer: and if any of the persons to be appointed to receive and value the faid arms, shall wilfully refuse to take the said oath, or to receive or value the said arms, every person so refusing shall forfeit the sum of one hundred pounds sterling; and within forty days after the receipt of such arms, the lords lieutenants, or their deputies, or fuch other perfons commissioned as aforesaid, are hereby commanded and required to transmit the same to such places as his Majesty shall think fit to direct, with a figned lift of the names and defignations of the feveral persons who delivered them, and their particular values; and for the effectual payment of the faid value, the collectors of the land-tax or excise within the said counties are hereby commanded and required to pay the fums contained in the faid receipts out of the first and readiest monies that are in or shall come to their hands for the use of the publick: the which receipts, indorfed by the persons to whom they were first granted, are hereby ordered to be passed to the credit of the said collectors of the land-tax or excise, at making up of their accounts. X. And whereas the prevailing custom of convocating numbers of

his Majely's subjects together, with the practice of obliging them to perform divers services, arbitrary and oppressive, by virtue of clauses in charges, contracts or agreements, within the limits aforesaid, is contrary to the nature of good government, destructive to the liberius of free people, inconsistent with the obedience and allegiance due to his Majesty and government, as well as the greatest obstruction to the improvement of trade, husbandry and manufactories, and was one of the greatest means of raising and carying on the late unhappy rebellion: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the first day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, and all time thereafter, the annual value of the services, commonly called personal attendance, hosting, hunting, watching and warding, due by virtue of any charter, contract, custom or agreement whatsoever, shall be paid in money annually instead of them.

After Aug. 1, 1717, the annual value of personal attendance, &c. shall be paid in money.

How the annual value XI. And for the determining the faid annual value of fervices and attendance, it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforciaid,

foresaid, That the persons to whom such services and attendance shall be deare due, and those by whom they are payable, shall each for termined. themselves agree mutually for the said annual value, or by arbitrators chosen by their mutual consent; and in case they cannot agree in manner aforesaid, either party may apply to the lords of the session at Edinburgh, by bill or petition, to have the said annual value ascertained by them; and the said lords of the seffion are hereby impowered and required fummarily to determine the faid annual value, after having heard both parties, or fummoned and given them time to compear.

XII. And for preventing the like abuses in time to come, it Clauses in is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all charters, &c. clauses in charters, contracts or agreements of any fort, where-for paying the by the foresaid services of personal attendance, hosting, hunt- &c. shall be ing, watching and warding are contracted to be payable, and void. for which a certain fum of money is ordered to be paid annually as above, as well as all obligations to pay the aforesaid services and attendance, which shall hereafter be contracted, shall, from and after the faid first day of August one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, be void and null, and of no effect in

law, and so remain in all time to come.

XIII. Provided always, That nothing in this act contained Not to extend shall be construed to enervate or take away any other clause or to other article in the aforesaid charters, contracts or agreements, be-clauses in the fides those clauses, by virtue of which the foresaid services and faid charters. personal attendance of hosting, hunting, watching and warding are payable.

XIV. Provided also, That the foresaid agreements by mutual Agreements consent or by arbitrators, or failing of these, the sentences of by mutual the lords of the fession interposing as above, whereby a certain consent, &c. fum of money shall be determined to be paid annually, instead in law. of the foresaid services of personal attendance, hosting, hunting, watching and warding, shall have, and they are hereby ordered to have the same force and effect in law, as if the said sum of money ascertained and determined as above, were insert as payable in the said respective charters, contracts or agreements, instead of the said services of personal attendance, hosting, hunting, watching and warding; any law, statute or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

XV. And whereas by an act passed in the sixth year of the reign of 6 Ann. c. 6, her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for rendring the union of the two kingdoms more intire and complete; it is among other things enacted, That circuit courts shall be holden in that part of the united kingdom called Scotland, in manner and at the Places mentioned in the said act: and whereas, by the late unnatural rebellion, the course of justice in Scotland has been so interrupted, as rendred it impossible to give up and transmit presentments in such due time, as profesutions might thereupon commence before the circuits to be holden in May one thousand seven bundred and sixteen, whereby and by the absence of several sheriffs and other officers appointed by law for executing the portous rolls, who joined in the faid rebellion, there appeared

to be binding

Lord juffice clerk, &c. indemnified for not performing the circuit in May 1716.

oppeared a necessity of superseding the said circuit: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the lord justice clet, and commissioners of justiciary, and all and every other perfor and persons therein concerned, are hereby exonerated and indemnified for their not performing the faid circuit, as by the forecited act they were obliged to do; any thing in the lane act, or in any other law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVI. And whereas the want of schools in proper places, for the education of youth within the bounds aforefaid, is also a great coult of the ignorance and rudeness of the meaner fort of people in these parts:

Mujesty, of proper places for schools.

Account to be be it therefore further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That laid before his fuch persons as his Majesty shall appoint under his royal sen manual, shall, and they are hereby required and impowered, on or before the first day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, to lay before his Majefty an account of the proper places for establishing schools, and of the necessary salaries for the maintenance of them, that all needful provision may be made for that end.

# CAP. LV.

An all to oblige papists to register their names and real estate. XIHEREAS the papifts within this kingdom, netwithflanding the tender regard that hath been fleuen them for many years last past, by omitting to put in execution the many penal lows which (on occasion of the many just provocations they have given, and burns designs they have framed, for the destruction of this kingdom and the extirpation of the protestant religion) have been made against them; and notwithstanding they have enjoyed, and do still enjoy the protestion and benefit of the government, as well as the reft of his Majefy's his jects, bave not only, all or the greatest part of them, been concerned in stirring up and supporting the late unnatural rebellion, for the &throning and murdering his most sacred Majesty; for destroying our present happy establishment; for settling a popul pretender upon the throne of this kingdom; for the destruction of the protestant religion, and the cruel murdering and massacring its professors; by which the have brought a vast expence upon this nation: and whereas it minifeftly appears by their behaviour, that they take themselves to he obliged, by the principles they profess, to be enemies to his Majely and to the present happy establishment, and watch for all appertunited of fomenting and stirring up new rebellions and disturbances within the kingdom, and of inviting foreigners to invade it: and for as much as it is highly reasonable that they should contribute a large share wall fuch extraordinary expences as are or shall be brought upon this kingdom by their treachery and instigation : and to the end that, by M ing largely to the late great expences by them brought upon the nation, they may be deterred, if possible, from the like offenus the future: and that this nation may have the benefit of his Min jesty's gracious condescension, in giaring his interest in the tun third parts of all the papifls estates, which are already forfated to him by law, for the use of the publick, either by seizing the said two third

parts of their estates for the publick services, or by laying some tax or charge upon their estates in lieu thereof, in such proportion and in fuch manner as shall be determined to be reasonable in parliament: and to the end that their chates may be certainly known and discovered, for the purpoles aforefaid, or for such other ends as a parliament shall think fit, be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That all and every person and persons, not having taken the oaths herein aftermentioned before the last day of Trinity term one thousand seven Papists in Enghundred and fixteen, in the manner by law required, having land, &c. of any estate or interest in any lands, tenements or hereditaments, the age of az or who shall hereafter have any estate or interest in any lands, years on June tenements or hereditaments lying, being or arising in that part having taken of Great Britain called England, or in Wales, or the town of Ber- the oaths, shall wick upon Tweed, who is or shall be a popish recusant or papist, before Jan. 20, or is or shall be educated in the popish religion, or whose parent 1716, or parents shall be a papist or papists, or who shall use or profels the popish religion, shall, if he, she or they be, on the twenty fourth of June one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, of the age of one and twenty years, on or before the twentieth day of January in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fixteen, and if he, the or they be, on the faid twenty fourth of June, unborn or under that age, within the space of fix months next after he, she or they shall respectively attain to that age, and have such estate or interest as aforesaid, take the several oaths appointed to be taken by such persons who bear any of-take the oaths fice under his Majesty, by an act made in this present session of appointed by parliament, intituled, An all for the further security of his Maje-1Geo.1. Rat.s. fly's person and government, and the succession of the crown in the heirs c. 13. of the late princess Sophia, being protestants, and for extinguishing the hopes of the pretended prince of Wales, and his open and secret abettors, and also repeat and subscribe the declaration set down and repeat and expressed in an act of parliament made in the thirtieth year and subscribe of the reign of the late King Charles the Second, intituled, An thedeclaration of the reign of the late King Courses the occount, military, are in 30 Car. 2. all for the more effectual preserving the King's person and govern- fast, 2. C. 1. ment, by disabling papists from sitting in either bouse of parliament, in the high court of chancery, court of King's bench, court of common pleas, or court of Exchequer, or at the general quarter-sessions of the peace to be holden for the county, riding or division, where such lands, tenements or hereditaments, or some part thereof, shall lie or arise, between the hours of nine and twelve of the clock in the forenoon, or in default thereof shall, or in default within the space of six months next after the time hereby ap-shall within pointed for him, her or them to take the said oaths, and so, six months from time to time, within fix months after he, she or they, or after they any truftee or truftees for him, her or them, or his, her or their come into possession of benefit or advantage, shall come into the possession or perception any lands, &c. of the rents or profits of any other lands, tenements or hereditaments, register, or procure to be registred, his, her or their register their

DAME name and

name or names, and all fuch lands, tenements and hereditaments, whereof he, she or they, or any trustee or trustees for him, her or them, or his, her or their benefit or advantage, shall be in possession, or in the receipt or perception of the rents or profits, which are fituate, lying, being or arifing in England,

giftring.

Manner of re- Wales, or the town of Berwick upon Tweed; and shall express or cause to be expressed in such register, in what parish, township or place fuch lands, tenements and hereditaments, and every part thereof lie or arise, and who, for the time being, is or are the possessors thereof, and of every part thereof, and what estate or interest he, she or they, whose name or names is or shall be fo registred respectively, have in the same, and in every part and parcel thereof respectively, and the yearly rent reserved to him, her or them for the same, if the same shall be lett; and if the

on leafe.

Estates let up. same shall be lett upon lease, then by whom such lease was made, what yearly or other rent is referved thereupon, and what fine or furn of money was paid for such lease thereof, in case the same was made by himself or any person in trust for him, or that he was party or privy thereunto, and the time and day of the month and year when such entry shall be made, in a parchment-book or books, roll or rolls, which shall be kept by the clerk of the peace for every county, riding and division, where fuch lands, tenements or hereditaments shall respectively lie, 2rife or be. And to the end that all fraudulent or covenous regiftring any persons names or estates, who do not defire to have Persons names them registred, may be prevented, every person whose name to be subscrib- and estate shall be, or ought to be registred as aforesaid, is hereby obliged to take care that his name be, within the faid fix

ed in the prefence of two justices.

months hereby allowed for making fuch registry, subscribed to such registry or entry in the said books or rolls, in the presence of two or more justices of the peace for the county, riding or division, where such registry shall be, in open sessions, either by the person himself whose name and estate shall be so registred, or by his attorney or attornies thereunto lawfully authorized by warrant of attorney under his hand and feal, executed by him in the presence of two or more witnesses, two of which witnesses at the least shall make proof of such execution upon their oaths at the quarter-killions where such name shall be subscribed or registry produced; and the justices of the said court of quarterfestions are hereby impowered and required to examine such witnesses upon eath for that purpose; and two of the justices of the peace then present shall subscribe their names to every such entry which shall be so made before them, as witnesses that the same was duly made as aforesaid; and in default thereof each of the faid justices then present shall forfeit twenty pounds to the King. And to the end that the parties concerned in the premisses may find no difficulty in procuring their names and effates to be registred as aforesaid, all and every such clerk and

by themselves or their lawful deputies register and enter in the said

Two justices to subscribe their names, on penalty of 20 l.

Clerks of the parchment.

peace to keep clerks of the peace are hereby required to keep parchment-books books to enter or parchment-rolls at some notorious place in the county, riding or division, in which they shall act as clerks of the peace; and shall the hames,

books

ooks or rolls the chriftian and furnames of all and every fuch peron or persons, who shall come in person and defire to be regired as aforesaid, or shall send any writing under his, her or their and to fuch clerk of the peace or his deputy, defiring him to reister his, her or their name or names; and shall also register the and register state in lands, tenements and hereditaments of every such per- the estates, &c. on and persons, in such manner and in such words, as he, she r they shall, by any writing figured by him, her or them respecively, defire fuch clerk of the peace or his deputy to register the ime: provided the person or persons who desire such registry be made, shall tender and pay to fuch clerk and clerks of the eace, or to his or their lawful deputies, the fees hereby ap- Fees to be ointed to be paid unto him or them for fuch registry, and so paid. hat they apply to him or them to enter such registry, and delier to him in writing the words he or they respectively defire to ave so registred or entred, ten days at the least before the quarer-fessions where the entries thereof are to be subscribed as aorefaid; and fuch clerk or clerks of the peace, or their lawful Books to be eputy or deputies, shall enter such persons names and registry carried to the f their estates before the next quarter-sessions of the peace after guarter-sesuch delivery in the faid books or rolls, and shall carry the said ooks and rolls in which fuch entries shall be so made with him r them to the next and every other quarter-fessions of the peace be held for the county, riding, division or place where such ntry shall be made, until the time of such subscribing the same half be expired; to the end that all and every the persons those names shall be or ought to be registred, as aforesaid, or heir respective attorney or attornies, may have an opportunity o come to the faid fessions, and subscribe the names of the per- Clerks of the ons so to be registred to the same; and such clerk and clerks of peace to keep he peace shall also keep alphabetical tables of the surnames of all alphabetical nd every fuch person and persons whose names and estates shall tables of the surrames, e so registred, and of the parishes and townships where the ands so registred lie, with reference to the place in the book or ooks, roll or rolls, where fuch names and lands shall be regired; and shall also carefully keep all such warrants of attorney and file the s shall be so proved, as aforesaid, upon a file, together with warrants of ich books and rolls; and shall likewise enter such warrants of attorney, ttorney upon record, and shall have for such registry and entry n record, a fee of three pence for every two hundred words which ad. for every ich registry and entry on record shall contain, and no more, to 200 words, e paid by the person registring the same; and shall also have he fum of four pence, and no more, for every fearch that shall 4 d. for every e made for the name or estate of any person; and is and are fearch. ereby required to make fearch on the request of any person or ersons who shall pay such sees, and also shall permit and suffer 1ch person and persons to inspect and search the said tables. ooks and rolls, and inspect such letters of attorney as shall be so led, if he or they shall defire it; and every such clerk of the Clerk of the eace is hereby required to give copies of fuch registries, sub- peace shall ribed by himsfelf or his lawful deputy, to every person and per- give copies of

fons who shall desire such copies, and tender him the sees here by appointed to be paid for the same; and shall suffer such per sons who shall request him so to do, to examine the same with the roll or books by him kept, and for so doing shall take a so of three pence for every two hundred words contained in ever such copy as shall be so taken, and no more; and if any clean

of the peace shall neglect or refuse to do any of the matters of

things hereby appointed to be done by him, and be there

lawfully convicted, he shall thereby forfeit his office; and if an

fuch person or persons, who is or are hereby required or intend

and refusing shall torfeit his office. Penalty of persons not taking the oaths, or not registring their estates,

&c.

ed to take and subscribe such oath, and repeat and subscrib fuch declaration, as aforefaid, or in default thereof, to regifte or cause to be registred, his, her or their name and names estate and estates, as aforesaid, shall not either take and subscrib fuch oath, and repeat and subscribe such declaration, as afore faid, in such manner, as aforesaid, or register his, her or then respective name and names, and estate, in such manner, as a foresaid; and also subscribe his, her or their respective name or names to such registry, or procure the same to be subscribed thereto by his, her or their respective attorney or attornies, lawfully authorised, as aforesaid, so to do, within the respective times herein before limited or appointed for his, her or their doing thereof, or shall not register the same truly, that then and in every such case, the person and persons wilfully neglecting or refusing so to do, or committing any fraud in such registry; shall forfeit the fee-simple and inheritance of all such lands, tenements and hereditaments not registred, or fraudulently regifired, whereof he, she or they, or any person or persons in truit for him, her or them, was or were leized in fee-simple at the time of such default or fraud in registring, as aforesaid, and the full value of the inheritance of all fuch lands, tenements and hereditaments not registred, or fraudulently registred, as aforefaid, whereof he, she or they, or some person or persons in trust for him, her or them, was not or were not seiled in secsimple at the time of such default or fraud, as aforesaid; two third parts thereof to the King, and the other third part thereof to such person or persons, being a protestant or protestants, who shall sue for the same at the common law, in any of his Majesty's courts at Westminster, by such action, bill, plaint, suit or information, or other process as shall be proper, according to the nature of the case, and of the thing sued for, or in the high court of chancery; and the person so suing shall be intitled in the high court of chancery to domand all fuch discoveries as he might do if he were a purchaser upon a valuable consideration of the estate so sued for; and to demand a true discovery from all persons of all such incumbrances and titles which any way do or may affect the same, and of all trusts relating thereto or protecting the same; to which bill or bills no plea or demurrer shall be allowed, but the defendant or defendants shall sufficiently answer the same at large; and also that the person fuing for any fuch real estate may, if he shall think fit, bring an ejectment

Forfeitures, how to be recovered and disposed. ejectment for the same upon his own demise, and give this act and the special matter in evidence; and if it shall appear upon trial of such ejectment, that the estate sued for is the estate of the person so neglecting to register, or fraudulently registring, and the defendant shall not be able to make it appear that he took the faid oaths, and repeated and subscribed the faid declaration, in such manner as aforesaid, or otherwise that he registred his name and the estate so sued for in such manner as aforesaid, a verdict shall be given for the lessor of the plaintiss in such ejectment, and judgment shall be thereupon had in such manner as is usual upon verdicts in ejectment, and the lessor of the plaintiff shall have costs of suit, as is usual when judgment in ejectment is recovered by, or given for the lessor of the plaintiff: and by fuch judgment two third parts of the lands, tenements and hereditaments so recovered, shall be vested in the King's majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other third part thereof in the person who shall be the lessor of the plaintiff in the faid ejectment.

II. Provided always nevertheless, and be it enacted by the au- Persons bethority aforefaid, That if any person or persons, who is or are youd sea on June 18, 1716. hereby required or intended to take and subscribe such oath, taking the and make and subscribe such declaration, or to make such re-oaths before giftry, as aforefaid, shall be beyond the seas upon the eighteenth May 20, 1717. day of June one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, that then or procuring their names, and in such case, if such person or persons shall take the oaths, &c. to be or repeat and subscribe the declaration hereby appointed to be subscribed, taken, repeated and subscribed in such court, and in such man- and estates rener as the fame are hereby before appointed to be taken, repeat-giftred, shall ed and subscribed, on or before the twentieth day of Mor one be good and ed and subscribed, on or before the twentieth day of May one effectual. thousand seven hundred and seventeen, or in default thereof shall procure his or their respective name and names, estate and estates to be registred in such manner, as aforesaid, at any time within fix months next after the said twentieth day of May one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, that then and in such -case, such taking the oaths and repeating and subscribing the faid declaration, or such registry of his or their respective name or names, and estate or estates, shall be as good and effectual. in respect of every such person and persons so being beyond sea upon the faid eighteenth day of June one thousand seven hundred and fixteen, as it would have been if such person had taken the faid oaths, and repeated and subscribed the faid declaration on or before the twentieth day of January one thousand seven hundred and fixteen, in fuch manner as aforefaid, or had regifired his name and effate in such manner as aforesaid, within six months next after the faid twentieth day of January one thousand leven hundred and fixteen.

III. Provided, That in case such person or persons so making Purchasers. default, or committing any fraud in registring, as aforesaid, after &c. for a vafuch default or fraud committed, and before he, she or they be luable confidethereof convicted, or any ejectment or fust brought for fuch for ration, not knowing of feited lands, tenements or hereditaments, shall bona fide, for a any default or

Anno primo Georgii I. Stat. 2. C. 44. fraud in regi- just and valuable consideration, convey over, grant, lease or in-

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ftring, shall not be prejudiced, &c. by reason of any forfeitures.

cumber all or any such lands, tenements or heredisaments omitted, or fraudulently registred, as aforefaid, that then and in such case, the person or persons so purchasing, or having such grant, leafe or incumbrance, as aforefaid, not knowing, at the time of such purchase or incumbrance made, the said offender to be a person within the description of this act, shall not be prejudiced, nor his, her or their estate or interest in the said lands, tenements and hereditaments, impeached, for or by rea-

son of such forfeiture, as aforesaid; but in that case the said offender shall forfeit the value of the inheritance of the said lands, tenements and hereditaments, to be distributed and recovered

Not to extend &c. for the space of fix months.

IV. Provided always, and be it hereby further enacted and to persons not declared by the authority aforesaid, That nothing in this present actually feifed act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to compel any person whatsoever to register, or procure to be registred, any lands, tenements or hereditaments, until he or some other person or persons, as trustee or trustees for him or his benefit.

> or on his behalf, is, are, have or hath been, or shall be actually seized and have notice thereof, or possessed, or in the receipt of the rents or profits of the same, for the space of six months.

in manner as aforefaid.

Not to compel any farmers, &c. to regifter.

V. Provided, That nothing herein contained thall extend or be construed to extend to compel any person or persons to register any lands, tenements or hereditaments, whereof he, she or they shall be only farmer or farmers, or tenants at a rack-rent, or who only do or thall hold by leafe or leafes, whereupon two thirds of the full yearly value, or more, is, are or shall be relerved. VI. Provided also, That nothing herein contained shall ex-

Nor to prejudice any creditor; but persons making default, &c. in regiftring incumbrances, shall forfeit the value.

tend to defeat or prejudice any protestant, or other creditor, who bona fide hath or shall have any charge or incumbrance upon any real estate or estates hereby directed to be registred; but then in case of such charge or incumbrance, the person or persons so making default, or committing any fraud in registring, as aforefaid, shall forfeit the value of such charge and incumbrance, one third part thereof to and among the person and persons who shall by virtue of this act fue for and recover the lands, tenements and hereditaments forfeited, as aforefaid, and subject to such charge and incumbrance, or any part thereof, in proportion to the part so by him, her or them recovered, and two third parts thereof to the King's most excellent majesty, his heirs and succeffors.

Times allowed to persons in the Indies or America.

VII. Provided also, and be it further enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That no person or persons being in the East or West-Indies or America, shall be compelled to take the said oaths, and fign the declaration before-mentioned, and register his, her or their estate or estates at the time within mentioned, but shall have twelve months longer than the times herein before respectively allowed to persons beyond the seas to take the faid oaths, and sign the said declaration, and register their estate and estates; any thing herein to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. LVI.

An all to disable any person from being chose a member of, or from sitting and voting in the house of commons, who has any pension for any number of years from the crown.

HEREAS by an act, intituled, An act for the security of 6 Ann. c. 7. her Majesty's person and government, and of the succession to the crown of Great Britain in the protestant line, and made in the sixth year of the late Queen Anne, it was provided, That no person having any pension from the crown during pleasure, should be capable of being elected, or of sitting or voting as a member of the house of commons, in any parliament which should be then after summoned and holden; to the end therefore that the provision intended by that law, for securing the honour of the house of commons, may not in suture times be deseated or eluded by any person who shall be a member of the house of commons, accepting any pension for any term or number of years; be it en. No person

cepting any pension for any term or number of years; be it en-No person acted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and components, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authorough section of the same, That no person having any pension from the ing elected, crown for any term or number of years, either in his own name, or in the name or names of any other person or persons in trust for him, or for his benefit, shall be capable of being elected or chosen a member of, or of sitting or voting as a member of this.

present or any future house of commons which shall be hereafter

fummoned.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Any person if any person who shall have such pension, as aforesaid, at the pension, and time of his being so elected, or at any time after, during such who being time as he shall continue or be a member of the house of comelected shall mons, shall presume to sit or vote in that house, then and in sit in the such case, he shall forfeit twenty pounds for every day in which sortes as the shall so sit or vote in the said house of commons, to such per diem, to person or persons who shall sue for the same in any of his Matheral services. The same in any of his Matheral services so shall be recovered by the person so suit single services. The same in any of the said courts, by action of debt, bill, plaint or information, in which no esson, privilege, protection or wager of law shall be allowed, and only one imparlance.

# CAP. LVII.

An cil for better regulating backney-coaches, carts, drops, carrs and waggens within the cities of London and Westernister, and the weekly hills of mortality; and for preventing mischiefs occasioned by the drivers riding upon such carts, drays, carrs and waggens.

9 Ann. c. 23.

XIHEREAS by an act of parliament made in the ninth ye of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, ha act for licenting and regulating hackney-coaches and chairs; for charging certain new duties on stampt vellum, parchue and paper, and on cards and dice, and on the exponsition of rock-falt for Ireland; and for securing thereby, and by a weekly payment out of the post-office, and by several duties on him and skins, a yearly fund of one hundred eighty-fix thousand in hundred and seventy pounds, for thirty two years, to be applied to the fatisfaction of fuch orders as are therein mentioned, to the contributors of any fum not exceeding two millions, to be raised for carrying on the war, and other her Majesty's occasions a power was given to the commissioners therein mentioned, from time to time, during the term of thirty two years therein mentioned, to "cense all such persons, who, from and after the twenty fourth days June in the year of our Lord one thousand seven bundred and fisture, at any time or times within the faid term, should drive or keep hair ney-coach or coach-horfes within the cities of London and Westminster, or the suburbs of the same, or within the parishes comprised within the weekly bills of mortality: and whereas several inconveniescies have been found by reason of a clause in the said att, whereby the . commissioners are impowered to make by-laws to bind such persons or who shall have licenses to keep backney-coaches: and whereas several doubts have arisen in relation to other clauses in the said all; may it therefore please your Majesty, that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That for the better regulating and ordering fuch persons who are or shall be licensed to keep or drive hackney-coaches, and the renters of fuch licences, and drivers of such coaches, and to prevent any disturbances and other inconveniencies in the streets and highways where such coaches shall stand and be driven, and for punishment thereof, it shall and may be lawful for the commissioners (from time to time authorized to put the faid recited act in execution) or the major part of them, to make fuch orders, by-laws and ordinances, from time to time, to bind all persons who are licensed to keep hackney-coaches, the renter or renters of such licences, and driver of fuch coaches, and to annex fuch reasonable penalties, as the said commissioners in their discretion shall think fit, so as such orders, by-laws or ordinances, be made agreeable to the me intent and meaning of this act, and the former acts concerning backoey-

The commiffioners for putting in execution the act 9 Ann. c. 23. may make by-laws, &c. to bind the keepers, &c. of hackney-conches.

rackney coaches, and be for the better putting in execution thereof, and for the good government and regulating the persons licensed to keep coaches, and the renters of fuch licences, and drivers of such coaches, and so as they do not contain any thing repugnant to the laws of this realm; the faid by-laws to be approved and put in execution, as in and by the faid recited act is directed.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Penalty for reif any hackney-coachman or driver shall refuse to go at, or shall fusing to go exact more for his hire than according to the said recited act, or at or exacting by-laws made pursuant thereto, shall be limited and appointed, hire, than ache shall for every such offence forseit a sum at the discretion of cording to the the commissioners authorized to put the said act in execution, or said act. the major part of them, not exceeding three pounds nor under ten shillings, the said offence or offences to be determined, and the faid penalties and forfeitures to be recovered, levied and ap- 9 Ann. c. 23.

plied, as in and by the faid recited act is directed concerning the

forty shillings penalty for the offences aforesaid.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That None but perfrom and after the faid twenty fourth day of June, no person or sons licensed. persons shall presume to stand, ply or drive for hire, with any shall ply, &c. coach whatsoever, hearse or coach-horses, or shall let to hire &c. on forfeiany mourning-coach or coach-horles, to wait or attend on any ture of 5 l. funeral within the cities of London and Westminster, or suburbs of the fame, or within the parishes or places comprized within the weekly bills of mortality, except fuch person or persons who are or shall be licensed by the said commissioners, pursuant to the before-mentioned act. That every person and persons so offending shall for every such offence forfeit the sum of five pounds, the said offence to be determined, and the said penalty to be recovered, levied and applied, as in and by the said recited act is directed concerning the penalty for driving an hackney-coach for

hire without licence within the places aforefaid. IV. And whereas of late it has been the common practice of undertakers of funerals to hire gentlemen's coaches and horfes of their fervants, without the knowledge and consent of their masters, to svait and attend on funerals, to the prejudice of the owners of such coares and horses, and greatly to the detriment of the persons licensed to keep coaches and horses to let to hire within the places aforesaid: and whereas 'tis difficult to prove any fuch hiring of such persons by the undertakers, for that 'tis a matter privately transacted between themselves, and a certain common price (known between the parties) is constantly paid though no agreement made: be it therefore further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person thall drive a mourn-Mourning ing-coach to any funeral, except the fame shall have a number coaches shall fixed on the fore-standard of such coach or hearse, or in some not be driven other convenient place to be appointed by the commissioners, except they hewing it to be a licensed coach or hearse to be let to hire, of have a numexcept the same shall be the coach of some person of quality or ber, or gentlegentleman's coach attending the master or mistress, or any of mens coaches, his, her of their family; and if information shall be given to attending the the said commissioners of such fact, it shall and may be lawful for

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the commissioners to summon the party driving such coach or hearse before them, and on default of such party or parties appearing on such summons before the said commissioners, the commissioners are hereby impowered to proceed against him or them; and although no express hiring shall be proved, yet unless such party or parties shall appear and prove a previous order or command from the owner of fuch coach or coach-horfes to attend at fuch funeral, it shall be deemed and adjudged a driving for hire, and the faid party shall forfeit for such offence the sum of five pounds, to be recovered of the driver of such coach, hearfe or horfes, or the undertaker of fuch funeral, and to be levied and applied as in and by the faid recited act is directed concerning the driving an hackney-coach for hire with-

on forfeiture of 5 l.

Persons profecuted may plead the general issue, and shall have double costs.

out licence. V. And be it further enacted, That if any person or persons shall at any time be sued or prosecuted for any thing by him or them done or executed in pursuance of this act, he or they shall and may plead the general issue, and give this act, and the special matter proper for his defence in evidence; and if upon a trial a verdict shall pass for the defendant or defendants, or judgment shall be given against the plaintiff or plaintiffs upon demurrer, or the plaintiff or plaintiffs be nonsuited, discontinue or forbear profecuting their faid actions, then fuch defendant and defendants shall have double costs to him or them awarded 2gainst such plaintiff or plaintiffs, for which costs he shall have such remedy as in other cases where costs are by law given to defendants.

No Certiorari.

VI. Provided also, and be it enacted, That no writ or writs of Certiorari shall superfede execution, or other proceeding, upon any order or orders made by the faid commissioners, in purfuance of this act; but that execution and other proceedings shall and may be had and made thereupon; any such writ or writs, or allowance thereof notwithstanding.

Aldermen,&c. in London may inflict the like penalties fioners.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the aldermen of every ward of the faid city within his ward, and every justice of peace within his jurisdiction, in the said cities as the commic and counties, to inflict the like penalties, and to levy the fame in the fame manner, for any offence or offences contrary to this act, within any the places aforefaid, as the commissioners abovementioned have power to inflict and levy upon any fuch offenders. as aforefaid; provided that no person be punished twice for the fame offence.

> VIII. And whereas, through the negligence of carters, draymen, carmen, and waggoners, riding upon their carts, drays, cars, and waggens, in the streets of London and Westminster, the borough of Southwark, and other streets within the weekly bills of mortality, aged and other persons, and children, are frequently maimed, wounded, and killed: for preventing such mischiefs for the future, be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if any carters drayman, carman, waggoner, or other person, driving any cart, dray, carr, or waggon, in or through any the streets or lanes aforesaid, shall after the faid

After June 24. 1716. No carter, &c. shall ride on his cart, &c.

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wenty fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and sixeen, ride upon such cart, dray, carr, or waggon, not having ome other perion or perions on foot to guide or conduct the ame, every such offender being thereof convicted before the allermen of the ward, or one or more justice or justices of the seace for the city or county where the offence is committed, by he oath, of one or more credible witness or witnesses, shall for very offence forfeit the fum of ten shillings, to be levied by on forfeiture listress and sale of the offender's goods, by warrant under the of 101. and and feal of fuch alderman, or justice or justices of the seace, rendring the overplus to the owner; one moiety of the aid forfeiture to be to the informer, and the other moiety to be to the use of the poor of the parith or place where such offence s committed; and in default of payment of the faid forfeiture In default of he person or persons so offending, to be sent by such alderman, payment to be sent to the or justice or justices of the peace, to the house of correction, house of corthere to be kept to hard labour for the space of three days.

IX. Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall three days. extend to deprive or take away from the mayor, commonalty, and citizens of London and governors of Christ's Hospital, any power or authority they have to punish any the offences aforelaid, which shall be committed by any persons using or driv- This act shall ing any cart, dray, carr or waggon, within the city of London, not take away and any of the offenders therein, in such fort and manner as the power of they now usually do, such offender not having been before puthe mayor of mithed for the fold offence by virtue of this not

nished for the said offence by virtue of this act.

# Anno Regni GEORGII L. Regis Magnæ Britanniæ, Franciæ & Hiberniæ, tertio.

A T the parliament begun and holden at Westminster, the A seventeenth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand seven bundred and fourteen, in the first year of the reign of our sovereign Lord George by the grace of God, of Great Britain, France, and Ireland, King, defender of the faith, &c. and from thence continued by several prorogations to the twentieth day of February one thousand seven hundred and fixteen; (a) being the second session of this present parlia- (a) In the re-

and further continued by adjournments till the 15th day of July in the third year of his Majetty's

CAP. I.

An act to enable his Majesty effectually to prohibit or restrain commerce with Sweden. EXP.

Y 2

CAP.

cord is added.

#### CAP. II.

An att for punishing mutiny and desertion, and for the bette payment of the army and their quarters.

Penaltie: 2gainst the act 1 Geo. 1. stat. 2. c. 47. where to be sued for.

L. A ND whereas by an act of the first year of his Majesty's raige intituled, An act for the more effectual and exemple punishment of such persons as shall seduce soldiers to deser, being papists, shall inlist themselves in his Majesty's service i Great Britain or Ircland, or in the islands of Guernsey or July it is enacted, That any person or persons what soever, who should it restly or indirectly persuade or procure, or endeavour to persual: procure any foldier or foldiers, in the service of his Majely, or his heirs or successors, to desert, such person or persons so effending and being thereof lawfully convicted, should forfeit the sum of sur pounds: now be it enacted, That for fuch offences as shall be committed against the said recited act, within that part of Gra Britain called England, the penalties thereby enacted shall be fued for and recoverable in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster; and for such offences against the said act, a shall be committed in that part of Great Britain called Scaland the same shall be sued for and recoverable in his Majesty's coun of Exchequer in Scotland; and for such offences against the field act, as shall be committed in Ireland, the same shall and may be fued for and recoverable in any of the four courts at Dublin; any thing in the faid recited act to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

CAP. III.

An act for granting an aid to his Majesty by a land-tax in Great-Britan, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and seventee.

38. in the pound. EXP.

# CAP. IV.

An act for continuing the duties on malt, mum, cyder, and perry, for the service of the year one thousand sevential dred and seventeen; and to authorize allowances to made to certain receivers; and to obviate a doubt concerting goods imported from the islands of Jersey, Guernsey Sark, and Alderney; and to ascertain the duties upon sheep skins and lamb skins; and to prevent frauds in the duties upon starch; and for making forth duplicates of Exchequer-bills, lottery tickets, and orders, lost, burnt or distroyed, and for enlarging the time for adjusting claims is several lotteries; and for preventing frauds in the duties as low wines and spirits carried coastwife.

For the applica-III. A ND whereas it has been thought necessary heretofore, so tion of the monitor of the fervice of the publick, That the lord treasurer, or commission this act, missioners of the treasury for the time being, should make allowants yield intra, c.7. to several receivers general of land taxes and duties on bouses and sect. 41. marriages, for their extraordinary charges in bringing up the money of the section.

over and above the poundage allowable by the respective acts of parliament for the faid taxes and duties, upon reports made to them by the proper officers for that purpose, but by reason the monies out of which such allowances were usually paid are now appropriated, many have incurred the penalty of paying ten pounds per centum per annum in- 1 Geo. 1. flat. terest, by virtue of the act for laying duties on malt, and other things, 2. c. 36. s. 4. for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, without any regard had to such allowances, whereby divers receivers are rendred incapable of passing their accounts: for redress whereof, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the lords commis- Treasury to fioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them now being, make allowor the lord high treasurer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury, for the time being, are hereby impower- traordinary ed to cause such sums of money as he or they, upon due consi-charges, deration of fuch reports made or to be made by the proper officers for that purpose, shall judge to be just and reasonable, to be paid or allowed, from time to time, to such persons as have been, are or shall be receivers, their sureties, executors, administrators, or assigns respectively, out of the arrears remaining in their respective hands, without charging any of them with interest, after the rate of ten pounds per centum, for so much as without fuch allowances shall amount unto; and the several auditors are charging them hereby required to allow the same, on passing their respective with 10. per cent. interest, accounts, upon such warrant or warrants as shall be signed by any three or more of the lords commissioners of his Majesty's treasury, or the lord high treasurer for the time being.

IV. And whereas some receivers of such taxes and duties, as a- and to such as foresaid, their executors, administrators, or sureties, to avoid the have already extreme rigour of the law, and the faid penalty inflicted by the faid cleared their lost mentioned att, have, with great difficulties, raised monies and accounts. cleared their accounts, though the just allowances for their extraordinary charges bave not been made to them: be it therefore enacted, That to much as the faid commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the lord high treasurer for the time being, shall judge reasonable upon such report or reports, as aforesaid, to be allowed to such receivers as have already cleared their accounts, shall and may be paid to them respectively out of any arrears of any land-tax or land-taxes which are or may be recovered and brought into the Exchequer, and shall there remain after all loans registred thereupon, and the interest thereof shall be satisfied or transferred for satisfaction; any other law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And whereas the inhabitants of the islands of Jersey, Guernley, Sark, and Alderney, have always been permitted and allowed to import into England, any goods, wares, and merchandizes of the growth, produce, or manufacture of these respective isles, upon certificates from the respective governors, lieutenant or deputy governors, or commanders in chief, for the time being, and oaths before the ma-Effrates of the faid islands of Jersey and Guernsey respectively, that the same were of the growth, produce, or manufacture of the fail islands, or either of them, without paying any customs, subsidies,

late arisen, whether, according to some late laws now in force, the fame may be still continued: now for removing the said doubt, and encouraging the faid inhabitants to continue that Ready and firm loyalty and fidelity to the crown of Great Britain, which they have formerly and constantly shewn to the crown of England, and for their better support; be it declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said inhabitants shall and may (with and under such certificates and oaths, as aforesaid) import into any lawful port of Great Britain, any goods, wares, and merchandizes of the growth, produce, and manufacture of the faid islands, or either of them, without paying any customs, subsidies or duties, for or in respect thereof (except such excise or other duty as is now, or shall hereafter, for the time being, be due and payable for the like goods of the growth, produce

or duties for or in respect thereof: and whereas some dealt bath of

produce of Jersey, &c. to be imported duty free. By 5 Geo. 1. c. 18. fect. 11. Salt imported from these islands sball pay as other foreign falt.

Goods of the

Bonds and fecurities difcharged;

contrary in any wife notwithstanding. VI. And whereas upon the aforefaid doubt, whether the goods, wares, and merchandizes of the growth, produce, and manufacture of the said islands might still be imported into Great Britain customfree, several bonds with securities bave been lately taken for answering the duties demanded for the same, unless discharged from the said duties by act of parliament, the faid bonds are hereby declared null and void, and the faid fecurities discharged from all profecutions for the same.

and manufacture of Great Britain); any law or flatute to the

But foreign pay duty.

VII. Provided always, and it is hereby declared and enacted goods, &c. to by the authority aforesaid, That nothing in this act contained, shall exempt, or be construed to exempt, any goods or commodities of the growth, product, or manufacture of any foreign nation or country, which may lawfully be imported into the faid islands, or such foreign goods or commodities as shall or may be in part or fully manufactured in the faid islands by the people thereof, from payment of fuch customs, duties, or other impositions on the importation of the same, from any of the said islands into Great Britain, as are or shall be due and payable for goods and commodities of the like kinds imported into Great Britain, from such foreign nation or country of which the faid goods are of the growth, product, or manufacture; any law, custom, or usage to the contrary notwithstanding. XIII. And whereas some doubts have arisen upon certain clauses in

Sheep skins to pay only five farthings per pound.

and lamb skins the two acts of the ninth and tenth years of Queen Anne, for the laying certain duties upon bides and skins, whether sheep skins and lamb skins, being first dipped and steeped in the tanner's wooze made 9 Ann. c. 11. of the bark of trees or shamack, and afterwards tawed and dressed in 10 Ann. c.16. allow and falt, or meal, should be charged with the duty of fix farthings or five farthings for every pound weight thereof: it is hereby enacted and declared, That all sheep skins and lamb skins tawed and dressed, or made into leather, or which shall hereafter be tawed and dressed, or made into leather, in allom and salt, or meal, shall be rated and liable to pay five farthings only for every pound weight averdupoize, and so proportionably for every greater

or leffer quantity, although such sheep skins and lamb skins so tawed and dressed, or made into leather, in allom and salt, or meal, may have been or shall be dipped or steeped in the tanner's wooze made of bark of trees or shomack before such tawing or dreffing as aforefaid; any thing in the faid acts or in any other act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIV. And whereas starch made beyond the seas, and imported into After May 27, this kingdom, is by law subject to the payment of custom and other 1717, all hairduties, and flarch made in this kingdom is made liable to the payment powder imof several duties by way of excise, to evade the payment whereof se-ported to pay as foreign veral confiderable quantities of flarch ground into powder have of late starch. been fraudulently imported from parts beyond the seas, under the denomination of hair-powder, to the great prejudice of the revenue and the ruin of the starch-makers of this kingdom; and such powder being not liable to pay on the importation thereof much above one twentieth part of the custom and duties which starch is liable unto: for preventing whereof for the future, be it declared by the authority aforesaid. That all hair-powder made of starch, or other powder that will serve for the same uses as starch, shall, on the importation thereof, after the twenty seventh day of May one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, be subject and liable to . the fame or the like several and respective duties, as foreign starch on the importation thereof is liable unto; and such powder to be imported shall be entitled to the like drawback upon exportation, and be collected or levied with fuch allowances, and under such penalties and forseitures, and in such manner and form, as is directed and prescribed by the laws now in force relating to the collection of his Majesty's customs and other duties upon starch.

XVII. And whereas several persons who privately brew, make Clause for preand diffil great quantities of low wines and spirits, of which no en-venting frauds tries are made with the proper officers of excise of the respective divi- in the duties fous and places where the same are so brewed, made or distilled, nor on low wines and spirits any duties paid for the same, do privately convey the same on board carried coasts sor other vessels in several ports of this kingdom, and carry the wise. same coastwife to other parts of this kingdom, and there sell the same, whereby his Majesty is very much defrauded in his duties on the said commodities, and the fair dealers in the said commodities very much prejudiced in their trade; for remedy whereof, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the fifth day of June one thousand seven hundred and seventeen all low wines or spirits, which shall be brought by sea coastwise from any port or place in this kingdom to any other port or place in this kingdom, without a certificate from the proper officer of excile of the respective divisions and places where the same were brewed, made or distilled, that the duty of such low wines or spirits so brewed, made or distilled, hath been paid (which certificate shall be given on demand without fee or reward) shall be forfeited and lost, and shall and may be seized by any of the officers of the customs or excise of the port or place where the same shall be so brought in; the said forseiture to be sued for,

recovered, determined and mitigated by the same ways, means and methods, as any penalty or forfeiture may be fued for, recovered, determined and mitigated by any of the laws of excise, and to be distributed, one moiety to his Majesty, his heirs and fuccessors, and the other moiety to the person or persons that shall fue or inform for the same.

## CAP. V.

An all for continuing the duty of two pennies Scots, or one fixth part of a penny sterling, on every pint of ale and beer that shall be vended or fold within the city of Edinburgh and privileges thereof, for the benefit of the [sid city, and for discontinuing the payment of the dues commonly called the petty-port customs at Edinburgh, during the continuance of this alt.

This act explained by Continued by

[THEREAS the city of Edinburgh, by being the metropelis and feat of the government of Scotland, was subject to all 1 Geo. 2. ttat. 2. the vicifitudes and changes of the flate, and particularly bas, ever fince the reformation, been remarkably zealous in supporting and de-9 Geo. 1. C. 14. fending the protestant interest, and thereby involved in great debts above what the common revenue of the town could discharge; therefore their late majesties King William and Queen Mary, with consent of the estates of parliament, by an ast passed in the parliament of Scotland on the thirteenth of June one thousand fix hundred and ninety three years, did give and grant to the said town of Edinburgh and See 26 Geo. 2. community thereof, and to the magistrates and town council of the same,

C. 36.

and their successors in office, for their use and behoof, the imposition of two pennies Scots, (over and above the King's annexed excise and alditional excise imposed in that session of parliament) upon the pine of all ale and beer, either brewed, or brought in, or vended, tapped and fold within the said town and suburbs, and liberties thereof; viz. Canongate, South and North Leiths, Westport, Potteraw and Pleasants, and the other pertinents, to be paid to the faid town and magistrates, and council thereof, by the brewers, vintners, sellers or tapsters of the said ale or beer, during the space of fifteen years and further, not exceeding the space of thirty years, beginning from the first day of July one thousand six hundred and ninety three, and to be paid, uplifted and gathered weekly, monthly and quarterly, or other ways, as the magistrates and town-council should think fit to prescribe and order; excepting only from the faid all fuch ale and beer as should be brewed in the country without the liberties of the burgh by heretors on their own lands, and brought in by them (they inhabiting for the time within the town) to be confumed for the use of themselves and their families only; and also excepting all ale and beer vended within the precincts of Holy-Rood House and castle of Edinburgh from the said imposition: and whereas since the union of the two kingdoms, there hath been a gradual decrease of the revenue of the said town, and there are several publick works (which of late years have been much neglected) necessary to be carried on and done for the fervice of the faid town, which will cost a very considerable fam of memy, and the faid town is much in debt (part of which was occasional

by the late rebellion) and the faid debts will, at the expiration of the faid ast, be so much increased, that the money arising by the said imposition will fall very short of discharging of the same : and whereas it is necessary to enlarge the harbour of Leith and deepen the channel thereof, and also to build and endow two now churches, and make provision for the poor of the said town, which are now became very numerous: wherefore your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the provost, magistrates and council of the city of Edinburgh, in behalf of themselves and the community of the said city, do most humbly beseech your Majesty that it may be enacted: and be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, The rates and by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and duties impostemporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, ed by the act and by the authority of the same, That such and the like rates land, June 30, and duties, and imposition by the act aforesaid, laid, granted 1693, upon and imposed upon ale and beer brewed, brought in, vended, ale, &c. fold tapped and fold as aforesaid, within the said town of Edinburgh in Edinburgh and suburbs and liberties thereof, (except as in the said act is for a years, excepted) shall, from and after the expiration of the term by the after the exfaid act granted, be further continued, raised, levied, collected, piration of the paid and made payable to the provost, magistrates and council term granted by the said act, of the said city of Edinburgh for the time being, and their suc- and to be ceffors, for the use and behoof of the said town, for and during raised, &c. unthe full term of nineteen years, and by the same means and me-der the same thods, and by and under such rules and directions, and with penalties, &c. such exceptions, and under the same penalties and forfeitures and powers, as are prescribed, mentioned and expressed in the act aforefaid; and that the faid act, and every article, rule, clause, matter and thing therein contained, shall be of full force and effect to all intents and purposes, for raising, collecting, securing, disposing, accounting for and levying the same, during . the faid term of nineteen years, as fully as if the fame were particularly and at large repeated and re-enacted in the body of this present act.

II. And whereas by the faid in part recited act of the parliament of Scotland, two of the lords of session, with two of the parliament-men for the sbires of Edinburgh and Haddingtown, were to overlook and controul the management of the monies arifing by the said act: now for the better attaining the ends hereafter mentioned, be Overfeers apit further enacted, That the lords of session shall, and they are pointed to hereby authorized to nominate and appoint two of their own overlook and number, and the barons of the Exchequer one of their nummonies arising ber, the sheriffs of the shires of Edinburgh, Linlithgow and Hud- by this act, dingtown are hereby authorized and required to summon the heretors and freeholders of the respective shires to meet annually, to the end that each shire may elect and choose two of their number; the first of which elections by the lords of session, barons of Exchequer, and by the heretors and freeholders of the thires of Edinburgh, Linlithgow and Haddingtown, shall be made on the first Tuesday of November one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, and annually on the second Tuesday of June thereafter; and the persons so elected and chosen, together with the repre-

fentatives.

fentatives in parliament for the time being for the faid Anires of Edinburgh, Linlithgow and Haddingtown, are hereby impowered and authorized to overlook and controul the management of the monies to arise by this act, to aid and concur in the several cases

leven

who may profecute any persons for milmanagement.

after mentioned: and in case they shall find any mismanagement or milapplication of the monies arising or to arise by this act, or any other abuse or mismanagement of or concerning the same. they the faid overfeers, or any two or more of them, may fac and profecute the magistrates or others concerned in the abuse or mismanagement for redress and reparation, in the terms and under the penalties contained in the afgresaid act of the parliament of Scotland; and the first meeting of the said overseers (if not fooner called together at the request of the magistrate of Edinburgh) shall be at the town-council chamber at Edinburgh. upon the second Tuesday of Nevember one thousand seven han-

Times when they shall meet.

dred and seventeen, and they shall have power to adjourn themfelves from time to time, and one anniversary meeting shall be Have power to adjourn them. had upon the third Tuesday of July yearly, for one year longer than the continuance of this act. sclves.

The magiftrates of Edinburgh to lay before them an account of the debts of the town.

the faid overfeers the magistrates of Edinburgh shall lay before the faid overfeers, or any three or more of them, an account of all the debts of the town, other than those debts provided for. and to be discharged by the duty arising by the former act of parliament, as they stand on the first day of July one thou-fand seven hundred and eighteen, to be entred in a book to be kept for that purpose; and at the said first meeting of the overfeers, or any other subsequent meeting, they the said overfeers. or any three or more of them, are hereby impowered and authorized to make and fettle fuch rules, directions and by-laws. for the better management of all the different matters and things

hereafter mentioned, and for controuling the fame, as to them shall appear to be necessary, consistent with this act and the laws

III. And be it further enacted, That at the first meeting of

The overfeers impowered to make rules, by-laws, &c.

of Scotland. IV. And for as much as the duty by this all granted will not at The magistrates, &c. of present raise such a stock or sum of money as may be sufficient for the purposes in this att contained: be it further enacted by the autho-Edinburgh may affign the rity aforefaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the magiduties as a se-ftrates and council of Edinburgh, by any writing under their ney borrowed, hands and feals, to affign over the duty hereby granted, or any part thereof, for any term for which the same is hereby granted,

curity for mo-

or any part of the faid term, as a fecurity for any fum or fums of money by them to be borrowed for the purposes in this act mentioned, and none other; which said monies so borrowed, How the faid and also what shall arise by the said duty, shall be applied and money shall be disposed of to the uses following, viz. for renewing the waterpipes and helping the conduits which carry water to the town: for enlarging the harbour and deepning the channel of Leith; for building a new key at Leith; for fettling an annual fund of three hundred pounds per annum towards employing and maintaining the poor of Edinburgh and adjacent counties, which shall

commence and grow due after the first day of July one thousand

applied.

feven hundred and eighteen; for fettling a falary upon the professor of law in the university of Edinburgh, and his successors in office, not exceeding one hundred pounds per unnum, to commence and grow due from and after the eleventh day of November one thousand seven hundred and seventeen; for rebuilding the city walls, and causwaying the highways leading to the city; and for building two new churches and fettling stipends for the ministers; and in aid of the deficiency of the present ordinary revenue of the town, a fum not exceeding four hundred and fifty two pounds annually; and the faid magistrates The magishall, and they are hereby required to lay before the overseers an firates to lay account of all the debts contracted upon account or by reason before the of any the matters and things aforefaid, together with the agree- account of all ments, covenants and accounts relating thereunto; which faid debts conaccount of debts shall be fairly entred in a book to be kept for tracted. that purpose, and an entry shall be made yearly and every year, till the purposes in this act are completed and satisfied; and on the third Tuesday of July, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty four, a full and perfect state of all the debts incurred and then grown due to the first day of July in the faid year, shall be made up, and out of the monies arising by the said imposition hereby continued, the interest of the debt then due from the said town shall be paid, and all the annual payments before-mentioned, together with two thousand marks Scots to two French ministers, and what shall remain shall be applied for paying off part of the capital debt, and so be applied yearly till all the capital debt due and unsatisfied before the first day of July one thousand seven hundred and twenty three, is paid off and discharged; and if any more monies shall arise by the imposition hereby continued, than shall be found necessary to pay off the debts aforesaid, and discharge the annual payments aforesaid, that such overplus shall Overplus, how be laid out and applied for carrying on such publick works as to be applied. shall be found necessary for the service of the said town, as the same shall be settled and agreed to by the magistrates and majority of the overfeers for the time being: which overfeers shall be summoned by the magistrates, or any three or more of them, to be present at all agreements relating to assignments or farms made of the said imposition of two penny Scots on the pint of all ale and beer Scots measure by this act continued.

V. Provided, That from and after the first day of July, which Proviso, that shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and the magitwenty three, it shall not be in the power of the magistrates, and not borrow they are hereby restrained from borrowing any monies, so as to any money increase the debt of the said town, during the term for which after July 1, this imposition is granted, for or upon any reason or purpose 1723. whatfoever, unless it shall be with the consent and approbation of the majority of the overfeers hereby appointed, which confent shall be first had under their hands, or under the hands of three or more of them.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted. That of the How the poor number of poor to be simployed and maintained out of the year-fented, and

their vacancies supplied. ly fund of three hundred pounds intended for that purpose, one fourth part of that number shall be presented, and their casual vacancies supplied by the representatives in parliament and two heretors elected by the freeholders of the thire of Edinburgh; and another fourth part of the mumber of poor to be supployed and maintained as aforefaid shall be presented, and their vacancies supplied by the representative in parliament and two heretors elected by the freeholders of Haddingtown thire. " "

Annual payments (hall continue till July 1, 1742.

VII. And it is hereby further enacted and declared. That the annual payments with which the town is charged by this act, shall continue and endure only till the first day of July, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and forty two, and no longer; any thing in this act or any other act to the contrary notwithstanding.

The impolition to be raifed, &c. as his Majesty's excile.

The commisfioners shall allow the magistrates to take out copies of

the charges.

VIII. And for the further explaining the powers granted to the faid magistrates of Edinburgh for their uplifting and levying the faid imposition within the town of Edinburgh and privileges thereof; be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the faid imposition be raised, levied, collected and paid in the same way and manner as his Majesty's excise is raised and levied, and the charges made by the officers of his Majesty's excise for uplifting and collecting shall be the rule for uplifting and collecting the faid imposition; and the commissioners of excise in Scotland for the time being are hereby authorized and directed to allow the faid magistrates or their collectors to take out true and exact copies of the faid charges given up by the officers of excise upon the faid brewers liable in payment of the faid imposition; the faid magistrates and town-council being always obliged to difcount and allow to the brewers the same deductions and allowances which are granted to the brewers by the commissioners of excise.

IX. And whereas there have been fundry debates and difficulties

arisen betwixt the magistrates, their farmers, assignees and collectors, and the brewers, fince gauging took place in Scotland, in relation to the method of collecting the said imposition now payable by the brewers, by virtue of the aforesaid att passed in the parliament of Scotland; for preventing whereof, and further explaining of the faid powers, and for avoiding of oaths, and keeping a just equality amongst the brewers, and preventing their being overcharged in raising and levying the said imposition, for the term yet to come by the said act passed in Bestland imposed; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the first day of Tuly one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, the said imposition be ascertain'd, shall be ascertained, levied and collected, conform to the charges to be given by the officers of excise, upon the brewers liable in payment thereof; and the commissioners of excise in Scotland are hereby authorized and directed to allow copies thereof to the faid magistrates, or their affigurees, they giving the same deductions and allowances to the brewers as are granted to them by the faid commissioners of excise.

How the imposition shall &ç.

After July 1, 1723, all per-

X. Provided nevertheless. That from and after the first day of July one thousand seven hundred and twenty three, all pervay the faid imposition.

contrary netwithstanding.

ons living in the adjacent counties, or elewhere, who are not fons may imomprehended in nor subjected by this act to the aforestaid in- port their ale position of two penny Seets on the Seets pint of ale and beer, Edinburgh, may import their ale and beer to the faid city of Edinburgh, or paying the o any place within the privileges of the faid city, they paying duty. Repealed he faid duty for all the ale and beer so imported only, at such by 9 Geo. 1. ime or times, and in such place or places, as the brewers living within the faid town or privileges thereof are used and accustomed to pay the same, subject to the penalties mentioned in the aid act hereby continued, in case of neglecting or refusing to:

XI. And wheteas it will be for the ease of all such persons as live: n the neighbourhood of and have commerce with Edinburgh, that they should, during the continuance of this act, be freed from and rafed of certain dues, paid and commonly known by the name of pettybort customs payable at the ports of the city of Edinburgh: be it After the said curther enacted, That from and after the first day of July one petty customs thousand seven hundred and twenty three, the said dues and shall cease. petty customs shall be discontinued and cease, during the conti- 2 Geo. 2. c. 22. nuance of this present act, and no longer: any thing in this act or any other act of parliament, or any usage or custom to the

CAP. VI.

An act for laying a duty of two pennies Scots, or one fixth part of a penny Continued by sterling, upon every pint of ale or beer that shall be vended or sold 10 Geo. 2. C.74 within the town of Dunfries, and privileges thereof, for paying the debts of the said town, and for building a church, and making a

After July 1, 1717. two pennies Scots shall be laid on every Scots pint of ale and beer, brewed, &c. in Dumfries. Provost, &c. of Dumfries appointed trustees for the purposes in this act. Trustees may convey the duty as a security for money borrowed. Ale and beer not paying the duty, shall be conficated. Differences to be determined by the King's gauge. Trustees may farm the duty.

## C A.P. VII.

An act for redeeming the yearly fund of the South-Sea company (being after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum) and settling on the said company a yearly fund, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum redeemable by parliament; and to raise for an annuity or annuities at five pounds per centum per annum, any fund not exceeding two millions, to be employed in lessening the national debts and incumbrances; and for making the faid new yearly fund and annuities to be bereafter redeemable in the time and manner thereby prescribed.

1. MOST gracious Sovereign, whereas the capital or joint flock of Farther provi-the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, this act. 3 Geo. trading to the South-Seas and other parts of America, and for en-11.6.3. touraging the fiftery, being adjusted and fetiled pursuant to several

. Vol. XIII.

and

2, C. 21.

alls of parliament in that behalf, deth amount to the fum of ten millions; and in respect thereof a yearly sund of fix bundred thousand pounds hath been and is payable to the faid governor and company after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, besides a yearly fum of eight thousand pounds for or towards the charges of the said governor and company for management, subject nevertheless to a previs 1 Geo. 1. Stat. contained in one act of parliament of the first year of your Majesty's

reign, intituled, An act for enlarging the capital stock and yearly fund of the South-Sea company, and for supplying thereby eight hundred twenty two thousand thirty two pounds four shillings and eight pence to publick uses; and for raising one hundred fixty nine thousand pounds for the like uses, by sale of annuities upon divers encouragements therein mentioned; and for appropriating several supplies granted to his Majesty, subercby the said yearly sums of six bundred thousand pounds, and eight thou and pounds were redeemable upon one year's notice, which was to be given after the twenty fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and fixteen, and upon payment as well of the said sum of ten millions, as of all arrears of the faid yearly sums, in such manner and form as in the said proviso of redemption are prescribed: and whereas the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain are willing and contented, in regard the common rate of interest for moxey is very much lessened under your Majesty's most auspicious government, to accept from and after the feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptift one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, one annuity or yearly fund of five hundred thousand pounds, being after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum for the said ten millions, together with the said yearly sum of eight thousand pounds to be continued to them for management, so as they may be satisfied the said yearly sums of fix hundred thousand pounds and eight thousand pounds, until and for the quarter to end at the said feast of the nativity of Saint Tohn Baptist one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, and so as the future payments of the said yearly sums of five hundred thousand payeds, and eight thousand pounds, may be secured to them from the fuid feast day, until the redemption thereof, according to the tenor and true meaning of this present act: now we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament alsembled, being defirous to ease the present burden of debts and incumbrances, and in due time the heavy taxes lying upon this kingdom, so far as is consistent with honour, justice and equity, do most humbly beseech your Majesty that it may be enacted; and company to be be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with paid in the first the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and place, all mo- commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by authority

South-Sea nies due or to grow due on 24 June 1718, on the yearly fund of 600, ooo l. and 2000 l.

of the fame, That the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas, and other parts of America, and for encouraging the fishery, or their successors, shall be fully satisfied, contented and paid in the first place, all such monies as are due and unpaid, or at any time or times on or before the said feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and eighteen inclusively, shall grow due

and remain unpaid, or be in arrear to them, for or upon the faid yearly fund of fix hundred thousand pounds, and the said yearly fum of eight thousand pounds, and either of them, out of the several revenues charged therewith, or by such other ways and means as by any former act or acts of parliament are provided or prescribed in that behalf.

II. And it is hereby enacted, That from and after the faid And afterfeast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven wards the hundred and eighteen, all payments of or upon the faid yearly 600,000l. per fund of fix hundred thousand pounds, which from thenceforth cease.

should or might grow due or payable, shall cease and deter-

mine.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Company to That the said governor and company of merchants of Great have the year-Britain, and their successors, (subject nevertheless to the pro-soo,0001. and viso of redemption hereaster in this act contained in this behalf, \$000 i. out of and none other) shall have, receive and enjoy, and be entitled the duties by force and virtue of this act, to have, receive and enjoy the 9 Ann. c. 21. faid yearly fund or fum of five hundred thousand pounds, and the faid yearly fum of eight thousand pounds, which annual or yearly fuins shall be and are hereby charged upon, 'and shall be paid and payable, from time to time, out of all and every the duties, impositions, additional impositions and revenues, and all proportional parts of them, or any of them whatfoever, which by an act made in the ninth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for making good deficiencies, and satisfying the publick debts; and for erecting a corporation to carry on a trade to the South-Seas, and for the encouragement of the fiftery; and for liberty to trade in unwrought iron with the subjects of Spain; and to repeal the acts for registring of seamen, or by any other act or acts of parliament, or any clause or clauses contained in any act or acts of parliament now in force were charged or chargeable with the said former yearly fund of fix hundred thousand pounds, and the said former yearly sum of eight thousand pounds, and either of them, or any part thereof; and shall be paid and payable to the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their successors for ever, at the four most usual feasts or days of payment in the year, that is to lay, the feast of Saint Michael the archangel, the birth of our Payable quar-Lord Christ, the annunciation of the blessed Virgin Mary, and terly. the nativity of Saint John Baptist, by even and equal portions; the first payment thereof to be made at the feast of Saint Michael First payment the archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hun- at Mich. 1718, dred and eighteen; and that all the payments thereof shall be made out of the duties, impositions, additional impositions, revenues and proportional parts before-mentioned, with preference to all payments hereafter to be charged thereupon (the monies of the faid yearly fund of fix hundred thousand pounds, and of the faid yearly fum of eight thousand pounds, which are or shall be due or in arrear at or before the said feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, always excepted and foreprized).

IV. And

IV. And whereas the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, to manifest their zeal for the publick service, by furnishing money towards lessening the said national debts and incurbrances, have proposed to advance to his Majesty any further fum a fums of money, not exceeding two millions, at fuch times and by fuch proportions at a time, as the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury, or any three or more of them now being, or the high-treasurer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, shall call for the same, to be employed for or towards the discharging or lessening the said national debts and incumbrances; so as such calls do not exceed in the whole the fum of two millions, and be all made or or before the twenty fourth day of December one thousand seven hundred and seventeen; and so as the said governor and tompany of merchants of Great Britain be not required at any one time to advance more than one fourth part of the said sum, and have fourteen doss time at least for advancing each part of the same, which shall be called for; so as that for every sum so to be advanced for or upon account of the faid sum not exceeding two millions, the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain may have an annuity or fum after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, to commence from the time or respective times of advancing the same, and to continue until the redemption of such annuity or annuities, according to the tenor of this present act in that behalf: now his Majesty's said dutiful and loyal subjects the commons of Great Britain in parliament affembled, in further profecution of their defires to have the national debts and incumbrances lessened, do further humbly beseech his Majesty, That it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their fuccessors, shall, and they are hereby enjoined and required to advance and pay into the receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer, to be employed for the purposes aforesaid, such sum and sums of money, not exceeding in the whole the fum of two millions, at fuch

South-Sea company to advance into theExchequer fuch fums as the treasury shall call for, not exceeding 2,000,000 l. before 24 Dec, times and by such proportions at a time, as the commissioners 3717-5 Geo. 1. c. 3. high treasurer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the

than one fourth part, and 14 days notice.

under his or their hands, to be delivered at the publick office of No call at one the said governor and company in London, call for and require: time for more so as all such calls be made on or before the twenty fourth day of December one thousand seven hundred and seventeen; and so as they be not required at any one time to advance more than one fourth part of the said sum, and have fourteen days time between each payment, and after the delivery of every fuch writing for advancing of every such part as aforesaid; and in case the said

of the treasury, or any three or more of them now being, or the

treasury for the time being, shall, by any writing or writings

Company not paying may be governor and company of merchants of Great Britain shall make fued. failure in any the said payments of monies so to be advanced, the money whereof such failure in payment shall be made, shall and may be recovered in his Majesty's name for the uses and purposes aforesaid, by action of debt or upon the case, bill, fuit or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westmin-

ler, wherein no essoin, protection, wager of law, or more than orac imparlance shall be granted or allowed; in which action, >ill, fuit or information it shall be lawful to declare, That the aid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain are ndebted to his Majesty the monies whereof they shall have made default in payment, according to the form of this statute, and have not paid the same, which shall be sufficient; and in and upon such action, suit, bill or information there shall be urther recovered to his Majesty's use, against the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, damages after the rate of ten pounds per centum per annum for the monies so unpaid contrary to this act, besides full costs of suit; and the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their fuccessors, and their capital stocks and funds, shall be and are hereby made subject and liable thereunto,

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Company to

the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, have 51. per and their successors, for every sum which they shall advance for cent for so much as they or in part of the faid fum of two millions, shall have, receive advance. and enjoy, and be entitled, by force and virtue of this act, to have, receive and enjoy an annuity after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum for ever, subject nevertheless to the provisio of redemption herein after contained in that behalf; and that every such annuity after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum for the money so to be advanced, shall be charged upon, and shall be paid and payable, from time to time, out of the monies which shall, from time to time, arise by the aforesaid duties, impositions, additional impositions and revenues, and all proportional parts of them, and every or any of them, over and above so much as shall be sufficient to pay off and satisfy all the monies which shall at any time or times be grown due and incurred for or upon the faid yearly fums of fix hundred thoufand pounds, and eight thousand pounds, until and for the quarter which shall end upon the feast-day of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and eighteen; and from thenceforth for or upon the faid yearly fund of five hundred thousand pounds, and for and upon the said yearly sum of eight thousand pounds, and either of them; and that such annuity or annuities for fuch monies to to be advanced thall be paid and payable to the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their successors, in manner following, that is to say, the first payment or payments of such new annuity or Times of Save

spective days on which the said two millions, or any part or parts thereof, shall be advanced as aforesaid, until the quarterly fealt-day or respective quarterly feast-days then next ensuing; and from thenceforth the same new annuity or annuities of five pounds per centum per annum shall be paid and payable at the four most usual seasts or days of payment in the year before-mention-

ed, by even and equal portions.

annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, ment. shall be computed by the day, and satisfied from the day or re-

VI. And

All the annual fums and arrearages, and the capifree from taxes.

VI. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That as well the faid annual fund of five hundred thousand pounds, and the faid annual sum of eight thousand pounds, and the faid tal Rock, to be annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, payable for the same two millions, or so much thereof as shall be advanced and paid by this act as aforesaid, as also all arrearages of the faid yearly fund of fix hundred thousand pounds, and of the faid annual fum of eight thousand pounds, and every of them, and the capital flock or flocks which the faid governor and company have or are to have in respect thereof, and such additional stock in money as they shall call in from their members for carrying on their trade, shall be at all times hereafter freed and exempt from all taxes, charges and publick impositions whatfoever, charged or to be charged thereupon by authority of parliament or otherwife; any law or statute made or to be made to the contrary notwithstanding. VII. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the

Capital flock, &c. a personal said capital stock of ten millions, and so much as is due or shall estate,

grow due for or upon the faid yearly fum of fix hundred thousand pounds, to be paid until and for the quarter to end at the faid feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and eighteen; and the faid yearly fums of five hundred thousand pounds, and eight thousand pounds, to be continued as aforefaid; and the faid two millions, or fuch part thereof as shall be advanced, and the said annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, payable or to be paid for the same to the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their successors, and the share and interest of each and every particular member of and in the faid capital stocks and funds, and every of them, shall be, and be adjudged, taken and accepted in construction of law and in all courts of law and equity whatfoever, to be a perfonal and not a real estate, and shall go to the executors or administrators of the perfon or perfons dying possessed thereof, interested therein or entitled thereunto, and not to the heirs of such person or persons; and not liable and shall not be liable to any foreign attachments by the custom of the city of London or otherwise; and that no governor, subgovernor, deputy-governor or member of the faid company, by reason of his being a member of the said company, or of any ferving in par- matter or thing in this act contained, be now or at any time liament, or li- hereafter disabled from being or continuing, or from being electable to bank- ed or ferving as a member of parliament; nor shall be or be ad-

to foreign attachments. No member difabled from Tuptcy.

Standing orders to be made forth for these annuitics.

VIII. And for the better and more regular payment of all the monies intended by this act to be paid to the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their fuccessors, (fubject nevertheless to such redemption as aforesaid) an order or orders shall be signed by the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them now being, or by the high treasurer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for

judged liable to be a bankrupt within the intent and meaning of all or any the statutes made against or concerning bankrupts; any law, custom or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

the time being; and after figning thereof the same shall be firm, good, valid and effectual in the law, according to the purport and true meaning thereof, and of this act, and shall not be determinable by or upon the deaths or removal of any conmissioner or commissioners of the treasury or high treasurer for the time being, or by or upon the determination of the power, office and offices of them, or any of them, nor shall any commissioners of the treasury, or high treasurer or under-treasurer for the time being, have power to revoke, countermand or make void fuch order or orders so signed as aforesaid.

IX. And for the more speedy payment of the monies which Orders to be shall be due or payable thereupon, it is hereby declared and en-made forth acted, That weekly or otherwise, as monies of the said duties, weekly for impolitions, revenues and proportional parts, or any of them, ties. applicable to the payment of the faid yearly funds, annuities or fums of money, or any of them, payable to the faid governor and company as aforelaid, shall, from time to time, be brought into the receipt of the Exchequer for payment thereof, such monies shall and may be issued upon such order and orders for or towards discharging the said yearly funds, annuities and sums of money to grow due for or at the end of the quarter of the year in which fuch issues or payments shall be made, so as such weekly or other speedy payments do not exceed the fum of the quarterly payment which shall grow due for or at the end of

fuch quarter respectively.

X. And for better securing to the said governor and compa- Former duties ny of merchants of Great Britain, and their successors, all the continued, payments intended to be made to them by virtue or in purfuance of this act, it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid. That all and every the rates, subsidies, impositions, additional impositions and other duties and revenues whatsoever, and all proportional parts of them, or any of them, which were applicable to the payment and fatisfaction of the faid yearly fund of fix hundred thousand pounds, and the said former yearly sum of eight thousand pounds, during the continuance thereof, are and shall be continued and be payable to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, for ever, for satisfying and discharging as well the faid yearly fund of fix hundred thousand pounds, and the said former yearly fum of eight thousand pounds, and all arrearages of them, which are or shall be due at or before the said feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and eighteen as aforelaid, as also the said yearly fund of five hundred thousand pounds, and the said yearly sum of eight thousand pounds hereafter to be paid, and all and every such new annuity and annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, for the said sum of two millions, or so much thereof as shall be advanced upon this act, and every of them, in the order, manner and form before in this act prescribed in that behalf, and subject to such redemption as aforefaid, accord- subject to seing to the tenor and true meaning of this act; and that the demption, and same rates, subsidies, impositions and other duties, revenues to be raised as and proportional parts before-mentioned, and every of them, by the former

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shall be raised, levied, collected and brought into the Exchequer in England for the same purposes, by and according to such rules, methods and directions, and with such drawbacks, repayments and allowances, and under fuch penalties, forfeitures and disabilities, as are prescribed by any act or acts of parliament now in force, or by any articles, clauses, matters or things therein contained or thereby referred unto for raising, kvying, collecting or bringing in of the fame, as fully and effectually as if the same acts, articles, clauses, matters and things, and every of them, were repeated and re-enacted in the body of this present act; and that all the monies which shall be brought into the receipt of the Exchequer of the said rates; subfidies, impositions, additional impositions and other duties and revenues. and all proportional parts of them, for the purposes aforefaid, shall be fairly and distinctly entred and registred in one or more book or books to be kept in the offices of the auditor of the retred in a book ceipt and clerk of the pells, severally for that purpose, to which all persons concerned, at all seasonable times, shall have free ac-

and to be enin the Exchequer.

These duties \*ppropriated for the ules of this act.

cess without fee or charge. XI. And it is hereby also enacted, That all the monies of the said rates, subsidies, impositions and other duties and revenues and proportional parts of them, or any of them, which shall or ought to be brought into the receipt of the Exchequer for the purpoles aforefaid, (except the necessary charges of raising, collecting, levying, iffuing, paying and accounting for the fame, and except such part thereof as by any former act of parliament is applicable to the repayment of loans still remaining unfatisfied, and to pay the interest of the same) shall be and are hereby appropriated, and shall be issued and applied to and for the payment and satisfaction of the said yearly fund of six hundred thoufand pounds, and of the faid former yearly fum of eight thoufand pounds, due or to grow due at or before the faid feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, and to and for the payment and fatisfaction of the faid yearly fund of five hundred thousand pounds, from and after the said feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thoufand seven hundred and eighteen, and the said growing yearly fum of eight thousand pounds, and to and for the payment of the faid annuities after the rate of five pounds per contum per annum, hereafter to be acquired by virtue of this act, and every of them, in their due method and order before prescribed, according to the tenor and true meaning of this act, and without any fee or charge what foever to be paid by the faid governor and company for the same, or any part thereof, but subject to such redemption as is herein after prescribed, and to none other use, Penalty on of- intent or purpose whatsoever; and that the respective officers of the Exchequer, who shall make any delay in issuing or paying the same, or shall be guilty of diverting or misapplying any the faid monies contrary to this act, for any such offence shall be forejudged from their respective offices or places, and be rendred incapable to serve his Majesty, his heirs or successors, in any office or imployment of trust or profit whatsoever, and shall also

ficers of the Exchequer diverting, &c. the monies.

be liable to pay double the value of any fum or fums of money so delayed to be paid, or so diverted or misapplied as aforesaid, to the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their successors; to be recovered by action of debt, bill, suit or information in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection or wager of law, or more than one imparlance shall be granted or allowed.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Deficiency of That if at any time or times the produce of the faid rates, fub- one quarter to sidies, impositions, duties and revenues and proportional parts be supplied of them, or any of them, hereby appropriated as aforefaid, shall out of the subbe so low or deficient, as that the money arising thereby at the ter, Exchequer shall not extend or be sufficient, according to this act, to pay and discharge, or to complete the payment at the end of any quarter of a year of all the money which shall be then due, as well for or upon the faid yearly fund of five hundred thousand pounds, and the faid yearly fum of eight thousand pounds, (befides any arrearages which shall be then due for or upon the said former yearly fums of fix hundred thousand pounds, and eight thousand pounds) then and so often, and in every such case, the deficiency of any such quarter shall and may be supplied out of the overplus monies of the faid duties and revenues arising in any subsequent quarter; and in default thereof by the space of and in default half a year, then all and every such deficiency and deficiencies thereof for shall be supplied and made good, from time to time, by or out then to be supof the general yearly fund by another act of this session of parli-plied out of the ament established or intended to be established for redeeming the general fund duties and revenues now charged or chargeable in and by several by another act lottery-acts of the ninth and tenth years of her said late Maje
of this session, &c. sty's reign, and certain annual payments out of the hereditary 3 Geo. 1. c.7. excise in the said act of this session mentioned, or out of money 9 Ann. c. 6. to be raifed at the Exchequer for purchasing an annuity or an- 10Ann. c.19. nuities, after a rate not exceeding five pounds per centum per annum for every fuch deficiency; which annuity or annuities shall, by virtue of this act, be charged on the faid general yearly fund, and be payable and transferrable at the bank of England, as other annuities payable out of the faid general yearly fund are intended by the faid other act of this session to be payable and transferrable, until the redemption thereof by parliament.

XIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the au- The thority aforesaid, That the said sum of two millions, or so much 2,000,000 l. to thereof as shall be called for and be actually advanced and paid be applied to by the faid governor and company into the receipt of the Exche- pay off the quer in pursuance of this act, shall be issued, applied and dispos- principal and interest on the ed towards the paying off and discharging the principal monies four lotteryand interest after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, funds, 9 & 10 now payable by the faid lottery-acts, towards redeeming the se-Ann. and the veral duties and revenues now chargeable therewith, and towards the redeeming of the faid annual payments out of the hereditary excise, and to none other use, intent or purpose whatsoever; and that all and every deficiency and deficiencies of the All deficienfaid new annuity or annuities, after the rate of five pounds per cies of the new

centum

shall

annuities to be made good out of the general fund,

3 Geo. 1. c. 7.

centum per annum, payable to the faid governor and company by virtue of this act, shall be supplied and made good, from the to time, when and as often as any such deficiency or deficiencies shall appear, out of the said general fund by the said other act of this fession of parliament established or intended to be established as aforesaid, or out of the money to be raised at the Exchequer for purchasing an annuity or annuities after a me not exceeding five pounds per centum per amoum for every fuch deficiency; which annuity or annuities shall, by virtue of this act, be charged on the faid general yearly fund, and be payable and transferrable at the bank of England, as other annuities payable out of the faid general yearly fund are intended by the faid other act of this fession to be payable and transferrable, until the redemption thereof by parliament.

The furplus of disposeable by parliament. See 5 Geo. 1. c. 3. fect. 1.

XIV. Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted by the the said duties authority aforesaid, That if at any time or times at the end of any quarter of a year (reckoning the quarters to end at the utual feasts above-mentioned) there shall be an excess or surplus of the monies brought into the Exchequer of the said rates, duties, impositions and revenues and proportional parts of them, or any of them, and such excess or surplus shall remain there, over and above the money then or before that time grown due, by or in pursuance of this act, for arrearages of the faid yearly fund of fix hundred thousand pounds, and of the said former yearly fum of eight thousand pounds, and for the said fund of five husdred thousand pounds per annum, and the said growing annuity of eight thousand pounds per annum, and for the said new annuity or annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per canum, to be payable upon this act and every of them, then and so often, and in every such case, such excess or surplus shall, from time to time, attend the disposition of parliament, and be applied according to act or acts of parliament in that behalf, and not otherwise; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Company may call in money from their members.

XV. And for better enabling the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their successors, to raise money to be advanced for or in part of the faid fum of two millions, or for carrying on their trade and other necessary occasions: it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their successors from time to time, as they shall see cause, to call in, or direct to be paid from and by their respective members for the time being, proportionally according to their respective interest in the capital stock or stocks which do or shall belong to the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, or by opening their books of subscription, or by granting annuities redeemable by the faid governor and company, and their successors, or by any other method, ways and means as they shall think proper, to raise any sum or fums of money, as in a general court of the faid governor and company shall be judged necessary, and ordered to be called in; and that all executors, administrators, guardians and trustees

shall be indemnified in paying the money which shall be so called in; and in case any such member or members shall refuse or Members not neglect to pay his, her or their share of the said money so call- paying their ed for, at the time or times appointed for that purpose, by nopany may stop
tice inserted in the London Gazette, and fixed upon the Royal Extheir divichange in London, it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid dends, &c. governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their fuccesfors, not only to stop the share, dividend, annuity and profits, which shall from time to time become payable to such member or members so neglecting or refusing, of the funds, stocks, annuities or profits of the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and to apply the same from time to time for or towards payment of the share of the money so called for, and which ought to have been paid by fuch member or members so neglecting or refusing, until the same shall be satisfied, but also stop the transfers or assignments of the share of every fuch defaulter, and to charge fuch defaulter and defaulters with an interest after the rate of ten pounds per centum per annum, for the money so by him, her or them omitted to be paid, until the payment thereof; and that the share and stock, shares and stocks of such defaulter and defaulters shall be liable to make good and answer the said monies so appointed to be paid, and the interest thereof as aforesaid; and in case the principal and interest as aforesaid shall be unpaid by the space of three months, then the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, or their successors, shall have power to sell so much of the stock or stocks of such defaulter or defaulters as will satisfy and pay the same, rendring the overplus to the proprietor, if any be; and the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, or their fuccessors, in a general court, from time to time, when they shall judge their affairs will admit thereof, shall or may cause any sum or sums of money which shall be so called in, or any part thereof, to be divided and distributed to and amongst the then members of that corporation, according and in proportion to their respective interest in the capital stock or stocks of the same; any former law or statute, restriction or other matter or thing whatfoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVI. And for better enabling the faid governor and compa- Company may ny of merchants of Great Britain to raise money to be advanced borrowmoney for or in part of the faid fum of two millions, or for carrying on common feal, their trade or other necessary occasions; it is also hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their successors, from time to time (in case they shall so think fit) to borrow or take up money upon any contracts, bills, bonds or obligations, under their common seal or upon credit of their capital stock or stocks, or any part thereof, at such rate or rates of interest, for any time not less than six at such intemonths from the borrowing thereof, as they shall think fit, and rest, and for to give security under their common seal, or by affigning or any time not transferring their stock or stocks, or any part thereof, or other-less than fix wife, as shall be to the fatisfaction of the lenders respectively; they shall

and that such contracts, bills, bonds, obligations or securities Securities not shall not be chargeable with any the duties upon stampt vellom, to be stamped. parchment or paper; any former law, statute, prohibition, refiriction or other matter or thing whatfoever to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding. XVII. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid,

That so much money as shall be called for by the said governor

The money to be advanced to be deemed an additional flock,

and company of merchants of Great Britain from their respective members, for or in part of the said sum of two millions, shall (if the faid governor and company think proper), be and be deemed an additional stock of the said governor and company, and shall be written into the books of the said company, and each member thereof shall have credit in the said books for his or her proportion or share thereof; and that the members of the faid company, who shall have a share or interest in the stock ranie and de-viseable as the or additional stock of the said company, shall or may assign and original stock, transfer the same in the books of the said company, in such or the like method, manner and form, as are prescribed by the act or acts of parliament and charter now in force for affigurments or transfers of original stock to be made in the books of the said company, or shall or may dispose or devise the same, or any part thereof, by will, in such manner and form as any share in the original stock of the said company is deviseable.

and transfer-

Company to continue a corporation,

and enjoy their annuities, &c. tiil redeemed;

tories, trades and acquifitions.

XVIII. And it is hereby declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their successors for ever, shall remain, continue and be one body corporate and politick by the name abovementioned, and shall have, hold, receive and enjoy the said yearly fum of fix hundred thousand pounds, until and for the quarter to end at the feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and eighteen as aforesaid, and the said yearly fum of five hundred thoufand pounds, and eight thoufand pounds, and the faid annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, until the same respectively and their fac. shall be redeemed according to this act; and shall have, hold and enjoy all their forts, factories, acquisitions, lands, tenements, hereditaments, fole benefit and trade in and to the South-Seas, and elsewhere, with a perpetual succession, and all abilities, capacities, powers, authorities, franchises, exemptions, privileges, profits and advantages whatfoever, whereunto the faid governor and company are, or before the making of this act were entitled by any act or acts of parliament, grant or charter now in force; all which are by this act ratified and confirmed to them and their successors (the said former fund of six hundred thousand pounds per annum, which by this act is to determine at the feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, as aforesaid, only excepted) freed and discharged of and from all former provisoes, powers, acts, matters and things whatfoever, for redeeming, determining, or making void the same, or any of them, subject nevertheless to the several and respective provisoes and powers of redemption hereafter in this act contained. XIX. Pro-

XIX. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the au- On repayment thority aforefaid, That at any time upon repayment by parlia- of 2,000,000 l. ment to the said governor and company of merchants of Great cease. Britain, or their successors, of the said sum of two millions, or fo much thereof as shall be called for and advanced, as aforesaid, without any discount, deduction or abatement whatsoever to be made out of the same, or any part thereof, and of all arrears of such annuity or annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum payable for the same, if any such arrears shall be then due, then and not till then, the same annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, shall from thenceforth cease and determine; this present act, or any clause, matter or thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XX. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted by the authori- On one year's ty aforesaid, That upon one year's notice to be given by autho-notice at 24 rity of parliament, at the feast of the nativity of Saint John Bap- and repaytist which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven ment of hundred and twenty three, or at any of the faid quarterly feaft 10,000,000 l. days, after the said feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one yearly sums to thousand seven hundred and twenty three, and upon repayment cease. by parliament to the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, or their successors, of the said sum of ten millions according to such notice, without deduction, discount or abatement whatfoever to be made out of the fame, or any part thereof, and upon payment of all arrears of the faid yearly fums of five hundred thousand pounds and eight thousand pounds per annum, if any such shall be then due, then the said yearly sums of five hundred thousand pounds, and eight thousand pounds,

shall from thenceforth cease and determine. XXI. And in regard it is intended, That after the twenty fourth 1723. on pay-day of June one thousand seven hundred and twen y-three, the said ment of any principal sum of ten millions due to the said governor and company, sum not less may be satisfied by any payments not being less than one million of law-than ful money of Great Britain at a time; and that as the same princi- 1,000,000 le pal monies shall be paid off, the said nearly sum of fine handed at a time, in pal monies shall be paid off, the said yearly sum of five hundred thou- part of the fand pounds shall from time to time proportionally fink and be abated; 10,000,000 L be it therefore further provided and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if at any time or times at or after the said twentyfourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty three, notice shall be given by authority of parliament for redemption of the faid yearly fums of five hundred thousand pounds, and eight thousand pounds, by this act payable, as aforesaid; and if payment according to such notice be made by parliament to the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, or their fuccessors, of any sum or sums of money (not being less than one million at a time) in part of the faid funr of ten millions; and also if payment be made of all arrearages then due to them of the faid yearly fums of five hundred thousand pounds, and eight thousand pounds, or so much of those arrearages as shall bear a proportion to the principal monies, from time to time remaining unfatisfied, being computed by the day, until

of the yearly fures, as shall bear proportion to the part of the principal, shall

After redemption, the duties to be underitood to be redeemed by parliament.

But the corporation to continue for ever.

All things by any former acts or charters granted, to continue tor ever.

then so much the time of every such payment of part of the principal respectively; then from and after every such payment so made to the faid governor and company, and their successors, so much of the faid yearly furn of five hundred thousand pounds, as Mall bear monies paid in proportion to the monies so paid in part of the said principal, shall cease and determine and be abated; any thing in this or any former act or acts of parliament contained, or other matter or thing whatfoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXII. Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted by the

authority aforefaid. That from and after the redomption of all

the faid yearly fums of five hundred thousand pounds, eight

thousand pounds, and the said other annuity or annuities after

the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, by payments to be

made according to the feveral and respective provisoes or conditions of redemption in this act contained of or concerning the same, then and not till then, the said duties, impositions, additional impositions and revenues, and all proportional parts of them, or any of them, shall be understood to be redeemed by parliament, and shall not be issued, paid or applied to any use, intent or purpole whatfoever without authority of parliament; nevertheless the said corporation, by the name aforesaid, after fuch redemption of the faid yearly funds, annuities or other annual payments, shall continue for ever, and have perpetual succession, and shall hold and enjoy all forts, factories and acquisitions that they have erected, established or made, or shall erect, establish or make within the limits prescribed by the charter or charters to them granted, and the lands, tenements and hereditaments that are or shall be by them purchased in Great Britain not exceeding one thousand pounds per annum; and the said governor and company, and the members thereof, without having any share or interest in the said yearly funds, payments or annuities, or any of them, after the same shall be redeemed, shall have and be entitled to the fole benefit of trade in and to the South-Seas and elsewhere, and such power of trade in the fishery, as by any act or acts of parliament now in force is directed, and all other benefits, powers, privileges and advantages (the faid respective annuities to them issuing or payable only excepted) as if no fuch redemption were had or made; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIII. And it is hereby declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and every the abilities, capacities, powers, authorities, exemptions, franchifes, privileges, profits and advantages whatfoever, and all pains of death, and other penalties, forfeitures and disabilities, and all rules, directions, methods, articles, matters and things whatfoever, which by any former act or acts of parliament, or any clause or clauses therein, or any charter or charters under the great seal of Great Britain, are enacted, granted or established, to, for, touching or concerning the faid corporation of the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas and other parts of America, and for encouraging the fishery, or the members of the same (being in force at or until the time of making this

this act, and not hereby determined or altered) shall for ever : continue and be practifed, and be put in execution for fecuring and paying the yearly fund, amounties and payments by this act directed, subject to the provisors for redemption thereof in this. act contained, and also (as well after such redemption as before). for fecuring the possessions, trade and business of the said corpo-. ration, and for their advantage in all respects, as fully and effectually to all intents and purpofes, as if the faid abilities, ca-: pacities, powers, authorities, exemptions, franchiles, privileges, profits and advantages, and the faid pains of death, and other penalties, forfeitures and disabilities, and the said benefit of trade, rules, directions, methods, articles, matters and things, were severally repeated and at large re-enacted in the body of this present act.

XXIV. And it is hereby enacted and declared by the authority Transfers not aforefaid, That all such transfers and affiguments of stock or adhigher stampditional flock, in the books of the faid governor and company duties. of merchants of Great Britain, as are not by this act wholly exempted from the stamp-duties, shall not hereafter be or be made liable to any higher or greater duties than are now payable for

the fame.

XXV. And it is hereby declared and enacted by the authori. Vote of the ty aforefaid. That any vote or resolution of the house of com- commons, figmons, fignified by their speaker in writing, to be delivered at speaker a sufthe publick office of the faid governor and company of mer-ficient notice. chants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas, shall be deemed and adjudged to be sufficient notice within the words and meaning of this act, for redeeming their faid yearly funds or annuities, pursuant to the proviso or provisoes of redemption in this act contained, and at the respective time or times therein mentioned; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

## CAP. VIII.

An all for redeeming several funds of the governor and company of the bank of England, pursuant to former provisoes of redemption; and for securing to them several new funds and allowances redeemable by parliament; and for obliging them to advance further Jums not exceeding two millions. five bundred thousand pounds, at five pounds per centum. as sball be found necessary to be employed in lessening the national debts and incumbrances, and for continuing certain provisions formerly made for the expences of bis Majesty's civil government; and for payment of annuities formerly purchased at the rate of sive pounds per centum; and for other purposes in this att mentioned.

OST gracious Sovereign, Whereas by an act of parliament made and passed in the seventh year of the reign of her late. majesty Queen Anne, of bleffed memory, intituled, An act for enlarging the capital stock of the bank of England, and for raising

348 a further supply to her Majesty for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and nine, the governor and company of the bank of England were obliged, in the manner therein mentioned. to deliver up to be cancelled certain Exchequer-bills which had been 5 Ann. c. 13. made forth by a former act of parliament in that behalf, which bills, with interest thereupon, were computed to amount to seventeen hundred seventy five thousand twenty seven pounds seventeen shillings un pence balfpenny; and to the end the faid governor and company of the bank of England, and their successors, might have a computent retempence and confideration for so doing, and for all their demands relating thereto, it was by the said at of the seventh year of her said late Majefly's reign enacted, That from and after the faid feast of Saul 7 Ann. c. 7. Michael the Archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand level hundred and ten, the faid governor and company of the bank of England, and their successors for ever, shall have, receive and enjoy one annuity or yearly sum of one hundred and six thousand five hundred and one pounds thirteen shillings and five pence out of such duties m By Geo. 1.c.3. houses as are therein mentioned: but, it was thereby provided and & 11Geo. 1.c.9. enacted, That at any time upon one year's notice to the faid governor fariber proviand company of the bank of England, or their successors, and upon full payment to them of the said sum of one million seven hundred sehons are made concerning the venty five thousand twenty seven pounds seventeen shillings and kn funds, &c. in this act. pence halfpenny, and of all arrears of the faid annuity of one hundred and fix thousand five bundred and one pounds thirteen spillings and five pence per annum (if any shall be then due); then, and not till then, the faid annuity of one hundred and fix thousand five bundred and one pounds thirteen shillings and five pence per annum sould be coase and determine, and then also the said duties on boules should be understood to be redeemed by parliament, and should not be iffued, paid or applied to any use or purpose what soever, but by authority of parliament. And whereas in pursuance of the said act of the seventh 7 Ann. c. 7.

year of her said late Majesty's reign, several other bills, commonly called Exchequer bills were made forth, amounting to two millions five hundred thousand pounds principal money; and in pursuance of another act of the same year, and of certain clauses contained in an

8 Ann. c. 1. all of the eighth year of her reign, there were issued several such bills, amounting to four hundred thousand pounds more in principal money; 22 Ann. flat. , and pursuant to an act made in the twelfth year of her faid late Ma-

jesty's reign, there were issued such bills, amounting to twelve hur-C. 11. dred thou fand pounds more in principal money: and it was provided by the said acts respectively, That all the bills thereby made forth should bear an interest after the rate of two pence per centum per diem (saving such interest as therein is mentioned;) and that the said governor and company of the bank of England should have an al-

lowance after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum for circulating the faid bills, abating the faid allowance propertionally as the bills should be cancelled: and by an act made in the ninth Ann. c. 7. year of her faid late Majesty's reign, for better enabling the said governor and company of the bank of England to exchange for real

7Ann. c. 7 & 8. money upon demand any of the bills made forth upon the faid seural acts of the seventh and eighth years of ber Majesty's reign, it was 8 Ann. c. 1.

racted. That the full fum of forty five thousand pounds per annum ould be paid to and for the use of the said governor and company of e bank of England, by the ways and means therein specified, for ed during fuch time only, as in that all was limited; and by the uid act made in the twelfth year of her Majefty's reign, for better 12 Ann flat. 1. sabling the faid governor and company of the bank of England to c. 11. fect. 15. rculate all Exchequer-bills made forth, and to be made forth on that ed the food fermer acts, by exchanging the same from time to time, ir ready money upon demand, it was enacted. That the entire yearly im of eight thousand pounds (over and above the said yearly sum of verty free thousand pounds) should be paid to and for the use of the nid governor and company of the bank of England by quarterly paysents, sentil fuch time as no more than nineteen hundred thousand ounds of all the bills iffued and to be iffued in pursuance of that and be said former acts (taken all tagether) should be standing out uncanelled in the whole: and for making good as well the faid interest of we pence per centum per diem, and the faid allowance after the ate of shree pounds per centum per annum, as also the said yearly um of eight thousand pounds, until the subsidies, duties, surplus mavies and arrears composing the general fund and security by the said former acts, or some of them, intended to be established, or so many if them as should be sufficient for those purposes should have taken effect, it was by the faid several acts of the seventh, eighth and welfth years of her late Majefty's reign, or some of them, enacted, That the lerd treasurer, or three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, should make out or cause to be made out other Exchaquer-bills for so much as should be computed to be due at the respective quarter-days therein mentioned (over and above what should have been applied out of the subsidies, duties and other sums of money aforesaid) for such interest and for such allowance of three pounds per centum per annum, and for the faid yearly fum of eight thousand pounds respectively; and that such quarterly bills should bear the like interest of two pence per centum per diem; and that the faid governor and company of the bank of England should have the like allowence of three pounds per centum per annum for circulation thereof. And whereas in an act of parliament made and passed in the 2000.1. flat. to first year of your Majesty's reign, resiting, That the Exchequer-bills c. 12. flanding out and remaining unsatisfied and undischarged upon the eleventh day of July one thousand seven hundred and sisteen did amount to the fum of four millions five hundred fixty one thousand twenty and five pounds, or thereabouts; it was thereby enacted and declared, That several subsidies, duties, revenues, additional revenues, incomes, surplus memies, arrears, overplus monies and other monies therein particularly described or mentioned, were and should be one general and aggregate fund and security for satisfying and paying all monies which then were and from time to time should be incurred and grown due or payable for interest, at the rate of two pence per centum per diem. and for the faid allowance of three pounds per centum per annum Jor all the Exchequer-bills above-mentioned, or such of them as should from time to time be unconcelled or undischarged; and all the minies. which were or should be grown due from time to time upon the faid Vol. XIII. [ums

fums of forty five thousand pounds per annum and eight thousand pounds per annum, for so long time as those yearly sums were to com-

tinue or be payable; and for supplying to your Majesty, during your life, the yearly fum of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds, for the service of your Majesty's bousbold and family, and other your neceffary expences and occasions; and also for supplying the further yearly sum of fifty four thousand six bundred pounds for ever, to raise meney for publick services; and for making good such deficiencies as an therein expressed; and likewise for and towards furnishing the yearly fum of two hundred and seventy thousand nine hundred ninety nim pounds and seven shillings, for paying off and cancelling the said hills all which was to be done in fuch order, manner and form, and with fuch preferences, as in the same act are prescribed: and it was thereby provided and enacted. That from and after the complete paying of and discharging all the principal and interest which should be due upon all the faid Exchequer-bills iffued as aforefaid, and cancelling the fame, and full payment made of all arrearages (if any should be then du) a swell for or upon the faid allowance, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, and for or upon the faid yearly fums of futs five thousand pounds, eight thousand pounds, one hundred and twenty thousand pounds, and fifty four thousand six hundred pounds, on every of them, as also of such deficiency or deficiencies as should the appear to be unsatisfied (if any such be) for or upon the original fund of one hundred thousand pounds per annum, payable to the said governor and company of the bank of England, and for and upon their abovefaid annuity of one hundred and fix thousand five bundred and one pounds thirteen shillings and five pence per annum; then, and not till then, the faid general or aggregate fund, and the faid subsides, duties and revenues contained therein, and every of them, shall k understood to be redeemed by parliament, and should not be iffued, took or applied to any use, intent or purpose whatsoever without authority of parliament, other than and except fuch duties (part of the fail of gregate fund) therein particularly described, which are thereby enclied to be continued for aufwering and paying all the payments which should after such redemption grow due for and upon the said yearly suns one hundred and twenty thousand pounds quarterly, for the services your Majesty's houshold and family, and other your necessary examinate during your Majesty's life, and for answering and paying all the payments which should after such redemption grow due for or upon the faid yearly fum of fifty four thousand six hundred pounds, so popment of annuities for ever, unless the same be redeemed by parliamma as by the said several acts, relation being thereunto respectively his may more fully appear. And whereas the bills made forth upon the faid several acts of the seventh, eighth and twelfth years of her lest Majesty's reign, standing out and remaining uncancelled and undi-7 Ann.c. 7. &8. charged upon the two and twentieth day of March one thousand sex bundred and fixteen, do still, by computation amount to the fail fut of four millions five hundred fixty one thousand twenty and five punk principal money; and the present charge to the publick of circulating the same, as well for the said interest of two pence por centum per \$28,3611. 178. diem, as the faid allowances of three pounds per centum perannum, f:")

Exchequerbills on 22 Dec. 1716, 2mounted to 4,561,025 l. 8 Ann. c. 1. 12 Ann. flat. 1. Charge for circulating so d. per ann,

orty five thousand pounds per annum, and eight thousand pounds ter annum, doth, by computation, amount to three hundred twenty ight thousand three hundred sixty one pounds seventeen shillings and en pence per annum, or thereabouts, except so much thereof as may e abated for bills, from time to time, in the Exchequer, or in the rands of receivers or collectors of any taxes, aids or revenues payable o your Majesty. And whereas the said governor and company of Bank willing be bank of England, in regard the common rate of interest for money to accept of an s very much lessened under your Majesty's most auspicious govern- annuity at 51. ment, and their several funds before-mentioned are redeemable at lieu of their uch times, and in fuch manner, as aforefaid, are willing and content- present annuid to accept one annuity of eighty eight thousand seven hundred fifty ty. By 11 Geo. me pounds seven shillings and ten pence halfpenny, being after the 1. C. 9. S. 1. rate of five pounds per centum per annum, on the said principal This annuity is um of one million seven hundred seventy five thousand twenty seven vounds seventean shillings and ten pence halfpenny, in lieu of their aid prefent annuity or fum of one bundred and fix thousand five bunired and one pounds thirteen shillings and five pense per annum, le as they may be satisfied the said yearly sum of one hundred and fix thousand five hundred and one pounds thirteen shillings and five pence. until and for the quarter to end at the feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighteen inclusively, and so as the future payments of the said sum of eighty eight thousand seven hundred sisty one pounds seven shillings and ten pence balfpenny per annum may be secured to them from the foid feaft-day, until the redemption thereof; and so as the faid yearly fum of eighty eight thousand seven hundred and fifty one pounds seven faillings and ten pence halfpenny be made redeemable upon one year's notice to be given at the faid feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, or at any quarterly feaft-day after the said feaft of the nativity of Saint John Baptift one thousand seven bundred and eighteen, and upon full payment to them of the faid sum of one million seven bundred seventy five thoufand twenty seven pounds seventeen shillings and ten pence halfpenny. and of all arrears of the faid yearly fum of eighty eight thousand seven bundred fifty one pounds seven shillings and ten pence halfpenny, if any shall be due at the time of such payment; and the said governor and company of the bank of England, are also willing and contented to discharge and deliver up to be cancelled, as many of the Exchequerbills formerly made forth, as aforesaid, as amount to two millions in principal money, and to accept an annuity or sum of one bundred theusand pounds per annum, being after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum for the same two millions, to commence from the feast of the birth of our Lord Christ in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, subject to redemption by parliament, upon one year's notice to be given at the faid feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and seventeen. or at any quarterly feast-day after the said feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, and repayment of the faid two millions, and all arrears of the annuity last mentioned; and to continue the circulating and exchanging for money at demand,

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the remainder (amounting by competation to two millions five bush) fixty one thousand twenty and five pounds in principal money) of the faid Exchequer-bills now standing out and uncancelled, at the prefer allowance of three pounds per centum per annum; and ore a content that the interest now payable on such remainder of the sai and of id. per bills be reduced to one penny per centum per diem, from and ofu cent. per diem the twenty fifth day of December one thousand seven bundred a

interest on Ex- seventeen; and that such interest running on any of the same hill chequer bills after 25 Dec. Redeemable on a year's notice after Mich. 1717.

during the time they shall lie in the Exchequer, or in the bonds of a receivers or collectors of his Majesty's taxes, aids or revenues, be saw to the publick; so as the said Exchequer-bills so to be circulated on exchanged be made redeemable by parliament, upon a year's notice to given at the feast of Saint Michael the archangel in the year of w Lord one shouland seven bundred and seventeen, or at any quarter feaft-day after the feaft of Saint Michael the archangel in the year our Lord one thousand seven bundred and seventeen; and upon se payment of the principal and interest payable upon the faid remaining hill and of all arrears of the faid allowance of three pounds per centum per annum which shall be due to them at the time of fuch redemples and so as all the present allowances to the said governor and company of the bank of England, payable to them for circulating and exchang

bundred fixty one thousand twenty five pounds, or thereabouts, and

flanding out or uncancelled, as aforefaid, be continued to them until ca

for the quarter to end at the feaft of the birth of our Lord Chi.

one thousand seven bundred and seventeen; and the said governor and company are also willing to advance to your Majesty, to be implast

So as the prefent allowances for Exche-ing for ready money the faid bills, amounting to four millions for quer-bills, be continued to Christmas 1717.

\$,500,000l. to be advanced

for or towards discharging or lessening the national debts and intuition brances, any further fum or fums of money, not exceeding in the with two millions five hundred thousand pounds, as the commissioners of the by the bank. 'treasury, or high treasurer for the time being, shall call for, at an time or times before the twenty fifth day of March one thousand feven hundred and eighteen at an interest of five pounds per centum per annum, redeemable by parliament: now we your Majesti most dutiful and loyal subjects the commons of Great Britain parliament affembled, being defirous to ease the present burths of national debts and incumbrances, and in due time the hear taxes lying upon this kingdom, so far as it is consistent honour, justice and equity, do most humbly beseech your M jesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Kin paid fuch mo-most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent nies as on 24 the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this prefi June 1718. hall grow due parliament assembled, and by authority of the same, That on the annui- said governor and company of the bank of England, or the ty of 106,501l successors, shall be fully satisfied, contented and paid all se monies as are due and unpaid, or at any time or times, on houses, and on before the said seast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist thousand seven hundred and eighteen inclusively, shall grow and remain unpaid, or be in arrear to them for or upon the annuity or fum of one hundred and fix thousand five hundred

and one pounds thirteen shillings and five pence per annum,

Bank to be 138. 5d. on fand.

If the money arisen or to arise at the receipt of Exchequer, if or for the said particular duties on houses, and of or for the said duties and revenues ealled the aggregate fund, or any of hem; and that from and after the said feast of the nativity of Aster that, saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, all the 106,501. The syments of or upon the said annuity or sum of one hundred 132. 5d. shall not six thousand five hundred and one pounds thirteen shillings cease. In the said annuity grow the said and six thousand six thousand five hundred and one pounds thirteen shillings cease.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That he faid governor and company of the bank of England, and Bank to have heir successors, (subject nevertheless to the proviso and power 887511.75. fredemption hereafter in this act contained in this behalf, and 1010, per anone other) shall have, receive and enjoy, and be entitled by numout of the irtue of this act, to have, receive and enjoy the faid annuity or faid duties. early fum of eighty-eight thousand seven hundred sifty-one c. 9. ounds seven shillings and ten pence half-penny, in respect of 2 Geo, 2. C. 3. he faid principal fum of one million seven hundred seventy-five housand twenty-seven pounds seventeen shillings and ten pence alf-penny, which annual or yearly sum of eighty-eight theuand seven hundred and fifty-one pounds seven shillings and ten ence half-penny shall be and is hereby charged upon, and shall e paid and payable, from time to time, out of all the monies rilen or to arife at the faid receipt of the Exchequer, of or for be faid particular duties on houses, and of or for the faid duties nd revenues, called the aggregate fund, and every or any of hem; and shall be paid and payable to the said governor and Payable from ompany of the bank of England, and their fuccessors for ever, 24 June 1718. om the said feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thou- quarterly. ind seven hundred and eighteen, at the four most usual feasts r days of payment in the year before-mentioned, by even and qual portions; all which payments thall also be made in such nanner and form, and with fuch preference, as are herein afr prescribed in that behalf.

III. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That at any Redeemable me upon one year's notice to be given at the faid feast of the on one year's ativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and notice after 24 ghteen, or at any quarterly feast-day after the said feast of the June 1718. ativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and ghteen, and not before; and upon repayment by parliament the faid governor and company of the bank of England, or leir successors, of the said sum of one million seven hundred venty-five thousand twenty-seven pounds seventeen shillings nd ten pence half-penny, without deduction, discount or abatelent whatfoever to be made out of the fame, or any part theresand of all arrears of the faid annuity of eighty-eight thound seven hundred fifty-one pounds seven shillings and ten ence half-penny per annum, if any such shall be then due; then ad not till then, the said annuity of eighty-eight thousand sein hundred fifty-one pounds seven shillings and ten pence halfenny per annum shall from thenceforth cease and determine;

any

1716.

any former act or acts of parliament, or any provinces, matters or things therein contained, or other matter or thing whatfo-

ever to the contrary notwithstanding.

**Out of the laid** duties the bank to be paid so much as shall be due to them for interest at ad. per centum per diem on the bills for 2,000,000l, till delivered up, and so much 2717. (hall grow due for their 31. per cent. as thall remain ungancelled, and fo much as then shall quarterly grow due on their 45,000l. and Socol. per annum.

IV. And for the better encouragement of the faid governor and company of the bank of England to pay off, discharge and cancel as many of the faid Exchequer-bills as shall amount to two millions in principal money, and to continue the circulating and exchanging for money at demand, the remainder of them, according to the true intent and meaning of this act; it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That out of the monies that are or shall be in the receipt of the Exchequer of the said duties and revenues of the said fund, called the aggregate fund, and of the faid duties on houses, the faid governor and company of the bank of England thall be paid and asatChristmas satisfied so much as shall be due and in arrear to them for the faid interest of two pence per centum per diem upon the said bills amounting to two millions, until the time or respective times on which they shall deliver up the same pursuant to this act, and so much as at or before the feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and seventeen shall grow due and be in arrear to them for their said allowance, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, to be computed by the day upon so many of the said Exchequer-bills, amounting to sow millions five hundred fixty-one thousand twenty-five pounds, as shall at any time or times at or before the same feast-day remain uncancelled; and also so much, as at or before the sid feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and seventeen shall quarterly grow due and be in arrear to them, for or upon their faid allowances of forty-five thouland pounds per annum, and eight thousand pounds per annum.

Bank to deliver up by 25 Dec. 1717. as many Exchequer-bills as amount to

V. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the faid governor and company of the bank of England shall, on or before the twenty-fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, deliver up as many of the said Exchequer-bills (now being uncancelled and undischarged) as shall 2,000,000l.&c. amount to the faid fum of two millions in principal money, to fuch person or persons as the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasure for the time being, shall nominate, to be discharged, cancelled and made void, in such manner as the said commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high trafurer for the time being shall appoint, without issuing the same again, or any of them; and that the said interest of two pence per centum per diem, and allowance of three pounds per centum per annum, payable in respect of the said bills, amounting to two millions, from and after the time or respective times on which they shall or ought to be delivered up to be cancelled, as afore faid, and the faid allowances of forty-five thousand pounds of annum, and eight thousand pounds per annum, from and after the said feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and severteen, shall cease and determine, and all the duties

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uties and revenues of the faid aggregate fund shall be freed, xonerated and discharged, of, from and against the same; the ud former acts, or any of them, or any other law or statute to se contrary notwithstanding.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, From Christ-That from and after the said feast of the birth of our Lord mas 1717. hrist one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, the said go-bank to have ernor and company of the bank of England, and their success- an annuity of rs for ever, (subject nevertheless to the proviso and power of 100,000], edemption hereafter in this act contained in this behalf, and one other) shall have, receive and enjoy, and be intitled by irtue of this act to have, receive and enjoy, one annuity or early sum of one hundred thousand pounds, being after the ate of five pounds per centum per annum, computed upon the ud principal sum of two millions, which yearly sum of one undred thousand pounds shall be, and is hereby charged upon, nd shall be paid and payable, from time to time, out of all he monies arising or to arise at the said receipt of Exchequer, s well of or for the faid several duties, revenues and incomes alled the aggregate fund, as aforesaid, as of or for the said articular duties on houses, and every or any of them; and hall be paid and payable to the faid governor and company of he bank of England, and their successors for ever, at the sour nost usual feasts or days of payment in the year before-mentiond, by even and equal portions, without any deduction, defalation or abatement what soever; and that all the payments hereof shall be made in such manner and form, and with such reference as are hereafter in this act prescribed in that behalf.

VII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That at any subject to reme upon one year's notice to be given at the feast of the birth of demption on ur Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, or at one year's nonyquarterly feast-day after the said feast of the birth of our Lord Christmas hrist one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, and not be- 1717. ore, and upon repayment by parliament to the said governor See 9 Geo. 1. nd company of the bank of England, or their successors, of c. 5. he faid fum of two millions, without any deduction, discount r abatement whatsoever to be made out of the same, and upon ayment to them of all arrearages of the faid yearly fum of one undred thousand pounds, if any shall be due at the time of ich payment, then and not till then, the faid annuity of one undred thousand pounds per annum shall from thenceforth cease nd determine; any thing in this act contained to the contrary otwithstanding.

VIII. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority a-Bank to adversaid, That the said governor and company of the bank of vance not exingland, and their successors, shall and they are by this act en-ceeding sined and required to advance and pay into the receipt of his 2,500,000l. by lajesty's Exchequer, to be imployed for or towards discharg, 25March 1718. ng or lessening the national debts and incumbrances, and not 5 Geo. 1. c. 3. therwise, such further sum and sums of money, not exceedig five and twenty hundred thousand pounds, at such time or

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times on or before the twenty-fifth day of Marsh one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, and by such proportions at a time. as the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, shall by any writing or writings under his or their hands, to be delivered at the publick office of the laid governor and company in London. call for or require; and in case the said governor and commany On failure of of the bank of Bugland shall make failure in any such payment

payment, bank may be fued.

or payments so to be advanced by the space of fourteen days next after such writing or writings shall be respectively delivered, as aforefaid, the money whereof such failure in payment shall be made, shall and may be recovered in his Majesty's name, for the uses and purposes aforesaid, by action of debr, or upon the case, bill, suit or information in any his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, wager of law, or more than one imparlance shall be granted or allowed: in which action, bill, fuit or information, it shall be lawful to declare, that the faid governor and company of the bank of England are indebted to his Majesty the monies whereof they shall have made default in payment, according to the form of this statute, and have not paid the same; which shall be sufficient; and in and upon fuch action, fuit, bill or information, there shall be further recovered to his Majesty's use, against the faid governor and company of the bank of England, damages after the rate of ten pounds per centum for the monies fo unpaid contrary to this act, befides full costs of fuit; and the faid governor and company of the bank of England, and their fuccesfors, and their capital stocks and funds, shall be and are hereby made subject and liable thereunto; so always that the sum to be called for or required of the faid governor and company, as aforesaid, at any one time do not exceed five hundred shouland pounds. IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid.

Bank to have an annuity at 51. per cent. they shall advance.

That the faid governor and company of the bank of England. and their fuccessors, for all and every sum and some of smoney for so much as which they shall advance for or in part of the said sum of two millions five hundred thousand pounds, shall have, receive and enjoy, and be entitled by force and virtue of this act to have. receive and enjoy an annuity after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum for ever, subject nevertheless to the proviso of redemption herein after contained in that behalf; and that all and every such annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum for the money fo to be advanced, shall be charged upon and shall be paid and payable, from time to time, out of the monies which shall from time to time arise, as well of or for the aforefaid duties upon houses, as of or for the said duties, revenues and incomes composing the said fund called the aggregate fund, and every or any of them, and shall be paid and payable to the faid governor and company of the bank of England, and their fuccessors, in manner following, that is to fay, The first payment or payments of such annuity or annuities

ties after the rate of five pounds per centum persennen, shall be computed by the day, and latisfied from the day or respective clays on which the faid fum, not exceeding two millions five hundred thousand pounds, or any part or parts thereof, shall be advanced or paid, as aforefaid, until the quarterly feath-day, or respective quarterly feast-days them next ensuing; and from thenesforth the fame annuity or annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per commen, shall be paid and payable at the four most usual feasts or days of payment in the year beforementioned, by even and equal portions; all which payments shall also be made in such manner and form, and with such preforence, as are herein after preferibed in that behalf.

X. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That at any Redeemable time upon repayment by parliament to the faid governor and at any time on company of the bank of England, or their successors, of the repayment of faid funt of two millions five hundred thousand pounds, or so principal. much thereof as shall be called for and advanced, as aforefaid, without any deduction, diffeount or abatement whatfoever, to: be made out of the fame, or any part thereof, and of all arrears of fuch annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per contain per annum, if any such arrears shall be then due. then and not till then, the same annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per ensum, shall from thenceforth cease and determine; this present act, or any clause, matter or thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XI. And ze to lo many of the said Exchequer-bills made Interest of two forth upon the said recited acts, or any of them, as do amount per cent. per in principal money to the sum of two millions five hundred fixty diem, to conone thousand and twenty five pounds (being the fuen of the Dec. 1717. Exchequer-bills which will be flanding out after the delivering up and cancelling fo many as amount to two millions, as aforefaid); it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That the interest of two pence per centum per diem, now born on the faid bills, for two millions five hundred fixty one thousand ewenty five pounds, shall continue and be payable and paid to the bearer and bearers thereof respectively, until the twenty fixth day of December one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, and no longer; and that from and after the twenty fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, the interest upon the same bills shall be reduced to one penny per centure per diene, which interest of one penny per centure per diem, and no more for interest, shall from and after the said twenty fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and Aster 15 Dec. seventeen grow due and be paid and payable upon the faid bills, to be reduced for the faid fum of two millions five hundred fixty one thousand to one penny twenty five pounds, to the respective bearers thereof, until the per centum redemption of the same, pursuant to the proviso herein after per diema dontained in that behalf; and that the faid interest at the respective rates aforesaid, upon the said bills, amounting to two millions five hundred fixty one thousand twenty five pounds, shall be fatisfied and discharged, from time to time, by such ways

All interest on Exchequerthe publick receipts, &c. faved to the publick.

Bank to have of 76830L 152 31. per cent. from Christ-1085 1717.

and means as are hereafter in and by this act prescribed in that behalf: nevertheless, it is hereby provided and enacted, That the faid interest at the respective rates aforesaid, upon such of bills, whilst in the said bills, amounting to two millions sive hundred fixty one thousand twenty five pounds, as are or shall, at any time or times, be in the receipt of the Exchequer, or in the hands or power of any receivers or collectors of any taxes, aids or revermes payable to his Majesty, his heirs or successors, during such time and times respectively, as such bills shall be or remain in the faid receipt, or in such hands or power, as aforesaid, shall be abated and faved for the benefit of the publick. XII. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid,

for circulate. That the faid governor and company of the bank of England, ing, anannuity and their successors, shall for circulating the said bills amountat the rate of ing to two millions five hundred fixty one thouland twenty five pounds, and for exchanging the same for ready money upon demand, from time to time, have, receive and enjoy, and he entitled by virtue of this act to have, receive and enjoy, to their own use and behoof, an annuity or yearly allowance of seventy fix thousand eight hundred and thirty pounds and fifteen shillings, (being after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, upon the faid fum of two millions five hundred and fixty one thousand twenty five pounds) subject nevertheless to the proviso of redemption herein after contained in that behalf, which annuity or yearly allowance of feventy fix thousand eight hundred and thirty pounds and fifteen shillings, shall be and is hereby also charged upon, and shall be paid and payable, from time to time, out of all the monies arisen or to arise, at the receipt of the Exchequer, of or for the faid particular duties on houses, and of or for the faid duties and revenues called the aggregate fund, and every or any of them; and shall be paid and payable to the faid governor and company of the bank of England, and their successors for ever, from the said feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, at the four most usual feasts or days of payment in the year beforementioned, by even and equal portions, without any deduction, defalcation or abatement whatfoever; all which payments shall also be made in such manner and form, and with such preference, as are herein after prescribed in that behalf.

Redeemable on one year's notice at Mich. 1717.

XIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted. That at any time upon one year's notice to be given at the feast of Saint Michael the archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, or at any quarterly seast-day after the feast of Saint Michael the archangel in the year of our Lord one. thousand seven hundred and seventeen, and not before, and upon full payment by parliament of the faid fum of two millions five hundred fixty one thousand twenty five pounds, and all interest that shall be then due thereupon, and all arrears (if any) which shall be due at the time of such payment, on the said annuity of seventy six thousand eight hundred and thirty pounds and fifteen shillings per annum, and cancelling and discharging all

all the faid Exchequer-bills, then and not till then, the faid annuity or allowance of feventy fix thousand eight hundred and thirty pounds and fifteen shillings per annum, shall from thenceforth cease and determine; this act or any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding. And for the better and more regular payment of all the monies which shall be payable unto the faid governor and company of the bank of England, and their successors, by virtue of this act, as well for or upon' the faid several annuities of eighty eight thousand seven hundred fifty one pounds feven shillings and ten pence halfpenny, one hundred thousand pounds, and seventy fix thousand eight hundred and thirty pounds fifteen shillings per annum, as also for or upon the faid other annuity or annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, (subject nevertheless, as aforesaid) standing orders shall be signed by the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them now being, or by the high treasurer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being; and after signing thereof, the same shall be firm, good, valid and effectual in the law, according to the purport and true meaning of them respectively, and of this' act, and shall not be determinable by or upon the death or removal of any commissioner or commissioners of the treasury, or the high treasurer for the time being, or by or upon the determination of the power, office and offices of them and any of them; nor shall any commissioner of the treasury or high treafurer, or under-treasurer for the time being, have power to revoke, countermand or make void fuch order or orders so signed,

XIV. And for the more speedy payment of the monies which Orders to be shall be due or payable severally thereupon; it is hereby de-signed for the clared and enacted, That weekly or otherwise, as the monies annuities to of the several rates, duties, impositions, revenues and incomes, weekly, &c. by this act charged or chargeable to or with the payment of the faid annuities of eighty eight thousand seven hundred fifty one pounds seven shillings and ten pence halfpenny, one hundred thousand pounds, and seventy six thousand eight hundred thirty pounds and fifteen shillings per annum, and to and with the payment of the faid other annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, and every of them, or any part thereof, shall from time to time be brought into the receipt of the Exchequer for or towards payment of the same, such monies shall and may be issued upon such order and orders for or towards discharging the said several and respective annuities or yearly fums thereupon charged, to grow due for or at the end of the quarter of a year, in which fuch iffues or payments shall be made, so as such weekly or other speedy payments do not exceed the fums of the respective quarterly payments, which shall grow due for or at the end of such quarter respectively.

XV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Bank to circu. That the faid governor and company of the bank of England, late Exche-

bills for 2,561, and their successors (for and in consideration of the faid ancancelled.

025 l. till fully muity or allowance of feventy-fix thousand eight hundred and thirty pounds and fifteen shillings per annum, to be paid to them as aforefaid) thall, and they are hereby obliged and required, until all the faid Exchequer-bills for the faid fum of two millions five hundred fixty one thousand twenty five pounds shall be fully discharged and cancelled, pursuant to the said proviso and power of redemption in that behalf, exchange for ready money all such of the said Exchequer-bills for the said sum of two millions five hundred and fixty one thousand twenty five pounds, as from time to time, or at any time or times, shall be in the hands of any person or persons, and be demanded of the fuid governor and company of the bank of England, or at their publick office, to be exchanged for ready money (whether such bills, or any of them, shall or shall not have passed or had a currency in his Majesty's revenues or taxes) by paying unto all fuch person or persons, in ready money, the sum or sums for which such bill or bills so required to be exchanged was or were issued, or which the owner or owners of such bills shall be enticled unto by fuch bill or bills respectively, together with the interest that shall at the time of such demand be due on such bill or bills respectively, and so toties quoties as often as such bill or bills shall be demanded as aforefaid; and in case the said go-

may be fued, Ŀс.

Bank refusing, vernor and company of the bank of England, or their successors, or their cashier, shall neglect or refuse to exchange any such bill or bills for ready money as aforefaid, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this present act, upon demand thereof made at their chief office (which, during the currency of the bills before mentioned, or any of them, is hereby required to be kept at some place within the city of London) by the space of twenty four hours, then the person or persons demanding the same, or the person or persons for whose account such demand shall be made, shall or may, and are hereby enabled to bring his, her or their action of debt, or upon the case, for the same, against the faid governor and company of the bank of England, or their fuccessors, in which action the person or persons so bringing the same shall and may declare, That the said governor and company of the bank of England are indebted to the plaintiff or plaintiffs therein the money demanded upon the faid bill or bills, according to the form of this flatute, and have not paid the same; which shall be sufficient; and the plaintiff or plaintiffs in such action or actions shall recover against the said governor and company of the bank of England, not only the money so neglected or refused to be paid, but also damages, besides full costs of fuit; and the faid governor and company of the bank of England, and their fucceffors, shall be and are hereby made fubject and liable thereunto; and in the faid action or actions no effoin, protection, privilege or wager of law shall be allowed, or more than one imparlance.

These annuimai estates,

XVI. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, ties are perso. That the said annuities or sums of eighty eight thousand seven hundred hundred fifty one pounds seven shillings and ten pence halfpenny, one hundred thousand pounds, and seventy fix thousand eight hundred thirty pounds and fifteen shillings per annum, and the faid other annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, and every of them, shall be deemed and adjudged to be personal estates; and the same, and the stock or stocks which the said governor and company of the bank of England now have or are entitled unto, as also all such stock or stocks which the said governor and company shall or may be entitled unto by virtue of this act, and also the principal sums and annuities payable to the faid governor and company for or in respect of any such stock or stocks, are and shall, by virtue of this act, be free and clear and freed and discharged of and from all taxes, charges and publick impositions whatsoever, and free from charged or to be charged thereupon; and shall not be liable to taxes, and not liable any foreign attachment; any law, custom or usage to the con- to foreign attrary notwithstanding.

XVII. And for the better securing all the several and re- Duties on spective payments prescribed or intended to be made by or in houses, aggrepursuance of this act, it is hereby enacted and declared by the gate fund, &c. authority aforesaid, That as well the said particular duties on continued for ever. houses, and the said duties, revenues and incomes composing 1 Geo.1. stat. 2. the faid aggregate fund (which latter are particularly described c. 12. or referred unto in the faid act of the first year of his Majesty's Sec. 5, Geo. 2, reign) and all other duties which were fettled for payment of c. 3. feet. 22. the laid former yearly sums of one hundred and fix thousand five hundred and one pounds thirteen shillings and five pence. and of the faid interest and allowances relating to the faid former Exchequer-bills, and every of them, are and shall be continued, and be paid and payable to his Majesty, his helps and fucceffors, for ever; and shall be raised, levied, collected antibrought into the Exchequer in England, by and according to fuch rules, methods and directions, and with fuch drawbacks, repayments and allowances, and under such penalties, forfeltures and disabilities, as are prescribed in and by the respective act and acts of parliament now in force, or any articles, clauses, matters or things therein contained, or thereby referred unto, for raising, levying or bringing in of the same, as fully and effectually as if the same acts, articles, clauses, matters and things, and every of them, were repeated and re-enacted in the body of this present act; nevertheless all the monies arising Nevertheless thereby into the faid receipt, from and after the feaft of the for the purnativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and poses in the act feventeen, and all the monies then remaining in the faid receipt, contained, of the same rates, duties, revenues or incomes, shall be disposable to and for the several and respective uses and purposes by this act appointed, and subject to the several provisors of redemption herein contained; any former law, statute, provision, restriction, clauses of appropriation, or other clauses, matter or thing whatfoever to the contrary notwithstanding; and that all the monits of the faid particular rates and duties on houses, and of the faid

books in the Exchequer.

aggregate fund, or other duties by this act required to be and entred in brought into the Exchequer as aforefaid, shall be duly and fairly entred in one or more book or books to be kept in the offices of the auditor of the receipt and clerk of the pells, for that purpose; to which all persons concerned, at all seasonable times, thall have free accels without fee or charge.

All the duties. ated for the wies of this . 20.

XVIII. And it is hereby also enacted. That all the monies of &c. appropri- the faid rates, duties, revenues and incomes, which shall or ought to be brought into the receipt of Exchequer for the said purposes in this act directed (except the necessary charges for raising, collecting, levying, issuing, paying and accounting for the same) shall be and are hereby appropriated, and shall be issued and applied, as well to and for the payment and fatisfaction of so much as at or before the said feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighteen shall grow due or be in arrear to the said-governor and company, for or upon their faid yearly fum of one hundred and fix thousand five hundred and one pounds thirteen shilkings and five pence; and to and for the payment and fatisfaction of so much as at or before the said feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and seventeen shall be due or demanded for the faid interest, after the rate of two pence per centum per diem, upon all or any the said Exchequer-bills, amounting to four millions five hundred fixty one thousand twenty five pounds; and so much as at or before the faid seaft of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and seventeen shall quarterly grow due and be in arrear to the said governor and company, for or upon their faid allowances of forty five thousand pounds per annum, and eight thousand pounds per annum; and for and upon their said allowance of three pounds per centum per annum for circulating the faid bills; as also for answering and discharging all the growing payments which shall hereafter incur and grow due to them for or upon the faid annuities or fums of eighty eight thousand seven hundred fifty one pounds seven shillings and ten pence half penny, one hundred thousand pounds, and seventy six thousand eight hundred and thirty pounds fifteen shillings per annum, and the faid other annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum sor annum; and to and for the payment and fatisfaction of the faid yearly sums of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds. and fifty four thousand six hundred pounds, and all arrears thereof, (if any), and such other annual and other payments as are hereafter in this act prescribed to be made out of the same. and every of them: all which arrears and growing payments before mentioned are to be satisfied and discharged in their due course and order, and with such preserences as are by this act appointed, according to the tenor and true meaning thereof, and without any fee or charge whatfoever to be demanded or paid for the same or any part thereof, but subject to such several and respective redemptions as are in this act prescribed touching the faid growing payments or any of them, and to none

other use, intent or purpose whatsoever; any former law, statute, provision, appropriation or other matter or thing what-Officers of the soever to the contrary notwithstanding: and in case any the Exchequer officers or ministers of the Exchequer shall divert or misapply misapplying any of the monies of the faid rates, duties, revenues or incomes the money, &c. by this act appropriated for the uses and purposes hereby direct. forfeit their ed or appointed, or any of them, contrary to the purport and offices, &c. true meaning of this act, or shall pay or issue the same, or any part thereof, otherwife than according to the intent of this act, and in the order hereby directed, or shall not keep books or make entries, and do and perform all other things which by this act he or they are required to do and perform, every fuch officer and minister shall forfeit his office, and be rendred uncapable to serve his Majesty, his heirs or successors, in any office or imployment of truft or profit whatfoever, and shall also be liable to pay double the value of any fum or fums of money so delayed to be paid, or so diverted or misapplied, with full costs of suit to those who shall suffer or be grieved thereby, to be recovered by action of debt, or upon the case, bill, suit or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminfer, wherein no effoin, protection, privilege, wager of law, or more than one imparlance shall be granted or allowed.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Course of pay-That all the monies by this act appropriated or mentioned to First to pay off be appropriated for the faid uses and purposes in this act ap- so much as at pointed, shall be issued and applied in manner and form follow- 24 June 1718, ing, (that is to fay) in the first place to pay off so much as at shall grow due or before the faid feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist in on the yearly the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighteen 106,5011. 138. shall gow due or be in arrear to the said governor and company, 5d. for or upon the faid former yearly fum of one hundred and fix thousand five hundred and one pounds thirteen shillings and five pence; and fo much as at or before the faid feast of the and so much birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and seven as at Christmas teen shall be due and demanded for the said interest, after the 1717, shall be rate of two pence per centum per diem; and so much as on or be due for interest fore the same feast day shall be due and in arrear on the said for- at a d. per cent. mer allowance of three pounds per centum per amum, and upon so much as at the faid former yearly fums of forty five thousand pounds, and the same feasteight thousand pounds; and after paying or reserving sufficient day shall be to pay so much as at any time or times shall be grown due for due for interest or upon the said former yearly sums, or demanded for the said for ann. Sec. interest of two pence per centum per diem as aforesaid, then to Then to pay and for the answering and discharging so much as shall, from so much as time to time, be incurred and grown due for or upon the faid due on the annuities or fums of eighty eight thousand seven hundred fifty annuities, &c.

other annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, to the faid governor and company of the bank of

one pounds seven shillings and ten pence halfpenny, one hun-payable to the dred thousand pounds, and seventy six thousand eight hundred bank weekly and thirty pounds and fifteen shillings per annum, and the said

England,

England, and their fuccessors, or to their cashiety for their wa weekly, or as foon as the fame can be fatisfied out of the monits of the faid rates, duties, revenues and incomes, ar any of them, according to the tenor and was meaning of this ad, is as by fack weekly or other payments the whole of the laid anmuities or yearly furns to be paid to the faid governor and company, or their fuecessors, at the and of each quarter be not exceeded, and to that upon every of the faid quarterly leak any the whole then due thereupon severally be completed, make up or fatisfied; and to and for the answering and discharging fuch demands as shall be made of or for the said growing interest of one penny per centum per diem, according to the true

and the 1d. per cent. per

Then to pay of 120,000 l. during his Majetty's life.

intent and meaning of this act. XX. And it is hereby enacted, That after-paying or releving the yearly fum fufficient to pay and fatisfy, from time to time, so much as a any time or times is or shall be grown due or demanded for or upon the faid former yearly fume and interest of two peace per centern per diem as aforefaid; and for and upon the faid annuite or fums of eighty eight thousand seven hundred and sity one pounds seven shillings and ten pence halfpenny per amore, one hundred thousand pounds per annum, and seventy fix thousand eight hundred and thirty pounds fifteen shillings for assum; and the faid other annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, and to answer such demands it shall be made of or for the faid growing interest of one penny per centum per diem; then the faid, yearly furn of one handred and twenty thousand pounds, for the service of his Majesty's houshold and family, and other his necessary expences and occasions, and all arrears thereof, from time to time grown due, shall be paid to his Majesty, during his Majesty's natural de # aforefaid, out of the monies by this act appropriated, or montioned and intended to be appropriated for the uses and purpose by this act appointed as aforefaid, and that the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury, and the high treasurer and undertreasurer of the Exchequer for the time being shall and may, and they are hereby authorized and required to cause the said yearly fuen of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds, or fuch arrears thereof, to be issued and applied weekly, or a foon as the fame can be fatisfied, in the order and counce before mentioned for that service, out of the monies arisen or to ank as aforefaid, fo as by fuch weekly or other payments the fum of thirty thousand pounds, to be due thereupon, at the end of each quarter, be not exceeded; and so that upon every of the faid quarterly feast days the whole then due theseupon (if the faid appropriated monies will extend thereunto) be completed, made up or fatisfied, according to the true meaning of this

Then theyearfet apart for

XXI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefully ly sum of 54, : That after paying or reserving sufficient to pay and satisfy, from 600l. is to be time to time; formuch as at any time or times is of that he grown due for or upon the faid former yearly lumes and for and

upon the faid, annuities or fums of eighty eight thousand seven perpetual anhundsed affity one pounds seven shillings and ten pence half-nuities of 31. penny, one hundred thousand pounds, and seventy fix thou-per cent. fand eight hundred and thirty pounds fifteen shillings per annum, and the faid other annuity or annuities, after the rate of five pounds ser centum per aunum, and to answer such demands as shall be made of or for the said interest; at the respective rates aforefaid, and so much as at any time or times is or shall be grown due for and upon the faid fum of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds per annum; then the said sum of fifty four thousand six hundred pounds per amum, and all arrears thereof (if any be) shall, without any deduction or abatement. be separated and set apart in the said receipt of the Exchequer. out of the monies by this act appropriated or mentioned to be appropriated as aforefaid, for the uses and purposes in this act appointed; and shall, from time to time, be issued and applied to answer and satisfy such perpetual annuities as are purchased thereupon, at the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, according to the true intent and meaning of such act or acts of parliament as are passed in that behalf, subject nevertheless to redescription by parliament, as is thereby prescribed.

XXII. And it is hereby declared to be the true intent and The prefermeaning of this act, That the faid arrearages of the faid former ences in point yearly fums, and the monies which shall, from time to time, of payment. be due upon the faid annual fums of eighty eight thousand seven undred fifty one pounds seven shillings and ten pence halfzenny, one hundred thousand pounds, and seventy six thouand eight hundred and thirty pounds fifteen shillings per annum. ind the faid other annuity or annuities, after the rate of five sounds per centum per annum, and the monies necessary to anwer fuch demands of interest as aforesaid, shall from time to ime take place and be preferred, in point of payment, before he fams which shall grow due upon the said yearly sum of one jundred and twenty thousand pounds; and that the said yearly um of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds shall from time o time take place and be preferred, in point of payment, out of " he fame, before the faid yearly fum of fifty four thousand fix nundred pounds; and that the faid yearly fum of fifty four housand fix hundred pounds shall, from time to time, take lace and be preferred, in point of payment, before the aplying any of the faid appropriated monies for or towards anwering any the payments hereafter in and by this act charged r chargeable thereupon.

XXIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the Then the defiurthority aforesaid, That after paying or reserving sufficient to ciencies of the ay and fatisfy, from time to time, for much as at any time or bank's original imes is or shall be grown due for or upon the said former yearly 100,0001. per 100s, and for or upon the faid annuities or fums of eighty eight annum to be housand seven hundred fifty one pounds seven shillings and ten made good. ence halfpeany, one hundred thousand pounds, and seventy x thousand eight hundred and thirty pounds fifteen shillings You XIII. Вb per

. per annum, and the faid other annuity or ausmities, after the rate of five pounds per centum pen annum, and the monice needfary to answer such demands of interest as aforesid, and b much as at any time or times is or shall be grown due for or upon the faid furns of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds, and fifty four thousand six hundred pounds for enum; then the deficiency and deficiencies for making good the myments to be, from time to time, incurred and grown due for or upon the original fund of one hundred thousand pounds for annum, payable to the faid governor and company out of the five feventh parts of certain rates or duties of excise, by with of several acts of parliament in that behalf (when and as own as any fuch shall happen) shall, from time to time, be latisfied and answered out of the monies by this act appropriated as a forefaid; and from and after paying or referring Justicient to pay and fatisfy, from time to time, so much as at any time or times is or shall be grown due for or upon the said former yearly fums, and for or upon the faid annuities or fome of eight eight thousand seven hundred and fifty one pounds seven this lings and ten pence halfpenny, one hundred thousand pounds, and feventy fix thousand eight hundred and thirty pounds the shillings per amum, and the said other annuity or annuits, after the rate of five pounds per centum per commun, and the monies necessary to answer such demands of interest as aforesad, and so much as at any time or times is or shall be grown dut for or upon the faid fums of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds, and fifty four thousand fix hundred pounds per county and to make good such deficiencies of the said original fund of 4000 l. per an- one hundred thousand pounds per annum (if any such be) 252 sum to sheriffs, foresaid; then the yearly sum of four thousand pounds that be

Then to pay forth their pa. fet apart in the Exchequer, and issued from time to time to the tents, passing respective theriffs of England and Wales, for defraying the chartheir accounts, ges of taking forth the letters patents for their respective office, &c.

according to such other act as is or shall be passed in this sefion of parliament in that behalf.

The furplus of every quarter disposeable by parliament. See 5 Geo, 1. C. 3. lect. 1.

XXIV. And it is hereby declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the excess or surplus, which at the end of every or any quarter of a year (reckoning the quarters to end at the usual feasts above-mentioned) thall and may be produced by the faid several rates, duties, revenues and incomes hereby appropriated or mentioned to be appropriated as aforefaid, and shall remain in the Exchequer over and above the money their due or demandable for or upon the several annuities, allowance and other payments before-mentioned, or any arrears of the fame, thall attend the disposition of parliament, and be applied according to act or acts of parliament in that behalf, and not otherwife; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

and passing their respective accounts, and obtaining their Qualus

XXV. Provided always, and it is hereby gnacted, Theting of any quarter case the produce of the said several rates, duties, revenues and

comes hereby appropriated, as aforefaid, at the end of any to be made agreer of a year after the feast of the annunciation of the blef- good out of the Virgin Mary one thousand fever hundred and fevereen d Virgin Mary one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, to be produced all be deficient to answer and pay so much as shall be then in any subseie for or upon the faid former yearly fums, which are to con- quent quarter: and till the respective times aforesaid, and for or upon the said muities or fums of eighty eight thousand seven hundred fifty ne pounds seven shillings and ten pence halfpenny, one huned thousand pounds, and seventy six thousand eight hundred id thirty pounds and fifteen shillings per annum, and the said her annuity or annuities, after the rate of five pounds per ntum per annum, and the monies necessary to answer such deands of interest as aforesaid, and so much as shall be then own due for or upon the faid fums of one hundred and twenthousand pounds, and fifty four thousand six hundred pounds r annum, and so much as is to make good the said deficiency f any be) of the said original fund; then, and so often, and every fuch case, every such deficiency of the said duties and wenues shall and may be made good out of the produce of I those rates, duties, revenues and incomes, in any subseuent quarter or quarters wherein there shall be an overplus for r towards answering the same; any thing in this act contained the contrary notwithstanding.

XXVI. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted, That in The desicien-ase the produce of the said several rates, duties, revenues and year's end to scomes hereby appropriated as aforefaid, shall at any time or be made good mes appear to be so deficient, that within any one year by parliament. reckoning each year to end at Michaelmas yearly) the same hall not be sufficient to answer and pay so much as shall be then ue for or upon the faid former yearly fums, which are to connue till the respective times before limited, and for and upon he said annuities or sums of eighty eight thousand seven undred fifty one pounds seven shillings and ten pence halfenny, one hundred thousand pounds, seventy six thousand ght hundred and thirty pounds fifteen shillings per annum, nd the faid other annuity or annuities, after the rate of five ounds per centum per annum, and the monies necessary to anwer such demands of interest as aforesaid, and so much as vall be then grown due for or upon the faid fums of one undred twenty thousand pounds, and fifty four thousand fix undred pounds per annum, and so much as is to make good 1e said deficiency (if any then be) of the said original fund, and so much as shall be then due upon the said yearly sum of sur thousand pounds, according to this act; then, and in very fuch case, and as often as any such deficiency of the said ites, duties, revenues and incomes shall happen, the same tall be provided for, answered and made good by and out of then next aids to be granted in parliament.

XXVII. And it is hereby further enacted, That the com-Treasury to uffioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or imprest to perhe high treasurer for the time being, shall, and he and they rity, the ne-

ceffary fums to discharge interest to the bearers of the bills, &c.

are hereby impowered and directed, out of the monies arising by the faid duties appropriated (amongst other things) for payment of the said interest as aforesaid, to issue to such person or persons, as he or they shall think fit to entrust in that behalf, and upon fecurity to be given to his or their good liking, such fum or fums of money by way of imprest, and upon account, from time to time, and by fuch proportions at a time, as he or they shall find necessary for discharging all the said intend grown due and payable, or to grow due and payable, at the respective rates aforesaid, upon the said bills, in pursuance of this act; the faid interest to be discharged in the manner and form herein after-mentioned; and that any person or persons, bodies politick or corporate, having in their custody any of the faid Exchequer-bills, upon which fix months interest or more shall be due and unpaid, shall and may, from time to time, demand and receive of the person and persons to whom the said monies shall be impressed for payment of interest as aforesaid, , all the interest so due and unpaid upon such Exchequer-bills, who are hereby directed and required to pay and discharge the fame, upon fuch demand, out of the money to be impressed to him or them for that purpole. XXVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority afort-

The bills to be current in payment at the Exchequer, &c.

faid, That the faid Exchequer-bills amounting to two millions five hundred fixty one thousand and twenty five pounds 25 2foresaid, shall be received and taken by, and shall pass and be current to all and every receivers and collectors in Great Britain of the customs, excise, or of any revenue, supply, aid or tax whatfoever, already granted, due or payable, or which shall or may hereafter be granted, due or payable to his Majefly, his heirs and successors, and also at the receipt of the Exchequer, from the faid receivers or collectors, or from any other person or persons, bodies politick or corporate whatsoever, making any payments or loans there to his Majesty, his heirs or successors, for or upon any account, cause or occasion whatsoever, until the full paying off and cancelling the said bills, and every of them, according to the purport and true meaning Receivers, &c. of this act; and that such of the same bills as shall be so received at the Exchequer, shall and may be locked up and secured as money in their cash, according to the course of the said Exchequer settled and established by law for locking up and securing money in specie received there; and that all and every receivers and collectors in Great Britain of the customs, excise, or of any revenue, aid, tax or supply whatsoever, already granted, due or payable, or which shall or may hereafter be granted, due or payable to his Majesty, his heirs or successors, shall and are hereby directed and required, out of any current coined money as shall then be in their hands of fuch revenue, aid, tax or supply, to par fuch of the faid bills amounting to two millions five hundred fixty one thousand and twenty five pounds, as shall be brought unto them respectively by any person or persons desiring to have Refusing may money for the same; and in case such receiver or collector

to exchange the bills for hands:

tall neglect or refuse to exchange such bills for ready money y the space of twenty four hours, then the person or persons emanding the same shall or may bring an action of debt or on ie case for the principal and interest monies due upon such ills against such receiver or collector, having money in his ands, as aforesaid; in which action the plaintiff shall or may clare, That such receiver or collector is indebted to such aintiff the money demanded upon every fuch bill, according the form of this statute, and hath not paid the same; which iall be sufficient; and the plaintiff in every such action shall cover against such receiver or collector, not only the monies neglected or refused to be paid, but also the damages, bedes full cost of suit, and such receiver or collector shall be ibject and liable thereunto; and in fuch action, no effoin, rotection, privilege or wager of law shall be allowed, or any nore than one imparlance; and upon payment of the money to be recovered, the plaintiff, his executors or assigns, shall eliver up such bills to the defendant, his executors or assigns.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That as any of the faid Money lent in ills amounting to two millions five hundred fixty one thousand bills, equal to nd twenty five pounds shall be paid or lent into the Exche-specie at the uer by any of his Majesty's receivers, or any other person or ersons, bodies politick or corporate, making any payments or cause that receipt, the officers there shall cause tallies to be evied and delivered to the payers or lenders, as amply and efectually, to all intents and purposes, as if they had made such

ayments or loans in specie.

AXX. And be it enacted by the authority alorensis, a line bills to be al-he interest which shall, from time to time, be due upon any bills to be al-XXX. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Interest on he bills so to be current, shall be allowed to all persons, bodies ocivers geneolitick or corporate, paying the same to any receivers or col-ral, &c. to the ectors, receiver or collector of any his Majesty's aids, taxes or day of paying. upplies, or by way of exchange, as aforefaid, or paying or ending the fame into the Exchequer, as aforefaid, unto the espective days whereupon such bill or bills shall be so paid, ex-:hanged or lent.

XXXI. Provided always, That no interest shall run or be No interest on vaid on or for any fuch bill or bills, during the time that any bills in received bill or bills or bills or bills. uch bill or bills so paid, exchanged or lent, shall remain in hands. he hands of any the faid receivers or collectors, or in the hands of any teller or tellers of the Exchequer, but for such time the nterest on every such bill shall cease for the publick benefit and

dvantage.

XXXII. And to the end it may be known for what time Endorsements uch bills shall, from time to time, remain in the hands of such to be made thereupon by eceivers or collectors, or in the Exchequer, as aforesaid; be the payer. t further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the person or persons who shall pay such bill or bills to any receiver or collector of any his Majesty's revenues, aids, taxes, or supolies, by way of exchange or otherwise, or shall pay or lend uch bill or bills into the Exchequer, as aforesaid, shall at the Bbz

time of making such payment, exchange or loan, on each bill so paid, exchanged or lent, put his or their name or name, and write thereupon in words at length, the day of the month and year on which he, she or they so paid, lent or exchanged fuch bill or bills; all which the faid receivers and collectors respectively, and also the respective tellers in the Exchequer, shall take care to see done and performed accordingly; to which respective days the said receivers and collectors shall be allowed again the interest which he, she or they shall have allowed or paid upon fuch respective bill or bills, upon his, her or their paying the same into the receipt of the Exchequer, as afore-Gaid.

Bills re-issued. vive.

XXXIII. Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted by interest to re- the authority aforesaid, That when any of the said bills shall be re-iffued or paid again out of his Majesty's Exchequer, the respective teller there, from whose office such bill or bills shall be so re-issued or again paid out, should endorse on such bill or bills so re-issued, in words at length, the day of the month and year that the same were so re-issued or repaid out of the said Exchequer, and also on what account the same were last received into the receipt of the Exchequer, and fign the fame, from which time the interest on such bill or bills so re-issued or paid again shall revive, and such bill or bills shall again run and pass at interest as the same did before they were paid unto or exchanged by the faid receivers or collectors, or before the fame were paid or lent into the Exchequer, as aforefaid.

Bills to he rethe principal money:

Tellers to be re imburied the interest they allow.

XXXIV. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefflued only for said, That the same bills to be re-issued, from time to time, or at any time, at the Exchequer, as aforesaid, shall be so reissued only for the principal money to be contained therein.

XXXV. And to the end the respective tellers of the Exchequer, who shall allow any interest upon such bills which shall be paid or lent into the Exchequer, as aforesaid, may be reimbursed the said interest by them respectively allowed; it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the officer or officers to be, from time to time, appointed for receiving the monies hereby appropriated for payment of the faid interest, shall from time to time, out of such monies in his or their hands, reimburle and pay to the faid teller and tellers respectively, fo much as he or they shall have respectively allowed for the faid interest to the payers or lenders of such bills; in the doing whereof he or they shall observe such rules and directions as he or they shall, from time to time, receive from any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury, or high treasurer for the time being.

XXXVI. And be it enacted, That every receiver general of any revenues, aids, taxes or supplies, belonging or to belong to his Majesty, his heirs or successors, shall keep a fair book of books of accounts in writing of all the monies by him received; in which he or his deputy or deputies shall truly enter all the fums which shall have been received by him or them for every

Receiver geperal to keep a book of all the monies by him received, ₩.

fuch revenue, aid, tax or supply, together with the names of the several collectors from whom the same, or any part thereof was received, the days when, and the fums paid, how much thereof in money, and how much in Exchequer-bills, and what Exchequer-bills shall have been exchanged by every such receiver general pursuant to this act; to which accounts every person concerned shall have free access at all seasonable times without fee or charge; and the faid accounts shall constantly lie open at one certain place, within the limits of his receipt for that purpose; and if such receiver shall neglect to keep such book or books, or to enter therein any sum or sums of money by him and them received and paid, as aforefaid, by the space of three days after his receipt or payment of the same, or shall refuse any person or persons concerned to inspect such book or books without fee or charge, as aforefaid, every fuch receiver for every such offence shall forfeit the sum of one hundred pounds, to Penalty 100 L arry person or persons who shall sue for the same, to be recovered by action of debt, or on the case, bill, suit or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, privilege or wager of law shall be allowed,

or any more than one imparlance.

XXXVII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the New bills may authority aforesaid, That in ease any of the Exchequer-bills be made forth for the faid fums of two millions five hundred fixty one thousand in lieu of such and twenty five pounds, shall be filled up by writing or endorse- or defaced, ments to be made thereon, as aforefaid, or shall by any accident be defaced, it shall and may be lawful for the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, and he and they are hereby authorized and enjoined, upon request to be made by the said governor and company, and their successors, from time to time, to cause new bills to be made forth at the receipt of the Exchequer, in lieu of fuch bills as shall be filled up or defaced, which old bills so filled up or defaced, shall be cancelled at the receipt of the Exchequer, and kept there; and such new bills shall have the like currency, and shall in all respects be subject to the same rules, methods and continuance, as if the same had been bills originally issued in pursuance of this act, and shall bear the fame numbers, dates, and principal fums, and carry the like interest, as were born and carried by the old bills so cancelled respectively; and so toties quoties as often as any of the bills to be made forth by this act shall happen to be filled up or defaced, as aforefaid.

XXXVIII. And for the better enabling the said governor and Bank may call company of the bank of England, and their successors, to cir- in money from culate the faid bills, whereof the circulation is to continue by their memthis act, and to carry on their other affairs; it is further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall or may be lawful to and for the faid governor and company of the bank of England, or their successors, from time to time, as they shall see cause, so call from, or direct to be paid by their respective members for Bb4.

the time being, proportionably according to their respective interests in the capital stock or stocks of the said governor and company, any sum or sums of money, as in a general court of the said governor and company shall be judged necessary, and ordered to be called in; and that all executors, administrators, guardians and trustees, shall be indemnified in paying the same, and in case, say such members or members shall re-

Penalty on members not complying.

the fame; and in case any such member or members shall refule or neglect to pay his, her or their share of the monies so called for at the time or times appointed for that purpole, by notice inserted in the London Gazette, and fixed upon the Royal Exchange, it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid governor and company of the bank of England, and their successors, not only to stop the share or dividend which shall, from time to time, become payable to such members or members sio neglecting or refusing) of the funds, stocks or profits of the faid company, and to apply the same, from time to time, for or towards payment of the share of the money so called for, and which ought to have been paid by such member or members so neglecting or refusing, until the same shall be satisfied, but also to stop the transfers or assignments of the share of every such defaulter, and to charge such defaulter or defaulters with an interest after the rate of five pounds per centum per aunum, for the monies so by him, her or them amitted to be paid, from the time the same were appointed to be paid until the payment thereof; and that the shares and stocks of such defaulter and defaulters thall be liable to make good and answer the faid monies so appointed to be paid, and the interest thereof and in case the principal and interest shall be unpaid by the space of three months, then the faid governor and company of the bank of England shall have power to fell so much of the stock and stocks of such defaulter and defaulters as will fatisfy and pay the fame, rendring the overplus to the proprietors, if any be: and the faid governor and company in a general court, from time to time, when they shall judge their affairs will admit thereof, shall cause any sum or sums of money which shall be so called in, or any part thereof, to be divided and distributed to and amongst the then members of the governor and company of the bank of England, according and in proportion to their respective interests in the capital stock or stocks of the same; any former law, statute, restriction, or any other clause, matter or

Bank mayborrow monies
under their
common feal
above the
common intereft,

thing to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXIX. And it is hereby enacted, That the said governor and company of the bank of England, or their successors, shall have power and authority, and they are hereby enabled; in case they shall think sit, from time to time, and at any time or times, at their own good liking, to borrow or take up money upon any contracts, bills, bonds or obligations, under their common seal, or upon credit of their capital stock or stocks, or any part thereof, or otherwise, for any time, or to be paid upon demand, and at such rate or rates of interest, or upon such terms as they shall think sit, although the same shall happen to exceed

exceed the interest allowed by law to be taken, and to give such security for the same, as thall be to the satisfaction of the lenders respectively; any former law, statute, prohibition, restriction, clause, matter or thing whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding: and they are hereby authorized, at their own good liking, to contract and agree in such manner as they shall and take sunthink fit, at any time or times, with any person or persons, that purpose. matives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, in whose abilities they shall be well satisfied, for or concerning the furmishing of monies, from time to time, by such persons or corporations, upon such terms as they shall find necessary, for the better enabling the faid governor and company of the bank of England to perform such matters and things as they are to do Their securisand perform in pursuance of this act, and to take subscriptions ties not from such persons or corporations for that purpose; and it is chargeable hereby declared, that such contracts, bills, bonds, obligations, with the securities or subscriptions, shall not be chargeable with any the samp-duties chuties upon stampt vellum, parchment or paper; any former law or flatute to the contrary notwithstanding.

XL. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if any person or persons shall forge or counterfeit any of the Exchequer-bills made forth, or to be renewed, as aforefaid, or any endorsement or writing thereupon, or tender in Forging, &c., payment any such forged or counterfeit bill, or any Exchequerbills, &c. feball with such counterfeit endorsement or writing thereupon, or lony. shall demand to have such counterfeit bill, or any Exchequerball with such counterfeit endorsement or writing thereupon. exchanged for ready money by the said governor and company of the bank of England, or their successors, or by any receiver or collector, as aforesaid, knowing the bill so tendred in payment or demanded to be exchanged, or the endorsement or writing thereupon, to be forged or counterfeited, and with intent to defraud his Majesty, his heirs or successors, or the said governor and company, or any other person or persons, body politick or corporate, then every such person or persons, so offending (being thereof lawfully convicted) shall be adjudged a

clergy. XLL And it is hereby further enacted, That the faid gover- Bank to have nor and company of the bank of England shall, from time to the indents or time, have the use and custody of one part of all the cheques, the bills. indents, or counterfoils of all the Exchequer-bills to be current on this act, and from which the said bills are cut, in order to prevent their being imposed upon by counterfeited or forged bills; and that when any of the same bills shall be discharged and cancelled, such parts of the said cheques, indents, or counterfoils, as shall relate to the bills so discharged and cancelled, shall, from time to time, be delivered back into the receipt of Exchequer by the faid governor and company of the bank of Englands or their successors.

felon, and shall suffer as in cases of felony without benefit of

XLII.

Till all the bills be paid off, no other to be iffued.

XLII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That until all the Exchequer-bills to be circulated upon this act shall be paid off, discharged and cancelled, no more or other Exchequer-bills, or bills of the like nature, though by another name, shall or may be made out and issued at the receipt of the Exchequer, either with or without the authority of parliament, unless by consent of the faid governor and company of the bank of England, or their fucceffors.

No member of the bank difbled from being a parlia-

XLIII. And it is hereby further emacked, That no member of the corporation of the governor and company of the bank of England, for or by reason of any the matters or things in this ment-men, or act contained, shall be disabled from being a member of parliable to be a liament, or be adjudged liable to be a bankrupt within the inbankrupt, &cc. tent and meaning of all or any of the statutes made against or concerning bankrupts; any law, statute, or provision to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

During the corporation (exceeding than fix months.

XLIV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the bank, no other authority aforefaid, That during the continuance of the faid corporation of the governor and company of the bank of Emfix) to borrow land, it shall not be lawful for any body politick or corporate money on bills whatfoever, erected, or to be erected, (other than the faid gopayable at less vernor and company of the bank of England) or for any other persons whatsoever, united, or to be united in coverients or partnership, exceeding the number of fix persons, in that part of Great Britain called England, to borrow, owe, or take up any fum or fums of money on their bills or notes, payable at demand, or at any less time than six months from the borrowing thereof.

Bank in a general court may(in regard of these undertakings) dethey hall think fit.

XLV. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said governor and company of the bank of England, or their successors, shall and may, and they are hereby authorized and impowered, in a general court, to make and clare such ad-declare such addition to their capital stock (in regard of their dition to their undertaking to discharge and deliver up the said Exchequercapital flockas bills, amounting to two millions, to continue the circulation of the said Exchequer-bills, amounting to two millions five hundred fixty one thousand and twenty five pounds, and to advance any further fums, not exceeding two millions five hundred thousand pounds as aforesaid) as they shall think fit; and so much as shall be so declared, shall be, or be deemed to be capital flock or additional stock accordingly; and that the members of the said corporation of the governor and company of the bank of England, who shall have a share or interest in such stock or stocks, shall or may assign or transfer the same, or any part thereof, in the books of the faid governor and company of the bank of England, apart by itself, or jointly with any other stock which fuch members may have in the faid company; which affiguments or transfers shall and may be made in fuch or the like method, manner and form, as are prescribed by my act of parliament, or charter now in force, for allignments or transfers

exceed the interest allowed by law to be taken, and to give such lecurity for the same, as thall be to the satisfaction of the lenders respectively; any former law, statute, prohibition, restriction, clause, matter or thing whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding: and they are hereby authorized, at their own good liking, to contract and agree in such manner as they shall and take sub-scriptions for think fit, at any time or times, with any person or persons, that purpose. natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, in whose abilities they shall be well satisfied, for or concerning the furnishing of monies, from time to time, by such persons or corporations, upon such terms as they shall find necessary, for the better enabling the faid governor and company of the bank of England to perform such matters and things as they are to do Their securi-and perform in pursuance of this act, and to take subscriptions ties not from fuch persons or corporations for that purpose; and it is chargeable hereby declared, that fuch contracts, bills, bonds, obligations, with the fecurities or subscriptions, shall not be chargeable with any the samp-duties duties upon stampt vellum, parchment or paper; any former. law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

XL. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if any person or persons shall forge or counterfeit any of the Exchequer-bills made forth, or to be renewed, as aforefaid, or any endorsement or writing thereupon, or tender in Forging, &c., payment any such forged or counterfeit bill, or any Exchequer-bills, &c. febill with fuch counterfeit endorsement or writing thereupon, or long. shall demand to have such counterfeit bill, or any Exchequerbill with fuch counterfeit endorsement or writing thereupon, exchanged for ready money by the faid governor and company of the bank of England, or their successors, or by any receiver or collector, as aforesaid, knowing the bill so tendred in payment or demanded to be exchanged, or the endorsement or writing thereupon, to be forged or counterfeited, and with intent to defraud his Majesty, his heirs or successors, or the said governor and company, or any other person or persons, body politick or corporate, then every such person or persons, so offending (being thereof lawfully convicted) shall be adjudged a felon, and shall suffer as in cases of felony without benefit of clergy.

XLI. And it is hereby further enacted, That the faid gover-Bank to have nor and company of the bank of England shall, from time to the indents or time, have the use and custody of one part of all the cheques, the bills. indents, or counterfoils of all the Exchequer-bills to be current on this act, and from which the said bills are cut, in order to prevent their being imposed upon by counterfeited or forged bills; and that when any of the same bills shall be discharged and cancelled, such parts of the said cheques, indents, or counterfoils, as shall relate to the bills so discharged and cancelled, shall, from time to time, be delivered back into the receipt of Exchequer by the faid governor and company of the bank of

Englands or their successors.

XLII.

ties at sper

for the annui. same excepted subsidies and other duties, all the payments which shall after such redemption grow due for or upon the faid yearly fum of fifty four thousand six hundred pounds, for payment of annuities, as aforefaid; and also for answering and paying out of the same excepted subsidies and other duties, all the payand for paying ments which shall after such redemption grow due, for or upon the 40001, per the said yearly sum of four thousand pounds to be issued to she

riffs.

annum to the riffs, as aforelaid; which annuities or yearly fums are to continue for ever, except fuch of them as shall be redeemed by parliament according to other acts in that behalf; and the faid excepted subsidies and duties so to be continued for answering the payments of the faid yearly fums of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds, and fifty four thousand six hundred pounds, and four thousand pounds per annum, or so much thereof as shall be fufficient to pay the same, are and shall be hereby appropriated, iffued and applied thereunto, during the continuance of the same yearly sums respectively; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

The annuities may be separately redeemed.

XLVIII. Provided nevertheless, That nothing in this act contained, for or concerning the redemption of any of the faid annuities or yearly sums hereby payable to the said governor and company of the bank of England, shall in any ways prevent or hinder the redemption of any other of the same annuities or yearly fums to them payable by this act, but that every one of the faid annuities or yearly fums may separately be redeemed at the time and in the manner by this act prescribed, according to the respective proviso herein contained for redemption of the fame; any thing in this act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Bank to contition till the annuities be

XLIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, nue a corpora- That the faid governor and company of the bank of England, and their fuccessors, shall continue and be a corporation, and redeemed, &c. shall enjoy the said several annuities or sums of eighty eight thousand seven hundred fifty one pounds seven shillings and ten pence halfpenny, one hundred thousand pounds, and seventy fix thousand eight hundred thirty pounds and fifteen shillings per annum, and the said other annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, till they respectively shall be redeemed, as aforefaid, and shall enjoy all such capacities, powers, privileges, and advantages to the faid governor and company of the bank of England, as a corporation, belonging, until all the faid annuities or yearly fums shall be redeemed according to the several and respective provisoes in this act contained concerning the same, freed and discharged of and from . all former and other provisoes and power of redemption whatfoever, for redeeming the faid duties or revenues, called the aggregate fund, or the said duties on houses, or any of them; any former act or statute, or any clause, matter or thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

L. And for the better encouragement of such persons and corporations as ore or shall be willing to advance monies for or towards paying off ..... any part of the principal sums amounting in the whole to eight mil-

ions seven bundred fixty two thousand fix hundred and twenty five ounds, or thereabouts, now carrying interest after the rate of six ounds per centum per annum, upon several acts of parliament rade and passed in the ninth and tenth years of her said late Majesty's eign, relating to several lotteries, and charged upon the several year- 9 Arn. c. 6. 1 funds of one hundred thirty five thousand pounds, one hundred eighty to Ann. c. 290 x thousand six hundred and seventy pounds, one hundred sixty eight boufand and three pounds, and one hundred fixty eight thousand and bree pounds therein respectively mentioned; or for redeeming the anuities payable by an act of parliament of the twelfth year of the reign f his late majesty King William (of glorious memory) to certain pa-12. & 13 W.3. entees therein named, their heirs and assigns, out of the weekly sum of bree thousand seven hundred pounds tharged on the excise; for which nonies so to be advanced for the purposes aforesaid, it is intended that he persons or corporations advancing the same, his, her, or their exeutors, administrators, successors, or assigns, shall have and enjoy and mities, not exceeding the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, edeemable by parliament, according to fuch att or atts of parliament as ball be made and passed in that behalf: it is hereby declared and macked by the authority aforesaid, That the governor and comvany of the bank of England shall, from time to time, until the aid annuities, not exceeding the rate of five pounds per centum ver annum, fo to be purchased, shall be redeemed by parliament, appoint and imploy one fufficient person within their office in the rity of London to be their chief or first cashier, and one other suffi- Bank to imient person within the same office to be their accountant general; ploy sufficient ind that the monies from time to time coming into the receipt of persons to be he Exchequer for payment of such annuities, shall be issued and cashier and acraid quarterly to fuch first or chief cashiers for the time being, by countant gevay of imprest and upon account, for payment of the same an- neral. unities; and that such accountant general for the time being shalf, rom time to time, inspect and examine all the receipts and paynents of the faid cashier and the vouchers relating thereunto, n order to prevent any fraud, negligence or delay; and that all the Annuities one nonies to be advanced, as aforefaid, for fuch annuities, shall be one capital stock. apital or joint stock on which the said annuity shall be attendng; and that all persons and corporations, in proportion to the aid monies by them respectively advanced, shall have a share n fuch flock, and in the proportional annuity attending the ame; and that all fuch shares shall be assignable, transferrable and devifeable in the same manner as is prescribed by act of par- Shares assigniament made in the first year of his Majesty's reign touching able, &c. he annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum 2. c. 22. herein mentioned; and that no stamp-duties whatsoever shall No stamp dube chargeable on such transfers; and that the said governor and ties for transompany of the bank of England, (notwithstanding the redempt fers, &c. ion of all or any of their own funds or annuities) thall continue corporation, to all intents and purpofes, relating only to the ecciving, paying or accounting for the faid annuities, not exreeding the faid rate of five pounds per centum per annum last nentioned, till the same shall be redeemed by parliament, in fuch

. ...

pounds

fuch proportions, and according to fuch act or acts as shall be made or passed concerning the same; and that no fees or gratuity shall or may be demanded or taken of any of his Majesty's subjects for paying the said annuities last mentioned, or for any fuch transfers; nevertheless the commissioners of the treasury, or high treasurer for the time being, shall have power to allow out of the monies to be imprested, as aforesaid, such salaries and allowances as they shall think reasonable, to the said cashier and accountant general for the time being respectively, for their pains and charges relating to the payments and accounts of the faid annuities to to be purchased after a rate not exceeding five pounds per centum per annum, as aforefaid, and the charges of passing such accounts, and being discharged of the fame.

Transfers not liable to higher stamp.duties than are now payable.

LI. And it is hereby enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That all transfers or affignments of stock or additional stock in the books of the said governor and company, shall not hereafter be or be made liable to any higher or greater duties than are now payable for the same.

Fxchequerbills of 5000 1. be delivered to the bank in lieu of leslike value.

LII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That for the greater ease and dispatch of the publick business at each, (not ex- the Exchequer, it shall and may be lawful to and for the comceeding 50) to missioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them now being, or for the high treasurer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, and they are herefer bills of the by authorized and enjoined, upon request to be made by the faid governor and company, or their successors, to cause Exchequer-bills of five thousand pounds each (so as they do not exceed fifty fuch bills in the whole, over and above the bills for five thousand pounds each made forth by any former act of parliament in that behalf) to be made forth at the receipt of the Exchequer, and to be delivered to the said governor and company in lieu of the like value of the principal contained in Exchequer-bills for lesser sums now standing out, as aforesaid, to be delivered up at the same time by the said governor and company to be cancelled and discharged, and to be kept there; which new bills of five thousand pounds each, shall be current only in payments between the Exchequer and the bank of England, and in all other respects shall be subject to the same rules, methods, continuance, power of redemption, and carry the like interest, and have the same security, benefits and advantages; and the fame pains of death, and other pains, penalties and forfeitures for any crime or offence relating thereunto, shall be inflicted, incurred and put in execution, as if they had been bills originally issued, in pursuance of the said former acts, or any of them; any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

current only between the Exchequer and the bank.

> LIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said governor and company, and their successors, at any time or times, by writing under their common leal, to assign the said analyties of eighty eight thousand seven hundred and fifty one pounds seven shillings and ten pence halfpenny, and one hundred thousand

Bank may affign the anavities,

ounds by this act granted, as aforefaid, or either of them, or ny part of or interest in them, or either of them, or in any part hereof, as also such annuities after the rate of ave pounds per conum per annum, and the faid two millions five hundred thousand counds, or to much thereof as shall be advanced by the faid goernor and company in pursuance of this act, or any part of such aft mentioned annuities, to any person or persons whatsoever, and o toties quoties; which faid affiguments shall not be revokable or so as they enubject to any tax; so always that an entry or memorandum of ter such asuch affignments as shall be so made, be made in a book or books fignments in a or that purpole in the office of the auditor of the receipt of the book in the Exchequer, for which entry no fee or reward shall be taken.

LIV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and declared Not to ob-y the authority aforefaid, That nothing in this act contained firuct the mahall hinder or obstruct, or be construed to hinder or obstruct king good the he making good any deficiency or deficiencies, which at any deficiencies ime or times shall happen of or in the yearly fund of one hun-which may happen in the lived and faxteen thousand five hundred seventy three pounds yearly fund of welve shillings mentioned in an act of parliament of the first 116,5731.13 to rear of his Majchy's reign, intituled, An all for reclifying mif- 1 Geo. 1. flat. akes in the names of the commissioners for the land-tax for the year 1. C. t. ne thousand seven hundred and fourteen; and for raising so much as s wanting to make up the fum of fourteen hundred thousand pounds, ntended to be raised by a lottery for the publick service in the said year, out that every such deficiency shall and may be made good and atisticd out of any the publick unappropriated monies, as if this ich had never been made; any thing herein contained to the ontrary notwithstanding.

LV. And it is hereby declared and enacted by the authority vote of the ' foresaid, That any vote or resolution of the house of com-house of comnons, fignified by the speaker of the said house in writing, and mons, signified by the mullick office of the said governor and company by their speakelivered at the publick office of the laid governor and company, er, a sufficient r their fuccessors, shall be deemed and adjudged to be a suffi- notice. ient notice within the words and meaning of this act; any

hing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

LVI. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority This act not forefaid, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be prejudice the onstrued to extend to prexent or hinder the payment of the payment of onitruce to extend to present or minues the payment of the 20000 l. per am of twenty thousand pounds per annum, which his Majesty annum out of n his great goodness hath been graciously pleased to grant or the Excheppoint to his royal highness the prince of Wales, by letters pa- quer, to his ents bearing date the first day of October in the second year of royal highis Majesty's reign; but that the same shall be issued and paid ness. rom time to time by the commissioners of the treasury, or the reasurer and under-treasurer of the Exchequer for the time beng, out of the yearly fam of one hundred and twenty thousand sounds by the faid former acts of parliament appointed, and by his act continued, for the service of his Majesty's houshold and amily, and other his necessary occasions, in the same form and nanner as the same hath been issued and paid hitherto, as if this At had never been made; any thing herein contained to the outrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

## CAP. IX:

An all for redeeming the duties and revenues which were settled to pay off principal and inteness on the orders made forth on four lottery alls passed in the winth and tenth years of her late Majesty's reign; and for redectains cortain annuities payable on orders out of the bereditary excise, according to a former all in that behalf; and for establishing a general yearly fund, not only for the future payment of anmeities at several rates to be payable and transferrable at the bank of England, and redeemable by parliament, but also to raise monies for such proprietors of the said orders as shall choose to be paid their principal and arrears of interest in ready money, and for making good such other deficiencies and payments as in this att are mentioned; and for taking off the duties on linfeed imported, and British linen experted.

Farther provifions for the funds settled 4 Geo. i. c.10. 5 Geo. z. c. 3. & 6 Geo. 1.

MOST gracious Sovereign, Whereas by un all of parliament With made and passed in the ninth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, (of bleffed memory) Jeveral customs, subsidies or duties were revived, continued and made payable for and upon certain by this act are goods and merchandises which should be exported from Great Britain from and after the eighth day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ten, during the term of thirty two years from thence next ensuing (except as therein is excepted) and a duty of c. 4, 10, 17, & twelve pence per hundred weight was thereby imposed upon the ex-13Geo. 1. c.3. portation of leather, sheep skins and calve skins, tanned, taned er dressed, which were thereby permitted to be bought and exported during the same term: and it was thereby enacted, That several duties therein mentioned (and none other) should be payable for all coals, which during the faid term should be exported or shipped to be exported beyond the feas; and that during the faid term there should be raised and paid for and upon all coals, culm and cynders (except as therein is excepted) which should be shipped or waterborn, and carried from any port or place in Great Britain, to any other port or place within the same; and for all coals (if any fuch be) which should be imported into Great Britain from any foreign parts, the respective duties therein mentioned; and that there should be raised and paid for and upon all candles, which during the term of thirty two years, to be reckoned from the twenty fifth day of March in the year of sur Lord one thousand seven hundred and eleven, should be imported or brought into Great Britain, or made within the same, the further duties therein mentioned: and it was thereby also enacted and declared. That the several duties imposed by the said act, and all the monies, which during the term of thirty two years, to be reckened from the Taid eighth day of Marcht one thousand seven hundred and ten, should arise of or for an hereditary duty of one per centum chargeable upon goods exported in certain ships to the Mediterranean fea, and of a for another hereditary duty formerly imposed on white woo len cloths, Boxid

bould be liable, and they are thereby appropriated for or towards makng good a certain fund of one hundred thirty five thousand pounds Der annum thereby settled or intended to be settled during the term f thirty two years (which commenced from the five and twentieth lay of March one thousand seven hundred and eleven) for answerng and paying all and every the principal fums therein after men- 6 Geo. 1, c. 4, oned, amounting in the whole to nineteen hundred twenty eight thouand five hundred and seventy pounds, together with interest for the ame, after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, to such sersons as should contribute or advance the sum of fifteen hundred Loufand pounds for carrying on the then war, or to those claiming from er under them, in the manner thereby prescribed: and it was thereby masted. That any surplus or remainder of the monies arising by the rates and duties granted or appropriated by that act yearly (over and above the faid yearly sum of one hundred thirty five thousand bounds) should be applied for or towards the discharging the said principal monies payable by virtue of that act. And whereas by an 1Et made and passed in the said ninth year of her late Majesty's reign. for establishing a general post-office, it was enacted, That from and after the twenty ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred Second lottery and eleven, during the term of thirty two years from thence next en- 9 Ann. c. 10. fuing, the weekly sum of seven bundred pounds, out of the duties and revenues arifing by that act, should be brought and paid into the receipt of the Exchequer, as is therein mentioned: and by another act of the said ninth year of her Majesty's reign, several duties were laid a Ann. c. 11. upon such bides and skins, and pieces of hides and skins, vellum and parchment as are therein specified, for the term of thirty two years, reckoned from the twenty fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and eleven: and by another act of the same year a power was 9 Ann.c. 23. given for licensing such persons as, after the twenty fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, at any time or times within the term of thirty two years, should drive or keep any hackney-coach or coach-horses in London, Westminster, or the suburbs of the same, or within the parishes comprized within the weekly bills of mortality. not exceeding the number therein limited, reserving upon every such licence the weekly sum of five sbillings to be paid monthly after its commencement, during the continuance thereof respectively; and a power' was thereby given for licensing all such hackney-chairs, which after the twenty fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and eleven. at any time or times within the term of thirty two years from thence next ensuing, should be kept and used for bire in London and Westminster, and the suburbs thereof, and within all the parishes and places comprized within the weekly bills of mortality, referving upon every such licence the annual sum of ten shillings to be paid quarterly during the continuance of every such licence for a chair: and it was thereby enacted, That there should be throughout the kingdom of Great Britain, raised, levied and paid, several duties for vellum, parchment and paper, whereupon several things should be ingrossed, written or printed, or whereby several matters should be done (as is therein expressed) within or during the term of thirty two years, to be reckoned from the first day of August one thousand seven hundred and eleven; Vol. XIII. and

4 Ann. c.23.

T1716. and that from and after the eleventh day of June one thousand seven bundred and eleven, during the term of thirty two years from theme next ensuing, there should be raised, levied and paid, for all playing cards and dice, which within or during the term last mentioned should be made fit for sale or use in Great Britain, or imported into the same, the duties therein mentioned; and that during the like term there should be paid a certain duty upon rock salt which should be put in board any ship or vessel in Great Britain, and exported to Ireland, or entred out for such exportation: and by the act last mentioned it was further enacted, That yearly and every year during the term of thirty two years (which commenced from the twenty ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and eleven) the sum of one hundred eighty fix thousand six hundred and seventy pounds, by or out of the monies to arise of or for the said weekly sum of seven hundris pounds out of the revenues of the general letter-office, and by or out of all the monies to arise of or for the said duties on hides and skins, and 9 Ann. C. 11. Dieces of hides and skins, vellum and parchment, by virtue of the fail other acts, or either of them, and by the said licences for hacknycoaches and chairs, and by the faid particular duties upon flampt velhum, parchment and paper, and upon cards and dice, and upon the exportation of rock-falt for Ireland, granted as aforefaid, or to be 10 Ann. c. 19. made good by fuch ways and means as are therein mentioned, should be a yearly fund for answering and paying all and every the principal fums thereby appointed to be paid, amounting in the whole to two millions fix hundred and two thousand two hundred pounds, together with interest for the same after the rate of six pounds per centum per annum, to such persons as should contribute or advance the sum of two millions for the service of the then war, and other he Majesty's occasions, or to those claiming from or under them in the manner thereby prescribed. And whereas by certain clauses contained in no Ann. c. 19. an act of the tenth year of her said late Majesty's reign, a power will given to licence an additional number not exceeding one hundred hacking chairs, which after the twenty fourth day of June one thousand seen bundred and twelve, at any time or times within or during the ters of thirty two years from thence next ensuing, should be kept and uld for hire within the cities and limits aforesaid, referving upon and fuch licence the like yearly rent of ten shillings, payable quartity which rents are thereby added to the said fund for or towards payment of the principal and interest last mentioned. And whereas by an all & 10 Ann. c. 19. parliament made and passed in the tenth year of her said late Majes fty's reign, it was enacted, That there should be raised and paid s and upon all fope, which during the term of thirty two years, to reckoned from the tenth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twelve, should be imported into or made in Great Britain, the to spective duties therein specified; and for and upon all paper of what kind soever, and all pastboards, mildboards and scaleboards; and books, prints and maps, which during the term of thirty two justs to be reckoned from the twenty fourth day of June one thousand for bundred and twelve, should be imported into Great Britain, seem

duties therein particularly expressed; and for and upon all paper what kind soever, and upon all pastboards, mildboards and scaleboards

First lottery

which during the term last mentioned should be made in Great Britain, several duties therein also particularly expressed; and for and upon all chequered and striped linens, and upon all linens printed. painted, stained or dyed in any foreign parts, which during the term of thirty two years, to be reckoned from the twentieth day of July one thousand seven hundred and twelve, should be imported into Great Britain, and might lawfully be used or worn there, a duty after the rate of fifteen pounds for every one hundred pounds of the true and real value thereof; and for and upon all filks, callicoes, linens and Auffs, which during the term last mentioned should be printed, stained, painted, or dyed in Great Britain (except as therein is excepted) Several duties therein expressed; and for the several and respective things therein particularly mentioned, which at any time or times within or during the term of thirty two years, to be reckoned from the first day of August one thousand seven hundred and twelve, Chould be ingroffed, printed or written, the several and respective duties therein particularly specified: and it was thereby enacted, That yearly and every year; during the term of thirty two years (which commenced from the twenty ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and twelve) the full sum of one hundred sixty eight thousand and three pounds, by and out of the monies of the several duties by that act granted, or to be made good, as is therein mentioned, should be a yearly fund for or towards answering and paying off all and every the principal sums therein mentioned, amounting in the whole to two millions three hundred forty one thousand seven hundred and forty pounds, with interest after the rate of six pounds per centum per annum, to fuch persons as should contribute or advance the fum of eighteen hundred thou/and pounds for carrying on the then war, or to those claiming from or under them in the manner thereby prescribed. And whereas by an act made and passed in the said tenth Second lottery year of her said late Majesty's reign, it was enacted, That there 10 Ann. c. 26. should be raised and paid for and upon such skins and hides, and pieces of skins and hides, and for and upon such made wares therein described, as during the term of thirty two years, to be reckoned from the first day of August one thousand seven hundred and twelve, should be imported into Great Britain, the additional rates or new duties therein particularly expressed; and for and upon all such skins and hides, and pieces of skins and hides therein described, as during the same term should be tanned, tawed or dressed in Great Britain, the additional rates or new duties therein also particularly expressed; and for and upon all vellum and parchment, which during the same term should be made in Great Britain, or imported into the same, such additional rates or new duties as are therein specified; and for and upon all starch, which during the same term should be imported into or made in Great Britain, the respective duties therein mentioned; and for and upon all coffee, tea and drugs (except as therein is excepted) which within or during the term of thirty two years, to be reckoned from the fixteenth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twelve, should be imported into Great Britain, the new duties therein expressed; and for and upon all gilt and filver wire, which during the term of thirty two years, to be reckoned from the first day of July one thousand seven Cc 2

hundred and twelve, should be imported into or made in Great Britain, the respective duties therein mentioned; and for and upon every policy of affurance, which during the term of thirty two years to be reckoned from the first day of August one thousand seven hundred and twelve, should be made or entred into within the cities of London and Westminster, or elsewhere within the limits of the weekly billi of mortality, an additional duty therein expressed: and it was thereby enacted, That yearly and every year, during the term of thirty two years, which commenced from the twenty ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and twelve, the sum of one hundred and fixty eight thousand and three pounds, by and out of the monies of the several duties by that act granted, or to be made good, as is therein mentioned, should be a yearly fund for or towards answering or paying off all and every the principal sums therein mentioned, amounting in the whole to two millions three hundred forty one thousand nine bundred and ninety pounds, with interest after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, to fuch persons as should contribute or advance the sum of one million eight hundred thousand pounds for ber Majesty's supply, or to those claiming from or under them, in the manner thereby prescribed. And whereas by the several acts before recited, it was provided, That if the several duties by them respectively granted or appropriated, for raising the several yearly funds by them established or intended to be established, should at the end of any one year appear to be deficient for answering the said yearly funds respectively, that then such deficiencies should be made good out of the next aids to be granted in parliament, or otherwise, as by the same acts respectively is prescribed: and her said late Majesty by the same alls respectively, was authorized to appoint managers or directors, who, or some of them, were thereby respectively directed to prepare lottery tickets, and to cause the said lottery tickets to be drawn in such several manners as were thereby appointed, and to transmit into the office of the auditor of the receipt of the Exchequer, books containing the names, furnames and places of abode, of the persons, which upon such drawings should be intitled to such fortunate or beneficial lots as are therein set down; and that the same persons, their executors, administrators and assigns respectively, should have, receive and enjoy, out of the said respective funds, the principal monies which should be entred in such books for them respectively, in course or courses, and the interest thereof by such payments as in the faid acts are severally prescribed; and that the other contributors or adventurers, upon the faid several acts (not having fortunate lots) their executors, administrators and affigns, respectively should have, receive and enjoy, out of the said respective funds, fuch principal monies, in course or courses, and such interest, as in and by the said lottery acts respectively were prescribed for them severally to have, receive and enjoy; and by the same acts it was siverally directed, that the faid tickets should be exchanged for standing orders, and that such orders should be registred, and be assignable; and that during the several terms therein mentioned, (unless the principal and interest directed to be paid by the said several acts, should be sooner paid off) the said duties should be severally applied for answering the said principal and interest, and other purposes therein mentibned:

tioned: and in the several acts for the said lotteries are contained several provisoes or clauses, importing, that if before the end of the respective terms of thirty two years therein mentioned, all the principal and interest monies payable by virtue of the same acts respectively, should be fully paid and discharged, or sufficient money should be reserved in the Exchequer for payment thereof, that then and in such case, and from thenceforth the duties by the same acts respectively granted or charged therewith, should cease, or be disposeable by authority of parliament, and not otherwise, as by the said several acts, relation being thereunto severally bad, doth and may more fully and at large appear. And whereas the faid several sums of one million five hundred thousand pounds, two millions, one million eight hundred thousand pounds, and one million eight hundred thousand pounds, were advanced for the publick service, upon the several acts beforementioned, and the tickets thereby directed were made forth and drawn, and books were transmitted, or are to be transmitted into the Exchequer by the said managers or directors, or by some other persons appointed thereunto, in pursuance of acts of parliament in that behalf; and the said several sums of one million nine hundred twenty eight thousand five hundred and seventy pounds, two millions fix hundred and two thousand two bundred pounds, two millions three hundred forty one thousand seven hundred and sorty pounds, and two millions three hundred forty one thousand nine hundred and ninety pounds, became payable as principal monies, with interest, after the faid rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, to the feveral contributors or adventurers, or to claimants from or under them, according to their several sbares therein, and standing orders have been or are to be made forth for the same. And whereas several sums amounting to one million six hundred sixty six thousand and seventy pounds, or thereabouts, (part of the said principal sum of one million nine hundred twenty eight thousand sive hundred and seventy pounds) and two millions five hundred twenty five thousand nine hundred and seventy pounds, or thereabouts, (part of the said principal sum of two millions six hundred and two thousand two hundred pounds) and two millions two hundred fifty eight thousand five hundred and twenty pounds, or thereabouts, (part of the said principal sum of two millions three hundred forty one thousand seven bundred and forty pounds) and two millions three bundred and twelve thousand and sixty five pounds, or thereabouts, (part of the said principal sum of two millions three hundred forty one thousand nine hundred and ninety pounds) do upon .the fourth day of March one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, remain unsatisfied; which principal sums so remaining unsatisfied, do amount in the whole to eight millions seven hundred fixty two thousand fix hundred twenty five pounds, or thereabouts, carrying interest after the said rate of six pounds per centum per annum. And whereas in and by an act of parliament made and passed in the twelsth year of Annuities on the reign of his said late maiesty King William, it was (amongst other hereditary ex-things) provided and enacted, That in lieu and discharge of certain 3. c. 12. perpetual annual payments, and of all arrears thereof granted by his late majesty King Charles the Second, by letters patents out of the hereditary revenue of excise, in satisfaction of certain principal sums

mentioned in the said letters patents to be then due from his said late Majesty, to the respective patentees therein named, the said hereaitary revenue of excise should, from and after the twenty sixth day of December one thousand seven hundred and sive, he and stand abarged and chargeable for ever with the payment of annual sums after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, for the principal sums mentioned in the said respective letters patents, to be issued and paid out of the said revenue by quarterly payments out of the receipt of the Exchequer by the officers of the same, unto the respective ouncers and proprietors of the said annual sums, and to their beirs and assigns for ever, without any see or charge; the said annual payments, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, to be subject nevertheless to be redeemed upon payment of a movety of the principal sum mentioned in the said respective letters patents: and by or in pursuance of an act made in the second year of the reign of her said late majesty

2 & 3 Ann.c.3.

of an all made in the second year of the reign of ber said late majests Queen Anne, the respective proprietors have or ought to have stanting orders for payment of the annuities last mentioned, quarterly, until the same shall be redeemed, as aforesaid, free from all taxes and impositions whatsoever. And whereas the whole of all the fums mentioned in the faid letters patents, did amount to one million three bundred twenty eight thousand five hundred and twenty six pounds, and the moiety thereof, for which the said annual sums are redeemable, doth amount to fix bundred fixty four thousand two hundred fixte three pounds, and the faid annual fums, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, wherewith the said hereditary revenue is now charged, or liable to be charged, till fuch redemption, doth amount to thirty nine thousand eight hundred fifty five pounds fifteen stillings seven pence and one fifth part of a penny per annum, (which is equal to a rate of fix pounds per centum per annum for the faid fun of fix bundred fixty four thousand two hundred fixty three pounds.) And whereas since the making of the several acts herein above recited, the common rate of interest for money is very much lessened, so that it is become just and reasonable for the publick to have and enjoy as well the benefit of redeeming the said several duties and revenues charged or chargeable with the faid lottery orders fo remaining unfatisfied, as also the benefit of redeeming the said annual sums now payable out of the hereditary excise. And whereas the proprietors of the faid lottery orders, or several of them, are or may be willing and defirous to accept (in lieu and discharge thereof) an annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum redeemable by parliament, and the proprietors of the said annual sums now charged or chargeable upon the faid hereditary excise, or several of them, are or may be also willing and destrous to accept (in lieu and discharge thereof) an annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, redeemable by parliament, and to be computed only upon one moiety of their respective principal sums (by the payment of which moieties, their annual payments, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, were formerly made redeemable, as aforefaid:) and several of the proprietors of the said lettery arders are or may be willing and desirous to have their principal and interest due thereupon, paid and satisfied to them in ready money; and several of ibe

the proprietors of the said annual sums payable out of the hereditary excise, are or may be also willing and desirous to have the moiety of the principal monies (for which the same are redeemable, as aforesaid) paid and satisfied to them in ready money; and several persons or corporations are or may be willing to advance ready monies for the purposes aforesaid, and for other the purposes in this all particularly mentioned, so as they respectively for their monies so to be advanced may have such annuities as are herein after expressed, secured to them respectively, until redemption thereof by parkament, according to the true meaning of this act: now to the end a good, fure and fufficient fund and security may be settled and established for the due. regular, and conflant payment of all the annuities which shall be payable by or in pursuance of this act, until such several and respective redemptions, as aforesaid, we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament assembled, do most humbly pray your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by authority of the same, That all such or the like customs, Duties, &c. fublidies, impolitions, additional impolitions, rates, duties, addi- granted for tional rates and duties, and all proportional parts of any duties, making good and all revenues and weekly or other payments out of any duties or revenues which were granted, imposed, appropriated, or direct&c. ed by the faid feveral recited acts, and every of them, or by any continued, other act or acts of parliament now in force, for such several and 9 Geo. 1. c. 5. respective terms of years as are therein mentioned, for or towards the answering, paying, securing, or making good the said feveral and respective funds of one hundred thirty five thousand pounds per annum, one hundred eighty fix thousand fix hundred and feventy pounds per annum, one hundred fixty eight thousand and three pounds per annum, and one hundred fixty eight thoufand and three pounds per annum, or for or towards payment of the principal and interest monies on the said lottery orders, and for or towards answering or paying the said annual sums amounting to thirty nine thousand eight hundred fifty five pounds fifteen shillings seven pence and one fifth part of a penny per annum, (except as in the faid several acts or any of them is excepted, and except such of the said duties or revenues as are since taken away by any other act or acts of parliament in that behalf) shall continue and be paid and payable to his Majesty, his heirs and fuccessors for ever, for the purposes in this act prescribed and directed; and that such of the hereditary duties mentioned in the faid former acts of parliament, or any of them, as during the respective terms of years therein expressed were appropriated or directed to be applied, for or towards the payment of the faid yearly funds or fums, or any of them, shall also continue and be paid and payable to his Majesty, his heirs and successors for ever, for the purposes in this act prescribed and directed; and that all and every the powers, which, in and by the faid with like powformer acts, or any of them, were vested, or intended to be ers to grant Cc4

vested licences, and

to do other fing the faid revenues:

vested in her said late Majesty, or such commissioners or others, things for rai- as the should appoint, for granting licences, or doing any other matters or things in order to raise any the duties or revenues hereby intended to be continued and made perpetual, thail be and are, by force and virtue of this act, revived and vefted in his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and his and their commissioners, in the same manner, for raising the same duties or revenues respectively for the purposes in and by this act prefcribed and directed; and that all other powers, authorities, rules, directions, penalties, forfeitures, disabilities, claules, matters, and things whatfoever, contained in the faid former acts of parliament, and every or any of them, now being in force, for raifing, collecting, levying, recovering, answering, paying, and accounting for the faid cultoms, subsidies, impofitions, rates, duties, and additional rates and duties, and proportional parts of duties, and the said revenues, and weekly or other payments out of any duties or revenues granted, impo: d. appropriated or directed for such several and respective terms of years, as aforefaid (except as is before excepted) shall be revived, and be for ever continued, practifed, and put in execution, for raifing, collecting, levying, recovering, answering, paying, and accounting for the faid customs, subfidies, impofitions, rates and duties, additional rates and duties, proportional parts, and the faid weekly and other payments out of any duties or revenues by this act intended to be continued and made perpetual, for the purposes in and by this act prescribed and directed, as fully and effectually as if the same powers, authorities, rules, directions, penalties, forfeitures, disabilities, clauses, matters and things, were at large repeated and particularly re-enacted in the body of this present act; the said former acts, or any of them, or any thing therein contained to the But subject to contrary notwithstanding: nevertheless the said customs, subfidies, impositions, rates, duties, additional duties, propor-

redemption.

9 Geo. 1. c. 5. tional parts, weekly and other payments, and every of them, by this act intended to be continued and made perpetual, as aforesaid, shall be subject to such provisoes and powers of redemption as are hereafter in and by this act contained and prefcribed of and concerning the same.

All the monies into the Exchequer and registred there.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, to be brought That all the monies arising of or for the said customs, subsidies, impositions, rates, duties, additional duties, proportional parts, weekly and other payments, hereby intended to be continued and made perpetual, subject to such redemption as aforesaid, (except the necessary charges of raising, collecting, levying, recovering, answering, paying, and accounting for the same) shall, from time to time, be brought into the receipt of the Exchequer for the uses and purposes in this act prescribed: and shall, from time to time, be fairly and distinctly entred and registred in one or more book or books to be kept in the offices of the auditor of the receipt and clerk of the pells, severally for

that purpole, to which all persons concerned, at all seasonable times, shall have free access, without fee or charge.

III. And it is hereby also enacted, That all the monies, The monies which, from and after the twenty-ninth day of September one arising after thousand seven hundred and seventeen, shall be brought into appropriated the Exchequer, or shall be then remaining there, of or for the for payment said customs, subsidies, impositions, rates, duties, additional of annuities duties, proportional parts, weekly and other payments, by this payable by and the faid former acts, or any of them, granted or continued, this act, &c. as aforesaid, (except the necessary charges of issuing and applying the faid monies to the same uses and purposes, and rendring the accounts thereof) shall be and are hereby appropriated, and shall be issued and applied to and for the payment and satisfaction of such annuities as shall be payable by virtue of this act, and making such other payments as are hereby directed, in their due order, method and form, and with such preserences, and subject to such redemptions, as are in and by this act prescribed of and concerning the same respectively, and without any fee or charge whatfoever to be demanded of or paid by the respective persons or corporations, who are to receive the said monies; and that the respective officers of the Exchequer, who shall make any delay in issuing or paying the same, or shall be guilty of diverting or misapplying any of the said monies, contrar / to this act, for any such offence shall be forejudged from their respective offices or places, and be rendred incapable to farve his Majesty, his heirs and successors, in any office or impayment of trust or profit whatsoever, and shall also be liable to pay double the value of any fum or fums of money fo delayed, diverted, or misapplied, to the party grieved, to be recovered by action of debt, or upon the case, bill, suit or information, in any his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no effoin, protection, wager of law, or more than one imparlance thall be granted and allowed.

IV. And whereas the said yearly sums of one hundred thirty-five thousand pounds, one hundred eighty-six thousand six hundred and seventy pounds, one hundred fixty-eight thousand and three pounds, one bundred firsty-eight thousand and three pounds, and thirty-nine thoufand eight hundred fifty-five pounds fifteen shillings seven pence and one fifth part of a penny, adding thereunto the above-mentioned surplus or remainder of the duties granted by the act of the ninth year of her late Majesty's reign first above recited (which surplus or remainder 9 Ann. c. 6. was thereby also made applicable towards discharging the principal monies payable by virtue of that act, and communibus annis bath. amounted to twenty-seven thousand three hundred and seventeen pounds eleven shillings and three pence per annum) do amount in the whole to swen hundred twenty-four thousand eight hundred forty-nine pounds fix shillings and ten pence and one fifth part of a penny per annum: 724,8491. 62. now it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, 10 1d. shall be. That yearly and every year, reckoning the first year to begin yearly fund. from the seast of St. Misbael the arch-angel in the year of our Explained by Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, and from 5 Geo. 1. c. 1.

thenceforth See 5 Geo. 1.

thenceforth for ever (subject nevertheless to such provisions and powers of redemption as are hereafter in this act contained) the

full fum of seven hundred twenty-four thousand eight hundred forty-nine pounds fix shillings and ten pence and one fifth part of a penny, by or out of the monies arising of or for the said eustoms, subfidies, impositions, rates, duties, additional duties, proportional parts, weekly and other payments by this act appropriated and directed to be brought, from time to time, into the Exchequer, as aforefaid, in case the same shall extend to the faid fum of seven hundred twenty-four thousand eight hundred forty-nine pounds fix shillings and ten perice and one fifth part of a penny per annum, shall be computed and reckoned to be a general yearly fund; and in case all the monies so arising into the Exchequer of or for the said customs, subfidies, impolitions, rates, duties, additional duties, proportional parts. weekly and other payments, shall not amount to seven hundred twenty-four thousand eight hundred forty-nine pounds fix shillings and ten pence and one fifth part of a penny per annum, then the monies so arising, so far as the same will extend, shall be part of the faid general yearly fund of feven hundred twentyfour thousand eight hundred forty-nine pounds six shillings and ten pence and one fifth part of a penny per annum, for and towards the answering and paying all the annuities and payments by this act charged or chargeable thereupon; and in case all the monies by this act appointed or appropriated, as aforefaid, shall at any time or times appear to be so deficient or low in the produce of the same, as that within any one year to be reckoned, as aforesaid, the said monies so arising into the Exchequer of or for all the said customs, subsidies, impositions, rates, duties, additional duties, proportional parts, weekly and other payments. shall not amount to so much as seven hundred twentyfour thousand eight hundred forty-nine pounds fix shillings and ten pence and one fifth part of a penny, that then, and fo often, and in every such case, so much as shall be wanting to make up the faid general fund or fum of feven hundred twentyfour thousand eight hundred forty-nine pounds fix shillings and ten pence and one fifth part of a penny, for every or any fuch year, shall be supplied and made good, from time to time, by and out of the first aid or supply to be granted in parliament next after such deficiency shall appear, and shall, from time to time, be transferred thereunto, as foon as the same shall be granted.

Deficiencies
shall be made
good out of
the first aids
granted by
parliament.

Managers and directors to prepare books for subscriptions, &c.

V. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the commisfioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer of *Great Britain* for the time being, and they respectively are hereby authorized and required, by writing under their respective hands, to constitute and appoint such able and fit persons, and such or so many of them, as the said commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the said high treasurer for the time being, shall, from time to time, think hink fit, to be managers or directors, for preparing books, and or overfeeing the subscriptions to be taken therein, and for dong and performing such other matters and things as are by this ct directed and appointed by such managers and directors to be lone and performed; and that the managers or directors so to >e constituted, shall, according to such directions as they shall receive in writing from the faid commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or from the faid high treasurer for the time being, prepare books, and open the same at some convenient publick office or offices (whereof notice shall be given by writing, to be affixed upon the Royal Exchange in London, and also to be inserted in the London Gazette, so that none may pretend ignorance) for taking such subscriptions as are to be taken therein, pursuant to this act, within the time hereby limited in that behalf.

VI. Provided always, That the said commissioners of the Treasury to treasury, or high treasurer for the time being, shall or may direct the subcause the said books to be opened for receiving the subscrip-scriptions. tions relating to all the faid yearly funds of one hundred thirtyfive thousand pounds, one hundred eighty-fix thousand fix hundred and seventy pounds, one hundred sixty-eight thousand and three pounds, one hundred fixty-eight thousand and three pounds, and thirty-nine thousand eight hundred fifty-five pounds fifteen shillings seven pence and one fifth part of a penny, or such or so many of them at a time, as they the said commissioners of the treasury, or high treasurer for the time being, shall find to be most conducive to the publick service.

VII. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, The books to That the said books, after the opening thereof, shall constantly lie open at sea lie open at all seasonable hours; and the respective proprietors sonable hours of the faid lottery-orders, and of the faid annual fums payable out of the faid hereditary excise, or such person or persons as are or shall be impowered to subscribe for them, or any of them, shall have free access thereunto, and have liberty to make their respective subscriptions therein, according to this act, without any fee or charge whatfoever; and that the faid managers or directors, or such or so many of them as shall be thereunto constituted as aforesaid, shall constantly attend and oversee the making of the faid subscriptions, until the twenty-ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, unless the subscriptions for all the said lottery-orders, and the said annual fums charged on the hereditary excise, be sooner completed.

VIII. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That Persons wilfuch persons or corporations, being proprietors of such lottery. ling to accept orders made forth, or to be made forth, as aforesaid, or any of sl. per cent, them, who are or shall be willing and defines to account the slipe of them, who are or shall be willing and defirous to accept (in lieu and discharge thereof) an annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, redeemable by parliament, and fuch persons or corporations, being proprietors of the said annual suces charged or chargeable on the hereditary excise, or any of them, who are or shall be willing and defirous to accept

neral;

(in lieu and discharge thereof) an annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, to be redeemable by parliament, and to be computed only upon one moiety of their respective principal sums (by payment of which moieties their annual payments of three pounds per centum per annuan were tormerly made redeemable, as aforefaid) shall or may, by themfelves respectively, or by such person or persons as they respectively have authorized or shall authorize, by writing in this behalf, declare and fignify such his, her, or their defire or option under a proper preface in the book or books to be opened for that purpose, as aforesaid, by subscribing their names and places of abode, with other proper additions, within the time and those who before-mentioned: and that such persons or corporations, being proprietors of such lottery-orders made forth, or to be made forth, as aforesaid, or any of them, who are or shall be defirous to have their principal and interest grown due to be paid to them in ready money, and such persons or corporations being proprietors of the said annual sums charged or chargeable on the hereditary excise, or any of them, who are or shall be defirous to have the faid moiety of the faid principal fums (for which they are redeemable, as aforesaid) paid to them in ready money, shall or may also by themselves respectively, or by such person or persons as they respectively have authorized or shall authorize, by writing in this behalf, declare and fignify fuch his, her, or their desire or option under a proper preface in the said book or books to be opened for that purpole, by subscribing their names and places of abode with other proper additions. within the time herein before limited.

defire ready money, may make their **fubscriptions** accordingly.

Executors, &c. may subscribe for those for entrusted.

IX. And it is hereby enacted and declared, That all executors, administrators, guardians and trustees, shall and may whom they are make, or cause to be made, subscriptions in the said books, cither to have annuities or ready money, as aforefaid, for and on the behalf of their respective testators, intestates, or of infants. minors, femes covert, or others, for whom they are or shall be respectively intrusted, and are and shall be by virtue of this act

indemnified in and for doing the same.

X. And it is hereby also enacted by the authority aforesaid. That the faid managers or directors shall, on or before the last books into the day of October one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, de-Exchequer by liver or cause to be delivered the said book or books which shall the last of Oc- be opened, as aforesaid, with all the subscriptions therein, (such book or books being first attested under the hands and seals of two or more of the faid managers or directors) to the auditor of the receipt of the Exchequer, to remain in his office for ever; and shall also, on or before the last day of November one thou-Bank, &c. by fand seven hundred and seventeen, deliver or cause to be deli-30 Nov. 1717. vered one duplicate (attested as aforesaid) of so much of the Treasury to said book or books as shall contain the to the cashier, who shall choose the said annuities of five pounds per centum per sec. of such of annum, to the chief cashier of the governor and company of the

Managers to deliver the tober 1717.

and a duplicate to the cashier of the tranimit lifts the orders for bank of England, and a like duplicate to their accountant general; and the faid commissioners of the treasury, or any three which no submore of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, shall, scription has before the twenty-fifth day of December one thousand seven hunired and seventeen, cause the proper officers to transmit lists attested by such officers) to the said chief cashier and accountant general of the bank of England respectively, of all such of the faid lottery-orders, and of all such of the said annual sums charged or chargeable on the excise, for which no such Subscriptions shall be made, as aforesaid, within the time before limited; and that the faid several duplicates and lists shall remain in the respective offices of the chief cashier and accountant general of the faid governor and company for the time being, for their better guidance in making the payments and accounts. of and for the same annuities.

XI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Accountant That the said accountant general for the time being shall, general to deupon reasonable demand, deliver gratis to every proprietor of liver to every the faid lottery-orders, or any of them, and of the faid annual proprietor of payments charged on the hereditary excise, or any of them, ficate, being comprehended or specified in the said duplicates or lists by this act required to be transmitted into his office as aforesaid, or to the respective assigns of such proprietors, a certificate thereof, to be grounded on the faid duplicates and lifts, or some of them, so as the lottery-order or the order charged on the excise (specified in such duplicates or lists) be at the same time so as such ordelivered up to the said accountant general to be cancelled and ders be delimade void; nevertheless all the said lottery-orders so cancelled vered up to shall be preserved by the said accountant general; and that any be cancelled. person or persons may have recourse to the same without see or reward; and the same, or attested copies thereof, may be given in evidence in any court of law or equity.

XII. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all and every the proprietors of the faid lottery-orders, or any of them, and of the faid annuities charged or chargeable on the excise, or any of them, by or from whom such subscriptions shall be made within the time herein before limited, fig-Proprietors to nifying his, her or their option or willingness to accept such have annuities annuities in lieu thereof; and all and every other the proprietor in lieu of their and proprietors of the faid lottery-orders charged on the yearly lottery-orders, funds before-mentioned, or any of them, and all and every the &c. proprietors of the faid annual fums chargeable on the hereditary excise, or any of them, and the executors, administrators, fuccessors and assigns of all and every the said proprietors respectively, (such proprietors of the said lottery-orders and annual fums of three pounds per centum per annum, or any of them, who, by fuch subscriptions as aforesaid to be made within the time before limited, shall choose to be paid in ready money, only and always excepted and foreprized) shall have, receive and enjoy, and be entitled, by virtue of this act, to have, re- . ceive and enjoy an annuity or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per anuum, of lawful money of Great Britain,

in lieu and discharge of such their several and respective lotteryorders and annual payments, charged or chargeable as aforesaid; which annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, shall be computed upon the said lottery-orders, for so much as shall be due and unpaid for principal or interest at and until Michaelmas one thousand seven hundred and seventeen inclusively, and shall be computed upon the said orders charged or chargeable on the hereditary excise for so much as the faid moieties of the faid principal sums (for which they were made redeemable) and the arrears of the faid annual fums of three pounds per centum per annum (if any such arrears be) chargeable on shall, at and until Michaelmas one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, amount unto; and that all the said annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, shall be and are

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and payable quarterly till redeemed. By 4 Geo. 1. c. 10. fect. 1. these annuities are payable half yearly.

Arrears of interest to be computed till 24 June 1717.

hereby charged upon, and shall be paid and payable out of the monies of the faid general fund of feven hundred twenty-four thousand eight hundred forty-nine pounds six shillings and ten pence and one fifth part of a penny per annum, by this act established, or intended to be established as aforesaid, by quarterly payments, at the four most usual feasts in the year, that is to fay, the feasts of the birth of our Lord Christ, the annunciation of the bleffed virgin Mary, the nativity of Saint John baptist and Saint Michael the archangel, by even and equal portions, or within fix days after every of the said feast-days, for ever, or until redemption or redemptions thereof shall be made according to the provisoes herein after contained in that behalf.

XIII. And whereas it may happen that some of the said subscribers for annuities, at the time of making their subscriptions, may have arrears of the said interest, after the rate of six pounds per centum per annum, due to them upon computations to be made until and for the quarter ending at the feast of the nativity of Saint John baptist one thousand seven hundred and seventeen inclusively, it is hereby provided, declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid. That all such arrears of interest, to be computed until and for the quarter to end at the faid feast of the nativity of Saint Tohn baptist one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, (although some of them are payable at other feast-days) shall be paid and fatisfied out of the monies of the faid yearly funds, or any of them, arisen or to arise at any time before Michaelmas one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, without being converted into an annuity after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum as aforesaid.

So much of the 2,000,000l. which the South-Sea company is to advance, as shall actually be called for, shall be applied to discharge the lottery-orders, &c. E Geo. 1, c. 9.

XIV. And whereas the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South Seas and other parts of America, and for encouraging the fishery, are obliged, in and by an all of this session of parliament, to advance and pay into the receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer such sum and sums of money, not exceeding in the whole the sum of two millions, at such times and by such proportions at a time, as the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, shall cail for, in the manner therein mentioned, on or before the twenty-fourth day

f December one thousand seven bundred and seventeen: now it is iereby enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That he said sum of two millions, or so much thereof as shall be alled for, and be actually advanced and paid by the faid goternor and company of merchants of Great Britain into the reeipt of his Majesty's Exchequer, in pursuance of that act, shall, by the faid commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or by the high treasurer and under-treasurer of the Exchequer for the time being, without any further or other warrant to be sued for, had or obtained in that behalf, be issued and applied for or towards the several uses and purposes herein after limited and appointed of or concerning the same; that is to say, for or towards the paying off and discharging the principal monies charged or chargeable on the faid lottery-funds, every or any of them, and the interest payable for the same, until the payment of the said principal to the respective proprietors thereof, who shall choose to be paid in ready money as aforesaid; and for or towards the paying off and discharging the faid moiety of the faid principal sums (upon payment whereof the said sums, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, were formerly made redeemable as aforefaid) and all arrears which shall or may be due for or upon the said yearly lums, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, computing the same by the day until the said moieties respectively shall be so paid off unto the respective proprietors thereof, who shall also choose to be paid in ready money as aforesaid; or for or towards fome of the faid uses and purposes which shall require payment in ready money as aforefaid; and to and for none other use, intent or purpose whatsoever: and that the Company to faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and have annutheir successors, for all and every sum and sums of money so to ities of 51. per be called for, and by them to be actually advanced at the Ex-cent for the chequer, shall have, receive and enjoy, and be entitled to have, receive and enjoy such annuity and annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, redeemable by parliament, out of fuch duties and revenues, or by fuch other ways and means, and in such manner and form, as in and by the said other act of this session of parliament are settled and prescribed for fecuring and paying the same.

XV. And whereas the governor and company of the bank of Eng- 3 Geo. 1. c. 8. land are obliged, in and by another act of this session of parliament, so much of to advance and pay into the receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer such 3,500,000l. sum and sums of money, not exceeding in the whole the sum of two advanced by millions and five hundred thousand pounds, at such times and by such the Bank, as proportions at a time, as the commissioners of the treasury, or any shall actually three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, shall shall be apcall for, in the manner therein mentioned, on or before the twenty-plied to diffifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and eighteen: now charge the said it is hereby further enacted and declared by the authority afore- orders on the faid, That the faid fum of two millions five hundred thousand lottery-funds, ounds or so much thereof as sollid for any sollid ounds, or so much thereof as shall be called for, and shall be

actually

actually advanced and paid by the faid governor and company of the bank of England into the receipt of his Majety's Exchequer, in pursuance of that act, shall, by the faid commisioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer and under-treasurer of the Exchequer for the time being, without any further or other warrant to be fined for, had or obtained in that behalf, be issued, applied and disposed for or towards the paying off and discharging the fail principal monies charged or chargeable on the faid lotteryfunds, every or any of them, and the faid interest payable for the same, until payment of the principal to the respective proprietors thereof, who shall choose to be paid in ready money as aforesaid; and for or towards paying off and discharging the faid moieties of the faid principal lums, upon payment wherest the faid fums, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annus. are redeemable as aforefaid, and all arrears which shall or may be due for or upon the faid yearly sums of three pounds pr centum per annum, until the said moieties respectively shall be paid off unto the faid proprietors thereof, who shall also chook to be paid in ready, money as aforefaid; and for or towards the fatisfying and paying off fuch particular debts and deficiencies as are hereafter in and by this act intended to be provided for, or fome of them, and to none other use, intent or purpose whatloever.

this act, how much money will be wanted to fatisfy fuch proprietors a shall choose to be paid in ready money as aforesaid, or these claiming under them; and it may be necessary to raise monies (over and obse what shall have been advanced by the said companies, or either of them, upon such calls as aforesaid) to satisfy and pay off all the said proprietors, who shall choose to be paid in ready money as aforesaid, " the claimants under them respectively, whereby a speedy end may li put to the high rates of interest and other allowances whereunts in are at present entitled: now to the end the service of the publick, in relation to the premisses, may in no event whatsoever ke If it be neces- frustrated, disappointed or prejudiced, it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in case the commifioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer of Great Britain for the time being, shall find it necessary to raise monies (over and above what shall have been advanced by the said companies, or either of them, upon such calls as aforesaid) to pay off and discharge all the said proprietors of the faid lottery-orders, and of the faid orders charged on the hereditary excise, who at any time or times, on or before the faid twenty-ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, shall appear to have made subscriptions for ready before or after money as aforesaid, That then it shall and may be lawful w and for the faid commissioners of the treasury, or any three or

more of them, or the high treasurer of Great Britain for the

time being, at any time or times, as well before as after the

faid twenty-ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred

XVI. And whereas it cannot certainly be known at the making if

fary to raife monies, above what advanced by the companies.

c:

Treasury may at any time 19 Sept. 1717, take in fub. fcriptions for annuities at 51. per cent.

and seventeen, to illue their respective warrant or warrants from time to time to the proper officers in the receipt of the Exchequer, for receiving or taking into the faid receipt of Exchequer fuch furn and furns of money, as any person or persons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, will advance and pay there for purchasing an annuity or annuities at a rate not exceeding five pounds per centum per annum, to be paid out of the faid general fund by this act established, and to be redeemable by parliament according to this act; and the said commis- and apply the fioners of the treasury or high treasurer and under-treasurer of same for paythe Exchequer for the time being, are hereby authorized and ing off the lotrequired to iffue and apply, or cause to be iffued and applied, &c. all the monies so to be advanced for or towards paying off the principal and interest upon the said lottery-orders, or any of them, and for or towards the paying off the faid moieties and arrearages of the said annual payments of three pounds per centum per annum, charged or chargeable on the hereditary excife as aforefaid, and to and for none other use, intent or purpose whatsoever.

XVII. Provided always, That all the monies so to be ad- Not to exceed vanced for purchasing such annuities, not exceeding the said the sum total rate of five pounds per centum per annum, together with the on those ormonies which shall have been advanced by the said companies, ders. or either of them, for or towards paying off the faid lottery. orders, and the faid monies charged or chargeable on the hereditary excise, do not in the whole exceed the sum total, which shall be payable to such subscribers for ready money as afore-

true meaning of this act.

XVIII. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, Where lot-That in all cases where the principal and interest payable on tery-orders, the faid lottery-orders, or any of them, or the faid moieties of &c. are converted into anthe faid principal sums for which the said annual payments are nuities, or charged on the hereditary excise, or any of them, with the ar- paid off in rearages of the same annual payments respectively, shall be con- ready money, verted into annuities, or be paid off in ready money, pursuant the duties shall be liable to to this act, the customs, subsidies, impositions, additional and make good the other duties, proportional parts, weekly and other payments, general fund. formerly charged therewith as aforesaid, thall be and are hereby freed, exonerated and discharged of, from and against the same, and shall be liable for or towards making good the said general yearly fund by this act intended to be established as aforesaid.

faid, or those claiming from or under them, according to the

XIX. And whereas the sum of sixty-one thousand seven hundred and seven pounds three shillings and two pence, or thereabouts, of principal monies, remains unfatisfied upon the register of loans founded on the act of parliament for duties on low wines, and other things therein mentioned, which expired on or about the twenty-fourth day 3 & 4 Ann. of June one thousand seven bundred and fourteen, carrying interest c. 4. after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum: now in order to put an end to the same high interest, it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That it shall and may be Vol. XIII. lawful

# 1716. Treasury may lawful to and for the said commissioners of the treasury, or any raile further three or more of them, and to and for the high treasurer of fums by an-Great Britain for the time being, to issue their respective war-

nuities at 51. per cent. to 38. 2d. on the low wines.

6 Geo. 1. c. 4.

pay off 61707l. chequer, for receiving and taking in at the faid receipt fuch further fum and fums of money, as any person or persons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, will advance and pay for purchasing an annuity or annuities at a rate not exceeding five pounds per centum per annum, to be paid out of the faid

rant or warrants to the proper officers in the receipt of the Ex-

general fund by this act established, and to be redeemable by parliament according to this act; and the said commissioners of the treasury, or high treasurer and the under-treasurer of the Exchequer for the time being, are hereby authorized and required to issue and apply, or cause to be issued and applied, all the monies so to be advanced, for or towards paying off the unfatisfied principal and interest upon the said register of loans founded on the act last mentioned, taking care that all the mo-

XX. And whereas the sum of three hundred and fourteen thes-

nies to to be advanced, for the purpote last mentioned, do not exceed the fum of the principal and interest which doth or shall remain due on the faid register.

And 314,219l. 218. 2d. 1 q. on candles. 9 Ann. c. 6.

fand two hundred and nineteen pounds eleven soillings and two pau farthing, or thereabouts, of principal monies remains unfatisfied upon Geo. 1. c. 4. the register of leans founded on the act of parliament for duties on condles, which expired on or about the first day of May one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, carrying interest at the like rate of fix pounds per centum per annum: now in order to put an end also to the fame high interest, it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, and to and for the high treasurer of Great Britain for the time being, to issue their respective warrant or warrants to the proper officers in the receipt of the Exchequer, for receiving and taking in at the said receipt such further sum and sums of money, as any person or persons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, will advance and pay for the purchasing an annuity or annuities at a rate not exceeding five pounds per centum per annum, to be paid out of the faid general fund by this act established, or intended to be established, and to be likewife redeemable by parliament according to this act; and the faid commissioners of the treasury, or high treasurer and the

under-treasurer of the Exchequer for the time being, are hereby authorized and required to issue and apply, or cause to be issued and applied, all the monies so to be advanced, for or towards paying off the unsatisfied principal and interest upon the said register of loans sounded on the said candle act, taking care that all the monies so to be advanced for the purpose last mentioned, do not exceed the fum of the principal and interest which

doth or shall remain due on the same register. And 577,014l. XXI. And whereas the sum of five bundred seventy-seven thus. 16s. 1d. 14. fand and sourteen pounds sixteen shillings one penny farthing is deficient ient or wanting to make good the publick supplies granted to his Ma. 41. per cent. to fly in the last session of parliament, (of which the sum of three hun-make good the thirty-four thousand two hundred thirty-wine hounds wine Aimred thirty-four thousand two hundred thirty-nine pounds nine shillings supplies grantne penny three farthings is to be applied towards discharging the debt ed the last sesf the navy, as it flood on the one and thirtieth day of December one fion of parliahousand seven hundred and sixteen:) now for the better preserve ment. ig the publick credit, and ceasing such interest as is now payble for any part of the faid fum so deficient, it is hereby further nacted by the authority aforefaid, That it shall and may be iwful to and for the commissioners of the treasury, or any three r more of them, or the high treasurer of Great Britain for the me being, to issue their respective warrant or warrants to the roper officers in the receipt of the Exchequer, for receiving nd taking in at the faid receipt such further sum or sums of noney, not exceeding five hundred seventy-seven thousand fourzen pounds fixteen shillings and one penny farthing, as any erson or persons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or cororate, will advance and pay for purchasing an annuity or anuities after a rate not exceeding four pounds per centum per nnum; which annuity or annuities shall be paid out of the said eneral fund by this act established or intended to be established. nd shall likewise be redeemable by parliament according to this ct; and the said commissioners of the treasury, or high treaarer and under-treasurer of the Exchequer for the time being. re hereby authorized and required to issue and apply, or cause be issued and applied, all the said monies not exceeding five undred seventy-seven thousand sourteen pounds sixteen shilngs and one penny farthing, so to be advanced, for the use nd fervice of the publick in the said office of the navy, and ich other publick offices, as are deficient of their supplies thich were granted or intended to be granted in the last sefon of parliament.

XXII. And whereas the sum of twenty-four thousand one hundred And 24,1931. nd ninety-five pounds eighteen faillings and two pence refts unfatisfied 18s. ad. for the pon several bills of exchange drawn for the service of the late expe-Canada. ition to Canada: be it further enacted by the authority aforeaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the commisoners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the igh treasurer of Great Britain for the time being, to issue their varrant or warrants to the proper officers in the receipt of the exchequer, for receiving and taking in at the faid receipt such arther fum or fums of money, not exceeding twenty-four thouand one hundred ninety-five pounds eighteen shillings and two ence, as any person or persons, natives or foreigners, bodies olitick or corporate, will advance and pay for purchasing an nnuity or annuities, after a rate not exceeding four pounds per entum per annum; which annuity or annuities shall also be paid out of the faid general fund by this act established or intended o be established, and shall likewise be redeemable by parlianent according to this act; and the faid commissioners of the reasury, or high-treasurer and under-treasurer of the Exche-

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quer for the time being, are hereby authorized and required to issue or came to be issued all the said monies, not exceeding twenty-four thousand one hundred ninety-five pounds eighteen shillings and two pence, so to be advanced, by way of imprest and upon account, for fatisfying the faid bills of exchange; and the proper officers in the respective offices for paying the same bills are hereby enjoined and required to take especial care that the drawers of the faid bills be duly charged with the monies for which they were drawn, or such of the said monies as are not or shall not be duly accounted for, before such payment of the faid bills. XXIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted. That as

As foon as ready money is advanced to pay off prinlick notice to be given, and interest to ceafe.

foon as ready money shall be advanced, sufficient to pay off all or any the principal lums, or the moieties of the principal sums cipal, &c. pub- by this act intended to be paid off, with the interest or arrears of the annuity attending the same respectively, publick notice thereof shall be given by writing, to be openly set up at the Exchequer, and advertised in the London Gazette; and the ready money so advanced shall be reserved and kept in bank at the Exchequer for the persons or corporations entitled thereunto; but from the time of such notice given the said interest, after the rate of fix pounds per centum per annum, and the faid annuities, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, of fuch persons and corporations respectively, shall cease and determine. XXIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,

Purchasers of annuities to Sol', &c.

That all and every person and persons, natives or foreigners, have tallies of bodies politick and corporate, who in pursuance of this act shall advance and pay into the Exchequer any sum or sums of money, for purchasing an annuity or annuities at such respective rates, as aforesaid, shall upon his, her or their advancing and paying the same, have and receive from the proper officers in the faid. Exchequer, a talley or tallies of Sol' for the money fo advanced or paid; and that all and every fuch person and persons, bodies politick and corporate, his, her and their executors, administrators, successors and assigns respectively, for every fum so advanced and paid, shall have, receive and enjoy, and be entitled by this act to have, receive and enjoy, an annuity or annuities, after the rate to be specified in the faid respective warrants of the commissioners of the treasury, or high treasurer for the time being, so as the same do not exceed the respective rate or rates by this act prescribed, and in such respective warrant or warrants to be expressed, as aforesaid, out

to be paid.

Annuities how of the monies of the faid general fund of seven hundred twentyfour thousand eight hundred forty-nine pounds six shillings and ten pence and one fifth part of a penny per annum, by this act established or intended to be established, as aforesaid; and that fuch annuity and annuities for such monies so to be advanced, shall be paid and payable to the respective person and persons, bodies politick and corporate, their executors, administrators,

ucceffors and affigns respectively, in manner following; that is o fay, The first payment or payments of such annuity or anmities so to be purchased shall be computed by the day, and sais fied from the day or respective days on which the monies so o be advanced, or any part or parts thereof, shall be advanced and paid into the Exchequer, as aforefaid, until the quarterly eaft-day, or respective quarterly feast-days then next ensuing; and from thenceforth the same annuity or annuities so to be ourchased shall be paid and payable at the four most usual feasts or days of payment in the year aforementioned, by even and equal portions, until the redemption thereof by parliament, according to the proviso herein after contained in that behalf,

XXV. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, The account-That in the office of the accountant general of the governor and ant general of company of the bank of England for the time being, there shall the bank to be provided and kept a book or books, in which shall be fairly the annuities entred the names of all and every person and persons, corpora- for which subtion and corporations what soever, who shall be entitled to the scriptions shall faid annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, be made, &c. in lieu and discharge of any such lottery-orders and annual pay-c. 7. s. 13. ments out of the excise, as aforesaid; and the names of all fuch persons and corporations, who upon producing to the said comptroller the said tallies of Sol' respectively, shall appear to be entitled to the said annuities to be purchased at the several rates aforesaid, for monies to be by them advanced and paid into the Exchequer, pursuant to this act; and the several and respective annuities whereunto the aforesaid persons and corporations respectively shall be so entitled; to which book it shall be lawful for all persons concerned from time to time, at all feasonable times, to have free access, and to inspect the same, without fee or charge; and the faid accountant general for the and transmit a time being shall, on or before the five and twentieth day of De-duplicate into the Exchequer cember one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, transmit an by 25 Dec. attested duplicate or duplicates fairly written on paper, of the 1717. book or books last mentioned, into the office of the auditor of the receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer, there to remain for

XXVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Annuities a That the respective proprietors, who are to have, receive and sure estate. enjoy the faid feveral annuities pursuant to this act, his, her or their executors, administrators, successors and assigns respectively, shall have good and fure estates and interests therein for ever, subject to the provisoes or conditions of redemption in this act afterwards contained concerning the same, and to no former provisoes or power of redemption whatsoever,

XXVII. And it is hereby enacted, That as well the faid Annuities free annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, pay- from taxes, able in lieu and discharge of the said lottery-orders, and of the faid annual fums formerly charged upon the excise, as also the said annuities to be purchased on this act at the several rates aforesaid, for monies to be advanced at the Exchequer, as afore-

faid, and all and every the principal fums for which the faid feveral annuities are to be payable, or whereupon they shall be computed, pursuant to this act, and every of them, shall be free from all taxes, charges and impositions whatsoever.

Bank to employ a fufcient cashier and accountant general.

XXVIII. And it is hereby declared and enacted by the authority aforefaid. That the governor and company of the bank of England shall, from time to time, until the faid annuities shall be redeemed by parliament according to this act, appoint and employ one fufficient person within their office in the city of London, to be their chief or first cashier, and one other fufficient person within the same office to be their accountant general; and that so much of the monies of the said general yearly fund of seven hundred twenty-four thousand eight hundred forty-nine pounds fix shillings and ten pence and one fifth part of a penny per annum, as shall be sufficient to satisfy and discharge the sums which shall grow due, from time to time, for or upon all the faid feveral and respective annuities by this act appointed or intended to be paid by the faid cashier of the bank for the time being, shall by order of the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or of the high trea-

furer, and under-treasurer of the Exchequer of his Majesty, his heirs and successors, for the time being, without any further or other warrant to be sued for, had or obtained in that behalf, be from time to time, quarterly, as aforesaid, issued and paid at the said receipt of Exchequer to the said first or chief cashier of

Their office.

the faid governor and company of the bank of England, and of their successors for the time being, by way of imprest and upon account, for the payment of the same annuities at such times, and in such manner and form, as are by this act prescribed in that behalf, with preference to all other payments which shall or may hereafter be charged upon the faid general fund, or upon the faid duties or revenues liable to make good the fame, until the redemption of the faid annuities according to this act: and that all and every such cashier or cashiers, to whom the faid monies shall from time to time be issued, shall, from time to time, without delay, apply and pay the fame accordingly. and render his accounts thereof, according to the due course of the Exchequer; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding. And it is hereby also enacted, That the said accountant general for the time being shall, from time to time, inspect and examine all the said receipts and payments of the faid cashier, and the vouchers relating thereunto, in order to prevent any fraud, negligence or delay; and that all and every the persons and corporations whatsoever, who shall be entitled to any of the same annuities so to be payable by the cashier of the bank of England for the time being, pursuant to this act, and all persons lawfully claiming under them shall be possessed

thereof as a personal estate, and the same shall not be descend-

able to the heir, and shall not be liable to any foreign attachment by the custom of London, or otherwise; any law, statute

or cultom to the contrary notwithstanding.

These annuities are personal estates, and not liable to foreign attachment.

XXIX. And

XXIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, 'hat all the principal monies for which the faid several and reective annuities shall be payable by the said cashier of the The principal ank of England for the time being, shall be deemed, reputed monies shall and taken to be one capital or joint-stock, on which the said ancapital flock, uities shall be attending; and that all persons and corporations, proportion to their respective annuities, shall have a share in ch stock; and that all such shares shall be assignable, transferble and deviseable, in the same manner as is prescribed by act : acts of parliament made in the first year of his Majesty's assignable, &c. ign, touching the annuities after the rate of five pounds per according to neum per annum therein mentioned; and that no stamp-duties c. 21. hatsoever shall be chargeable on such transfers; and that the No stamps on id governor and company of the bank of England, (notwith-transfers. anding the redemption of all or any of their own funds or an-Bank a corpo-uities in pursuance of the acts for establishing the same, or any nuities ref them) shall continue a corporation, to all intents and pur-deemed. ofes, relating only to the receiving, paying or accounting for ne said annuities so payable by their cashier, till the same shall e redeemed by parliament according to this act; and that the id governor and company of the bank of England, or any nembers thereof, shall not incur any disability for or by reason f their doing any matter or thing in pursuance of this act.

XXX. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, hat no fee or gratuity whatfoever shall or may be demanded r taken of any of his Majesty's subjects, for receiving or pay- No fees for ng fuch monies as shall be advanced at the Exchequer for the paying or urpoles aforesaid, or for any tallies, or other matters concern- transferring ng the same, or for issuing the said general fund of seven hun-ties, red twenty four thousand eight hundred forty nine pounds fix nillings and ten pence and one fifth part of a penny per annum, r any part thereof, or for paying the faid feveral and respective nnuities, or any of them, by the faid cashier for the time being; nd that no fee or gratuity shall be demanded or taken for any ransfer of any fum, great or fmall, to be made in pursuance of his act, upon pain, that any officer or person offending, by aking or demanding any fee or gratuity contrary to this act, hall forfeit the sum of twenty pounds to the party grieved, to on forseiture recovered with sull costs in any of his Majesty's courts of of 201.

XXXI. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That the commissioners of the treasury, or high treasurer for the time seing, shall have power to pay and allow, or cause to be paid Treasury may and allowed, out of the monies arising of or for the faid general allow falaries, rearly fund, as aforefaid, fuch falaries and allowances as they and necessary hall think reasonable, as well to the said managers and direct- executing this ors, as to the faid cashier and accountant general for the time at. being, for their pains and service respectively, in performance of the several trusts in them reposed by this act; and to allow ind pay out of the same money all other charges for books, inder-clerks, or other matters or things which shall be necessaily incident in or for the execution of this act.

ecord at Westminster.

the

XXXII. And be it further enacted by the authority afforefaid, That the interest after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum, payable from the twenty fourth day of Time one shoufand seven hundred and seventeen, on the dehentures authorized to be made forth by an act of this session of parliament for Interest of 41. per cent. to be flating and determining debts due to the army, shall from time paid out of the to time, as the same shall become due and payable, during the continuance thereof, be fatisfied and paid out of the monies of

the faid general fund by this act established or intended to be

established, as aforesaid, and shall be impressed, from time to

13 Geo. 1. c. 3. time, to the paymaster of the forces for that purpose.

XXXIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid. That at any time, upon notice to be given or left at the publick office of the governor and company of the bank of England, by authority of parliament, at any of the faid quarterly feast-days for payment of the said annuities, and upon repayment by parliament of the respective principal all the annui- fums for which the faid annuities shall be payable by the faid cashier of the bank for the time being, and whereupon the said respective annuities are to be computed, as aforesaid, to such respective persons and corporations as shall be entitled to the said by parliament. annuities, according to such interest as they respectively shall then have in the faid annuities, and also upon full payment and satisfaction of all arrears of the said annuities, if any shall be then due, then and not till then, the same annuities shall cease and determine; any thing herein contained to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

XXXIV. And in regard it is intended, That upon fuch motice to be given at any quarterly feaft-day, all the principal monies for which the faid annuities shall be payable, may be fatisfied by any payments, not being less than five hundred thousand pounds of lawful mency of Great Britain at a time, and that as the faid principal manies shall be paid off, the said annuities, and the capital stock for the same, shall proportionably fink and be abated: be it therefore further provided and enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if at any time or times notice shall be given or left at any of the said quarterly feast-days by authority of parliament, for redemption of the cels, not being faid annuities by this act payable by the cashier of the bank, as aforefaid; and if payment after such notice given be made by parliament to the respective persons and corporations as shall be then entitled to the faid annuities, according to such respective intercally as they shall have in the said annuities, of any fum or fums of money, not being less than five hundred thoufand pounds to all the proprietors at a time in part of the respective principal sums for which the said annuities shall be payable, as aforefaid; as also if payment be made of all arrearages then due to them of the same annuities, or so much of those arrearages as shall bear a proportion to the principal monies, from time to time, remaining unfatisfied, being computed till the time of every such payment of part of the principal respectively, then from and after every such payment so made, so much of

Proviso for redemption of ties upon repayment of

the principal

general fund

on army de-

bentures of

this fession.

Another provilo for redemption upon payment of the principal by parless than 500,000l. at a time.

the faid authities as shall bear proportion to the monies to paid ign part of the faid principal, shall egge, determine and be abated: axy thing in this, or in any former act or acts of parliasment, or other matter or thing whatfoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXV. And it is hereby declared and enacted by the authozity aforesaid, That any vote or resolution of the house of commons, fignified by their speaker in writing, to be delivered at the publick office of the governor and company of the bank of England, shall be deemed and adjudged to be sufficient notice within the words and meaning of this act; any thing herein

contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXVI. And subcreas in and by an act of this session of partia. A resolution XXXVI. And uncereas in and by an act of twis segion of partial of the house of ment, for redeaming several funds of the governor and company of the commons, sigbank of England, (amongst other things) it is declared and enacted, nifed by their, That the excess or surplus, which at the end of every or any quarter of speaker, a saf-a year (seckoning the quarters to end at the four most usual feast-days scient notice. therein mentioned) shall and may be produced by the several rates, c. 3. f. i. duties, revenues and incomes thereby appropriated, or mentioned to be 3 Goo. 1. c. 8. appropriated as is therein expressed, and shall remain in the Exchequer i. 24. (over and above the money then due and demandable for or upon the several annuities, allowances, and other payments by that att payable, or any arrears of the some) shall extend to the disposition of parliament, and be applied according to all or alls of parliament, and not othersuife; and in and by another act of this session of parliament, for redeeming the yearly fund of the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas, and other parts of America, and for encouraging the fishery, (amongst other things) it is enacted, That if at any time or times, at the end of any quarter of a year (reckoning the quarters to end at the usual feasts therein also 3 Geo. 1. C. 7. mentioned) there shall be an excess or surplus of the monies brought into the Exchequer, of the rates, duties, impossions and revenues. and proportional parts of them, or any of them in that all mentioned, and such excess and surplus shall remain there over and above the money then or before that time grown due, by or in pursuance of that act, for fuch annual and other payments as are thereby prescribed, then and so often, and in every such sase, such excess or surplus shall, from time to time, attend the disposition of parliament, and be applied acsording to act or acts of parliament, and not otherwise: now it is hereby also enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the excess or furplus, which at the end of every or any quarter of a year, (reckoning the quarters to end at the four most usual seast-days before-mentioned) shall and may be produced by the customs, subfidies, impositions, additional and other duties, proportional parts of duties, and by the faid weekly and other payments by The excels on this prefent act appropriated or charged to make good the faid quarter to be general yearly fund of seven hundred twenty-four thousand eight disposeable by hundred forty-nine pounds six shillings and ten pence and one parliament. fifth part of a penny, in and by this act established or intended See 5 Geo. 1. to be established, as aforesaid, over and above so much as shall c. 3. s. 1. be sufficient to make good the same, and so much of the same

general

general yearly fund as at the end of any quarter of a year, at aforefaid, shall remain in the receipt of the Exchequer, over and above all the monies then due or payable, to discharge the faid leveral annuities and other payments by this act directed to be fatisfied out of the fame, and all arrears thereof (if any fuch be) shall likewise, from time to time, attend the disposition of parliament, and be applied according to act or acts of parliament, and not otherwise.

XXXVII. And be it enacted and declared by the authority

aforefaid. That all the monies to arise, from time to time, as well of or for the laid excels or furplus by virtue of the faid act made for redeeming the funds of the governor and company of the bank of England, and of or for the faid excels or furplus by virtue of the faid act made for redeeming the funds of the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to nies to be em- the South-Seas, and other parts of America, and for encouraging ployed for the the fishery, as also of and for the said excess or surplus of the said duties and revenues, by this act appropriated, as aforesaid, and the faid overplus monies of the faid general yearly fund by this act chablished or intended to be established, as aforesaid, shall be appropriated, referved and employed, to and for the discharging the principal and interest of such national debts and incumbrances as were incurred before the five and twentieth day of December one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and are declared to be national debts, and are provided for by act of parliament, in such manner and form as shall be directed or appointed by any future act or acts of parliament to be discharged therewith or out of the fame, and to and for none other use, intent or purpole whatloever.

in the twelfth year of the reign of his late majesty King Charles the Second, and the book of rates thereto annewed, and by other acts of parliament fince made and new in force, several duties are payable to bis Majesty, his beirs and successors, for and upon linseed imported; and it having been found by experience that these duties are a discouragement to the importation thereof, and that should they be disconti-22 Car. 2. C. 4. mued and taken off, the same would tend to the service of the woodlen and other manufactures, and to the improvement of tillage in this hingdom: be it further enacted by the authority aforefald, That from and after the first day of August one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, it shall and may be lawful to and for any person or persons to import linseed into this kingdom, without paying to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, any custom, subsidy or other duties for the same; any thing in the said act of tonnage and poundage, or any other act or acts of parliament to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

XXXVIII. And subcreas by the act of tonnage and poundage made

XXXIX. And whereas in and by the act of tennage and poundage, and the said book of rates, which all has been by several subsequent acts of partiament continued, and is now in force, a duty of fix pence is payable upon the exportation of every piece of linen cloth of British manufacture made of hemp or flax, fine or course, not exceeding forty

Overplus modischarging fuch national debts, incurred before 25 Dec. 1716, as shall be appointed by future acts. See 6 Geo. 1.

Linseed may be imported duty-free.

: Us (entept British-made fail-cloth, which by law is permitted to be experted daty-free:) and whereas the faid duty is a discouragement to the said manufacture which employs many thousands of the poor of thes kingdom; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, 12 Car. 2. C.4. That from and after the faid first day of August one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, it shall and may be lawful to and for any person or persons to export out of this kingdom, to parts beyond the seas, all forts of linen cloth of the manufacture of this kingdom, which shall be made of hemp or flax, whether fine or coarse, free of all duties payable to his Majesty, his heirs or successors; any thing in the said act of tonnage and proundage, or any other act, or any thing to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

XL. Provided always, and be it hereby further enacted, That British linear all drawbacks, allowances and abatements granted or enacted may be exto be made by any act or acts of parliament now in force, upon ported duty. or out of any duties upon any goods or merchandizes imported or exported, shall be and continue, and are hereby continued, until the duties on which such allowances, drawbacks or abatements are granted or enacted to be made, shall respectively cease

and determine.

all the monies lent to his Majesty at the receipt of Exche-backs, &c. to quer, upon credit of a vote or resolution of the house of commons, made and passed on or about the fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and fixteen, not exceeding six hundred thousand pounds, for the service of the publick, by sea or land, which loans, with the interest thereof, were appointed to be transferred to the register upon the act, intituled, An act for granting an aid to his Majesty by a land-tax in Great Britain, for propriating all the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, and the monies all other the monies lent and to be lent to his Majesty upon that granted this act, and so much money (if any such be) of the tax thereby session of pargranted, as shall arise and remain after all the loans made or to be made on that act, or thereby transferred, or directed to be transferred thereunto, and the interest thereof, and the charges thereby allowable for raising the said tax, shall be satisfied, or monies sufficient shall be reserved to discharge the same; and all the monies lent and to be lent to his Majesty upon an act of this selfion of parliament for continuing the duties on malt,

mum, cycler, and perry, for the service of the year one thous fand seven hundred and seventeen, and so much of the duties on malt, mum, cyder, and perry thereby granted or continued; as shall arise and remain (if any such be) after all the loans made or to be made on the same act, or thereby transferred, or

charge the fame, shall be appropriated and applied, and are hereby appropriated for or towards the several uses, intents and purposes herein expressed, subject nevertheless to such restric-

XLI. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That All draw-

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directed to be transferred thereunto, and the interest thereof, 3 Geo. r. c. 4.

and the charges thereby allowable for raising the same duties, shall be satisfied, or monies sufficient shall be reserved to dis-

tions as are herein after prescribed; that is to say, it is hereby enacted and declared. That out of all or any the aids or supplies provided, as aforefaid, there shall or may be issued and applied any fum or fums of money, not exceeding in the whole the fum of nine hundred forty-seven thousand five hundred and fixty pounds five shillings and three pence, for or towards the naval services following; that is to say, for or towards defraying the charges of the ordinary of his Majesty's navy, and for half-pay to sea-officers; and for or towards victual, wages, wear and teat of the navy, and victualling thereof, performed and to be performed; and for or towards sea-service in the office of ordnance performed and to be performed; and for and towards extraordinary works and repairs of his Majesty's navy, and furnishing such sea-stores as are necessary for the same, and other services of the navy and transports, performed and to be performed; and any fum not exceeding seventy-three thousand seventy-seven pounds nine shillings and three pence, for the

Ordinary of the navy.

charge of the office of ordnance, for or towards land-fervices performed and to be performed; and any fum or fums of money, not exceeding in the whole the fum of one million two hundred seventy-three thousand nine hundred and ten pounds nine shillings and fix pence, for or towards maintaining his Majesty's land-forces, and other services herein after expressed; that is to fay, for or towards maintaining guards, garrifons, and other his Majesty's land-forces in Great Britain, Jersey, and Office of ord- Guernsey, for the year one thousand seven hundred and seventeen; and for or towards maintaining his Majesty's forces and

nance. garrisons in his Majesty's plantations in America, for the year

Land forces.

one thousand seven hundred and seventeen; and for or towards maintaining his Majesty's forces and garrisons in Minerca, for the year one thousand seven hundred and seventeen; and for or towards maintaining his Majesty's forces and garrisons in Gibraltar, for the year one thousand seven hundred and seventeen; and for or towards half-pay, for the year one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, upon account, to the officers of the land-forces, and marines disbanded, being his Majesty's natural-born subjects, or naturalized; and for or towards the pay of invalids, from the twenty-fifth day of December one thoufand seven hundred and sixteen, to the twenty-fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and seventeen; and for or towards provisions for the garrison of Gibraltar, for the year one thousand seven hundred and seventeen; and for or towards completing the pay of fix battalions of foot, hired from the bishop of Munster and duke of Saxe-Gotha, to supply the place of fuch troops as, during the late rebellion, should be drawn from the garrisons of the States-General of the United Provinces to assist his Majesty, pursuant to the treaties in that behalf made with the said princes; and for or towards making up the full pay of the general officers with their aids de camp and majors of brigade, during the time they served in North Britain, and upon account of extraordinary forage, provisions, carriages, and **feveral** 

everal extraordinary expences of the forces in their march from tirling, and pursuit of the rebels into the Highlands, and the eighbouring islands; and for or towards replacing a sum of en thousand pounds issued out of the appropriated revenues of Vorth-Britain, to his grace the duke of Argyle, then general and ommander in chief of his Majesty's forces there, by his Majely's warrant, dated the eighth day of September one thousand even hundred and fifteen; and for or towards the pay of three ndependent companies in North Britain, from the twenty-fifth lay of December one thousand seven hundred and sixteen to the hirty-first day of March following, with the bounty-money ipon their disbanding; and for or towards the pay of one lieuenant, one enfign, five non-commissioned officers and forty private men, taken to reinforce the castle of Edinburgh, from he twenty fifth day of July one thousand seven hundred and ifteen to the fifteenth day of March one thousand seven hunired and fixteen, with the bounty-money upon their disbandng; and for or towards the sublistence of the rebel prisoners aken at Preston to the thirty-first day of December one thousand even hundred and fixteen, and for or towards their subsistence and contingent expences for the year one thousand seven hundred and seventeen; and for or towards the subsistence of the three hundred fifty-three rebel prisoners, sublisted by the magistrates of Glasgow to the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand seven hundred and fixteen; and for or towards half-pay to the officers of the late regiments of foot commanded by brigadier James Douglas and Sir James Wood, late in the service of the States-General, from the twenty-fifth of April one thousand seven Rebel prisonhundred and seventeen to the twenty-fourth of December fol- ers. lowing; and for answering other extraordinary services relating to his Majesty's land-forces; and any sum not exceeding two hundred and fifty thousand pounds, for enabling his Majesty to concert such measures with foreign princes and states, as may prevent any charge or apprehensions from the designs of Sweden for the future; and any fum not exceeding five thousand five hundred feventy-nine pounds fifteen shillings and three pence half-penny, to make good the losses and damages which his Majesty's subjects sustained by reason of the tumultuous and rebellious proceedings in several counties, which losses and damages are found by inquisitions taken upon commissions issued Treaties with out of his Majesty's Exchequer; and any sum not exceeding foreign prinone hundred fixty-fix thousand five hundred and two pounds cesfive shillings and seven pence three farthings, for or towards enabling the treasurer of the navy to make good the payments Losses by trawhich in the year ending at Christmas one thousand seven hun-muits. dred and seventeen, (if any) may be demanded of him, purfuant to any former act or acts of parliament for completing the funds of fix hundred and eight thousand pounds per annum. payable to the South-Sea company; and that the aids or supplies Funds of the provided as aforesaid, shall not be issued or applied to any use, south sea intent company.

intent or purpose whatsoever, other than towards the uses and

purpoles afore-mentioned.

XLII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That no appropriation, or other matter or thing in this act contained, shall obstruct or hinder any payment or payments which, by and in pursuance of an act made in the first year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for enlarging the capital flock and yearly fund of the South-Sea company; and for supplying thereby eight hundred twenty-two thousand thirty-two pounds star shillings and eight pence to publick uses; and for raising one hundred fixty-nine thousand pounds for the like uses, by sale of annuities with divers encouragements therein mentioned; and for appropriating several supplies granted to bis Majesty, are or shall be required and authorized to be made by the treasurer or paymaster of the navy for the time being, or by any other persons to be intrusted with the publick monies for the service of the navy, out of such publick monies, tallies, orders or parliamentary securities in their hands or power respectively, as are or shall thereby be charged or chargeable to make good any deficiency or deficiencies to the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas, and other parts of America, and for encouraging

the South-Sea company, 1 Geo. 1. stat. 2. C. 21.

Proviso for

and for the of accounts.

contained to the contrary notwithstanding. XLIII. Provided also, That such sums as by any other act of commissioners this session of parliament shall be payable to any commissioners for taking, examining and stating the debts due to the army, for their salaries, or for their clerks or other incident charges, shall and may be paid out of the aids or supplies aforesaid, or any of them; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

the fishery, or to their treasurer for their use; any thing herein

# CAP. X.

An act for the better collecting and levying the revenue of the tenths of the clergy.

HEREAS her late most gracious majesty Queen Anne, in her royal bounty to the poor clergy of the church of England, and pursuant to and by virtue of an act of parliament made in the stcond year of her Maiesty's reign, intituled, An act for making more effectual her Majesty's gracious intentions for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor clergy, by enabling her Majefly to grant in perpetuity the revenues of the first-fruits and tenths and also for enabling other persons to make grants for the same purpose, did in and by her letters patents under the great seal of England, bearing date the third day of November in the third year if her Majesty's reign, make, nominate, constitute and appoint the par-Jons therein named, to be one body politick and corporate, by the name of the governors of the bounty of Queen Anne for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor clergy, with fuch powers and authoritist as are therein mentioned and expressed; and did in and by the said letters patents give and grant unto the faid governors of the bounty of Queen

2 & 1 Ann. Č. 11.

Queen Anne for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor cler-, and their successors, all the revenues of the first-fruits and yearly Despetual tenths of all dignities, offices, benefices and promotions foirizeal what sever payable to ber. Majesty, her heirs and suspessors, by sirtue of any all or alls of parliament what foever, and all arrears of be said first-fruits and tenths (except as therein is excepted) to be applied and disposed of by the said governors thereby constituted to and For fuch ends, intents and purposes, as in and by the said letters patents are contained and directed: and whereas the laws now in force relating to the collection and payment of that part of the faid revenue, called the perpetual yearly tenths, are in some cases defessive, and in many in-Aances are found to be inconvenient and improper to be put in execution, by reason whereof her late Majesty's said gracious intentions canract so well and effectually be answered as they might be, if some new provisions and regulations were made and established for the more easy and expeditious levying and paying the said perpetual yearly tenths: for remedy therefore of such defects and inconveniencies, and to the end that the faid governors may be the better enabled to execute the trust in them reposed, and the poor clergy may, with greater case and advantage, receive the benefit of the said royal bounty; be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons in this present parliament assembled, and by authority of the same, That the most reverend the archbishops, and the The archright reverend the bishops of England, who by the statute made bishops and in the twenty fixth year of the reign of King Wayn the Finhah in the twenty fixth year of the reign of King Henry the Eighth, charged from intituled, The bill for the first-fruits, with the yearly pensions to the receiving the King, and by other subsequent statutes, are constituted and ap- perpetual pointed collectors of the said revenue of the perpetual yearly yearly tenths. tenths within their feveral dioceses respectively, and charged 26 H. S. c. 3. with the receipt and payment of such collection, and made accountable for the same, from and after the twenty sixth day of December last past, be, and each and every of them hereby is clearly exempted, acquitted and discharged of and from the levying, collecting and receiving within their and each of their proper and respective dioceses, the said perpetual yearly tenths from thenceforth accruing, of all dignities, offices, benefices and promotions spiritual, and of and from being chargeable with. and accountable for the receipt and collection of the same, by force or reason of any of the said statutes; the said statute of King Henry the Eighth, or any other statute to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That There shall be from and after the said twenty fixth day of December there shall one collector be one collector or receiver of the said perpetual yearly tenths of appointed, all dignities, offices, benefices and promotions spiritual whatsoever, granted to the faid corporation of the governors of the bounty of Queen Anne for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor clergy, by the faid first recited act and letters patents (which have not been legally discharged by any act or acts of parliament fince made, or otherwise) from time to time to be

who shall col- nominated and appointed, which said collector or receiver shall lect all money, he and is hereby charged and chargeable to levy, collect and rewherewith any to aim as faceby charged and chargeable to key, coact and adignity, &c. is coive, all fuch furns of money, wherewith all and every such dignities, offices, benefices and promotions spiritual, are charged chargeable, and pay the and chargeable for and towards the payment of the faid perpefame into the tual yearly tenths, and shall pay and content the said sums of Exchequer, money yearly unto the receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, in such manner and form as is herein after mention-

and shall be chargeable

office,

rity.

receive the and give acquittances.

He shall keep his office in London or Westminster.

birth of our Lord Christ and the last day of April yearly; of Notice of time which faid times and place due notice shall be given by the faid payment to be governors in the London Gazette yearly, by the space of one week and place of

with the same. receive of the said perpetual yearly tenths accordingly; and that fuch collector or receiver shall, from time to time, be nominat-He shall be appeal and appointed by his Majesty, his heirs and successors, by pointed by the his or their letters patents under the great seal of Great Britain; take an oath and that immediately after such nomination and appointment, for the due ex- and before he takes upon him the execution of his faid office,

ed; and every fuch collector and receiver, and his lands and tenements, shall be and stand charged and chargeable for the fure

and true payment of fuch fums of money as he shall collect and

ecution of his every such collector or receiver shall take his corporal oath for the due and faithful execution of his faid office before any leven or more of the governors aforefaid for the time being, in a general court of the faid corporation (who are hereby authorized and required to give and administer the said oath from time to and give secu-time accordingly;) and that every such collector or receiver shall likewise give security to the said corporation, or to such person or persons as they in their general court shall appoint, for his true and just accounting for, and payment of all and every sum

office, and for the due and faithful execution and discharge of his faid office, as the governors at a general court of the faid corporation at any time before his taking upon him the execution of the said office shall order, direct and appoint; and also that fuch collector or receiver of the faid perpetual yearly tenths The collector so appointed, as aforesaid, shall and may lawfully, and is here-impowered to so appointed, as aforesaid, shall and may lawfully, and is here-impowered to so appointed, as aforesaid, shall and may lawfully, and is here-impowered to so appointed, as aforesaid, shall and may lawfully, and is here-impowered to so appointed, as aforesaid, shall and may lawfully, and is here-impowered to so appointed, as aforesaid, shall and may lawfully, and is here-impowered to so appointed, as aforesaid, shall and may lawfully, and is here-impowered to so appointed, as aforesaid, shall and may lawfully, and is here-impowered to so appointed, as aforesaid, shall and may lawfully, and is here-impowered to so appointed, as aforesaid, shall and may lawfully, and is here-impowered to so appointed, as aforesaid, shall and may lawfully, and is here-impowered to so appointed to s by authorized and impowered to collect and receive the faid refaid revenue, venue, and to give acquittances under his hand to the several

and fums of money which he shall receive by virtue of the fail

and respective person or persons paying the same; whose acquittance or acquittances shall be a full and sufficient discharge to all persons paying the said perpetual yearly tenths, or any part thereof, for fo much as they shall respectively pay unto fuch collector or receiver (for every of which acquittances the fum of fix pence, and no more, shall be paid) which said collector or receiver shall keep his office in some convenient place within the cities of London or Westminster, and shall give attend-

ance for receipt of the faid perpetual yearly tenths at such time or times as the said governors of the bounty of Queen Anne for the augmentation of the maintenance of the poor clergy, in their court shall order, direct and appoint, between the feast of the

at least before the said feast-day, whereof every archbishop, given in the bishop and incumbent of any dignity, office, benefice or promotion factorial; is and shall be obliged to take notice, and to observe the same accordingly in the payment of his and their repective rates, shares and proportions of the faid perpetual yearly tenths, wherewith they or any of them shall be charged or chargeable, without any further notice to be given them by way of furnmons, demand, or otherwise; and in deraust thereof to Penalty for forfeit to the King's majesty, his heirs and successors, such sum failure of payof fummons, demand, or otherwife; and in default thereof to or furns of money as shall amount to double the value of the said ment.

tenths; and that every such collector or receiver shall make payments of the faid tenths, and shall pass his accounts for the How collector fame, at fuch time and times, and in such manner as the faid saccounts.

archbishops and bishops were ordered and directed in and by the 26 H. 8. c. 3. leveral acts of parliament made for that purpole in the twenty 32 H. 8. c. 47.

Eighth, and of the leventh year of the reign of King Edward

the Sixth,

1716.

III. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority afore- Archbishops, faid, That if any archbishop or bishop, or any incumbent of ing, the col-any dignity, office, benefice or promotion spiritual, or any other lector shall cerperson or persons, bodies politick or corporate, charged or tify it into the chargeable with the payment of the faid perpetual yearly tenth Exchequer, and be allowed. or tenths respectively, shall not pay or duly tender the same it on his acyearly, before the last day of April succeeding the feast of the counts. nativity of our Lord Christ, whereon the same shall become due, that upon certificate thereof made by the collector or receiver on or before the first day of June following, the said collector or receiver shall be allowed upon his account all fuch sums of money. as any archbishop, bishop or incumbent, or other against whom such certificate shall be made, should or ought to have paid; and that then in every such case, the treasurer, chancellor and barons of the King's Exchequer for the time being, shall devise, direct and issue upon every such certificate, such process out of the King's Exchequer, as to them shall seem proper and reason- Process to be able, against every such archbishop, bishop or incumbent, or stuck as make other against whom such certificate shall be made, his and their default in payexecutors or administrators, whereby such portion and part of ment. the faid yearly tenth, wherewith any fuch archbishop, bishop or incumbent, or other, is or shall be charged, and which shall be unpaid, as aforesaid, shall be truly levied, answered, satisfied and paid into the hands of the said collector or receiver; and all and every fum and fums of money so levied, answered and paid, the faid collector or receiver shall bring to account, and charge himself therewith, from time to time, in his next account after he shall have received the same.

IV. Provided always, and it is hereby declared, That nothing This act that in this act contained shall extend, or be taken or construed to not discharge any archexonerate or discharge any archbishop, bishop, or any other bishop, &c. for person or persons, before the making of this act liable to the col-monies unaclecting, accounting for, and answering the said perpetual year-counted for.

Vol. XIII. IJ

fixth and thirty second years of the reign of King Henry the 7 Ed. 6. c.4.

&c. not pay-

1716.

· [9]

Anno tertio Georg

The act 26 H. S. c.3. thall remain in force.

ly tenths, or any part thereof, for any fum or fums of money wherewith he or they were and are respectively charged or chargeable, and not duly answered and accounted for before the making of this act: and that the faid statute made in the faid twenty fixth year of the reign of the faid King Henry the Eighth, and all and every other laws, statutes and provisions, touching or concerning the imposing, charging, affelling and levying, and the true answering and payment of the first-fruits, and of the faid tenths, or touching the charge, discharge or alteration of them, or any of them, or any matter or thing relating thereinto, which were in force at the time of the making of this prefent act, and not hereby or herein before altered or repealed, full be, remain and continue in their full force and effect, and sail hereafter be observed and put in due execution, according to the tenor and purport of the same, and every of them, in all things, excepting such as are in and by this act altered or repealed.

This act shall not avoid any grant, &c.

V. Provided also, That this act, or any thing herein contineed, shall not extend to avoid or any way impeach or affect any grant, exchange, alienation, or incumbrance at any time heretofore made of or charged upon the said revenue of the perpetual yearly tenths, or any part thereof, but that the same and every of them during the continuance of such grant, exchange, alienation or incumbrance respectively, shall be and remain of and in the same force, virtue, and effect, as if this act had never been made.

CAP. XI.

THEREAS by an all made in the fifth year of the reign of

An all to explain and amend several laws therein mentioned, for the better preservation of the game.

5 Ann. 1. 4.

9 Ann. c. 25.

ber late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for the better preservation of the game, it is enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any lord or lady of his or her respective lords or manor, by writing under his or her hand and feal, to impower his or her game-keeper or game-keepers, upon his or her own lardship or manor to kill have, pheafant, partridge, or any other game whatfixed; which power of appointing several game-keepers in the same manit with power to kill game, was found by experience to tend very much to the destruction of the game of this kingdom: for the preventing whereof, by one other all of the ninth year of the reign of her fail late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for making the act of the fifth year of her Majesty's reign, for the better preservation of the game, perpetual, and for making the same more effectual, it was enacted, That no lord or lady of any manor shall make, conflitute, or appoint, above one person to be a game-keeper within on one manor, with power or authority to kill or destroy the game thereof; and that the name of such person so to be authorized to kill the game, shall, from time to time, be entred with the clerk of the peace of the county, riding, or division, wherein such manor does lie; which pour of appointing a game-keeper so to be entred, as aforesaid, was mani-

sefly designed to no other intent or purpose whatsoever, but that any lord or lady might appoint such person at he or she should think proper to kill the game upon his or her own lordship or manor, for the sole and proper use of the said lord or lady, such game-keeper being expressy restrained by the said first recited act from selling or disposing of any game to any person or persons whatseever, without the consent or knowledge of the said lord or lady of such manor or manors that had given such lower and authority as aforefaid: and whereas under colour and preence of the said power and authority to kill or take game for the use of be lords or ladies of any manor it is become usual and frequent in seve-'al parts of the kingdomy for lords and ladies of manors to grant powers ind deputations to the farmers, tenants, and occupiers of the lands and flates lying within the precincts of their respective manors, to be gamesupers, with power to kill and destroy the game; which practice is a very great abuse of the powers intended by the said acts to be granted. nd manifestly tends very much to the destruction of the game of this ingdom: for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the ords spiritual and temporal and commons in this present parliment affembled, and by the authority of the same, That from After July 10. and after the tenth day of July one thousand seven hundred and 1717. no lord eventeen, no lord or lady of any manor shall make, constitute, of a manor shall make, constitute, of a manor shall appoint r appoint any person to be a game-keeper, with power and au-any gamehority to take and kill hare, pheasant, partridge, or any other keeper with rame whatfoever, unless such person be qualified by the laws of power to kill his realm so to do, or unless such person be truly and properly the game, ex-fervant to the said lord or lady, or such person be immediate-qualified so to y employed and appointed to take and kill the game for the fole do, or be a le or benefit of the faid lord or lady, and not otherwise; and servant, &c. hat no lord or lady of any manor shall authorize or qualify any refon or persons whatsoever, not being qualified by the laws of his realm so to do, to take or kill any hare, pheasant, parridge, or other game whatsoever, or to keep or use any grey-nound, setting dogs, hays, lurchers, guns, tunnels, or any any greyother engine, to kill and destroy the game; and that any person hound, &c. or persons whatsoever, not being qualified by the laws so to do, or not being truly and properly a fervant of any lord or lady of manor, or not immediately employed and appointed to take Unqualified ind kill the game for the fole use or immediate benefit of the persons killaid lord or lady, who, under colour or pretence of any power ing the game hall be liable authority, deputation, or qualification to him granted by any to the forfeiord or lady of a manor, shall take or kill any hare, pheasant, tures in the Partridge, or other game whatfoever, or shall keep or use any recited acts. reyhounds, fetting-dogs, hays, lurchers, guns, tunnels, or any wher engine, to kill and destroy the game, being thereof legaly convicted, shall, for every such offence, incur such forfeiures, pains, and penalties, as are appointed to be inflicted by he said recited acts of the fifth and ninth years of the reign of he late Queen Anne; such forfeitures to be recovered by such neans, and in such manner and form, and within such time, und to fuch uses, as are prescribed by the said recited acts; any

E e 2

thing in the faid recited acts, or in any other law or flatute to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

The recited acts shall remain in force. 5 Ann. C.14. 9 Ann. C.25.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said recited acts of the sist and ninth years of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, and all other laws now in force for the better preservation of the game, and all matters, powers, and things therein contained, not hereby altered and repealed shall continue, remain, and be in full force.

#### CAP. XII.

An act to impower commissioners in commissions of bankrupts, issued for the four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and fix, and on or before the fix and twentieth day of June one thousand from hundred and fixteen, to make certificates for bankrupts; and the lord chancellor, lord keeper, commissioners of the great seal, or two judges, to consirm the same, notwithstanding the acts of the fourth and sisth, and the fifth of Queen same, are expired; and for continuing a clause in a forms act for adjusting accounts between bankrupts and their debtors.

Persons against whom commissions issued as aforesaid, and who have not nor shall not surrender themselves, &c. before December 25, 1717. shall set fer as selons. The clause in 4 Ann. c. 17. relating to the mutual cress between bankrupts and others, continued during seven years, and stown thence to the end of the next session of parliament. EXP. See 5 Geo.s. c. 30.

### CAP. XIII.

An act for the better regulating of pilots for conducting of fhips and vessels from Dover, Deal and the isle of Thance, up the rivers of Thames and Medway.

XTHEREAS there hath been time out of mind, and now in a very useful and well regulated society or fellowship of pilat of the Trinity-House of Dover, Deal and the ish of Thanet, whi have always had the sole piloting and load-manage of all slips and vestil from the said places up the rivers of Thames and Medway: and whereas by the usage and good rules and orders of the said society as ry person must appear at a court of load-manage, and be publicly use amined by some of the elder and more experienced members of the join fociety and fellowship, touching his skill and abilities in pilitally before be is to be admitted a member of the said society or sellowship, or ought to undertake the conducting and piloting any hip of vessel from the before-mentioned places up the said rivers, whereh & norant and dangerous persons have been prevented from undertaking such pilotage; and there hath been from time to time a sufficient num ber of safe and able pilots for the said rivers maintained and kept up and whereas notwithstanding the many and great advantages of the said society or fellowship to the publick, several unqualified persons have late taken upon them the piloting and conducting ships and vessely and from the places before-mentioned up the said rivers of Thank and Medway, who have not been admitted into the said society! fellowship, or undergone any examination of their abilities for such set vice, whereby the faid useful society or fellowship bath been much differ raged, and several ships and vessels, with their cargo and mariners, ball been lost or in the utmost danger und bazard: for remedy whereof

e it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That if any person or persons After Aug 1, hall, from and after the first day of August one thousand seven 1717, no per-nundred and seventeen, take upon him or themselves to con- any ship from luct or pilot any ship or vessel by or from Dover, Deal or the Dover, &c. sle of Thanet to any place or places in or upon the said rivers of unless he have Thames and Medway, before he or they shall be first examined, been examinis has been usual, by the master and wardens of the said socie- master, &c. of y or fellowship for the time being, touching his or their abili- Trinityies, and shall be approved and admitted into the said society or house, and be ellowship at a court of load-manage by the lord warden of the admitted into inque-ports for the time being or his deputy, and the faid ma-that fociety. ter and wardens for the time being, every such person or per- First offence ons shall for the first offence forfeit ten pounds, for the second to l. second twenty pounds, and for every other offence forty pounds, to be ry other 40l. fued for and recovered with full costs of fuit, by any person or persons, by suit or action to be brought in the court of admiraly for the cinque ports, in case such offender shall live and be ound within the jurisdiction of the said court, or else by action. of debt, bill, plaint or information in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, privilege, protection or wager of law shall be allowed, and no more than ane imparlance; which faid sum or sums of money so to be for-seited and recovered, shall go and be, as to one moiety thereof, nalty shall be to the informer, and as to the other moiety thereof, to be paid recovered and to and received by the master and wardens of the said society for disposed of. the time being, to be by them distributed to and amongst such superannuated pilots, and the widows of pilots of the said society, in like manner and proportion as the faid mafter and wardens for the time being shall think fit and appoint, and as heretofore hath been used and practifed by the said society.

II. Provided always, That this act shall not extend to prevent Masters, &c. or hinder the master or mate of any ship or vessel, or part-residing at Dover, &c. owner residing at Dover, Deal or the isle of Thanet, from con may pilottheir ducting or piloting his own ship or vessel from any of the places own ships, if aforesaid up the said rivers; nor subject any person or persons none of the (though not of the said society or fellowship) to the penalties a- society be reaforesaid, who shall be hired by any master to conduct or pilot his. thip or vessel from the said places, provided no one of the said. fociety or fellowship shall, within the space of one hour after such thip or vessel thall arrive at any of the said places, be ready

to conduct and pilot the same.

III. Provided always, That all masters of merchant-ships shall Masters of have liberty to make choice of fuch pilot of the faid fociety or merchantfellowship as he shall think fit; and that no person shall conti-ships may nue in the said society or fellowship, who shall not conduct their nue in the faid fociety or fellowship, who shall not conduct or pilots; and pilot a ship at least twice in any one year (unless prevented by members of fickness) to and from the places above-mentioned.

the fociety

IV. And finall pilot shipe twice a year.

Ec3

Prices of pilot-

IV. And for preventing any exorbitant demands from any pilot or pilots of the faid fociety for the conducting and piloting any thip or vettels from *Dover*, Deal or the ifte of Thenet to any places in or upon the faid rivers of Thames and Medwey, That the following and no greater or other prices thall be taken or demanded than what is or are herein after mentioned; viz. For every ship or vessel drawing seven foot water, the sum of three pounds ten shillings: for every ship or vessel drawing eight for water, the fum of four pounds: for every thip or veffel drawing nine foot water, the fum of four pounds ten shillings: for every ship or vessel drawing ten foot water, the sum of five pounds: for every ship or vessel drawing eleven foot water, the sum of five pounds ten shillings: for every ship or vessel drawing twelve foot water, the fum of fix pounds: for every thip or veffel daw ing thirteen foot water, the fum of fix pounds ten shillings: for every thip or vessel drawing fourteen foot water, the sum of leve pounds: for every thip or vessel drawing fifteen soot water, the fum of seven pounds ten shillings: for every thip or vessel draw ing fixteen foot water, the furn of eight pounds: and for every him or veffel drawing feventeen foot water, the fum of eight pound ten shillings; and no allowance to be made for odd inches.

Pilot losing a ship, incapacitated from acting as a pilot. To be 120 in number, and their names, &c. to be affixed, &c.

gently or carelesly lose the ship under his care, and be thered convicted by due course of law, he shall be for ever after such conviction incapacitated for acting as a pilot; and that the num ber of fuch pilots shall not be less than one hundred and twenty, whose names, ages and places of abode shall every five and twentieth day of March be affixed in some publick place at the custom-houses at London and Dover, to which all persons may have recourse at seasonable hours; and for neglect of not returning every such lift of pilots, the master and wardens of the said fociety shall forfeit ten pounds, to be recovered in the cinque

ports by any person who shall sue for the same.

. V. Provided also, That if any pilot as aforesaid shall negli-

The master, &c. to return fuch lift on pemalty of 10 l.

VI. And whereas divers ships and vessels in bad weather are small from their anchors and cables, and unreasonable sums of money demanded for salvage by such persons who take up and carry the said anthon and cables on shoar, before the owners can have such cables and mehr! restored to them, or elfe they must apply themselves to the admiralycourt at Dover; and fuch ships and vessels must either leave that cables and anchors behind them, or fuffer much more than the water thereof by being delayed in their voyage by the necessary forms of proceedings, should they slay to have the same determined in the said admirally-court: for remedy whereof, and for preventing the like inconveniencies for the future, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the nine and twentieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and seventeen the lord warden of the cinque ports for the time being fhall nomihow to be ad- nate and appoint, by an instrument under his hand and feal,

three or more substantial persons in each of the cinque ports,

two antient towns, and their members, to adjust and determine any difference relating to falvage, if any fuch shall arise between the master of any vessel and the person or persons bringing such

Differences concerning salvage of anchors, &c. justed.

able and anchor ashoar; which said persons the said lord warlen is hereby authorized and impowered, from time to time, to
cominate and appoint; and in case any ship or vessel shall be
orced from her cables and anchors by extremity of weather, and
eave the same in any roads within the jurisdiction of the cinquesorts, and the salvage cannot be adjusted between the persons
concerned, That then the same shall be determined within the To be deterpace of twelve hours by any one or more of the said persons mined in 12
ippointed as aforesaid; any custom or usage to the contrary in hours.

In wise not with sanding.

iny wife notwithstanding.

VII. Provided always, That this act shall not extend or be Not to hinder construed to hinder any person or persons from assisting any ship any from assor vessel in distress at any time, or subject such person or persons sitting ships in to the penalties of this act; any thing herein contained to the distress.

contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

1716.]

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Master, &c. That the master and such two wardens of the said society or fel-appointed to lowship for the time being, as shall be appointed to examine in-examine into to the skill and ability of any person or persons on their being the ability of sirst admitted as a pilot into the said society or fellowship, shall be said to the said society of the said society of the said court of load-manage for the time being or his deputy, who are hereby impowered to administer the same, viz.

A. B. do swear, That I will impartially examine and enquire into The oath, the capacity and skill of in the ert of piletage over the Flats and round the Long Sand Head, and the coasts of Flanders and Holland, and will make true and speedy return thereof to the lord warden of the cinque ports for the time being,

So help me God.

IX. Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted and de-Not to extend clared, That this act, or any thing herein contained, shall not to the corpo-extend or be construed to extend to the taking away, abridging, ration of Trihindring, prejudicing or impeaching of any grants, liberties, Deptford-franchises and privileges heretofore granted to and vested in the Strond. Strond corporation of the Trinity-House of Deptford-Strond; but that the said corporation shall hold and enjoy the same, as fully as they might have done in case this act had never been had or made; any thing in this act contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

er bis deputy, without fovour, affection, fee or reward:

X. And be it further enacted and declared by the authority Tobe taken as aforesaid, That this act shall be taken and allowed, in all courts a publick act; within this kingdom, as a publick act; and all judges and jufices are hereby required to take notice thereof as such, without

special pleading the same.

XI. Provided always, That this act shall continue in force Continuance for seven years, and from thence to the end of the next session of this act of parliament, and no longer. By 7 Geo. 1. stat. 1. c. 21. Fariter continuance since is given to the lord warden of the cinque ports, with the affent much by Carlot and the case of the cinque ports.

E c 4 9 8 Geo. 2. C. 21. 23 Geo. 2. C. 21.

of others in the faid all mentioned, to make orders for the government of pilots from Dover, &c.

#### CAP. XIV.

An att to continue an att of the first year of his Majest reign, intituled. An act for taking and stating the deba due and growing due to Scotland by way of equivalent in the terms of the union; and for relief of the creditors of the publick and the commissioners of the equivalent.

X7HEREAS the honour, justice and publick faith of Great

Britain are all concerned and engaged, That the agreements .Geo.1. flat.2. the all of union be faithfully and exactly observed and executed: whereas by an act of this present parliament, insituled, An act in taking and flating the debts due and growing due to Scalanib way of equivalent, in the terms of the union; and for relief the creditors of the publick in Scotland and the commissioners of the equivalent, his Majesty was impowered to nominate and appoint commissioners for taking, examining and stating the debts due and growing due to Scotland by way of equivalent; subich commissioners were vested with several powers, and directed to make up several account, as in the faid all is more fully expressed; and the commission and pouers thereby granted should continue in full force and virtue from the issuing thereof, for and during the space of one whole year, and till the end of the then next session of parliament; with several other clauses, and with this particular proviso, That none of the commissioners to be appoined pursuant to that aft, should incur any penalties, forfeiture, incapacity or disability what soever, for putting the soil ad it execution: and whereas the commissioners appointed by his Mujety pursuant to the said all have not hitherto, as appears by their report, brought to any final conclusion the several accounts by the faid all direcited to be made; partly because their precepts in some cases were not answered, and in others, not in such time as to be brought into their report; partly because of the great and many difficulties which attend separating and distinguishing between the debts incurred before the units, and the debts incurred for the service of the united kingdom; boil which have been without distinction provided for since the union: & it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That the powers given to his Majesty by the faid act for nominating and appointing commissioners for taking and stating the debts due and growing due to Scotland by way c equivalent, in the terms of the union, together with all the other powers, clauses and provisoes therein contained, shall be and are hereby continued, from and after the determination of the faid act, for and during the space of one whole year and to the end of the then next session of parliament.

The powers given to his Majesty by xGeo.1. stat.2. c. 27. continued for one year, &c.

> II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all officers, accountants and other persons whatsoever, who car

give any information relating to the said accounts and matters Officers, &c. in this and the former act contained, are hereby strictly enjoin-to observe ed and required to observe and execute such orders and direc-the commistions, as the faid commissioners appointed or to be appointed finers. by his Majesty as aforesaid, or any three or more of them, shall by writing under their hands direct and appoint touching the accounts by this and the former act appointed to be taken and stated.

III. And whereas by the faid recited att of the first year of his Ma- 1Geo. 1. Stat. 4. jesty's reign, it was enacted, That for relief of the creditors of the c. 27. publick in Scotland and of the commissioners of the equivalent, until the accounts in that all mentioned should be taken and stated according to the true meaning thereof, the lords commissioners of the treasury or lord high treasurer for the time being should and might, on or before the first day of November one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, issue their or his order or orders for the payment of a sum not exceeding fifteen thousand eight hundred twenty two pounds eight shillings and seven pence three farthings to the commissioners of the equivalent in Scotland, or any person or persons to be appointed by them, or any two of them, out of any monies that bad arifen or should arise by the therein mentioned revenues of customs and excises in Scotland, or either of them; which sum the commissioners of the equivalent were directed to apply for payment of one year's interest, viz. from the twenty third day of June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen to the twentyfourth of June one thousand seven hundred and sisteen, of the capital fum of two bundred thirty thousand three bundred and eight pounds. nine shillings and ten pence and five fixth parts of a penny, stated due to the said creditors of the publick in Scotland, and for the payment. of the falaries of the faid commissioners of the equivalent, and of the fees and salaries of their servants and necessary charges for the said year - and whereas the commissioners appointed by his Majesty pursuant to the all aforefaid have not hitherto brought the accounts thereby dirested to be taken and stated to any final conclusion, so as the interest of the publick debts of Scotland, which are legally certified, can be thereby put into a regular course of payment; and it being just, that the interest which has grown due on the said debts since the twenty third day of June one thousand seven bundred and sisteen, together with the charges of the commission of the equivalent in Scotland, should be in the mean time provided for: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the lords commissioners of the treasury or lord high treasurer for the time being shall and may, on or before the first day of September one thousand seven hundred and Before Sept. 10 seventeen, after paying or reserving sufficient to pay the civil 1717, the treaestablishment in Scotland, authorized by an act passed in the sury, after tenth year of the reign of her late majefly Queen Anne, intituled, paying the ci-An act for laying additional duties on hides and fkins, vellum and parch- ment in Scotment, and new duties on flarch, coffee, tea, drugs, gilt and filver wire, land, authoand policies of insurance, to secure a yearly fund for satisfaction of or- rized by 10 ders to the contributors of a further sum of one million eight bundred Ann. c. 26. thousand pounds towards her Majesty's supply; and for the better securing the duties on candles; and for obvioting doubts concerning certain payments in Scotland; and for suppressing unlawful letteries and

other

other devices of the same kind; and concerning cake-sope; and for re-

may iffue orders for payment of 31,565 l. 28. 5 d. 2 q. to the commissioners, &c. out of the customs and excise in Scotland.

plied.

lief of Mary Ravenall in relation to an annuity of sighteen ponds per annum; and concerning prize cocea nuts brought from America; and certain tickets which were intended to be subscribed into the fluk of the South-Sea company; and for appropriating the monies granted in this session of parliament, iffue their or his order or orders for the payment of a fum not exceeding thirty one thousand five hundred fixty five pounds two shillings and five pence half-penny to the commissioners of the equivalent in Scotland, or my person or persons to be appointed by them, or any three or more of them, out of the monies arisen or to arise out of any the cufloms, duties, excises or revenues, under the management of the commissioners of the customs and commissioners of the excife in Scotland, or either of them; which sum of thirty one thousand five hundred fixty five pounds two shillings and five How to be ap- pence half-penny shall be applied, and the said commissioners of equivalent are hereby directed and required to apply the same for the payment of two years interest of the capital sum of two hundred thirty thousand three hundred and eight pounds nine shillings ten pence and five fix parts of a penny, stated due to the creditors of the publick in Scotland, by an act of the twelfih year of her late Majesty's reign; and of eighteen thousand two hundred forty one pounds ten shillings ten pence and two third parts of a penny, stated due to William Paterson, esq; by an act of the first year of his Majesty's reign, from the twenty third of Tune one thousand seven hundred and fifteen to the twenty fourth of June one thousand seven hundred and seventeen; and for payment of the falaries of the commissioners of the equivalent, and of the fees and falaries of their fervants and the necessary charges of the office for the faid two years; which fum so to be advanced to the faid commissioners of the equivalent for the purposes aforesaid shall be brought into the accounts and charged upon the monies due and growing due to Scotland by way of equivalent, in the terms of the union.

IV. And whereas several difficulties have arisen in receiving the No debenture interest on equivalent debentures, and other ways, by arrestments laid on them in the hands of the commissioners of equivalent in Scotland, to the great venation of the proprietors: for removing thereof, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no debentures, or the interest thereon, shall be liable to be stopped on account of any arrestment or attachment that shall be laid on them in the hands of the said commissioners, from and after the first day of August one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, or otherwise

howfoever.

The commisfioners may retain 14,000 l. to be applied for the encouragement of the manufacture of coarse wool.

shall be stop-

ped on account of any

arrestment laid on them

in the com-

Aug. 1, 1717.

miffioners hands, after

> V. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the commissioners of the equivalent for Scotland for the time being shall, and they are hereby authorized and impowered to secure and retain in their hands the sum of sourteen thoufand pounds sterling, appointed by the fifteenth article of the union, for the encouragement of the manufacture of coarse wool in such shires as the same is or shall be produced, which **[aid**

said sum of fourteen thousand pounds, and every part thereof, shall be applied for the benefit of the said manufacture and the wool-mafters, and to no other use or purpose whatsoever; any law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

## CAP. XV.

An all for the better regulating the office of sheriffs, and for ascertaining their fees, and the fees for suing out their patents, and passing their accounts.

OR the greater ease of sheriffs in the execution of their offices, and paffing their accounts, be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by authority of the same, That the several officers of his Majesty's high court of chancery, court of Exchequer, and the several auditors and receivers of the revenue of the crown in Wales, and their respective substitutes, deputies, agents, clerks, and all other officers and persons whatsoever, having and claiming any secor reward whatso- Clerks and ofover to be dugand payable to him or them from any sheriff, depu- ficers concernty-sheriff, or under-sheriff, of any county in England or Wales, for ed in passing making out his or their patents or commissions, or the Dedimus for their fwearing them into their office, or for entring their recogniaccounts, zance or fecurity, or for writing out and return of their process, or for their appolals, or casting out of court, or for passing their accounts, or for making their Quietus, or for any other matter or thing whatfoever touching or concerning their theriffalty, may from and after the first day of Michaelmas-Term in the year of after the first our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, severally elmas-Term, and respectively, for themselves and the persons for whom they 1717, act or officiate, receive and take for their pains and fervice in the matters aforefaid, the several sees or sums of money in the schedule or list hereaster mentioned and specified; all which fees in the said schedule mentioned the said several and respect to take only tive officers, deputies, clerks, and other persons may claim, the sees specitake and receive, from time to time, and shall not demand, fed in the take or receive any other or greater fee or reward whatfoever in schedule hereany wife touching or concerning the premises in the faid sche-tioned, dule mentioned, or any other matter or thing relating to the patent or swearing of any theriff, or to the passing of his accounts; and if any person shall offend herein, such person shall forfeit to the party aggrieved five pounds, and treble the fum by him tak- on forfeiture en over above the just fees mentioned in the said schedule, to- of 51. and gether with his treble costs; all which shall be ordered, award- treble the sum ed and given to the party aggrieved, by the court of Exchequer, taken, to be upon complaint and proof of such offence made and exhibited complaint, by before the barons of the faid court, in fuch short and summary the Exchequer way and method as to them shall seem meet.

II. And whereas the profers payable by the sheriffs of the several way. counties of England, into the receipt of the Exchequer at Easter and Michaelmas yearly, remain the same at this day that they anciently were, although many of the rents and certainties out of which the faid

in a fummary

pay-

order clerks the Exchequer, &c.

payments arise, have of late years been alienated from the crown; be be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the lord The lord trea- high treasurer of Great Britain, or commissioners of the treasury furer, &c. may for the time being, the chancellor and chief baron of his Majeand officers of fty's court of Exchequer, and the rest of the barons of that court, or any two or more of them, shall and may, from time to time, at the request of any sheriff or sheriffs, or as often as they shall think fit, call before them the remembrancer in the court of Exchequer, commonly called the treasurer's remenbrancer, and the clerk of the pipe, or their deputies, secondaries, and such other officers as they shall think fit, and shall cause the faid officers or some of them, to bring before them an acrents and cer-count or particular of all the rents and certainties written out yearly in processes to the sheriff of each respective county in Eng-

particular of tainties, yearly fet in pro-

to give in a

and reduce ſame,

lord treasurer's, or the commissioners of the treasury's rememcord: brancer, and clerk of the pipe, some time before the last day of

ineriff.

Sheriffs levy-(except postfines)

ist rool, and 6 d. for every 20s. above that fum;

by Fi. fa. and

cess to theriffs, land to levy for the crown; and upon due examination and confideration thereof had, are hereby impowered and required, from time to time, to alter, diminish, reduce or establish the several and settle the sums wherewith the said sheriffs stand or shall stand chargeable on the rolls of profers in the faid court of Exchequer, to such reasonable and moderate sums as to them shall seem just and reasonable, with regard to the amount or value of the rents in with regard to each county respectively; and that orders of the court of Exthe rents; and chequer be drawn up pursuant thereunto, and entered upon reentered on re- cord in the several offices of his Majesty's remembrancer, the

time, the fum and fums of money to reduced, afcertained and and the rents fettled, shall be deemed and taken to be the profers of each reso settled to be spective county, and the rolls of profers, from time to time, the profets of shall be made conformable thereunto; and the said sum and each county; payable by the fums fo reduced, ascertained and settled, as aforesaid, and no other, shall be paid by the said respective sheriffs for their profers, at the days and times, and in the manner formerly used for profers.

Michaelmas-Term then next following; and that, from time to

III. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from ing debts, &c. and after the ninth day of July in the year of our Lord one thoufand seven hundred and seventeen, all sheriffs who shall levy any debts, duties or fums of money whatfoever, except post-fines, due or hereafter to become due to the King's majesty, his heirs or fuccessors, by process to them directed upon the summons of the pipe or green wax, or by Levari Facias, out of the court of Exchequer, shall from time to time, for their care, pains and charges, and for their encouragement therein, have an allowto have 18. per ance upon their accounts of twelve pence out of every twenpound for the ty shillings for any sum not exceeding one hundred pounds so

by them levied or collected; and the fum of fix pence only for every twenty shillings over and above the first one hundred pounds; and for all debts, duties and sums of money, except post-fines, due or to become due to his Majesty, his heirs and

and on process successors, by process on Fieri facias, and extent, issuing out of any any of the offices of the court of Exchequer, the fum of one extent; to shilling and fix pence out of every twenty shillings, for any sum have 1 s. 6 d. per pound for not exceeding one hundred pounds so by them levied or collect- the aft 1001. ed; and the sum of twelve pence only for every twenty shillings and is perover and above the first one hundred pounds: provided always pound above. fuch sheriff shall duly answer the same upon his account by the Provided he general sealing day of such term in which he ought to be dis-answer the missed the court, or in such time to which he shall have a day same on his granted to finish his said accounts, by warrant signed by the lord account. chief baron, or one of the barons of the coif of the faid court for the time being, and not otherwise.

IV. And whereas by virtue of an all made in the fourth and fifth 4 & 5 W. & M. years of the reign of their late majesties King William and Queen C. 8. Mary, for encouraging the apprehending of highwaymen; and of one other act made in the sixth and seventh years of his said late majesty King William the Third, to prevent counterfeiting, and clipping the 6 & 7W. & M. coin of this kingdom; and of one other act made in the fifth year of c. 17. ber late majesty Queen Anne, for encouraging the apprehending of Ann. C. 31. bouse-breakers, the respective sheriffs of England and Wales are obliged to pay the several rewards of forty pounds, as in those atts is directed upon the convictions of highwaymen, clippers, coiners or housebreakers, to such person or persons who shall bring to such sheriff a certificate under the hand of the judge or justices before whom such offenders were convicted, directing payment thereof, under the penalty of forfeiting to the party entitled thereunto double the sum so certified, with treble costs of fuit; which said reward of forty pounds being fo paid, as aforesaid, is by the said several acts ordered to be allowed to the such sheriff upon his account; and if there should not be remaining in the hands of Juch sheriff, monies sufficient for that purpose, that in such case the surplusage occasioned thereby, should be repaid to such sheriff by the lord high treasurer, or the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, out of the revenue of the crown, upon certificate thereof from the clerk of the pipe, or by the auditor of Wales, as by the said After 9 July respective alls may more at large appear: and whereas since the mak-1717. theriff ing of the said acts, it hath been found, that many sheriffs have been charge money put under great difficulties and inconveniencies thereby, not only by rea- for appreson of paying down great sums of money for the rewards aforesaid, hending highbefore the publick revenue writ out to them in process could be levied waymen, or or collected by them, but also by reason that such sheriff cannot have a coiners, &cc. or house-breakcertificate of his surplusage from the clerk of the pipe, or the auditor ers; but may of Wales, until he bath fully finished his account, and he dismissed the on the judge's court, by which means the sheriff is kept a long time out of his money certificate of fo disbursed for the rewards aforesaid: be it therefore enacted by and receipt of the authority aforefaid, That no sheriff shall be obliged to bring the party enor charge in his accounts any fum or fums of money to be paid titled to the for the rewards abovementioned, or any of them, from and af-reward, apply ter the ninth day of July one thousand seven hundred and seven-treasurer, &c. teen, but shall and may immediately apply for the same to the lord high treasurer of Great Britain, or commissioners of the treasury for the time being, who upon inspecting a due certificate of the conviction of such offender or offenders, for which

who shall pay him the fums disbursed without fee.

No theriff shall be attached, counts, &c. but by writ or by warrant of a baron, wherein fuch

No clerk, &c. of the fees, to make out, tus, on penal-ty of fuch fatisfaction as the barons **Thall** order in a fummary way.

No theriff in fter, &c ) who shall be in surplusage by any disburse-

fuch reward shall be ordered to be paid, as aforesaid, by virtue of the faid acts, or any of them, together with the receipts or acquittances of the parties entitled to receive the same, shall forthwith repay to such sheriff or sheriffs respectively, all such monies so disbursed and paid, as aforesaid, without any fee or reward whatfoever; any thing in the aforefaid acts, or any of them. contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

V. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That no sheriff or under-sheriff shall be attached or taken into custody by any &c. for not fi- officer of the court of Exchequer, or other person whatsoever, nithing his ac- for not being apposed upon any writ or process, for not finishing his accounts in due time, or for any contempt or neglect whatunder the Ex. soever relating to his accounts, but by writ under the seal of the chequer-feal, faid court of Exchequer, or by warrant for that purpose to be figned by the lord chief baron, or one of the barons of the coif of the faid court of Exchequer for the time being, to be executtheriff's name ed by the marshal of the said court, or his deputy; in which and his offence warrant the name of such sheriff or under-sheriff shall be partito be inferted. cularly inferted, and his offence particularly specified and expreffed.

VI. And for preventing delays and unnecessary attendance of concerned in sheriffs in passing their accounts, be it enacted by the authority passing theriffs aforesaid, That from and after the first day of Michaelmas-Terms accounts, shall in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sevenfame, or pre- teen, if any officer, clerk or other person concerned in or about vent his being the passing of sheriffs accounts, shall wilfully retard or hinder appoled, &c. any theriff in the passing of his accounts, or by his wilful negnor after pay- lect of absence, or by other undue means or ways, prevent any ment or tender sheriff from being apposed or cast out of court in due time, or shall refuse, &c. after payment or tender of his of their due fees herein ascertained, shall refuse or neglect to inrol, make out, sign and deliver &c. his Quie- his Quietus in due time, in every such case the person so offending shall make such recompence and satisfaction to the party aggrieved as shall be adjudged, ordered or decreed by the barons of the court of Exchequer, upon complaint thereof made and exhibited before them, in such short and summary way and method as to them shall seem meet.

VII. And whereas it frequently happens that a sheriff may disburse England, (ex- more money for the service of the crown than his whole charge amountcept for Che- eth unto by reason whereof such shoriff must necessarile be in females. eth unto, by reason whereof such sheriff must necessarily be in surplusage upon his account: and whereas such surplusage cannot be obtained by the usual course of the Exchequer, but by record of surplusage, which is very dilatory and expensive to the sheriff: be it therefore enacted ments for the by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the first day of King's service, Michaelmas-Term aforesaid, if any sheriff of any county in Eng-(except the re-land, (except the counties palatine of Chefter, Durham and Lanted by the acts caster, and the several counties of Wales, which do not pass their fupra) shall be accounts before the clerk of the pipe) shall happen to be in surobliged to take out a record of plusage upon his account, by reason of any disbursements what-such surplus soever by him made for the service of his Majesty, his heirs or age, but may successors (other than for the rewards of forty pounds severally

and

pipe, or his deputy.

and respectively allowed and given by virtue of the several acts apply to the herein before-mentioned, to such persons as shall apprehend a lord treasurer, clipper, coiner, highwayman or house-breaker) such theriff the same on shall not be obliged to take out a record of surplusage for the producing the fame, but shall and may apply to the lord high treasurer of clerk of the Great Britain, or to the commissioners of the treasury for the pipe's certifitime being, for the payment of such surplusage, who are hereby required and authorized to pay the same upon the sheriff's producing a certificate of fuch furplulage from the clerk of the

VIII. And whereas great inconveniencies have arisen by the death of Sheriff dying sheriffs, during the time of their sheriffalty: be it enacted by the before his ofauthority aforesaid, That if any high-sheriff of any county of his under she-England or Wales shall happen to die before the expiration or de-riff shall exetermination of his year, or before he be lawfully superseded, in cute the same fuch case the under-sheriff or deputy-sheriff by him appointed in the deceasfuch case the under-inerin or deputy-unerin by min appointed ed sheriff's shall nevertheless continue in his office, and shall execute the name till a same, and all things belonging thereunto, in the name of the new theriff be said deceased sheriff, until another sheriff be appointed for the sworn, and be faid county and sworn, in manner as is herein after directed; and answerable for the faid under-sheriff or deputy-sheriff shall be answerable for the execution thereof as the the execution of the faid office in all things, and to all respects, deceased intents and purposes whatsoever, during such interval as the should have high-sheriff so deceased would by law have been if he had been been; and the living; and the security given to the high-sheriff so deceased by security given by the underthe faid under-sheriff, and his pledges, shall stand, remain, and sheriff is to be a fecurity to the King, his heirs and successors, and to all continue. persons whatsoever, for such under-sheriff's due persormance of his office during fuch interval.

IX. And whereas it frequently happens that the process issuing out of the court of Exchequer, for levying debts and duties due to the crown, may be in part executed by a sheriff before he be superseded, and afterwards in part by the subsequent sheriff, and no provision bath hitherto been made for settling and adjusting the distribution of the fees and poundage claimed and demanded by them in such cases: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That when and When a theriff so often as any sheriff shall, by process out of the court of Ex-seizes goods, chequer, seize or extend any goods, chattels or personal estate, &c. for the into the hands of his Majesty, his heirs or successors, for any and dies, or is debts or duties due to the crown, and shall die, or be supersed-superseded beed, before a writ of Venditioni Exponas be awarded to him for fore sale; and sale of the same, or before such sheriff hath made actual sale the subsequent thereof, and a writ shall afterwards be awarded to a subsequent sale, &c. theriff, who by virtue thereof shall make fale or disposition of The Exchefuch goods, chattels and personal estate so seised or extended by quer may apfuch preceding sheriff, as aforesaid, in such case the barons of portion the the court of Exchequer, if then fitting, and if not fitting, the between the faid barons, or any one of them, being of the degree of the coif, precedent and shall order, settle and apportion the sees or poundage due for the subsequent fuch seizure and sale betwixt such preceding and subsequent she-therist. riffs, in such manner and proportions as to him or them shall

feem

· feem meet; with regard to the expense and tremble each respective sheriff hath had or shall have in the execution of the said proceis.

X. And whereas the office of under theriff, and other affices and places in the disposal of the high-sheriff, have of late years been frequently fold, and let to farm, contrary to the several statutes heretofore made for restraining sheriffs from such practices, and contrary to the oath and duty of a sheriff, whereby many and great incomveniencies have bappened to the subjects of this realm by the appressions and exactions of under-speriffs, bailiffs, and other officers concerned in the execution of the King's process: for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid. That from and after the shall buy, &c. said twenty ninth day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, it shall not be lawful to or for any person or persons whatsoever, to buy, sell, let, or take to farm, the office of under-sheriff, deputy-sheriff, sealkeeper, county-clerk, shire-clerk, gaoler, bailiff, or any other office or place pertaining to the office of high-theriff of any county or thire in England or Wales, or to contract for, promife, or grant for money, or other reward or benefit, the faid offices or places, or any of them; nor to give, take, promise or receive

After Sept.29, 2717, none the office of under-sheriff,

on forfeiture of sool. one half to the King, the other to the profecutor; to be recovered Westminster.

Profecution within two years.

Nothing aute shall hinder a high-sheriff from appointing an underan under-sheriff acting as hìgh-fheriff on his death, &c. from appointing a deputy, nor from tak ing the fees, &c. nor difcharge such under-sheriff, &c. from accounting for fees, &c. nor hinder the sheriff from al-

any other confideration whatfoever for the faid offices, or any of them, directly or indirectly by themselves, or any person in trust for them, or for their use; and whosoever shall offend therein shall forfeit the sum of five hundred pounds, a moiety whereof to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other moiety thereof to such person or persons as shall sue for the in any court at same, to be recovered by action of debt, bill, plaint or information in any of the courts of record at Westminster, in which no essoin, protection or wager of law shall be allowed, nor any more than one imparlance; provided, That such suit be commenced within two years after such offence committed, and not otherwise. XI. Provided, That nothing in this act before contained shall any ways hinder or prevent such high sheriff from constituting and appointing an under-sheriff or deputy-sheriff to act in his stead, as by law he may and ought to do; nor to hinder the

theriff, &c. nor under-sheriff in case of the high-sheriff's death, when he acts as high-sheriff, from constituting or appointing a deputy, which he is hereby impowered to do; nor to hinder, prevent or abridge such sheriff or under-sheriff, from demanding, taking or receiving the just and lawful fees and perquisites of the office of theriff, or any place or employment pertaining thereunto, or for taking security for the due answering the same; nor to discharge, hinder or prevent such under-sheriff, deputy-sheriff, seal-keeper, county-clerk, shire-clerk, gaoler, bailiff or other person, having or executing any place or office under fuch sheriff, from accounting to the high-sheriff for all such just and lawful fees and perquifites as shall by them, or any of them, be taken and: received in their respective offices, places or imployments, nor for giving security so to do; nor to hinder or prevent the high-**Cheriff** 

riff from allowing or fecuring fuch falary or recompence to his lowing falaries der-sheriff, deputy-sheriff, seal-keeper, county-clerk, shire-sheriff, &c. nor rk, gaoler, bailiff or other officer, for the execution of the said the under she. ices, places or imployments, or any of them, as to him shall riff, &c. from m meet; nor to hinder or prevent the under-sheriff, deputy- receiving the riff, feal-keeper, or other officer or person aforementioned, same. m taking and receiving fuch falary and recompence for his their pains and services therein.

XII. And for the more effectual enforcing and obliging the respece clerks of affixes, clerks of the peace, clerks of the commissioners of iers, clerks of the market, town-clerks, or other persons to whom it b or may belong to make returns of estreats into the court of Exquer, to make out and deliver their respective estreats, duplicates, tificates and schedules in due time, so that the sheriff may not be dered or retarded in the passing his account for want of the said eats according to the direction, purport and intent of an act made the two and twentieth and three and twentieth years of the reign his late majesty King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for : better and more certain recovery of fines and forfeitures e to his Majesty, and made perpetual by an act made in the Besides the rth and fifth years of the reign of their late majesties King William penalties in i Queen Mary; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the acts of 22 er and above the penalties mentioned in the faid acts, or ei- & 23 Car. 2. er of them, it shall and may be lawful to and for the barons perpetual by the court of Exchequer, from time to time, to amerce such 4 & 5 W. & rk of the affize, clerk of the peace, clerk of the commissioners M. c. 24. f. 4fewers, clerk of the market, town clerk, or other person, to may amerce som it doth or may belong to make returns of estreats into clerks of the e said court of Exchequer, as aforesaid, for refusing, neglect- affizes, &c. 5, or omitting to perform and do his or their duty in returning for refusing, aid estreats, at the times and according to the direction estreats into rport and intent of the said two acts, and to cause the said the Exchequer terciaments to be levied and answered by such ways and means, and may cause d in such manner as other amerciaments set in the said court such amercely or have been used to be done.

XIII. And for preventing of oppressions and injuries which may open to his Majesty's subjects, by the abuse of skeriffs, bailiffs, and No sheriff or ers, imployed in levying and collecting any debts, duties or sums of other employney, due or bereafter to become due to his Majesty, his heirs or &c. debts to ceffors, by process of the court of Exchequer: be it enacted by the the crown thority aforesaid, That no sheriff, under-sheriff, bailiff, or shall take any her person imployed in levying or collecting any of the said fee for levybts, duties or fums of money, shall take, ask, or receive any , gratuity, or reward whatfoever, of the person or persons ble to pay the faid debts, duties, or fums of money, or of except 4d. onother person, for or upon pretence of such levying or col- ly for an acting, except the fum of four pence only for an acquittance quittance. fuch furn as shall be so levied or collected; which acquitice fuch officer is hereby required to give and deliver to the fon upon or from whom such debt shall be levied, collected received; and the bailiff or other person receiving such debt

fum of money shall, from time to time, answer and account

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ments to be levied as ufual.

And the bal- for the same to the sheriff or his deputy, and may require an acliff,&c.receiv- quittance also from such theriff or his deputy for such hum, who are ing such debt hereby required to give the same without any fee or reward; shall account and of and from such debts or sums of money so levied, coltor the fame to the theriff, lected or received as aforefaid, the faid theriffs, and every of &c. and may them, shall effectually discharge the said debtors and persons require an acrespectively by totting and answering the same to his Majesty, quittance his heirs and successors, upon their respective accounts in the without fee. Exchequer: and in case any sheriff, under-sheriff or deputy-And the sheriff is to antheriff shall nichil or not duly answer to the crown any debt or fwer it on his fum of money so levied, collected or received, such theriff, unaccounts in der-sheriff or deputy-sheriff for every such offence shall forieit the Exchetreble damages to the party aggrieved, and double the fum to quer. If a sheriff, nichilled or not duly answered as aforesaid; which said damages &c. shall niand penalty shall be ordered, decreed and given to the person chil, &c. fuch aggrieved by the court of Exchequer, upon complaint and proof debts collected &c.he for- of fuch abuse as aforesaid made and exhibited before the barons feits trebleda- of the said court, in such short and summary way and method, mages to the as to them shall seem meet: and in case any sheriff, underdouble the theriff, deputy-sheriff, bailiff or other person shall presume to fum to nichil- demand, take or receive any fum or fums of money whatfoever, led. be the same more or less, of any person whatsoever, from whom The penalty any debt or fum of money is or shall be due and payable to the to be ordered crown by process out of the court of Exchequer, for or in reby the Exchespect or upon pretence of executing the said process, or for or in quer in a respect or upon pretence of sees due to them, or any of them, for fummary way. collecting or receiving the fame, contrary to the true intent and And if a themeaning of this act; or if any of the officers or persons aforeriff, &c. desaid shall demand, take and receive any sum or sums of money mands or takes any mo- what soever for not levying or for bearing to levy any debts, duries ney for exeor fums of money, which are or shall be due to his Majesty, cuting fuch his heirs and successors, and written out to them, or any of process or them by the process aforesaid; in all and every such case every as fees, for person so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall collecting fuch debts, be adjudged, deemed and taken, and is and are hereby ad-&c. or for not judged, deemed and taken to be guilty of extortion, injustice levying, &c. he is guilty of and oppression; and all and every such person and persons being thereof lawfully convicted, shall forfeit for every such offence extortion ( and forfeits treble damages and costs to the party aggrieved, and double the treble 🗗 afum so extorted: all which damages and penalties shall be ormages, &c. dered, decreed and given by the barons of the court of Excheto the party quer upon complaint and proof of such extortion made and exgrieved, and double the : hibited before them, in such short and summary way and mefum extorted, thod, as to them shall seem meet as aforesaid; provided such to be ordered conviction be had and made within two years after fuch offence as above. committed, and not otherwise. if conviction be within two years after fuch offence.

But the fhefuch poundage, &c. as given by this

XIV. Provided, That nothing in this act contained shall be riff may take construed to deprive any sheriff of such poundage or allowance as is allowed and given to them by virtue of this act, or of such poundage, allowance or reward as may hereafter be made, allowed and given to them, or any of them, by warrant or order

rom the lord high treasurer or commissioners of the treasury, act, or by warchancellor of the Exchequer or barons of the court of Exche-treasury, &c. juer for the time being, for or in respect of any extraordinary for any extraervice to the crown that may happen to be performed by them, ordinary feror any of them: but that the faid sheriffs shall and may enjoy vice to the he full benefit and advantage of fuch poundage, allowance and crown. eward without any impeachment or molefization whatfoever a ny thing in this act contained to the contrary thereof in any vile notwithstanding.

XV. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That for costs, &cc. rhatever orders or decrees shall be made by the barons of the ordered by ourt of Exchequer for costs, damages and penalties in the cases this act, in a fore-mentioned, or any of them, or in any other case in this summary way ct hereafter mentioned, by virtue and in pursuance of this act, same force, i fuch short and summary way and method as is herein before &c. as other. irected and prescribed, shall have the same effect, force and orders of the irtue, to all intents and purposes, as any other order or decree Exchequer. f the same court; and the said costs, damages and penalties costs, &c. shall vall be raised, levied and obtained by such process, ways and be raised, &c. nethods, as are used in the said court to enforce a compliance by such pro-

rith any other orders or decrees of the same court.

XVI. And for ascertaining the fees for executing of writs of No sheriff, &c. legit, so far as the same relate to the extending of real estates, shall for exend for ascertaining the fees for executing of writs of Habers cuting an Hab. id. That from and after the last day of Michaelman term in &c take aud, That from and after the last day of Michaelmas-term in bove is per he year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seven-pound of the en it shall not be lawful for any sheriff, under-sheriff, deputy- yearly value eriff or their bailiffs, or for the bailiff of any franchise or li- of any manor, erty, or any of them, by reason or colour of their office or of-whole exceeds ces, or by reason or colour of their executing of any writ or not 100 l. per rits of Habere facias Possessionem aut Seismam, to demand, ask annum, receive any other or greater confideration, fee, gratuity, or and 6 d. only eward, than is hereafter mentioned, (which shall be lawful to above the said e demanded and taken) that is to fay, the fum of twelve pence yearly value. or every twenty shillings of the yearly value of any manor, By 8 Geo. 1. resturge, lands, tenements and hereditaments, whereof pos- c. 25. sect. 5. essential tenements and nerequalitents, where no more is to selfion or seisin shall be by them or any of them given, where be taken on ne whole exceedeth not the yearly value of one hundred pounds, an extent and nd the fum of fix pence only for every twenty shillings per an- liberate. um over and above the faid yearly value of one hundred pounds.

XVII. And whereas it often happens that small sums only are re-Poundage caining due upon judgments, statutes and recognizances given, at- shall not be nowledged and entered into for great sums and penalties, and never-taken for exe-cuting any Ca. reless in these cases upon executing of writs of Capian ad satisfaci-Sa. upon any ndum, the sheriff demands and takes for his fees poundage for the judgment, &c. vhole money for which fuch judgments, statutes or recognizances are (of which part ntered or acknowledged; which poundage uften far exceeds the debts is paid) for ue to the plaintiffs in fuch writs: for remedying of which griev- fum than nce and inconvenience, be it enacted by the authority afore, what remains aid, That from and after the faid tast day of Michaelmas-term due to the me thousand seven hundred and seventeen, poundage shall in no plaintiff, who

Allorders, &c. cels, &c. as are

case is to mark the

Ff2

fame on the back of the writ. Ard any shefending, is guilty of extortion, &c. and for each offence shall forfeit to the party grieved treble damages, and double the ed; to be ordered by the which iffued and also 200 l. one half to other to the profecutor, in any court at Westminster, If fuch fuit be commenced within two years.

case be demanded or taken upon executing of any writ of Capies ad fatisfaciendum, or upon charging any person in execution by virtue of such writ; for any greater sum than the real dobt bear riff, &c. fo of fide due and claimed by the plaintiff amounteth unto; which fur the plaintiff shall be and is hereby obliged to mark and specify on the back of fuch writ, before the fame be delivered to the theriff to be executed; and in case any sheriff, under-sheriff, deputy-sheriff, bailiff or other person thall offend against the true meaning hereof, by taking any greater fees, gratuity or reward, than is herein before allowed, every such person so offending as aforefaid, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged. deemed and taken, and is and are hereby adjudged, deemed fum so extort- and taken to be guilty of entortion, injustice and oppersion; and all and every such person and persons being thereof lawfully convicted as aforefaid, shall for every such offence forfeit to the party aggrieved treble damages, and double the fum so extorted; the writ, in a which faid damages and penalties shall be ordered, decreed and fummary way, given to the faid aggrieved party by the court out of which fuch writ or writs issued, upon complaint and proof of such extortion the King, the made and exhibited before the judges of such court, in such short and summary way and method, as to them shall seem meet: and over and above the faid damages and penalties, every such person so offending and convicted as aforesaid shall forseit the fum of two hundred pounds; one moiety whereof shall be to the King's majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other moiety thereof to such person or persons as shall sue for the fame: to be recovered by action of debt, bill, plaint or information in any of the courts of record at Westminster, in which no effoin, protection or wager of law shall be allowed; nor any more than one imparlance; provided such suit be commenced within two years after such offence committed, and not otherwife; and provided likewife, That no person be sued or profecuted by virtue of this act for any offence of this kind committed before the said last day of Michaelmas-term one thousand Seven hundred and seventeen.

XVIII. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid. That instead of the oath usually administred to sheriffs at the entring upon their offices, the following oath shall be taken by them and each of them respectively, excepting the sheriffs of the feveral counties in Wales, and of the county palatine of Chefter; (videlicet)

The high she-

A. B. do fivear, That I will well and truly serve the King's riff snew oath. I majefty in the office of sheriff of the county of and promote his Majesty's profit in all things that belong to my office, as far as I legally can or may; I will truly preferve the King's rights, and all that belongeth to the crown; I will not affent to decreate, leffen or conceal the King's rights, or the rights of his franchifes; and whensoever I shall have knowledge that the rights of the erown are consealed or withdrawn, be it in lands, rents, franchifes, fuits or fervices, or in any other matter or thing, I will do my atmost to make thes

m be restored to the trown again; and if I may not do it myself, I ill certify and inform the King thereof, or some of his judges; I ill not respite or delay to lovy the King's debts for any gift, profe, retoard ir favour, where I may raife the fame without great iovance to the debtors; I will do right; as well to poor as to rich, all things belonging to my office, I will do no wrong to any man for any t, reward or promise, nor for favour or batted; I will disturb no m's right, and will weir and faithfully acquit at the Exchequer all 1se of toboth I shall receive any debts or duties belonging to the run; I will take nothing subereby the King may lese, or whereby s right may be disturbed, injured or delayed; I will truly return d truly ferve all the King's writs according to the best of my skill d knowledge; I will take no dailiffs into my service, but such as I ill answer for, and will cause each of them to take such oaths as I , in what belongeth to their business and occupation; I will truly set ed return reasonable and due issues of them that be within my bailiick, according to their estate and circumstances, and make due panels persons able and sufficient, and not suspected on procured, as is pointed by the flatutes of this realm; I have not feld or let to rm, nor contrasted for, nor bave I granted or premised for reand or benefit, nor will I fell or let to farm, nor contract for, or rant for reward or benefit, by myfelf or any other person for me, for my use, directly or indirectly, my sperissivick or any bailiwick bereof, or any office belonging thereanto, or the profits of the same, any perfor or perfors what foever; I will truly and diligently exette the good later and flatutes of this realm; and in all things well nd truly behave myself in my effice, for the homear of the King and he good of his subjects, and discharge the same according to the best f my skill and power:

So help me God.

XIX. And be it enacted by the authority aforciaid, That he following outh find be taken by all under-theriffs of any ounty or counties of South-Britain, except the lowerst counties of Wales, and county palatine of Obefor, before they enter upon the execution of their officer respectively; (videlics)

A. B. de swear, That I will will and truly serve the King's The undermajesty in the office of under-shriff of the county of the criff's new and promote his Majesty's prose in all things that belong to the said outh. These, as far as I legally can or may; I will preserve the King's rights, and all that belongeth to the crown; I will not affent to decrease, essent when some I shall have knowledge that the rights of the srown are concealed or withdrawn, he is in lands, runts, franchises, suits or croices, or in any other matter or shing, I will do my utmost to make them he restored to the crown again; and if I may not do it of myself, I will certify and inform some of his Majesty's judges thereof; I will not respise or delay to levy the King's debts for any gift, promise, reward or sower, where I may raise the same without great grievence to the debtors; I will do right as well to poor as to rich, in all things

things belonging to my office; I will do no wrong to say man for any gift, reward or promise, nor for favour or batred; I will disturb no man's right, and will truly and faithfully acquit at the Exchequer all those of whom I shall receive any debt, duties or funes of meney belonging to the crown; I will take nothing whoreby the King may lofe, or subereby his right may be diffurbed, injured or delayed; I swill truly raturn, and truly ferve all the King's writt to the best of my skill and knowledge; I will truly set and return rensonable and due iffues of them that be within my bailiwick, according to their eflates and circumfigures; and make due penels of perfore able and fufficient, and not fuspected, or prosured, as is appointed by the statutes of this realm; I have not bought, purebafed, or taken to farm, br centracted for, nor have I promised, or given any consideration, nor will I buy, purshafe or take to farm, or contract for, promise or give any confideration what Joseph, by myfelf, or any other perfor for me or for my use, directly or indirectly, to any perfect or perfect inhat fower, for the office of under-sheriff of the county of

, which I am note to outer upon and cujey, nor for the profits of the same, nor for any bolliquick thereof, or any other place or office belonging thereuntes. I have not fold were contracted for, or les to farm, nor have I granted or promised, for reward or banefit, by myleif, or any other perfen for me or for my use, directly or indirectly, any balliwich thereof, or any other place or office belonging thereunto; I will truly and diligently execute the good loss and flatutes of this realm; and in all things well and truly behave unfelf in my find office for his iddayefty's navantage, and for the good of his fubjects, and discharge my whole duty according to the best of my

thill and power.

So help me God.

How and by oaths to be administred.

whom the faid triffred and given by fisch commissioners as shall be samed and authorized to administer the foregoing such to the high theriff in the country, when and to often as a commission or Delimes thail be fised forth of the proper court for that purpose, or by the barons of the faid court, or enc of them, when the faid theriffs delire to be fworn in town,

Which said oath is hereby ordered and enacted to be admi-

Sheziffs of Wales and Cheshire to take the old oath with an omition.

XX. Provided that the theriffs of Willer, and the county palatine of Cheffer, shall not be obliged to take the aforesaid oaths. or either of them, but shall still take the usual and accustomed oaths as they have formerly done (except the words following, videlicet. To shall be dwelling in your exon preper per for within your bailswick, for the time ye shall consider in the same office, oncept go be otherwise litensed by the King) which words shall hereaster be left out of the faid ouths.

XXI. Provided that this aft, or my thing therein contained, Thisad not to extend to the shall not extend to the theriffs of London and Middle far, the riffs of Lon- county palatine of Durham, the county of Westmarkens, or to the don, oc. as to theriffs of any city or town being a county of infelf, or to any of of the offices of them, as to their placing in or disposing of any of the offices,

daces or employments of their under-theriffs, county-clerks, under-theriffs ailiffs, or other officers, or their continuance therein.

XXII. And subcreas by an act made in the four and five and 34 & 35 H. &. birtieth years of King Henry the Eighth, intituled, An act for cer- c. 26. ain ordinances in the King's majesty's dominions and princiality of Wales, it is (amongst other things) enacted, That there hall be sheriffs in every of the twelve shires of Wales, yearly apeinted by the King's majesty; and that the said sheriff's shall yearaccount before such the King's auditor or undeters as shall be assignd and appointed by the King's majesty for his dominion of Wales:
we it therefore enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, Sheriffs in That the faid sheriffs of Wales shall not be compelled to ap- Wales to accar to be apposed in his Majesty's court of Exchequer, but count, as by

hall account before his Majorty's faid auditor or the auditors before the auf the principality of Wales, and not elsewhere; any law, sta-ditors of

ute, custom or usage to the contrary notwithstanding: and Wales, and hat the Quietus of the faid theriffs, under the auditor's hand, have their quir his deputy, shall be a sufficient discharge for the said sheriffs etus signed by

n that behalf.

ct for preventing the unnecessary charge of sheriffs, and for ale in passing their accompts, it was (amongst other things) provided, That the sheriffs of the county of Chester, Lancaster and Durham, being counties palatine, as to their manner of accounting, bould account before the respective auditors of the said counties only and ut elsewhere: be it enacted and declared by the authority afore- Sheriffs of aid, That the respective auditors of the said counties, or their Cheshire, &c. leputies, by virtue of their respective offices, shall and may to account, as by the said act, ake, state and allow the accounts of the sheriffs of the said re- before the aupective counties, and appose the said sheriffs respectively touch- ditors of those ng the execution of the process to them respectively directed, counties; alled the King's process and that the faid respective sheriffs, ipon such their accounts touching the premisses, shall and may have, such fue forth, and obtain their respective. Quietus est and distant their quietus, tharge from the said respective auditors or their deputies, ac- &c, from those

XXIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforelaid, sheriffs of the That the therists of the city and county of the city of Chefter, city of Chefter ind their fuecesfors, shall and may account, as formerly, before to account as he mayor of the same city, and his successors (for the time before the mayng) for and touching all fuch matters and things as have been or of that city, heretofore granted from the erown to the same city in and by for all things

their several and respective charters.

aid counties palatine only.

XXV. And as for and concerning all other matters and their charters.

But for other things whatfoever, not mentioned to be granted in or by the matters before charters of or to the same city, and for which the sheriffs of the sheauditors of some city are or ought to be accountable to his Majesty, his the county, as heirs and successors; it is hereby further declared and enacted the sheriffs of the state county. by the authority aforesaid, That the sheriffs of the said city of are above ap-

XXIII. And whereas by the act made in the thirteenth and four- 13 & 14 Car. s. tenth years of the reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An C. 21.

cording to their ancient course and usage of the sheriffs of the auditors.

granted by Chefter, pointed to do. Chefter, and their successors, shall at all times hereafter account for and concerning the same, before, and be apposed by, and obtain their Quiatus oft and discharge from the auditor of the county of Chefter, or his deputy, in like manner as the sheriffs of the said county of Chefter are by this act appointed to do, and not elsowhere, or in any other manner whatsoever.

# The SCHEDULE or LIST in the act mentioned, viz.

A SCHEDULE of FEES to be paid for passing the patents of the several sheriffs of England and Wales.

The charge taken and received in the court of chancery on account of fuing out of the patents of the several sheriffs of England and Wales, that are sued out there, for each the particulars are as followeth.

•	l.	s.	d.
THE King's duty for stamps To the serjeant trumpeter	o	12	б
To the serjeant trumpeter	3	0	0
To the mafter of the rolls	Ö	8	8
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Hanaper fee	Q	15	0
The fix clerks fee on the patent, writ of affiliance, writ of discharge, and dedimus potefiatem  For ingrossing the patent, writ of affishance, writ of discharge, dedimus patestatem, the three oaths, the docquet parchment, and attending the sealing the patent  The recognizance and duty in a Welsh patent, more		7	0
For ingrossing the patent, writ of assistance, writ of dis-		•	
charge, dedimns patellatem, the three oaths, the docquet	1	14	4
The recognizance and duty in a Welsh patent, more	0	3	6

A SCHEDULE of FEES to be paid by the sheriffs of England and Wales for passing their accounts.

FEES to be paid to the clerk of the pipe at the appoint of Beriffs.

. :		•	L	≱.	d.
CAnt'	•	-	1	13	4
Cumbr	-	•	-1	13	4
Ebor'		<del></del>	3	ŏ	Ö
Hunt'			- 1	. 6	. 8
Lond' and Mid'fex	*******			•	0
Lincoln				13	4
Monmouth	-	-	I	13	4
Northumbr'	(F-12-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	•	1	13	4
Rutland	-		1	6	8
Westmor'	-		1	6	8
The rest of the coun	ties of England, each		2	0	0
4	_				

Vil' Pool Vil' South'see

EES to	be paid t	e the ch	erk of the	pipe at	cafting of	et of court,
a	ed for the c	quictus,	and chan	cellor's c	allowance.	, . *

		I.	s.	d.
Ant Hunt		- 4	3	4
∪ Cumb		ż	16	8
bor'		10	3	4
L'ent'		4	• 3.	4
.ond' Mid'sex		5	8	8
Monmouth		ž	16	8'
Vorthumbr' -		2	16.	8
Lutland ———		I	16	8
Vefimor'		2	3	£
The rest of the counties of England, each	<del></del> -	3	3	4

# ASUAL FEES to the clerk of the pipe for the allowance of justices wages in the counties following, viz.

		v	О
L Lond' Mid'sex	0	ig	4
Lincoln	O	10	Ö
The reft of the counties of England, if any fuch allow- ance be made		6	8
for fetting of a feizure or debt by petition or judgment of court, when it happens	,	I	0
for allowance of a record of surplusage for the first five	م	. 6	8
for every other five pounds	· • .	<b>.</b> 3	4

# FEES to be paid to the clerk of the pipe for the several civies and accounting towns for their whole account, and quietus thereupon.

	a	, l. s.	4
Civit' Bristol'	•	) " '	
Civit' Glouc'	·	of each 1 ro	
Civit Ebor .	•	Solercu 1 10	
Vil' Novi Caftri	•• •	J'	
Civit' Cantuar' "		î 5.	
Civit' Coventry			
Civit' Exon'	Property or name	` `	
Civit' Litchf'			
Civit' Lincela		l acarah . a	
Civit' Norwie'	• • •	of each 1 0	•
Vil' Kingston super Hull			
17:12 NT-42			

' Ebor'

PEES to be poid to the fecondaries, and others the favora clerks in the said office, at the apposals of shoriffs at their coming into their account, and writing their annual books, together with the wi-contels of the foot or charge of their whole account.

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Ellex			10	6	8
Ebor		-	17	0	0
Glouc' Zeach	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		6	0	0
Treit 7			_	6	8
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BFFS	of sheriffs for cities and accou	nting towns.
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Livit Bristol' Civit' Cantilivit' Ebor' livit' Coventry livit' Exon' livit' Glouc' livit' Lincoln livit' Litchs' livit' Norwic' livit' Wigorn' 'il' Kingston su' 'il Nott' lov' Castrum 'il' Pool 'il' South'ton  Mamorandum, Lancaster do fore the resp being writ e in charge) t	The sheriffs of the counties par on not account before the clerk pective auditor of those count very year, and certificates may be the auditor, the following for	2 13 4  2 13 4  3 6 8  2 13 4  1 10 0  2 13 4  1 6 8  2 13 4  1 6 8  2 0 0  3 6 8  2 0 0  3 6 8  2 0 0  4 1 10 0  2 13 4  1 0 0  2 13 4  1 10 0  2 10 0  diatine of Chefter and of the pipe, but betties; but their books de (of what they take they are to be taken by
Livit Bristol' Civit' Cantilivit' Ebor' livit' Coventry livit' Exon' livit' Glouc' livit' Lincoln livit' Litchs' livit' Norwic' livit' Wigorn' 'il' Kingston su' 'il Nott' lov' Castrum 'il' Pool 'il' South'ton  Mamorandum, Lancaster do fore the resp being writ e in charge) t the clerk of	per Hull  The fheriffs of the counties part on not account before the clerk pective auditor of those counties.	2 13 4  2 13 4  3 6 8  2 13 4  1 10 0  2 13 4  1 6 8  2 13 4  1 6 8  2 0 0  3 6 8  2 0 0  3 6 8  2 0 0  4 1 10 0  2 13 4  1 0 0  2 13 4  1 10 0  2 10 0  diatine of Chefter and of the pipe, but betties; but their books de (of what they take they are to be taken by
Vivit Bristol' Civit' Cantilivit' Ebor' livit' Coventry livit' Exon' livit' Glouc' livit' Lincoln livit' Litchs' livit' Norwic' livit' Wigorn' 'il' Kingston su' 'il Nott' lov' Castrum 'il' Pool 'il' South'ton  Mamorandum, Lancaster do fore the resp being writ e in charge) t	The sheriffs of the counties par on not account before the clerk pective auditor of those count very year, and certificates may be the auditor, the following for	2 13 4  2 13 4  3 6 8  2 13 4  1 10 0  2 13 4  1 16 8  3 6 8  2 0 0  3 6 8  2 0 0  3 6 8  2 0 0  3 10 0  2 13 4  1 10 0  2 13 4  1 10 0  2 10 0
Vivit Bristol' Civit' Cantilivit' Ebor' livit' Coventry livit' Glouc' livit' Glouc' livit' Lincoln livit' Linchs' livit' Norwic' livit' Wigorn' 'il' Kingston su 'il Nott' lov' Castrum 'il' Pool 'il' South'ton  Memorandum, Lancaster do fore the resp being writ e in charge) t the clerk of (viz.)	The sheriffs of the counties par on not account before the clerk pective auditor of those count very year, and certificates may be the auditor, the following for	2 13 4  2 13 4  3 6 8  2 13 4  3 6 8  2 13 4  1 10 0  2 13 4  1 6 8  3 6 8  2 0 0  3 6 8  2 13 4  1 10 0  2 13 4  2 13 4  3 6 8  2 2 0 0  3 6
Vivit Bristol' Civit' Cantilivit' Ebor' livit' Coventry livit' Glouc' livit' Glouc' livit' Lincoln livit' Litchs' livit' Norwic' livit' Wigorn' 'il' Kingston su 'il Noct' lov' Castrum 'il' Pool 'il' South'ton  Memorandum, Lancaster do fore the resp being writ e in charge) t the clerk of (viz.)  chester	The sheriffs of the counties par on not account before the clerk pective auditor of those count very year, and certificates may be the auditor, the following for	2 13 4  2 13 4  3 6 8  2 13 4  3 6 8  2 13 4  1 10 0  2 13 4  1 6 8  3 6 8  2 0 0  3 6 8  2 13 4  1 10 0  2 13 4  2 13 4  3 6 8  2 2 0 0  3 6
Vivit Bristol' Civit' Cantilivit' Ebor' livit' Coventry livit' Glouc' livit' Glouc' livit' Lincoln livit' Linchs' livit' Norwic' livit' Wigorn' 'il' Kingston su 'il Nott' lov' Castrum 'il' Pool 'il' South'ton  Memorandum, Lancaster do fore the resp being writ e in charge) t the clerk of (viz.)	The sheriffs of the counties par on not account before the clerk pective auditor of those count very year, and certificates may be the auditor, the following for	2 13 4  2 13 4  3 6 8  2 13 4  3 6 8  2 13 4  1 10 0  2 13 4  1 6 8  2 0 0  3 6 8  2 0 0  3 6 8  2 0 0  3 10 0  2 13 4  1 10 0  2 13 4  1 10 0  2 10 0

•
PRES to be paid to the first secondary.
FOR allowing the theriffs tallies of profer in each county o 6 8 In each city and town 3 4
Making up the sheriff's sum, containing his whole charge on 13 4
Lond' Midd'fex For the reft of the counties, each
Allowing a tailey de remanente comps' or any other tailey of fel' in his account, when such happen
For charging a post-fcrow, which rarely happens 0 3 4
To the second secondary.
POR drawing down a debt received by diffring, or levied by writ of fieri facias, from either of the remembrancer's office upon the scrow-back.  If an extraordinary length
To the portubag.
OR ingroffing the scrow of green wax of the sheriff
Lond' Midd'fex
The rest of the counties of England, each For the accounting towns and cities, each  3
Casual and accidental fees to the sworn clerks in their respective as-
TOR a confiat of a scizure or debt, in order to be ruled }
For fettling of a feizure or debt upon a sheriff's ac- tount, by petition or judgment of court, when it
happens
Filing the certificates of felons goods, and charging the debts therein contained, each
For the allowance of justices wages.
▼70rk 2 o o
Y Lond' Midd'sex z o c
The rest of the counties of England, each
For speriffs allowances.
EBor' 0 13
L Lond' Midd'fex - 3 6
THE Terr of our committee, ander
Record of furplusage for the first five pounds - 0 6
Record of furplusage for the first five pounds — 0 6  For every other five pounds — 0 3

To the writing elerk for the business of the	e whole ye	er.		
OAnt' Hunt'		1.	s.	d.
Coraub'		5	0	0
Devon'		6	0	0
Ebor		_	0	•
Kant'	~	15	0	0
Lincoln		7	0	Ò
Lond' Midd'fex		6	to	6
Monmouth		6	0	0
Rutland .		3	0	0
Somers'		1	0	•
Suffex	-	7	13	4
Westmori'		3	10	0
The refl of the counting such		2	0	0
The rest of the counties, each		5	0	a
Civit' Ebor'	-	I	0	Ó
Civit Norwic'		ı	0	a
	-	1	0	0
Kingston fuper Hull Novum Castrum		0	18	4
Vil' Pool	<del></del>	I	9	0
The red of the sixter and		0	6	8
The reft of the cities, each Com' Pal' Ceftr'		0	13	4
Com' Pal' Lanc'		0	6	¥
Lom Far Lanc	_	0	13	. 4
To be paid to the bagman of the office at the app	ofal of the	fbe I.	riff.	در
Of England, in each county, two shillings and far	r nence. 2	••	••	
and the casting out	. 14 }	0	5	0
And for each city and accounting town		٥	2	6
		•	-	٠,
FEES to be paid to the controller of	f the pipe	<b>!.</b>		
-00 41 62 11341146 141		l.	s.	4.
Dok appoint of Lond' Midd'lex, and York, e	ach	2	0	Q
FOR apposal of Lond' Midd'sex, and York, e For apposal of Surry, Sussex, Rutland an moreland, each	d West- }	0	15	0
For appofal of every other county		1	7	6
For casting out of Lond' Midd'sex, and York,	ech	2	۰,	0
For casting out of Surry, Sussex and Rutland, each	h —	0	15	•
ror caring out of every other county		ĭ	.,	٥
For return of summons for London, Middlefex, an	d York.	•		•
CACD	~ - <b>~ - }</b>	0	5	9
For return of every other fummons		0	2	6
For petitions, which feldom happen	-	۵	2	6
		•		-

The FEES to be taken by the three elects of the controller of the pipe in passing sheriffs decounts.

		• 14 ballaug to			C	.1.	C-8		cert.
e	-	• •		ŅΡ	Don	113. j	Caff	. Sm	Ž,
2 4 3				J.	s.	<b>4.</b>	-	٠.	<b></b>
DBdf'						6		۵	0
	each		<del>ر شدید بیدند</del>	I	2	D	•	•	0
North'ton	<b>)</b>		•						
Surry	} each		لإس	1	5	ò	1	5	σ
Kutia,	<b>)</b> .			•	_	_	1	_	
Lond', Midd	fex .	•	. ***	1	5	0	3	5	0
Cambr	٠				-,		ł		
Heref'	l -					-			
Leic'	l						•		
Norf'	>each	-		1	12	6	1	10	ď
Nott'	1	• .		•			_		_
Staff'	1.								
Wat	I _					•			
Suffex		•		1	à	0		15	0
Derb'	)			. •	15	v		-	
Oxon'	each each			1	19	2	1	16	8
Cant' Hunt'	3		•				ł		
Glosc'	l			٠			1		
Kant	>each	,		2	2	6	2	•	ø
Effex	1						1		
Bucks	₹.						i		
Monmouth	<b>.</b> .						ł		
Berks	ł						<b>!</b>		
Suffolk	> each		-	2	9	2	1 .	6	9
South'ton		•			_		_	_	-
Worcefter	ł						1		
Wilts	<b>.</b> .	•	•	•			1		•
VV 11/03	1						t		
Salop	each				_	_	1	_	_
Northumbr'	Cath		***************************************	Z	9	2	2	6	8
Lincoln '	. ب		•	•	. •	•	ŧ		
Cornwall ,	1						ł		
Devon'	each			•		2	3	6	g
<b>—</b>	1		,	3	9	~	1 ,	•	•
Somerfet	<b>)</b> .		. •		_	_	l	_	_
Ebor -		<del></del>	-	4	16	8	4	16	8
Wekmor!	. •		***********	0	17	6	0	17	6
		•			•		- ,	•	

For return of every fummons, seven shillings and fix pence; except Lond' Mid'sex, sisteen shillings; York one pound and sive shillings; and Cornwall, Devon, Derset, Lincoln, Somerset, Susfolk, South'ton, Wilts and Salop, each seventeen shillings and fix pence. For the petition of allowance, three shillings and fix pence; except in London, Middlesex, and York, thirteen shillings and sour pence; and in Cornwall, Devon and Somerset, six shillings and eight pence each; for every other petition, one shilling; and for the justices wages in London and Middlesex, ten shillings.

FEES to be paid by sheriffs in the King's remembrancer's office upon giving security when he enters into his office.	5
The caption fee before the baron  The King's remembrancer's fee for the fame, for the counties of York and Norfolk, for-each of them  To him for every other county of England, except Lancafter and Durham, and the feveral counties of Wales, which give no fecurity in the Exchequer  To the attorney for making the recognizance, attending the baron, entering and inrolling the recognizance, making the fiat, and duty for the fame, and filing the warrant of attorney  Upon the apposal of every fheriff upon the process re-	4 9 0 0
To the attorney that receives and files the writs, and attends the apposals of the sheriffs  The like upon the process returnable in Michaelmas term  For making the certificate when the sheriff enters upon his account of what seizures are by him made upon the process returned in that office, during his year	+ +
Treasurer's remembrancer's office in the court of Exchequer.	
FEES taken of sheriffs in the said office on passing their accounts to the remembrancer.	<b>y</b>
Upon the view of a sheriss's accounts in Easter and Michaelmas term Upon the commission to swear a sheriss in the country to account Upon examining and ruling a sheriss's petition of allowance for the two days granted ex gratia curia for sinishing his account, and for filing his affidavit of felons goods. Upon examining and ruling any other petition in a sheriss's account, when any such happens Upon a record of surplusage, for the sirk sive pounds For every other sive pounds For filing any Constat warrant, or other Eubibit	0 3 8 • +84
By the fworn Clerks.	ë.
For giving a sheriff notice termly, during his year of office, of any information or plaint against him, according to the statute in that case made and provided, and for attending his apposals before the barons, and in Easter and Michaelmas terms, twenty shillings each term, viz.	er er
•	

Anno tertio Georgii I. c. 15.	ſ	171	ъ.
For drawing any warrant to be figned by the chancellor or a baron	<u> </u>	s. 6	2. 8
For attending a baron for his hand thereto For directing a sheriff in his business during the three terms he is upon his account, ten shillings each term,	,_	3 10	† -:
For making the commission to swear a sheriff in the coun-	N.	10	o
that purpose	<u>'</u> _	6	8
For a high sheriff's warrant to be sworn to account, (when he comes in person) and for attending his being sworn	1	_	
For an under-sherist's warrant For attending and putting in a sherist's bill of profess at the receipt of Exchequer in Cro' Cli' Passibe & Cro'	[.	<b>3</b>	4
Sci' Mich' when his year is ended, at his swearing to	<b>.</b>	_	•
For entring the two days ex gratia cariae  For drawing a sherift's oath touching felens goods  For a copy thereof to transmit to the pipe	_	6	8
For a certificate of the execution of a process		6 3	8 4
For drawing any petition in parchment and inrolling it For inrolling a sheriff's bill of allowance For inrolling any schedule in Onere constat or warrant by		12	4
For a record of surplusage, for the first sive pounds —	<b>'</b> _	6	8
For every other five pounds For copying any seizure made by a sheriff, per sheet For examining and signing the same For a writ of assistance and seal	=	3	8
For a writ of affiftance and feal  For attending at Westminster to dismise a sheriff the court, on finishing his account	}-	10	8
By the Filazer.	_		
FOR entring a high sheriss's commission or warrant ad computand on the scroll of accountants	}	. s.	2. —
for an under-theriff's warrant, and any warrant ad re-	<b>}</b> —	2	_
For the therite's tallies of profess  For entring a sherist's writs on the bills  And when he comes post diem, and amerciaments are set by the court, then for each amerciament one shilling.	`_ _	2 6	
being usually fix, during his year, viz.	)		

- When any plea, composition, order, or the like, happens during a sherist's account, through his defaults or contempts, he pays the same sees that are paid by other suitors.

here	bove b	een f	ome f	mall	fees	time	out	of	mind	paid to	the	under-	
	٠.				clerk	s, vi	z.	•		•			

TOP with a summing of the second seco	1.	s.	a.
d'OR writing a warrant or amdavit	-	1	
On return of process twice a year, five shillings, viz.	_	10	
OR writing a warrant or affidavit On return of process twice a year, five shillings, viz. or engrossing a commission, and oath annexed	-	\$	—,
		_	

As likewise to the Portubag, viz.

OR carrying any writ to be fealed  For a commission	_	_	6
fheriff pays him at each of his apposals two shillings, viz.		1	_
and for population all his bullness, during the time he is I	_	4	7
upon his account	-	5	

particular of such fees as are to be paid by sheriffs in the office of remembrancer of the first-fruits and tenths in his Majesty's Exchequer.

OR attending the sheriff's apposals at Westminster upon their returning of writs issued for arrears of first-truits, and for filing the same in Easter term, each 'he like for Michaelmas term

EES to be received by the foreign appofer, his deputy or chief clerk, of all sheriffs of counties, cities and towns, at their apposal upon the summons of the green wax, and for making aut the justices wages when craved by the sheriff.

ounties.	Appofal.			J.	ustic Age	es.
	l.	s.	d.	1.	s.	1
DEdford ———	3	5	0	1	12	6
3 Berks	3 3 3 3 6	5 5	0	ı	12	6
ucks	3	ć	0	,	12	6
ambr' Hunt'	2	-	0	1	12	6
ornwall	8	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	0	7	12	6
'umberland'	_	3	0	;	12	6
lerby	. 3	,}	_		12	6
evon	2		4	•	12	6
lorfet	7	5	0			6
ffex	7	5	0	4	12	õ
loucester	٠	5 5 18	٥	I	12	8
lereford	4	5	0	I	12	6
lertford	3	5	0	1	12	6
	3		4	1	12	6
ent eic'		5	0	I	12	6
	3	5	0	1	ΙŹ	6
inçola,	6	5 5	0	1	12	6
ond' and Mid'fex	7	10	0	5	10	0
formouth '	3	5	0	1	12	6
lorfolk	6	. 5	0	3	5	Q
lorth'ton	5	-	10	í	12	6
lottingham	4	18 2		Ī	12	đ
lorthumberland	1	15	5	7	12	4
Vol. XIII. Gg	7	٠,	- 1	Ġ	Oxfo	rd.

Oxford

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Oxford

Salop

Rutland

Somerfet

Stafford

Suffolk

Surrey

Suffex

Wilts

York

Warwick

Worcester

Westmoreland

South'ton

Cities.	Apposals.
D Riftol	. 0 17 6
B Coventry	0 17 6
Canterbury	0 17 6
Exeter	1 12 6
Glouc'	9 17 6
Litchfield .	O 15 10
Lincoln	0 15 10
Norwich	1 12 6
Worcester	0 17 6
York	0 17 6
Towns.	Appolals.
	l. s. d.
VIngston super Hull	0 15 10
Nottingham	0 17 6
Newcastle upon Tyne	0 17 6
Pool	0 14 2
South'ton	0 17 6
FEES to be taken by the clerk of the entracts in he court of Exchequer, and by the sworn clerk in that of sheriffs accountable in the Exchequer, upon their op summons of the Green Wax.  To the clerk of the extracts for Northumberland and Westmoreland, each  Of London and Middlesex  Of the county of Rutland  Of every other county, each  Of every other city and town, each	
To the sworn clerk for writing out the summons twice and attending the apposals.	s gaétà àen'
	Of

1710.j
Of the county of Rutland Of Ebor' Of Surrey Of Westmoreland Of the kounties of Heres', Herts', Oxon, Sussi and South'ton; each Of every other county Of the cities of Bristol, Litchfield, and town of Pool, each Of the city of Exon Of every other city and town, each Of every other city and town, e
To the baron for fwearing to their account, and figning their warrant  To his clerk  To the baron at their appofals  To his clerk  To the baron at their casting out of court  To his clerk  To the baron at their casting out of court  To his clerk  To his clerk
Sheriffa of London and Middlesex, and theriffs of the county of York, pay double fees, and the theriffs of Suffex, Surrey, Rutland and Westmoreland, pay half fees.  FEES certain and casual to be paid by the sheriffs to the marshals of his Majesty's court of Exchequer, granted to them by patent under the great seal without salary.
Easter Term.  A L L sheriffs of the counties of England come then to be apposed on their writs and process before the barons, and pay the said marshals (except Rutland and Yorkshire)  Rutland to pay half that see, viz.  O 7 11  Yorkshire double
Michaelmas Term.
The same sheriffs are apposed again on the same writs and process, and to pay their sees as above.
Easter Term.
Sheriffs of the cities and towns, and deputies of the cinque ports, each of them to pay severally upon their apposals then as followeth, viz.
Incoln, Canterbury, Pool, Gloucester, Wigorn, Not- tingham, Coventry, South'ton, Litchfield, and de- puty of the cinque ports  Gg 2  York,

Anno tertio Georgii I. c. 15.	E I	71	6. 4.
York, Norwich, Exon, Newcastle, Hull Bristol city		13	46
Michaelmas Term.	_		
11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4	s.	ď.
THE sheriffs of cities and towns above, apposed then, are to pay the same sees as paid in Easter term, and when sworn to account, are to pay so more	a	3	•
Bailiffs of liberties sworn to account, are to pay each Bristol escheator is to pay	0	3	8 4
. Michaelmas Term.	,	_	,
CHERIFFS of counties prefixed that term to be	L.	5.	
fworn, and to take their accounts in charge before the curfitor-baron, on the fummons of the pipe, and be-			
fore the foreign appoler upon the green wax, viz. El-	1	9	Z
coln, Stafford, Wigorn, Wilts, Cornub, Satop, Beiks,	)		
and Bucks, are to pay each Rutland is to pay half that fee		14	7
London and Middlefex is to pay his ices for a whole year	5	12	0
London gauger then sworn in court is to pay	0	8	•
Hillary Term.	1.	s.	2.
CHERIFFS of counties fworn and appofed before the			
ACom bears and foreign appoler as in Michael-	l		
mas term, viz. Surrey, Suffex, Oxon, Berks, Nor- folk, Suffolk, Hereford, Dorfet, Monmouth, Somer-	1	9	3
fet, Derby, Nottingham, Devon, Gloucester, War- wick, South'ton, and Leicester, to pay each	ļ		
York pays double	2	18	4
Easter Term.	_		
CHERIFFS of Cumberland and Northumberland, then	, <i>ļ</i> .	5.	ď,
prefixed and apposed on the summons of the pipe and green wax, before the cursitor-baron and foreign	<b>.</b>	9	2
appoier to pay each Westmoreland then to pay his sees for the whole year	)	6	8
Lancashire for the whole year	3	10	0
Cheshire for the whole year  All sheriffs discharged by proclamation in the court, ex-	, 5	6	8
cept York	} °	15	10
York is to pay	1	II	8
Cafual FEES.	,	_	ار
SHERIFFS attached by order of court or warrant Sheriffs in custody per diem, until discharged	1.	s. 13 6	4-2

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Anno terno Georgii 1. C. 15.
If the marshal rides into the country, six pence per mile forwards, and the same backwards, towards his charges, from the sheriff on whose account he goes.
Every sheriff that hath further time given him by order of court or warrant to pass his accounts, or to be apposed, to pay
The PEES to be taken by the four usbers of his Majesty's court of Exchequer.
OF every high sheriff when he enters on recognizance on the Exchequer  Of every sheriff of a county sworn to answer upon his
two apposals on the King's remembrancer, treasurer's remembrancer and first-fraits process, for each the faid apposals
Of every sheriff of a city, &c. on each of the said two apposals Of every sheriff of a county swora to his account in
court or elsewhere, and on his apposal on the pipe- process before the curfitor-baron  Of every sheriff of a city, &c. on the like apposal  Of every sheriff of a county at his cashing out of court?
or finishing his account
London, Middlesex and Yorkshire to pay double.
FEES to be taken by the court-keeper of his Majesty's court of Exchequer.
OF every high sheriff when he enters on recognizance $\begin{cases} 1. & 1. & d. \\ 0. & 1. & d. \end{cases}$
Of every sheriff of a county-town to answer upon his two apposals on the King's remembrancer, treasurer's remembrancer and first-fruits process, for each of the
of every sheriff of a city, &c. on each of the said two apposals
Of every sheriff of a county sworn to his account in court or elsewhere, and on his apposal upon the pipe-process before the cursitor-baron  Of every sheriff of a city, &c. on the like apposal —— o 1 0
Of every sheriff of a county upon his apposal on the sum- mons of green wax before the foreign apposer and 0 2 0
clerk of the estreats  If apposed out of term  Of every sheriff of a city, &c. on the like apposal  Of a city, &c. on the like apposal  Of a city, &c. on the like apposal
Of every sheriff of a county, &c. on his casting out of court, or finishing his accounts

London, Middlesex and York are to pay double.

FEES to be received by the messenger of the said con	rt, t	riz.	•
OF every sheriff of a county sworn to answer upon his two apposals on the King's remembrancer, treasurer's remembrancer and sirst-fruits process, for each of the said apposals  Of every sheriff of a city for each of the said two apposals	4.	<i>5</i> . 6	•
London Middlesex and York to pay double.			
FEES to be received by the tipftaff in the faid co	art.		
OF every high sheriff when he enters on recognizance in the Exchequer Of every sheriff of a county sworn to answer upon his	6	s. z	•
two apposals upon the King's remembrancer, treasu- rer's remembrancer and first-fruits process, for each of the said apposals  Of every sherist of a city, &c. sworn to answer the like	0	2	
apposals  Of every sheriff of a county swora to his account in court			
or elsewhere, and on his apposal on the pipe-process before the cursitor-baron  Of every sherist of a city, &c. on his apposal on the		3	
of every sheriff of a county at his casting out of court, and sinishing his account	9	2	(
London Middlefex and York to pay double.	,		
FEES and allowances to be paid to the auditors of the for making up and passing the under-mentioned sheriff viz.	s <i>a</i> a	equi (ब्राक्त	ts
TOR involling a sherist's patent, filing the several certificates, drawing and ingrossing the account, and for the Adietus of the sherists of Cheshire and Lancashire, the sees for each county to be	/. -20	s. o	4
For the county palatine of Durham, according to ancient custom  For casting out of sheriffs in open court, except Lon-	9	6	1
don and Middlesex, York, and Lincoln, each county For London Middlesex, York, and Lincoln, each county	1	0	9
FEES to be paid by the sheriffs of Wales to the auditor and Cheshire, for the several sheriffs of Wales.	· of i	Wa	ie:
TOOD amount ald friends at 11 to 1 m	I,	s. :	4
POR every old seizure charged in the sheriss's account	0	1	a
For involving a theriff's patent, filing the feveral certifi.	0	2	0
cates, drawing and ingroffing the account, and for the	8 1		4
•		77	۷.

The FEES due to the receiver of North and South Wales.

ROM every therist upon passing his accounts at the audit for the figning his accounts and entring in the revenue-book

For the sheriffs of Cheshire.

OR inrolling the sherist's patent, filing the several certificates, drawing and ingrossing the account, and 200 o for the Quietus est

### CAP. XVI.

An all for the better enabling sheriffs to sue out their patents and pass their accounts.

THEREAS it is not reasonable that the sberisss of this kingdom, who are obliged to take upon them that troublesome and expensive office for the service of their country, should pay those large fees that are demanded of them, and of right belong to the officers and clerks of the chancery, Exchequer and pipe, for paffing their patents and accounts and obtaining their Quietus's: and whereas ite would be unreasonable to take their due fecs from the officers and clerks, or to expect that they should do the duty of their respective offices without a reasonable reward for their labour: and whereas the whole expence of passing the patents and the accounts of the several shriffs berein after mentioned amounts to four thousand pounds: therefore, to the end that the sheriffs may be eased and justice done to the Said officers and clerks, be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and of the commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the fame. That from After Sept. 29. and after the twenty ninth day of September in the year of our 1717 the year-Lordone thousand seven hundred and seventeen, the yearly sum of 4000l. shall be of four thousand pounds shall be set apart at the receipt of the set apart in the Exchequer, out of such fund as by any act of this fellion of par- Exchequer. liament shall be charged with the said yearly sum, and in such manner as shall be thereby appointed, for the uses and purposes

hereafter mentioned.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Out of the there shall be yearly and every year paid out of the monies monies so set which shall, from time to time, be so set apart, upon the first hereaster exday of Michelmas-Term, to the feveral sheriffs for the time being, pressed shall of the several counties herein after mentioned, the several and be paid to the respective sums herein after expressed, to enable them respectively several sherists, to bear the expences of the respective letters patents for their offices, and to pass their respective accounts, and to obtain their patents, &c. respective Quietus's: the said yearly sums to be received without any account or imprest whatsoever to be set upon them, or any

of them, and without paying any fees or charges for the same, or any part thereof: that is to say,

O the respective sheriffs which shall be appointed for the county of Bedford, ninety three pounds and six shillings.

For the county of Berks, ninety fix pounds.

For the county of Bucks, ninety fix pounds.

For the counties of Cambridge and Hantington, ninety five pounds and ten shillings.

For the county of *Chefbire*, fixty two pounds and ten shillings. For the county of *Cornwall*, one hundred and two pounds and

fixteen shillings,
For the county of Cumberland, ninety pounds and two shillings.
For the county of Derby, ninety three pounds and nineteen

fhillings.

For the county of *Deven*, one hundred and fix pounds nine thillings

shillings. For the county of *Dorlet*, one hundred and one pounds fix

fhillings.

For the county of Essex, one hundred and eight pounds ten

For the county of Gloucester, ninety eight pounds and ten shillings.

For the county of Hereford, ninety four pounds and fix shillings.

For the county of Hertford, ninety three pounds.

For the county of Kent, one hundred and eight pounds ten shillings.

For the county of Lancaster, fixty seven pounds and seven shillings.

For the county of *Leicester*, ninety four pounds and fix shillings. For the county of *Lincoln*, one hundred and one pounds three shillings.

For the county of *Middlesex*, one hundred and nineteen pounds three shillings.

For the county of *Monmouth*, eighty nine pounds and three shillings.

For the county of Norfolk, one hundred and one pourids fifteen shillings.

For the county of Northampton, ninety fix pounds.

For the county of Northumberland, ninety one pounds.

For the county of Nottingbam, ninety five pounds and thirteen shillings.

For the county of Oxon, ninety seven pounds and seven shillings.

For the county of *Rutland*, fixty nine pounds and eleven shillings.

For the county of Salop, ninety eight pounds and three shillings.

For the county of Somerset, one hundred and twelve pounds and nineteen shillings.

For

or the county of Southampton, one hundred and one pounds

three shillings.

or the county of Stafford, ninety five pounds and ten shillings. or the county of Suffolk, one hundred and two pounds twelve shillings.

or the county of Surrey, ninety pounds and two shillings. or the county of Suffex, ninety pounds and five shillings. or the county of Warwick, ninety three pounds and ten shill-

lings.

or the county of Wills, one hundred and four pounds ten shillings.

or the county of Worcester, ninety eight pounds and three

shillings.

or the county of York, one hundred and fifty pounds.

or the county of Anglesey, thirty pounds.

or the county of Brecon, thirty pounds. For the county of Cardigan, thirty pounds.

for the county of Carmarthen, thirty pounds.

or the county of Carnarvon, thirty pounds.

or the county of Denbigh, thirty pounds.

for the county of Flint, thirty pounds.

or the county of Glamorgan, thirty pounds.

for the county of Merioneth, thirty pounds. For the county of Montgomery, thirty pounds.

For the county of Pembroke, thirty pounds.

for the county of Radner, thirty pounds.

And to the theriff of Westmoreland for the time being, forty pounds fix shillings.

### CAP. XVII.

An act to enable his Majesty to appoint commissioners to take, examine, state and determine the debts due to the army. EXP.

### CAP. XVIII.

In all for explaining an all passed the last session of parliament, intituled, An all to oblige papists to register their names and real estates; and for enlarging the time of such registring; and for securing purchases made by protestants.

WHEREAS by an act made in this present parliament, inti-1 Geo. 1. stat, tuled, An act to oblige papists to register their names and a.c. 55. real estates, it is enacted, That all and every person and persons 3 Geo. 2. c. 29. not having taken the eaths therein mentioned before the last day of Trinity-Term in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, having any estate or interest in any lands, tenements or bereditaments, or who should thereafter have any estate or interest in any lands, tenements or bereditaments lying, being or arising in that hart of Great Britain called England, or in Wales, or the town of Berwick upon Tweed, who was or should be a popish recusant, or papist, or was or should be educated in the popish religion, or whose

parent or parents should be a papiff or papiffs, or who should use or

profess the popish religion, should take the oaths and repeat and subscribe the declaration therein mentioned, at such times and in such 1: anner as is therein expressed, or in default thereof should, within the space of six months next after the time thereby appointed for bim, her or them to take the faid oaths, register or procure to be registered his, her or their name or names, and all fuch lands, tenements and hereditaments whereof he, she or they, or any trustee or trustees for bim, ber or them, or his, ber or their benefit or advantage, should de in the possession or in receipt or perception of the profits, in such manner and form as is therein expressed, upon pain that the person and persons wilfully neglecting or refusing so to do, or committing any fraud in such registry, should forfeit the fee-sumple and inheritance of all fuch lands, tenements and hereditaments not registred or fraudulently registred, whereof he, she or they, or any person or persons in trust for him, her or them, was or were seized in fee-simple at the time of such default or fraud in registring as aforesaid, and the full value of the inheritance of all such lands, tenements and bereditaments not registred or fraudulently registred as aforesaid, whereof be, she or they, or any person or persons in trust for bim, her or them, was not or were not seized in see-simple at the time of such default or fraud as aforefaid, two third parts whereof to the King, and the other third part thereof to fuch person or persons, being a protestant or protestants, as should sue for the same at the common law in any of his Majesty's courts at Westminster or in the high court of chancery, as by the faid all more fully appears: for the amending and explaining the faid all, and giving a further time to papiffs to register their names and real estates; be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament allembled, and by the authority of the fame, That the time for such registring be enlarged, and the same is hereby enlarged to the twentieth day of October one thoufand feven hundred and feventeen.

The time for papiffs to register their names and real estates enlarged to Oct. 30, 1717.

No fuit for frauds in regiftring shall be commenced after two years.

Where manors, &c. lie in more counties than one, they shall be registred in ly where the manor house stands.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no action or fuit for any penalty or forfeiture contained in this or the faid former act, for wilfully neglecting or refusing to register, or for committing fraud in such registry, shall be commenced or brought after two years after the offence committed, against any person offending therein.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That where it shall happen that any manors or reputed manors, demesne or other lands, or entire farms, do lie in more counties than one, the registring of such manors, lands, tenements and hereditaments in the county only where the manor house or the the county on- house or houses to the said farm or lands do lie, and not in several counties, taking notice thereof in the faid registry that the same do extend to such other county or counties, shall be a sufficient registring of such entire manors, farms or lands within the true intent and meaning of the faid recited act.

IV, 144

IV. And whereas some doubts have arisen, as well upon the said ecited act, as also upon one other act made and passed in the parlia- 11 & 12 W. 1. nent held in the elventh and twelfth years of the reign of the late c. 4. King William the Third, intituled, An act for the further prerenting the growth of popery; and upon another act made in the irst year of the reign of the late King James the First, for the due 1 Jac. 1. c. 4. execution of the statutes against jesuits, seminary priests, recusants, and other acts made against papists and popish recusants, touching the ale of the real estates of persons professing the popula religion, or inus ring the disabilities and incapacities in the said acts mentioned: be t enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no sale for a full and No sale for a raluable confideration of any manors, messuages, lands, tene- full considera-tion of any ments, or hereditaments, or of any interest therein, by any manors, &c. person or persons being reputed owner or owners, or in the pos- by the reputession or receipt of the rents and profits thereof, heretofore ed owner, &c. nade or hereafter to be made, to and for any protestant pur-made or to be thaser and purchasers, and merely and only for the benefit of protestant, protestants, shall be avoided or impeached for or by reason or shall be avoidapon pretence of any of the disputites of incapacities in the least of the disabilities or any of them contained, incurred or supposed to be in- of the disabilities in the reapon pretence of any of the disabilities or incapacities in the said edon pretence zurred by any of the persons making or joining in such sale, or cited acts. by any other person or persons from or through whom the title to such manors, messuages, lands, tenements or hereditaments, or any interest therein, is or shall be derived or supposed to be derived, unless before such sale the person entitled to take ad-Unless such vantage of such disability or incapacity shall have recovered such manors, &c. manors, melluages, lands, tenements and hereditaments, or were recovergiven notice of his claim and title thereto to such purchaser, or ed before the before the contract for such sale shall have claimed the said ma-of the claim nors, messuages, lands, tenements and hereditaments by reason given to the of such disability or incapacity, and have entred such claim in purchaser, open court at the general fellion of the peace for the county, or the claim city, riding or division wherein such manors, messuages, lands, entred at the tenements or hereditaments lie or arise, and bona fide and with quarter-lesdue diligence pursued his remedy in a proper course of justice sions. for the recovery thereof: the said several acts above mentioned and referred to, or any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. Provided nevertheless, That whereas it was, amongst other The clause in things, enacted by the said act of parliament made in the eleventh and 11 & 12 W. 3. twelfth years of the reign of the late King William the Third, That C. 4. whereby from and after the tenth day of April which should be in the year of abled from our Lord one thousand seven hundred, every papist or person making purchasing profession of the popish religion should be disabled, and was thereby any manors, made incapable to purchase either in his or her own name, or in the &c. shall not name of any other person or persons, to his or her use, or in trust for be hereby alhim or her, any manors, lands, profits out of lands, tenements, rents, pealed. terms or hereditaments within the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales and town of Berwick upon Tweed; and that all and singu-

Wales and town of Berwick upon I weed; and that all and singular estates, terms and any other interests or profits whatsoever out of lands, from and after the said tenth day of April to be made, suffered

or done, to or for the use or behoof of any such person or persons, or upon any trust or considence mediately or immediately, to or for the bemefit or relief of any such person or persons, should be utterly void and of no effect, to all intents, constructions and purposes what sower: it is 11 & 12 W. 3 hereby declared and enacted, That the faid recited part of the faid act of parliament shall not be hereby altered or repealed, but the same shall be and remain in full force, as if this act had never been made.

After Sept.29. 1717, no manors, lands, &c. shall pass from papills by deed or rolled in fix months. By 10 Geo. 1. c. 4. fect. 19. Provision is made for deeds. &c. not involled fince Sept. 20. 1717, if mrolled on 29 Sept. 1724.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the nine and twentieth day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventeen no manors, lands, tenements, hereditaments or any interost therein, or rent or profit thereout, shall pass, alter or change from will, unless in any papist or person professing the popish religion, by any deed or will, except such deed within six months after the date, and fuch will within fix months after the death of the testator, be inrolled in one of the King's courts of record at Westminster, or else within the same county or counties wherein the manors, lands and tenements lie, by the Custos Rotalorum and two justices of the peace, and the clerk of the peace of the same county or counties, or two of them at the leaft, whereof the clerk of the peace to be one. Such deeds, &c. are good, if inrolled on 29 September 1731. 3 Geo. 2. c. 29. sect. 6.

CAP. XIX.

An act for the King's most gracious, general and free pardon.

CAP. XX.

An act to enlarge the time for making claims before the commissioners appointed to enquire of the forfeited effates., EXP.

## CAP. XXI.

An all for continuing the liberty of exporting Irish linen cloth to the British plantations in America duty free; and for the more effectual discovery of and prosecuting such as shall unlawfully export wool and woollen manufattures from Ireland; and for relief of John Fletcher in respect of the duty by him paid for a quantity of falt lost in the exportation for Ireland.

3 & 4 Ann.

THEREAS by an act passed in the third and fourth years of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act to permit the exportation of Irish linen cloth to the plantations. and to prohibit the importation of Scots linen into Ireland; it was enacted for the support of the protestant interest in Ireland, and for the encouragement of the linen manufacture of that kingdom. That it should and might be lawful to export from Ireland directly to the British plantations, all forts of white and brown linen cloths, being the proper manufacture of the faid kingdom, under certain restrictions and conditions in the said act mentioned, for the term of eleven years; which all hath been since continued for one year and to the end of this present session of parliament, by an act passed in the firft

first year of the reign of his present majesty King George, intituled, Continued by An act for continuing several laws therein mentioned relating 1 Geo. 1. itat. to coals, hemp and flax, Irifb and Scots linen, and the affize of 2. c. 26. bread, and for giving power to adjourn the quarter fellions for the county of Anglesea, for the purposes therein mentioned: and whereas it bath been found by experience. That the continuance of the faid act is and may be beneficial to both the kingdoms of Great Bri- The act 3 & 4 tain and Ireland: be it therefore enacted by the King's most ex- Ann. c. 8. so cellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords lates to the spiritual and temporal and commons, in parliament assembled, exportation of and by the authority of the same, That the said recited act of Irish linen to the third and fourth years of Queen Anne, so far forth as the the planta-fame relates to the exportation of Irish linen cloths to the Bricontinue in tish plantations, shall be and the same is hereby continued in sorce so long full force so long as the merchants and other persons of Great as British linea Britain are or shall be permitted to import into Ireland, free of may be imall duties, such white and brown British linen cloth as is or shall land dutybe made and manufactured in Great Britain.

II. And whereas some doubt has arisen, whether linens imported After June 24, into this kingdom from Ireland, and not subject to pay any duties up- 1717, Irish on the faid importation, should, upon being exported again for any of linen imported the British plantations in America, become liable to pay a duty ad dom may be Valorem: be it declared and enacted, That all linens made in exported to Ireland and imported from thence into this kingdom may, from the planta-and after the twenty fourth day of June one thousand seven tions without hundred and seventeen, be shipped off again and exported for duty. any of his Majesty's plantations in America without being liable

or subject to pay any duty whatsoever.

III. And whereas by an act passed in the fourth and fifth years in 4 Ann. c. 12. the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, it was enacted, That Clause for the where any salt or rock salt should be shipped in order for exportation relief of John to Ireland, and the same should perish by sinking of the ship or vessel for dischargen which the same should be shipped or laid on board, or should be ing his securitation by the enemies, then and in such case the exporter or proprietor ty. of such salt or rock salt so perishing or loss should, upon proof made before the justices of the peace at the general quarter sessions of the peace to be held for the place from whence the same was so exported, of the loss of such falt, receive from the sessions a certificate that such proof was made before them; and upon producing the said certificate so the officer of the place where the duty on such falt should have been paid or secured to be paid, such security should be discharged, and so much money as was actually paid for the duty of the faid fult, should be repaid upon demand, provided such proof be made within fix months after fuch loss or taking as aforesaid: and whereas John Fletcher did on or about the tenth day of November one thousand seven hundred and twelve put on board the ship called the Salmon of Belfast one thousand and forty bushels of white salt for Belfast in Ireland, and in the said voyage the said ship and cargo and all the crew, except one man and a boy, were lost in a violent storm, and the exporter having no notice thereof in due time, could not make proof of the loss of the said salt within the time limited by the said att of the fourth

fourth and fifth of her late Majefty's reign: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That on proof made by the oath of two or more credible witnesses on or before the twenty fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, as the faid act directs, and upon producing a certificate to the officer of the place where the duty on such salt shall have been paid or fecured, such security shall be discharged, and so much money as was paid for the same shall be repaid by the said officer without fee or reward.

After Sept. moiety of the penalties inflicted by 10 & 11 W. 3. ć. 10. to prevent the exportation of wool,&c.from Ireland, other shall be to the Crown.

IV. And whereas by an all made in the tenth and eleventh years 29, 1717. One of the reign of his late majesty King William the Third, intituled, An act to prevent the exportation of wool out of the kingdoms of Ireland and England into foreign parts, and for the encouragement of the woollen manufactures in the kingdom of England, one moiety of the penalties and forfeitures thereby inflicted for preventing the exportation of wool and other woollen goods therein mentioned out of the said kingdom of Ireland, other than into the kingdom of England or the dominion of Wales, is given to the enthan into Eng- couragement of fetting up the linen manufactures in Ireland, to be land or Wales, disposed of by the court of Exchequer there for that use only; which disposition of the said moiety has been found of very little advantage to the faid linen manufactures, but has tended very much to the difcouragement of prosecutions made in pursuance of the said att: for the more effectually putting the faid act in execution, be it therefore further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the twenty ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and seventeen the said moiety of all such penalties and forfeitures (after a deduction made out of the faid moiety of the charges of profecution and condemnation) shall be to the use of his Majesty, his heirs and successors. V. And for the better and more impartial trials of all such After the faid

actions and informations which shall be commenced or prosecuted by virtue of any act now in being made for the preventmenced in Ireing the unlawful exportation of wool or woollen manufactures from the kingdom of Ireland: be it enacted by the authority atation of wool, foresaid, That from and after the twenty ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and seventeen such actions and intried by a jury formations shall be tried in any of his Majesty's four courts at Dublin, by a jury of good and lawful freeholders to be fummonwhere the fact ed out of any other county than that wherein the fact shall be committed: and to encourage persons to discover the faid crime. the first three persons who have been aiding, abetting or affistdiscoverers ex- ing in carrying out or exporting of wool or any other of the commodities as aforefaid, that shall inform thereof any of his Majesty's justices of the peace, whereby the punishment and penalties appointed by this act may be inflicted and recovered, the party or parties so discovering (not being owner or partowners of the faid wool or other commodities aforefaid) shall not suffer any of the said penalties or punishment to be inflicted

of any other county than was committed. The first three empted from punishment.

by this or any other act.

zath of Sept.

achons com-

land relating

to the expor-

&c. shall be

# Anno Regni-GEORGII I. Regis Magnæ Britanniæ, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ, quarto.

AT the parliament begun and bolden at Westminster, the seventeenth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand seven bundred and sourteen, in the sirst year of the reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, France and Ireland, King, defender of the saith, &cc. And from thence continued by several adjournments and prorogations to the twenty-first day of November one thousand seven bundred and seventeen; being the third session of this present parliament.

#### CAP. I.

An act for granting an aid to his Majesty by a land-tax to be raised in Great-Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and eighteen. 30. in the pound. EXP.

#### CAP. II.

An act to enable his Majesty to be governor of the South Sea company. EXP.

#### CAP. III.

An all for continuing the duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and eighteen; and for making forth duplicates of Exchequer-bills, lottery-tickets and orders lost, hurnt or destroyed; and for appropriating the supplies granted in this session of parliament.

VIII. AND be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Cyder or perfon or perfons who shall have actually paid his Majesty's duties paid the duties may be this act payable for any cyder or perry made in Great Britain, exported on and to or for any other person or persons who shall buy or be security not to lawfully entitled to any such cyder or perry, for or in respect be relanded. whereof the said duties to his said Majesty hereby granted have been duly paid, to export such cyder and petry for any foreign parts by way of merchandize, giving sufficient security before the shipping thereof for exportation, that the particular quantity of cyder or perry which shall be intended to be exported as aforesaid, and every part thereof, shall be shipped and exported, and that the same or any part thereof shall not be relanded or brought again into any part or parts of Great Britain; which security the customer or collector of the respective port from whence such exportation is to be (without any see or reward) is hereby directed and authorized to take in his Majesty's name and to his Majesty's use.

Relanded, for bond.

IX. Provided always, That if after the shipping of any such feited, and the cycler or perry to be exported as aforefald, and the giving or tendring fuch security as aforesaid, in order to obtain the allowance or drawback herein after mentioned, the cyder or perry fo shipped to be exported, or any part thereof, shall be relanded in any part of Great Britain, That then and in every fuch case, over and above the penalty of the bond, which shall be levied and recovered to his Majesty's use, all the cycler and perry which shall be so relanded, or the value thereof, shall be forfeited.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That

On certificate that the duties have been paid, &c. collector to give a debenture thereof,

if any person or persons who shall export any cycler or perry into foreign parts by way of merchandize, shall produce a certificate or certificates from the collector or officer who received the duty of such cyder or perry, that the duty imposed thereon by this act hath been paid (which certificate the collector or officer is hereby required to give gratis) and making oath before the officer or collector of the port where the same shall be so exported, that the cycler or perry so exported is the same as is mentioned in such certificate, then the collector or chief officers of the port where such cyder or perry shall be exported, shall give to the exporter thereof a certificate or debenture expreffing the true quantity of the cyder or perry fo exported or Thipped for exportation; which certificate or debenture being produced to the collector or other officer appointed to receive the faid duty in the county, thire, stuartry or place where such cyder or perry was exported, he is hereby required to pay the said duty of four shillings per hogshead to the persons or their agents so exporting the same; and in case the collector or other officer shall not have any money in their hands arising by the faid duties on cyder and perry to pay the fame, then the respective commissioners appointed for executing this act are hereby required to pay the same out of the duties arising by the

and the duty to be repaid to the export-

withstanding.

XI. And whereas divers dealers in cyder and perry, and persons receiving into their custody great quantities of cyder and perry sent or brought to them from distant or remote places, have frequently refused to permit the officers of and for his Majefly's duties of excise to enter and go into the cellars, storehouses and places to them belonging, or by them used for the laying or keeping of such cyder and perry, and to gauge and take accounts thereof for the afcertaining and charging the duties on such cyder and perry imposed thereon by several acts heretofore made for continuing the duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry, whereby his Majesty hath been defrauded in the said duties granted by fuch acts beretofore made; and whereas upon fuch occasions fuch dealers in cyder and perry and such other persons have insisted. That such eyder and perry fent to or received by them ought not to be furveyed, gauged or taken notice of by such officer or officers of excise, unless proof be made or produced of the respective times and places when and where such cyder and perry were bought; and whereas the producing /wb

faid act; any thing in this act contained to the contrary not-

uch proof is altogether impracticable to be made by the officer for the aid duties, especially in cases and instances where such cyder and verry have been brought from remote places: be it therefore enacted Dealers in cynd declared by the authority aforesaid, That every such dealer der or perry n cyder or perry, and person or persons as aforesaid so receiv-chargeable, ng into his, her or their custody or custodies such cyder and unless they maké it appear erry, or either of them, shall be chargeable and hereby is, are that the cyder, nd shall be charged with the duties upon cyder and perry by &c. was made his act granted and imposed, unless they respectively do and of fruit of hall make it appear, either that such cyder and perry was made their own f and from fruit of his, her or their own growth, and not of that the r from bought fruit, or that the duties on cyder and perry duty has been iereby granted were and have been duly charged or duly paid paid, or or in respect of such cyder and perry; and if any such dealer or dealers in cyder and perry or in either of them, or fuch peron or persons as aforesaid, upon due request or demand made y any officer or officers of excise in the day-time, shall refuse refusing ado permit or shall not permit such officer or officers to enter and mittance to to into all and every fuch cellars, flore houses or other place or officers forlaces belonging to or used by such dealer or dealers, person or feits 20 l. ersons as aforesaid, and by gauging or otherwise to take acount and accounts of all cyder and perry, or of either of them, rom time to time there found, every such dealer and dealers in yder and perry or either of them, and every such person or erions as aforefaid, shall for every such offence forfeit and lose he fum of twenty pounds.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Fines, &c. That all fines, penalties and forseitures by this act imposed howto be sued hall be sued for, levied, recovered or mitigated by such ways, for. &c. neans and methods, as any fine, penalty or forseiture is or may be recovered or mitigated by any law or laws of excise, or by ction of debt, bill, plaint or information in any of his Maresty's courts of record at Westminster, or in the court of session, ourt of justiciary or court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively; and that one moiety of every such fine, penalty and foreiture shall be to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other moiety to him or them that shall discover, inform or sue or the same.

llause for making forth duplicates of Exchequer-bills, lettery-tickets nd orders lost, burnt or destroyed. E X P.

XIV. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all Appropriahe monies lent and to be lent to his Majesty upon one act of tion of the
his session of parliament, intituled, An act for granting an aid money grants
o his Majesty by a land-tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the ed this session
ervice of the year one thousand seven hundred and eighteen; and so
nuch money (if any such be) of the tax thereby granted as shall
rise and remain after all the loans made or to be made on that
act and the interest thereof, and the charges thereby allowable
or raising the said tax, shall be satisfied, or money sufficient
hall be reserved to discharge the same; and all the monies lent
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and to be lent to his Majesty upon this present act, except so much thereof as is to be applied to the fatisfaction of the principal and interest of the unsatisfied loans upon the said former act for the duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry; and fo much of the duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry by this ad granted or continued, as shall arise and remain (if any such be) after all the loans made and to be made on this act, or hereby directed to be discharged, and the interest thereof, and the charges by this act allowable for raising the same duties, shall be fatisfied, or monies sufficient shall be reserved to discharge the fame, shall be appropriated and applied and are hereby appropriated for or towards the feveral uses, intents and purposes herein expressed, subject nevertheless to such restrictions as are herein after prescribed; that is to say, it is hereby enacted and declared. That out of all or any the aids or supplies provided as aforesaid, there shall and may be issued or applied any sum or fums of money, not exceeding in the whole the fum of feven hundred forty-four thouland eight hundred fifty-feven pounds fourteen shillings and eleven pence, for or towards the naval fervices following; that is to fay, For or towards defraying the charges of the ordinary of his Majesty's navy, and for half-pay to sea-officers, and for or towards victual, wages, wear and tear of the navy and victualling thereof, performed and to be performed; and for or towards les-service in the office of ordnance performed and to be performed, and other fervices of the navy performed and to be performed; and any further sum or fums of money, not exceeding one hundred fixty-five thoufand three hundred and seventeen pounds, for or towards repairs of his Majesty's navy performed and to be performed: and any fum or fums of money, not exceeding feventy-three thousand three hundred twenty-seven pounds twelve shillings and eleven pence, for the charge of the office of ordnance, for or towards land-fervices performed and to be performed; and any fum or fums of money, not exceeding in the whole the fum of nine hundred and nineteen thousand leven hundred thirtyone pounds fourteen shillings and eight pence half-penny, for or towards maintaining his Majesty's land-forces and other services herein after expressed; that is to say, any sum not exceeding fix hundred and fifty thousand pounds, for defraying the charge of fixteen thousand three hundred forty-seven men for guards and garrisons, and other his Majesty's land-forces in Great Britain, Fersey and Guernsey, and other services relating Great Britain, to the forces for the year one thousand seven hundred and eighteen; and any fum not exceeding thirty-five thousand seven hundred fixty-fix pounds and five shillings, for or towards maintaining his Majesty's forces and garrisons in the plantations in America for the year one thousand seven hundred and eighteen; and any fum not exceeding one thousand five hundred fiftyeight pounds seventeen shillings and one penny, for provisions for the garrisons at Placentia and Annapolis for the year one thoufand seven hundred and eighteen; and any sum not exceeding

1717.] two thousand eight hundred fifty-eight pounds thirteen stillings and ten pence, for ordnance stores and provisions for the independent company in the islands of Bahama and Providence in the year one thousand seven hundred and eighteen; and any sum not exceeding fifty-feven thousand fix hundred thirteen pounds fourteen shillings and seven pence, for maintaining his Majesty's forces and garrisons in Minorca for the year one thousand seven hundred and eighteen; and any sum not exceeding thirtynine thousand three hundred eighty-two pounds fourteen shillings and nine pence half-penny, for or towards maintaining his Majesty's forces and garrisons in Gibraltur for the year one thoufand feven hundred and eighteen; and any fum not exceeding thirteen thousand five hundred fifty-one pounds nine shillings and five pence, for provisions for his Majesty's garrison in Gibraltar for the year one thousand seven hundred and eighteen; and any fum not exceeding twenty-five thousand pounds, for the extraordinary charge of the royal hospital at Chelsea and the out-pensioners for the year one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, over and above the poundage and days pay; and any fum or fums not exceeding ninety-four thousand pounds upon account of half-pay, for the year one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, to be paid to the reduced officers of his Majesty's land-forces and marines, subject nevertheless to such rules to be observed in the application of the said half-pay, as are herein after prescribed in that behalf.

XV. And it is hereby enacted, That out of all or any the 581,1961. 8% aids or supplies provided as aforesaid there shall and may be if to make good deficiencies for fued and applied any sum not exceeding five hundred eighty- the year 1717. one thousand one hundred ninety-fix pounds eight shillings, to make good the deficiencies of the grants in parliament for the year one thousand seven hundred and seventeen; and any sum 29,6451. 88. not exceeding twenty-nine thousand six hundred forty-sive od. 1q. for the treasurer pounds eight shillings and nine pence farthing, for or towards of the navy; enabling the treasurer of the navy to make good the payments which in the half year, to end on the twenty-fourth day of Tune one thousand seven hundred and eighteen (if any) may be demanded of him pursuant to any former act or acts of parliament for completing the funds of fix hundred and eight thoufand pounds per annum, payable to the South-Sea company; and that the faid aids or supplies provided as aforesaid shall not be issued or applied to any use, intent or purpose whatsoever, other than towards the uses and purposes aforementioned.

XVI. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That no appropriation or other matter or thing in this act contained shall obstruct or hinder any payment or payments which by and in pursuance of an act made in the first year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for enlarging the capital Proviso for flock and yearly fund of the South-Sea company, and for supplying company, thereby eight hundred twenty-two thousand and thirty-two pounds, Geo. 1. C. 21. four shillings and eight pence to publick uses; and for raising one hundred fixty-nine thousand pounds for the like uses, by sale of annuities,

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upon divers encouragements therein mentioned; and for appropriating several supplies granted to his Majesty, are or shall be required and authorized to be made by the treasurer or pay-master of the navy for the time being, or by any other persons to be intrusted with the publick monies for the service of the navy, out of fuch publick monies, tallies, orders or parliamentary fecurities in their hands or power respectively, as are or shall thereby be charged or chargeable to make good any deficiency or deficiencies to be incurred on or before the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and eighteen to the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas and other parts of America and for encouraging the fifthery, or to their treasurer for their use; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

And for the of the army accounts and equivalent.

XVII. Provided also, That such sums as by or in pursuance commissioners of any other act of parliament are or shall be due or payable to any commissioners for taking, examining, stating and determining the debts due to the army, or to any commissioners for stating the debts due and to grow due to Scetland by way of equivalent, for their falaries, or for their clerks or other incident charges, shall or may be paid out of the aids or supplies aforesaid, or any of them; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVIII. And as to the faid fum not exceeding ninety-four thousand pounds by this act appropriated upon account of halfpay as aforefaid, it is hereby enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid. That the rules herein after prescribed shall be duly observed in the application thereof; that is to say,

Rules to be observed in the application of the half-pay.

1. That no person shall have or receive any part of the same, who was a minor under the age of fixteen years at the time when the regiment, troop or company in which he ferved was reduced.

2. That no person shall have or receive any part of the same, except such persons who did actual service in some regiment, troop or company.

3. That no person having any other place or employment of profit, civil or military, under his Majesty, shall have or re-

ceive any part of the faid half-pay.

4. That no chaplain of any garrison or regiment, who has any ecclefiaffical benefice or other preferment in Great Britain or Ireland, shall have or receive any part of the said half-pay.

5. That no person shall have or receive any part of the same. who hath refigned his commission, and has had no commisfion fince.

- 6. That no part of the same shall be allowed to any person by virtue of any warrant or appointment, except to fuch perfons who would have been otherwise entitled to the same as reduced officers.
- 7. And that no part of the same shall be allowed to any of the officers of the five regiments of dragoons and eight regiments

ments of foot lately disbanded in Ireland; except to such as were taken off the establishment of half-pay in Great Britain.

#### CAP. IV.

An act for punishing mutiny and defertion, and for the better payment of the army and their quarters. E X P.

#### CAP. V.

An act for finishing the tower of the parish church of St. Michael Cornhill, London; out of the duties arising pursuant to the act of the ninth year of the late Queen, for building fifty new churches in and about the cities of London and Westminster and the suburbs thereof.

The tower of St. Michael Cornhill shall be finished according to the model by which it is begun. For which purposes the commissioners shall issue 61261. 18. 5d. out of the duty granted by the act of 9 Ann. c. 22.

#### CAP. VI.

An all for relief of the wholesale traders and dealers in English bone-lace, by obviating several doubts in the several alls for licensing bawkers and pedlars.

WHEREAS by an act of parliament held in the eighth and 8 & 9 W. 3.

ninth years of the reign of his late majesty King William the c. 25. Third, intituled, An act for licensing hawkers and pedlars, for 2 provision of payment of the interest of the transport debt for the reducing of Ireland, it was enacted, That from and after the four and twentieth day of June one thousand six hundred and ninety-seven, until the five and twentieth day of June which should be in the year of our Lord one thousand six hundred and ninety-eight, there should be answered and paid to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, by every basoker, pedlar and petty chapman, or any other trading person or persons going from town to town, or to other mens houses, and travelling either on foot or with horse, horses or otherwise within the kingdom of England, dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, (except as therein after is excepted) carrying to fell or exposing to sale any goods, wares or merchandizes, a duty of four pounds; and that every person so travelling with horse, as or mule, or other beaft bearing or drawing burden, should pay the sum of four pounds from the said four and twentieth day of June one thousand six bundred and ninety-seven to the five and twentieth day of June one thousand sin hundred and ninety-eight for each horse, as or mule, or other beath bearing or drawing burden, he or she should so travel with, over and above the said first-mentioned duty of four pounds; and should have on take such licence as by the said att is directed: and whereas it was therein further enacted, That if any such hawker, pedlar or petty chapman, from and after the said four and twentieth day of June one thousand six bundred and ninety-seven, should be found trading as aforesaid without or contrary to such licence, such person should for each and every such offence forfeit the sum of twelve pounds, the one moiety thereof to the informer, and the other moiety thereof to the poor of the parish wherein such offender should be discowered: and whereas the powers and provisions of the said act have Hh3 been.

9 & 10 W. 3. been, by another all made in the minth and tenth years of bis faid C. 27.

Majefly, and by other subsequent acts, continued to this time : and whereas several of the makers and traders in English some lose, who trade by wholefale, and employ many thousands of poor people in the faid manufacture of bone-lace, have been lately informed against, profecuted and molested in the carrying on their trades, under presence that they ought to take and have licences according to the directions and provisions of the all before-mentioned, or of fome other alls touching bawkers and pedlars: be it enacted and declared by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of

No maker or wholefale trader in English be deemed a hawker, &c.

the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present bonelace fiall parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That no person, being a maker or wholesale trader in English bonelace and felling the same by wholesale, shall be adjudged, deemed or taken to be a hawker, pedlar or petty chapman within the intent and meaning of the faid acts, or of any or either of them; and that all and every fuch person or persons, his, her or their children, apprentices, servants or agents (selling by wholesale only) shall and may go from house to house, and from thop to thop, to any of their customers (who fell again by wholesale or retail) without being subject or liable to any of the penalties or forfeitures contained in any of the faid acts touching hawkers, pedlars and petty chapmen; any thing in the shid acts contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

#### CAP. VII.

An act for making effectual an act made in the eighth year of the reign of the late Queen Anne, intituled, An act for employing the manufacturers, by encouraging the confumption of raw filk and mohair yarn.

ber late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for employ-

8 Ann. c. 6, WHEREAS by an all made in the eighth year of the reign of

ing the manufacturers, by encouraging the confumption of raw filk and mohair yarn, the faid att having proved ineffectual to prevent the mischiefs intended to be remedied by the said act: for remedy whereof, and making the faid recited act of parliament more effectual, be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this prefent parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the twentyfifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and cighteen. no taylor, or other person or persons whatsoever, within the shallmake, sell, kingdom of Great Britain, shall make, sell, set on, use or bind, or shall cause to be made, sold, set on, used or bound, on any clothes or wearing garments whatfoever, any buttons or butholes made of ton-holes made of, or used or bound with cloth, serge, drugget, frize, camblet, or any stuffs that clothes or wearing gar-

ments are usually made of, upon the forfeiture of the fum of

After March 25, 1718. no **E**nylor, &c. fet on, &c. any buttons or buttoncloth, ferge, &c. on any clothes what forty shillings for every dozen of such buttons and button-holes

so made, sold, set on, used or bound, or shall cause to be made, fold.

fold, fet on, used or bound, as aforesaid, or in proportion for any per dozen. lesser quantity, every person or persons so offending, and being By 7 Geo. 1. thereof lawfully convicted upon the oath of one or more credi-f. 1. 408. ii ble witness or witnesses, shall forfeit, as aforesaid, to be recover-laid on the ed and distributed as is afterwards provided for by this act.

II. Provided, That nothing in this act contained, shall ex- Not to extend tend or be construed to extend to any clothes or wearing gar- to clothes

ments made of velvet.

III. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That any Persons dwellperson or persons inhabiting or being in any gaol or house of cor- ing in gaols, rection, or within the rules or liberties of any gaol or house of &c. offending correction, or shall inhabit or dwell in any privileged place, or act, shall be within the liberties of the form of th within the liberties of the same, committing any offence or of- subject to the fences against this act, he, she or they so offending, as aforesaid, penalties. and being lawfully convicted of the same, as is before directed by this act, he, the or they shall be subject to the forfeitures and penalties as in this act mentioned; any law, statute, custom or thing to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

IV. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all Prosecution in offences committed against this act, shall be prosecuted within three months.

three months after the same is committed or discovered.

V. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all Offences to be offences against this act shall be heard and determined by one determined by or more of his Majesty's justice or justices of the peace of the justices of county, city, town or place where the same shall be discovered, peace. or where such offender doth inhabit, such justice or justices being not concerned in the matter of the faid complaint, upon the oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, which oath one witnesses, which oath one witnesses fuch justice or justices is and are hereby impowered and required to administer; and all and every the said penalties and forfeitures which shall happen by virtue of this act shall be distributed and paid, after the charges of such conviction being first deducted; one moiety to him or them who shall inform or pro- One half of secute for the same, the other moiety to the poor of the parish, the penalty to the poor of the parish, the informer, township or place where the offence shall be discovered; and in the other to case any offender shall neglect or refuse to pay any such penalties the poor. and forfeitures, being lawfully demanded, by the space of fourteen days next after conviction for such offence, as aforesaid, that then such justice or justices is and are hereby required to issue out one or more warrant or warrants under his or their hands To be levied and seals to the constable or constables of the parish, town or by distress, if place where such offender doth inhabit, or can be found, to levy not paid in 14 the same by distress and sale of the offender's goods, rendring days after the overplus (if any be) to the owner; and where no sufficient conviction. diffres can be found, to commit the offender or offenders to the diffres, ofcommon gaol for the county, city, town or place where such fenders to be offender shall be found, there to be kept to hard labour for and committed for during the space of three calendar months.

VI. Provided, That if any person or persons find him or Persons agthemselves aggrieved by any order or warrant made by any ju-grieved may flice or justices of the peace, upon any such conviction before quarter less.

him ons,

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whose determination shall may allow cofts.

him or them, as aforefaid, such person or persons may appeal to the general quarter-sessions to be holden for the county, riding, city or corporation where such conviction shall be made, giving sufficient notice of such appeal; and the determination of fuch justices in such sessions shall be final; and the said justices be final; and shall allow such costs and charges to the party aggrieved as they shall think reasonable, to be levied and paid in such manner as is usual in other cases of appeals from the orders of any justices of the peace to the quarter-fessions.

Persons sued general iffue, and thall recover treble cofts.

VII. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if may plead the any action or fuit shall hereafter be commenced or prosecuted against any person or persons so sued or prosecuted, such person or persons may plead the general issue, and give this act and the special matter in evidence; and if the plaintiff shall become nonfuited, or forbear further profecution, or fuffer discontinuance, or a verdict pass against him, or judgment upon demurrer, the defendant or defendants shall recover his or their treble costs, for which he and they shall have like remedy, as in cases where costs by law are given to defendants.

Such clothes

VIII, And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all exposed to sale clothes or wearing garments, which shall be made with buttons may be seized and button-holes of the same cloth, serge, drugget, frize, camblet or other stuffs, of which the faid clothes or wearing garments are made, and shall be exposed to sale in any fair or inarket, or in any shop or warehouse, or in any dwelling-house or place whatsoever, the same shall be subject and liable to be forfeited and feifed, and applied to the uses in this act mentioned, to be recovered as other forfeitures and penalties are by this act to be recovered.

Taylors, &c. cauling their apprentices, &c. to make clothes contrary to this act, shall be fubject to the penalties.

IX. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any taylor, or other person or persons, shall cause his or their apprentice or fervants to make any clothes or wearing garments contrary to this act, that in fuch cases the said master-taylor, or fuch other person or persons which caused the said clothes or wearing garments to be fo made, or shall be any ways entitled to the monies for making the faid clothes or wearing garments, made as aforefaid, shall be subject to the forfeitures and penalties in this act mentioned, to be had and recovered, as other forfeitures and penalties are to be recovered by this act; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding: and this act shall be taken and allowed to be a publick act in all courts within this kingdom, and all judges and justices of the peace are hereby required to take notice thereof as fuch, without special pleading the fame.

To be taken as a publict act.

C'A P. VIII.

An act for vesting the forfeited estates in Great Britain and Ireland in trustees, to be fold for the use of the publick; and for giving relief to lawful creditors, by determining the claims; and for the more effectual bringing into the respective Exchequers the rents and profits of the said estates till fold. E X P.

All honours, lordships, manors, &c. by 1 Geo. 1. stat. 2. c. 50. vested in his Majelty, for the use of the publick, shall be vested in the commission-

ers, &c. To be fold for the use of the publick. Commissioners to proceed in a summary way, and to determine every claim before them by 25 March 1719. Commissioners a court of record their determinations final, except appeal within 20 days. Appellants must present their exceptions to the commissioners, to be entred in books, and a transcript transmitted to the court of delegates. His Majesty may appoint any five of the judges to be a court of delegates. Claims on real estates determined to be just; commissioners are to order the sherists to cause possession to be delivered to the claimants. After 25 March 1718. commissioners may sell the forfeited estates vested in them. Purchasers to be protestants. to be by auction. Purchase-money to be paid into the Exchequer. Commissioners to execute an indenture of bargain and sale, to be involled in chancery, &c. Purchasers to hold the same for such estates and interests, as shall be conveyed of them, freed from all arrears of quit rent, &c. Crown lands in the bands of attainted persons, shall remain in the possession of the crown, &c. Explained by 5 Geo. 1. c. 22. sect. 12. Commissioners may summon sequestrators, who retain any part of the forfeited estates, &c. and in a summary way may enquire by witnesses, &c. and fettle the fums payable by them on account of their intromissions, &c. In . case of refusal may certify into the Exchequer. Tenants of attainted persons who have paid their rents to them before their attainders, and other accountants, discharged. Time for discovery enlarged till 25 March 1719. Greditors to be paid their claims in the first place. All monies received by grantees from his Majefty, shall be taken as so much received by such claimants in discharge of the estate so claimed, &c. His Majesty before 1 Aug. 1718. may make provision for wives of sorfeiting persons. All convictions, &c. since 24 June 1715. and before 1 June 1716. not reversed, &c. before 24 June 1718. essectual. Each commissioner shall have 1000l. per annum. Salaries for clerks and incident charges shall be paid by the Exchanger to the free by the Exchequer, tax-free.

XXXII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That 20,000l. apof the nett monies, which shall arise by fale of the faid estates propriated for and interests, or by the rent and profits thereof till sale, after erecting allowance and satisfaction of all just and lawful claims thereup-schools in the on, and after payment of such sums as by any clause or clauses Scotland, in this or the faid former act are authorized to be issued out for the salaries of the said commissioners and trustees, or for incident charges, or for rewards to discoverers, or any other clause touching which any special provision is made by this or the faid former act, all the charges of profecution relating to the faid forfeited estates being discharged or re-imbursed, a sum not exceeding twenty thousand pounds shall be appropriated and applied towards the making a capital stock for a yearly interest or income out of the monies which shall arise by the sale of the said estates which lie in Scotland, and not otherwise, towards erecting and maintaining schools in the highlands of Scotland, according to fuch ways and methods, and in fuch manner, as by any fur ture act or acts of parliament to be made and passed for that purpole, thall be directed and appointed; and all and every the and the reother monies which shall arise by the said sale, and rents and mainder for profits aforefaid, are and shall be appropriated and applied to-discharging the publick wards the discharge of the publick debts of the nation.

highlands of

debts.

Provifo for the claimants on an annuity of 5000l. per annum in Ireland, granted to the late duke of Ormond. Former grants by his Majesty, good. Proviso for Simon lord Lovat. Proviso for Amelia lady Lovat. Houses, &c. burnt in Scotland or Preston shall be made good. Proviso for the children of John Balfour, Henry Baltour, John Castairs, Patrick Seaton, and Robert Rello. Time enlarged for entring claims to z June 1712. Children of forfeiting persons, to whom grants are made, shall be educated in the protestant religion.

CAP. IX.

An act to appoint commissioners to take, examine, state and determine the debts due to the army; and to examine and state the demands of several foreign princes and states for subsidies during the late war. EXP.

## CAP. X.

An all for making the dividend of subscribed lottery-annuities, and other annuities established by several alls of parliament payable balf-yearly at the bank of England.

X7 HEREAS in and by an act of parliament made and passed in the third year of his present Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for redeeming the duties and revenues which were fettled to pay off principal and interest on the orders made forth on four lottery-acts passed in the ninth and tenth years of her late Majesty's reign; and for redeeming certain annuities payable on orders out of the hereditary excise, according to a former act in that behalf; and for establishing a general yearly fund, not only for the future payment of annuities, at several rates, to be payable and transferrable at the bank of England, and redeemable by parliament; but also to raise monies for such proprietors of the said orders, as shall choose to be paid their principal and arrears of interest in ready money; and for making good such other deficiencies and payments as in this act are mentioned; and for taking off the duties on linfeed imported, and British linen exported, it is amongst other things enacted, That all the annuities et Several rates charged upon and payable out of the monies of the general fund of seven hundred twenty four thousand eight hundred forty nine pounds fix shillings and ten pence and one sifth part of a penny per annum, by the faid act established or intended to be established, sheald be paid and payable by quarterly payments, at the four meft usual feasts in the year (that is to say) the feasts of the birth of our Lord Christ, the annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, the nativity of St. John the Baptist, and St. Michael the Archangel, by even and equal portions, or within fix days after every of the said feaft-days for ever, or until redemption or redemptions thereof shall be made, according to the provisoes contained in the said act: and whereas the proprietors in the faid several annuities made payable by the said act, do consist of many thousand persons; and it is found by experience, That the adjusting and stating the accounts of the faid proprietors, in order to the making a dividend every quarter of a year, as the faid att directs, doth take up fo much time, that the transfer-books muft of necessity be kept sout up for a long while together, to the great in-convenience and detriment of the said proprietors: for remody whereof for the future, be it enacted, &c.

. Redeemed 5 Geo. 1. c. 2. fest. 2. After Christmas 1717. the annuities made payable by the recited act, shall be paid out of the general fund by that act established, by half-yearly payments.

3Geo.1.c.17. In the faid third year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, An 3ct to enable

enable his Majesty to appoint commissioners to take, examine. state and determine the debts due to the army, the commissioners appointed by his Majesty in pursuance thereof, or any four or more of them, were and are authorized to take, state and determine such accounts, claims and demands, as are therein mentioned, and after such determinations respectively, to certify the same to the respective paymasters therein mentioned, and to whom the same were or are respectevely due; and the said paymaster or paymasters respectively were and are thereby directed and required to make out debentures to the officers, engineers, gunners and other persons to whom the monies so certified to be due should respectively belong, in the manner and form by that act prescribed: and it was thereby enacted, That the said debentures should carry an interest after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum, to commence from the twenty fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, and to be paid and payable quarterly, according to some other aft or afts of that session of parliament in that behalf: and whereas it is conceived, that the faid interest after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum, due and to grow due upon the debentures made forth, or to be made forth by virtue of the said former act, or any other act or acts of parliament in that behalf, may with more ease to the proprietors thereof, be satisfied balfyearly, as annuities after the same rate, by the cashier for the time being of the governor and company of the bank of England; and that the payments thereof may be accounted for in the manner and form by this and the said first act above-recited prescribed, for, touching or concerning the several annuities thereby made payable by such cashier: be it therefore further enacted, &c.

So much of the said general simd as shall be sufficient to answer the interest on the debentures made out by virtue of the act 3 Geo. 1. c. 7. shall be issued half-yearly to the cashier of the bank, who shall apply the same accordingly: accountant general of the bank to inspect the payments. Paymasters to certify to the said cashier and accountant what debentures have been made forth; who shall enter the same in books, and give certificates grass to the proprietors, who after June 24, 1717, shall be intitled to the said interest at 41. per centum. Annuities to be personal estates and be deemed capital stock, and transferrable or deviseable. So much of the general sund as will satisfy the said annuities, shall be issued be deemed 5 Geo. 1. C. 3.

## CAP. XI.

An all for the further preventing robbery, burglary, and other felonies, and for the more effectual transportations of felons, and unlawful exporters of wool; and for declaring the law upon some points relating to pirates.

WHEREAS it is found by experience, That the punishments This all is ininflicted by the laws now in force against the offences of rob-forced,
bery, larceny and other selonious taking and stealing of money and 6 Geo. 1. c. 23,
goods, have not proved effectual to deter wicked and evil-disposed persons from being guilty of the said crimes: and whereas many offenders
to whom royal mercy hath been extended, upon condition of transporting
themselves to the West-Indies, have often neglected to perform the

last for new crimes brought to a shameful and ignominious death: and

Persons who of Jan. 1717, have been convicted of offences within the benefit alfo fuch as shall hereafter

ers and buyers of Rolen goods,

the plantations for 7 years. fore whom convicted to contract for their transportation. Persons convicted of offences, for which they are excluded the benefit of clergy,

whereas in many of his Majesty's colonies and plantations in America, there is great want of servants, who by their labour and industry might be the means of improving and making the said colonies and plantations more useful to this nation: be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and the commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the fame, That before the soth where any person or persons have been convicted of any offence within the benefit of clergy, before the twentieth day of January one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, and are liable to be whipt or burnt in the hand, or have been ordered to any workhouse, and who shall be therein on the said twentieth day of 7aof clergy; and muary; as also where any person or persons shall be hereafter convicted of grand or petit larceny, or any felonious stealing or taking of money or goods and chattels, either from the person, or the be convicted. house of any other, or in any other manner, and who by the law shall be entitled to the benefit of clergy, and liable only to the except receiv. penalties of burning in the hand or whipping, (except persons convicted for receiving or buying stolen goods, knowing them to be stolen) it shall and may be lawful for the court before whom they were convicted, or any court held at the fame place with the like authority, if they think fit, instead of ordering any fuch offenders to be burnt in the hand or whipt, to order and direct, That such offenders, as also such offenders in any workshall be sent to house, as aforesaid, shall be sent as soon as conveniently may be, to some of his Majesty's colonies and plantations in America for the space of seven years; and that court before whom they The court be- were convicted, or any subsequent court held at the same place, with like authority as the former, shall have power to convey, transfer and make over such offenders, by order of court, to the use of any person or persons who shall contract for the performance of fuch transportation, to him or them, and his and their affigns, for fuch term of seven years; and where any perfons have been convicted, or do now stand attainted of any offences whatfoever, for which death by law ought to be inflicted, or where any offenders shall hereafter be convicted of any crimes whatfoever, for which they are by law to be excluded the benefit of clergy, and his Majesty, his heirs or successors, shall be graciously pleased to extend royal mercy to any such offenders, upon the condition of transportation to any part of America, and fuch intention of mercy be fignified by one of his Majesty's principal secretaries of state, it shall and may be lawful to and for any court having proper authority, to allow fuch

offenders the benefit of a pardon under the great feal, and to order and direct the like transfer and conveyance to any person

and also recei or persons, (who will contract for the performance of such vers and buy- transportation) and to his and their affigns, of any such beforeers of itolen goods may be mentioned offenders, as also of any person or persons convicted of receiving or buying stolen goods, knowing them to be stolen, transported for 14 years; for the term of fourteen years, in case such condition of trans-

por-

portation be general, or else for such other term or terms as shall and the perbe made part of such condition, if any particular time be spe-sons contractcified by his Majesty, his heirs and successors, as aforesaid; and ing for their fuch person or persons so contracting, as aforesaid, his or their transportatifuch perion or perions to contracting, as attached, final have on, shall have assigns, by virtue of such order of transfer, as aforesaid, shall have a property in a property and interest in the service of such offenders for such their service. terms of years.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid,
That if any offender or offenders, so ordered by any such court fore the expito be transported for any term of seven years or fourteen years, ration of the or other time or times, as aforesaid, shall return into any part of term, shall be Great Britain or Ireland before the end of his or their faid punished with term, he or the fo returning, as aforefaid, shall be liable death. to be punished as any person attainted of selony without The King the benefit of clergy; and execution may and shall be a first the benefit of clergy; and execution may and shall be a fuch transporwarded against such offender or offenders accordingly: pro-tation, the ofvided nevertheless, That his Majesty, his heirs and success fender paying fors, may pardon and dipense with any such transportation, and his owner such allow of the return of any such offender or offenders from Ame-justices shall rica, he or they paying their owner or proprietor, at the time of adjudge. fuch pardon, dispensation or allowance, such sum of money as shall be adjudged reasonable by any two justices of the peace Service of the residing within the province where such owner dwells; and term shall have where any such offenders shall be transported, and shall have the effect of a ferved their respective terms, according to the order of any such pardon. court, as aforefaid, such services shall have the effect of a pardon to all intents and purposes, as for that crime or crimes for which they were so transported, and shall have so served, as aforesaid. Contractors to

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, give security That every such person or persons to whom any such court shall for the transorder any such offenders to be transferred or conveyed, as afore-portation of said, before any of them shall be delivered over to such person such of the said, before any of them shall be delivered over to such person such of the said or persons, or his or their assigns, to be transported, as aforesaid, he or they shall contract and agree with such person or persons as shall be ordered and appointed by such court, as aforesaid, and give sufficient security to the satisfaction of such court, that he or they will transport, or cause to be transported effectually fuch offenders so conveyed to him or them, as aforesaid, to some of his Majesty's colonies and plantations in America, as and procure. shall be ordered by the said court, and procure an authentick certificates certificate from the governor, or the chief custom-house officer from the go-of the place (which certificate they are hereby required to give forthwith, without fee or reward, as foon as conveniently may be) of the landing of such offenders so transferred, as aforesaid, in that place whereto they shall be ordered, (death and casualties where landed, of the sea excepted) and that none of the said offenders shall be shall not be fuffered to return from the faid place to any part of Great Britain suffered to reor Ireland by the wilful default of fuch person or persons so turn by his contracting as aforefaid, or by the wilful default of his or their default. affigns,

IV. And whereas there are several persons who have secret ac-rewards for quaintance with felons, and who make it their business to help persons helping to :

ta itolen goods;

unless they cause the telon to be brought to trial, shall be guilty of felony.

to their flolen goods, and by that means gain money from them, subich is divided between them and the felons, whereby they greatly encourage fuch offenders: be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That where-ever any person taketh money or reward, directly or indirectly, under pretence or upon account of helping any person or persons to any stolen goods or chattels, every such person so taking money or reward, as aforesaid, (unless such person doth apprehend, or cause to be apprehended, such selon who stole the same, and cause such felon to be brought to his trial for the same, and give evidence against him) shall be guilty of felony, and fuffer the pains and penalties of felony, according to the nature of the felony committed in stealing such goods, and in such and the same manner as if such offender had himfelf stolen such goods and chattels, in the manner, and with such circumstances as the same were stolen.

V. And whereas there are many idle persons, who are under the age of one and twenty years, lurking about in divers parts of London, and elsewhere, who want employment, and may be tempted to become thieves, if not provided for: and whereas they may be inclined to be transported, and to enter into services in some of bis Majefly's colonies and plantations in America; but as they have no power to contract for themselves, and therefore that it is not safe for merchants to transport, or take them into fuch services; be it enacled by the authority aforesaid, That where any person of the age Merchants, or of fifteen years or more, and under the age of twenty one, shall contract with be willing to be transported, and to enter into any service in any persons of the of his Majesty's colonies or plantations in America, it shall and age of 15, and may be lawful for any merchant, or other, to contract with any fuch person for any such service, not exceeding the term of America for 8 eight years; provided such person so binding him or herself do come before the lord mayor of London, or some other justice of Provided such the peace of the city, if such contract be made within the same, knowledge his or the liberties thereof, or before some other two justices of the consent before peace of the place where such contract shall be made, if made elsewhere, and before such magistrate or magistrates acknowledge

> fuch consent, and do fign such contract in his or their presence, and with his or their approbation; and that then it shall be

> fo binding him or herself, and to keep him or her within any of the faid plantations or colonies, according to the tenor of fuch contract, as aforefaid; any law or statute to the contrary in any

> shall be certified by such magistrate or magistrates to the next

general quarter-fessions, of the peace, held for that county

where such magistrate or magistrates shall reside, to be registred

under 21, to ferve them in rears. a justice of peace,

others, may

and fign the fame with his lawful for any such merchant or other, to transport such person approbation.

Such contract, wife not with standing; which said contract and approbation of Sec. to be cer- fuch magistrate or magistrates, with the tenor of such contract, tified to the quarter-leffions.

by the clerk of the peace without fee of reward. VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, After Jan. 20, VI. Allu be it is the faid twentieth day of January one thousand 1717, persons That from and after the said twentieth day of January one thousand the said twentieth day of January one the said twentieth day of January one thousand the said twentieth day of January one the said twentieth day of January imprisoned for seven hundred and seventeen, if any person or persons shall be exportation of in prison for want of sufficient bail, for unlawful exportation of wool, &c. re٠,

wool or wool-fells, and shall refuse to appear or plead to a de-fusing to claration or information to be delivered to such person or persons, plead, judgor to the gaoler, keeper or turnkey of the prison, at the said ment shall be prison, for the said offence, by the space of one term, judgment entered against shall be entred against him by default; and in case judgment them by default; shall be obtained against any such person or persons by default; and not payverdict, or otherwise, and such person or persons shall not pay ing the sum the sum recovered against him or them for the said offence, recovered, within the space of three months after entring up of such judg-shall be transment, the court before whom such judgment shall be obtained ported as feshall, by order of court, cause such offender or offenders to be transported, in the same manner as felons aforesaid, for the term of feven years; and if such offender or offenders shall return and returning into Great Britain or Ireland, before the expiration of the said shall suffer as seven years, he or they shall suffer as felons, and have execution such. awarded against them, as persons attainted of felony, without benefit of clergy.

VII. And it is hereby declared, That all and every person Offenders aand perfons who have committed or shall commit any offence or gainst the act offences, for which they ought to be adjudged, deemed and 11 & 12.W. to taken to be pirates, felons or robbers, by an act made in the partired as is distanced to be adjudged, deemed and 11 & 12.W. to taken to be pirates, felons or robbers, by an act made in the partired as is distanced to be adjudged. liament holden in the eleventh and twelfth years of the reign of rected by as his late majesty King William the Third, intituled, An all for Hen. 8. c. 15. the more effectual suppression of piracy, may be tried and judged for every such offence in such manner and form as in and by an act made in the twenty eighth year of the reign of King Henry the Eighth is directed and appointed for the trial of pirates, and the Eighth is directed and appointed for the trial of phrates, and excluded fhall and ought to be utterly debarred and excluded from the from clergy. benefit of clergy for the faid offences; any law or flatute to the

contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

VIII. Provided always, That nothing in this act contained This act that shall extend or be construed to extend to such persons as shall not extend to be considered or extended in that part of Greek Policies will scotland. be convicted or attainted in that part of Great Britain called Scotland.

IX. And be it also enacted, That this act shall extend to all But to all the his Majesty's dominions in America, and shall be taken as a nions in America publick act.

CAP. XII.

An all for inforcing and making perpetual an all of the twelfth year of ber late Majesty, intituled, An act for the preferving of all fuch ships and goods thereof, which shall happen to be forced on shore, or stranded upon the coasts of this kingdom, or any other of her Majesty's dominions; and for inflitting the punishment of death on such as shall wilfully burn or destroy ships.

HEREAS the act made in the twelfth year of the reign of 12 Ann flat.2. her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for the c. 18. preferving of all fuch ships and goods thereof, which shall happen to be forced on shore, or stranded upon the coasts of this king-

rica, and be taken as a publick act.

kingdom, or any other of her Majesty's dominions, will expire at the end of this present session of parliament, unless the same be continued: and whereas the said act hath been found by experience to be of great use and benefit to the seafaring men and merchants of this kingdom, and other his Majesty's dominions: be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That the said recited act, intituled, An act act made per- for the preserving of all such ships and goods thereof, which shall bappen to be forced on shore, or stranded upon the coasts of this kingdom, or any other of her Mujesty's dominions, and all the clauses, matters and things therein contained, shall be and is hereby declared to be made perpetual.

The recited petual. 12 Ann. stat. s. c. 18.

The faid act shall not exmiralty court of the cinque ports.

II. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That the faid act, or any thing therein contained, shall not be contend to the ad-strued to extend to, or any ways affect the ancient jurisdiction and usage of the admiralty-court of the cinque-ports, or the officers thereto belonging; but the proper officers of the faid admiralty-court shall be and are hereby authorized and impowered to put the faid act in execution within the jurisdiction of the faid cinque-ports, in as full and ample manner, to all intents and purposes, as any other person or persons are by the said act appointed to do in any other parts of this kingdom.

After June 24 2718, any owner, captain, &c. wilfully deftroyprejudice the infurers, fhall suffer death. By 11 Geo. 1. c. 29. jea. 6. This clause is explained, and the offenders oufled of clergy

III. And for the effectual preventing the wilful casting away, burning, or otherwise destroying of ships by the owners, masters and mariners thereof, and thereto belonging; be it enacted by the authority, That if any owner of, or captain, master, ing any thip to mariner, or other officer belonging to any thip thall, after the twenty fourth day of June which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, wilfully cast away, burn or otherwife destroy the ship of which he is owner, or unto which he belongeth, or in any manner of wife direct or procure the same to be done, to the prejudice of any person or persons that shall underwrite any policy or policies of insurance thereon, or of any merchant or merchants that shall load goods thereon, he shall suffer death.

CAP. XIII.

An act for enlarging the term of years granted by the acts of the eleventh and twelfth years of King William the Third, and fecond and third years of Queen Anne, for the repair of Dover harbour.

The acts 11 & 12 W. 3. c. 5. and 2 & 3 Ann. c. 7. for repair of Dever harbour, continued from May 1, 1718. to May, 1, 1727. Farther continued by 11 Geo. 2, C. 7.

CAP. XIV.

An act to impower the commissioners appointed to put in execution the acts of the ninth and tenth years of her late Majesty's reign, for building fifty new churches in and about the cities of London and Westminster, and suburbs thereof, to direct the parish church of St. Giles in the Fields in the county of Middlesex to be rebuilt, instead of one of the faid fifty new churches.

The commissioners appointed in pursuance of 9 Ann. c. 22. and 10 Ann. c. 11. may cause the church of St. Giles in the Fields to be rebuilt.







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